AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 13, 2025 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 6, 2025 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 1, 2025 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 24, 2025

SENATE BILL

No. 81

Introduced by Senator Arreguín (Principal coauthor: Senator Menjivar) (Coauthors: Senators Archuleta, Durazo, Gonzalez, Limón, and Rubio) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Bonta, Caloza, Carrillo,

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Bonta, Caloza, Carrillo, Celeste Rodriguez, and Solache)

January 17, 2025

An act to amend Sections 56.05 and 56.10 of the Civil Code, and to add Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 1249) to Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to health and care facilities, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 81, as amended, Arreguín. Health and care facilities: information sharing.

(1) The Confidentiality of Medical Information Act (CMIA) prohibits a provider of health care, a health care service plan, a contractor, or a corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates from intentionally sharing, selling, using for marketing, or otherwise using any medical information, as defined, for any purpose not necessary to provide health care services to a patient, except as provided. The CMIA authorizes a provider of health care, health care service plan, or contractor to disclose medical information regarding a patient of the provider of health care or an

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enrollee or subscriber of a health care service plan with authorization from the patient or pursuant to a search warrant lawfully issued to a governmental law enforcement agency. Existing law makes a violation of these provisions that results in economic loss or personal injury to a patient punishable as a misdemeanor.

This bill would revise the definition of "medical information" to include immigration status, including current and prior immigration status, and place of birth, and would define "immigration enforcement" to mean any and all efforts to investigate, enforce, or assist in the investigation or enforcement of any federal civil immigration law, and also includes any and all efforts to investigate, enforce, or assist in the investigation or enforcement of any federal criminal immigration that penalizes a person's presence in, entry or reentry to, or employment in, the United States. The bill would specify that a provider of health care, health care service plan, or contractor may disclose medical information regarding a patient of the provider of health care or an enrollee or subscriber or a health care service plan pursuant to a valid search warrant issued by a judicial officer, including a magistrate, to a governmental law enforcement agency. The bill would also prohibit, except to the extent expressly authorized by a patient, enrollee, or subscriber, or as otherwise *permitted or* required, a provider of health care, health care service plan, contractor, or corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates from disclosing medical information for immigration enforcement. Because the bill would expand the scope of a crime, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) Under existing law, the State Department of Public Health is responsible for the licensing and regulation of various facilities and settings that provide health care services, as specified. Existing law makes a willful violation of these provisions a crime.

This bill would require health care provider entities, as defined, to establish or amend procedures for monitoring and receiving visitors to health care provider entities to the extent possible. The bill would require, when circumstances allow, health care provider entity personnel to immediately notify health care provider entity management, administration, or legal counsel of any request for access to a health care provider entity site or patient for immigration enforcement, and to provide any requests for review of health care provider entity documents, as prescribed. The bill would prohibit, to the extent permitted by state and federal law, a health care provider entity and its personnel from granting access to nonpublic areas of the provider's facilities for

immigration enforcement without a valid judicial warrant or court order. The bill would require health care provider entities to inform staff and relevant volunteers on how to respond to requests relating to immigration enforcement that grants access to health care provider entity sites or to patients. The bill would require that health care provider entities comply with these provisions within 45 days from their effective date. By expanding the scope of a crime and increasing duties on local health officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

3

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 56.05 of the Civil Code is amended to 2 read:

3 56.05. For purposes of this part:

4 (a) "Authorization" means permission granted in accordance 5 with Section 56.11 or 56.21 for the disclosure of medical

6 information.

7 (b) "Authorized recipient" means a person who is authorized 8 to receive medical information pursuant to Section 56.10 or 56.20.

9 (c) "Confidential communications request" means a request by

10 a subscriber or enrollee that health care service plan

11 communications containing medical information be communicated

12 to them at a specific mail or email address or specific telephone

13 number, as designated by the subscriber or enrollee.

1 (d) "Contractor" means a person or entity that is a medical group, independent practice association, pharmaceutical benefits 2 3 manager, or a medical service organization and is not a health care 4 service plan or provider of health care. "Contractor" does not include insurance institutions as defined in subdivision (k) of 5 Section 791.02 of the Insurance Code or pharmaceutical benefits 6 7 managers licensed pursuant to the Knox-Keene Health Care Service 8 Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) 9 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code). 10 (e) "Enrollee" has the same meaning as that term is defined in

11 Section 1345 of the Health and Safety Code.

12 (f) "Expiration date or event" means a specified date or an 13 occurrence relating to the individual to whom the medical 14 information pertains or the purpose of the use or disclosure, after 15 which the provider of health care, health care service plan, 16 pharmaceutical company, or contractor is no longer authorized to 17 disclose the medical information.

(g) "Health care service plan" means an entity regulated pursuant
to the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter
2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health
and Safety Code).

(h) "Licensed health care professional" means a person licensed
or certified pursuant to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500)
of the Business and Professions Code, the Osteopathic Initiative
Act or the Chiropractic Initiative Act, or Division 2.5 (commencing
with Section 1797) of the Health and Safety Code.

(i) "Marketing" means to make a communication about a product
or service that encourages recipients of the communication to
purchase or use the product or service.

30 "Marketing" does not include any of the following:

(1) Communications made orally or in writing for which the
communicator does not receive direct or indirect remuneration,
including, but not limited to, gifts, fees, payments, subsidies, or
other economic benefits, from a third party for making the
communication.

36 (2) Communications made to current enrollees solely for the
37 purpose of describing a provider's participation in an existing
38 health care provider network or health plan network of a
39 Knox-Keene licensed health plan to which the enrollees already
40 subscribe; communications made to current enrollees solely for

1 the purpose of describing if, and the extent to which, a product or 2 service, or payment for a product or service, is provided by a 3 provider, contractor, or plan or included in a plan of benefits of a 4 Knox-Keene licensed health plan to which the enrollees already 5 subscribe; or communications made to plan enrollees describing 6 the availability of more cost-effective pharmaceuticals.

7 (3) Communications that are tailored to the circumstances of a 8 particular individual to educate or advise the individual about 9 treatment options, and otherwise maintain the individual's 10 adherence to a prescribed course of medical treatment, as provided 11 in Section 1399.901 of the Health and Safety Code, for a chronic 12 and seriously debilitating or life-threatening condition as defined 13 in subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 1367.21 of the Health and 14 Safety Code, if the health care provider, contractor, or health plan 15 receives direct or indirect remuneration, including, but not limited 16 to, gifts, fees, payments, subsidies, or other economic benefits, 17 from a third party for making the communication, if all of the

17 following apply:

(A) The individual receiving the communication is notified in
the communication in typeface no smaller than 14-point type of
the fact that the provider, contractor, or health plan has been
remunerated and the source of the remuneration.

(B) The individual is provided the opportunity to opt out ofreceiving future remunerated communications.

25 (C) The communication contains instructions in typeface no 26 smaller than 14-point type describing how the individual can opt 27 out of receiving further communications by calling a toll-free 28 number of the health care provider, contractor, or health plan 29 making the remunerated communications. Further communication 30 shall not be made to an individual who has opted out after 30 31 calendar days from the date the individual makes the opt-out 32 request.

33 (j) "Medical information" means any individually identifiable 34 information, in electronic or physical form, in possession of or derived from a provider of health care, health care service plan, 35 36 pharmaceutical company, or contractor regarding a patient's 37 medical history, mental health application information, 38 reproductive or sexual health application information, immigration 39 status, including current and prior immigration status, place of 40 birth, mental or physical condition, or treatment. "Individually

identifiable" means that the medical information includes or
contains any element of personal identifying information sufficient
to allow identification of the individual, such as the patient's name,
address, electronic mail address, telephone number, or social
security number, or other information that, alone or in combination
with other publicly available information, reveals the identity of
the individual.

8 (k) "Mental health application information" means information 9 related to a consumer's inferred or diagnosed mental health or 10 substance use disorder, as defined in Section 1374.72 of the Health 11 and Safety Code, collected by a mental health digital service.

12 (*l*) "Mental health digital service" means a mobile-based 13 application or internet website that collects mental health 14 application information from a consumer, markets itself as 15 facilitating mental health services to a consumer, and uses the 16 information to facilitate mental health services to a consumer.

(m) "Patient" means a natural person, whether or not still living,who received health care services from a provider of health careand to whom medical information pertains.

(n) "Pharmaceutical company" means a company or business,
or an agent or representative thereof, that manufactures, sells, or
distributes pharmaceuticals, medications, or prescription drugs.
"Pharmaceutical company" does not include a pharmaceutical
benefits manager, as included in subdivision (c), or a provider of
health care.

(o) "Protected individual" means any adult covered by the
subscriber's health care service plan or a minor who can consent
to a health care service without the consent of a parent or legal
guardian, pursuant to state or federal law. "Protected individual"
does not include an individual that lacks the capacity to give
informed consent for health care pursuant to Section 813 of the
Probate Code.

33 (p) "Provider of health care" means a person licensed or certified 34 pursuant to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of the 35 Business and Professions Code; a person licensed pursuant to the Osteopathic Initiative Act or the Chiropractic Initiative Act; a 36 37 person certified pursuant to Division 2.5 (commencing with Section 38 1797) of the Health and Safety Code; or a clinic, health dispensary, or health facility licensed pursuant to Division 2 (commencing 39 40 with Section 1200) of the Health and Safety Code. "Provider of

health care" does not include insurance institutions as defined in
 subdivision (k) of Section 791.02 of the Insurance Code.

3 (q) "Reproductive or sexual health application information" 4 means information about a consumer's reproductive health, 5 menstrual cycle, fertility, pregnancy, pregnancy outcome, plans to conceive, or type of sexual activity collected by a reproductive 6 7 or sexual health digital service, including, but not limited to, 8 information from which one can infer someone's pregnancy status, 9 menstrual cycle, fertility, hormone levels, birth control use, sexual 10 activity, or gender identity.

(r) "Reproductive or sexual health digital service" means a
mobile-based application or internet website that collects
reproductive or sexual health application information from a
consumer, markets itself as facilitating reproductive or sexual
health services to a consumer, and uses the information to facilitate
reproductive or sexual health services to a consumer.

17 (s) "Sensitive services" means all health care services related 18 to mental or behavioral health, sexual and reproductive health, 19 sexually transmitted infections, substance use disorder, gender-affirming care, and intimate partner violence, and includes 20 21 services described in Sections 6924, 6925, 6926, 6927, 6928, 6929, 22 and 6930 of the Family Code, and Sections 121020 and 124260 23 of the Health and Safety Code, obtained by a patient at or above 24 the minimum age specified for consenting to the service specified 25 in the section. 26 (t) "Subscriber" has the same meaning as that term is defined

in Section 1345 of the Health and Safety Code.

(u) "Immigration enforcement" means any and all efforts to
investigate, enforce, or assist in the investigation or enforcement
of any federal civil immigration law, and also includes any and all
efforts to investigate, enforce, or assist in the investigation or
enforcement of any federal criminal immigration law that penalizes
a person's presence in, entry or reentry to, or employment in, the
United States.

SEC. 2. Section 56.10 of the Civil Code is amended to read:
56.10. (a) A provider of health care, health care service plan,
or contractor shall not disclose medical information regarding a
patient of the provider of health care or an enrollee or subscriber
of a health care service plan without first obtaining an
authorization, except as provided in subdivision (b) or (c).

1 (b) A provider of health care, a health care service plan, or a 2 contractor shall disclose medical information if the disclosure is 3 compelled by any of the following:

4 (1) A court order.

5 (2) A board, commission, or administrative agency for purposes 6 of adjudication pursuant to its lawful authority.

7 (3) A party to a proceeding before a court or administrative
8 agency pursuant to a subpoena, subpoena duces tecum, notice to
9 appear served pursuant to Section 1987 of the Code of Civil
10 Procedure, or any provision authorizing discovery in a proceeding
11 before a court or administrative agency.

(4) A board, commission, or administrative agency pursuant to
an investigative subpoena issued under Article 2 (commencing
with Section 11180) of Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title
2 of the Government Code.

16 (5) An arbitrator or arbitration panel, when arbitration is lawfully 17 requested by either party, pursuant to a subpoena duces tecum 18 issued under Section 1282.6 of the Code of Civil Procedure, or 19 another provision authorizing discovery in a proceeding before an 20 arbitrator or arbitration panel.

(6) A valid search warrant issued by a judicial officer, includinga magistrate, to a governmental law enforcement agency.

(7) The patient or the patient's representative pursuant to
Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 123100) of Part 1 of Division
106 of the Health and Safety Code.

26 (8) A medical examiner, forensic pathologist, or coroner, when 27 requested in the course of an investigation by a medical examiner, 28 forensic pathologist, or coroner's office for the purpose of 29 identifying the decedent or locating next of kin, or when 30 investigating deaths that may involve public health concerns, organ 31 or tissue donation, child abuse, elder abuse, suicides, poisonings, 32 accidents, sudden infant deaths, suspicious deaths, unknown deaths, 33 or criminal deaths, or upon notification of, or investigation of, 34 imminent deaths that may involve organ or tissue donation pursuant to Section 7151.15 of the Health and Safety Code, or when 35 36 otherwise authorized by the decedent's representative. Medical 37 information requested by a medical examiner, forensic pathologist, 38 or coroner under this paragraph shall be limited to information 39 regarding the patient who is the decedent and who is the subject 40 of the investigation or who is the prospective donor and shall be

1 disclosed to a medical examiner, forensic pathologist, or coroner

2 without delay upon request. A medical examiner, forensic3 pathologist, or coroner shall not disclose the information contained

4 in the medical record obtained pursuant to this paragraph to a third

5 party without a court order or authorization pursuant to paragraph

6 (4) of subdivision (c) of Section 56.11.

7 (9) When otherwise specifically required by law.

8 (c) A provider of health care or a health care service plan may 9 disclose medical information as follows:

10 (1) The information may be disclosed to providers of health 11 care, health care service plans, contractors, or other health care 12 professionals or facilities for purposes of diagnosis or treatment 13 of the patient. This includes, in an emergency situation, the 14 communication of patient information by radio transmission or 15 other means between emergency medical personnel at the scene of an emergency, or in an emergency medical transport vehicle, 16 17 and emergency medical personnel at a health facility licensed 18 pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1250) of Division

19 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

20 (2) The information may be disclosed to an insurer, employer, 21 health care service plan, hospital service plan, employee benefit 22 plan, governmental authority, contractor, or other person or entity 23 responsible for paying for health care services rendered to the 24 patient, to the extent necessary to allow responsibility for payment 25 to be determined and payment to be made. If (A) the patient is, by 26 reason of a comatose or other disabling medical condition, unable 27 to consent to the disclosure of medical information and (B) no 28 other arrangements have been made to pay for the health care 29 services being rendered to the patient, the information may be 30 disclosed to a governmental authority to the extent necessary to 31 determine the patient's eligibility for, and to obtain, payment under 32 a governmental program for health care services provided to the 33 patient. The information may also be disclosed to another provider 34 of health care or health care service plan as necessary to assist the 35 other provider or health care service plan in obtaining payment 36 for health care services rendered by that provider of health care or 37 health care service plan to the patient.

38 (3) The information may be disclosed to a person or entity that 39 provides billing, claims management, medical data processing, or

provides billing, claims management, medical data processing, orother administrative services for providers of health care or health

1 care service plans or for any of the persons or entities specified in

2 paragraph (2). However, that disclosed information shall not be

3 further disclosed by the recipient in a way that would violate this

4 part.

5 (4) The information may be disclosed to organized committees

6 and agents of professional societies or of medical staffs of licensed

7 hospitals, licensed health care service plans, professional standards

8 review organizations, independent medical review organizations

9 and their selected reviewers, utilization and quality control peer 10 review organizations as established by Congress in Public Law

review organizations as established by Congress in Public Law
 97-248 in 1982, contractors, or persons or organizations insuring,

responsible for, or defending professional liability that a provider

13 may incur, if the committees, agents, health care service plans,

14 organizations, reviewers, contractors, or persons are engaged in

15 reviewing the competence or qualifications of health care 16 professionals or in reviewing health care services with respect to

medical necessity, level of care, quality of care, or justification of
 charges.

(5) The information in the possession of a provider of health care or a health care service plan may be reviewed by a private or public body responsible for licensing or accrediting the provider of health care or a health care service plan. However, no patient-identifying medical information may be removed from the premises except as expressly permitted or required elsewhere by law, nor shall that information be further disclosed by the recipient

26 in a way that would violate this part.

27 (6) The information may be disclosed to a medical examiner, 28 forensic pathologist, or county coroner in the course of an investigation by a medical examiner, forensic pathologist, or 29 30 coroner's office when requested for all purposes not included in 31 paragraph (8) of subdivision (b). A medical examiner, forensic 32 pathologist, or coroner shall not disclose the information contained 33 in the medical record obtained pursuant to this paragraph to a third 34 party without a court order or authorization pursuant to paragraph 35 (4) of subdivision (c) of Section 56.11.

36 (7) The information may be disclosed to public agencies, clinical
37 investigators, including investigators conducting epidemiologic
38 studies, health care research organizations, and accredited public
39 or private nonprofit educational or health care institutions for bona

40 fide research purposes. However, no information so disclosed shall

be further disclosed by the recipient in a way that would disclose
 the identity of a patient or violate this part.

3 (8) A provider of health care or health care service plan that has

4 created medical information as a result of employment-related 5 health care services to an employee conducted at the specific prior

6 written request and expense of the employer may disclose to the

7 employee's employer that part of the information that:

8 (A) Is relevant in a lawsuit, arbitration, grievance, or other claim 9 or challenge to which the employer and the employee are parties

and in which the patient has placed in issue the patient's medical

11 history, mental or physical condition, or treatment, provided that

12 information may only be used or disclosed in connection with that

13 proceeding.

(B) Describes functional limitations of the patient that may
entitle the patient to leave from work for medical reasons or limit
the patient's fitness to perform the patient's present employment,
provided that no statement of medical cause is included in the

18 information disclosed.

(9) Unless the provider of health care or a health care serviceplan is notified in writing of an agreement by the sponsor, insurer,

21 or administrator to the contrary, the information may be disclosed

22 to a sponsor, insurer, or administrator of a group or individual

23 insured or uninsured plan or policy that the patient seeks coverage

24 by or benefits from, if the information was created by the provider

25 of health care or health care service plan as the result of services

26 conducted at the specific prior written request and expense of the 27 sponsor, insurer, or administrator for the purpose of evaluating the

28 application for coverage or benefits.

29 (10) The information may be disclosed to a health care service

plan by providers of health care that contract with the health careservice plan and may be transferred between providers of health

32 care that contract with the health care service plan, for the purpose

33 of administering the health care service plan. Medical information

34 shall not otherwise be disclosed by a health care service plan except

35 in accordance with this part.

(11) This part does not prevent the disclosure by a provider of
 health care or a health care service plan to an insurance institution.

health care or a health care service plan to an insurance institution,agent, or support organization, subject to Article 6.6 (commencing)

39 with Section 791) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1 of the

40 Insurance Code, of medical information if the insurance institution,

1 agent, or support organization has complied with all of the

2 requirements for obtaining the information pursuant to Article 6.6

3 (commencing with Section 791) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division

4 1 of the Insurance Code.

5 (12) The information relevant to the patient's condition, care, 6 and treatment provided may be disclosed to a probate court 7 investigator in the course of an investigation required or authorized 8 conservatorship proceeding in а under the Guardianship-Conservatorship Law as defined in Section 1400 of 9 the Probate Code, or to a probate court investigator, probation 10 officer, or domestic relations investigator engaged in determining 11 12 the need for an initial guardianship or continuation of an existing 13 guardianship.

(13) The information may be disclosed to an organ procurement organization or a tissue bank processing the tissue of a decedent for transplantation into the body of another person, but only with respect to the donating decedent, for the purpose of aiding the transplant. For the purpose of this paragraph, "tissue bank" and "tissue" have the same meanings as defined in Section 1635 of the Health and Safety Code.

21 (14) The information may be disclosed when the disclosure is 22 otherwise specifically authorized by law, including, but not limited 23 to, the voluntary reporting, either directly or indirectly, to the United States Food and Drug Administration of adverse events 24 25 related to drug products or medical device problems, or to 26 disclosures made pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 27 11167 of the Penal Code by a person making a report pursuant to 28 Sections 11165.9 and 11166 of the Penal Code, provided that those 29 disclosures concern a report made by that person.

30 (15) Basic information, including the patient's name, city of 31 residence, age, sex, and general condition, may be disclosed to a

state-recognized or federally recognized disaster relief organizationfor the purpose of responding to disaster welfare inquiries.

(16) The information may be disclosed to a third party for
purposes of encoding, encrypting, or otherwise anonymizing data.
However, no information so disclosed shall be further disclosed
by the recipient in a way that would violate this part, including the
unauthorized manipulation of coded or encrypted medical
information that reveals individually identifiable medical
information.

1 (17) For purposes of disease management programs and services 2 as defined in Section 1399.901 of the Health and Safety Code, 3 information may be disclosed as follows: (A) to an entity 4 contracting with a health care service plan or the health care service 5 plan's contractors to monitor or administer care of enrollees for a 6 covered benefit, if the disease management services and care are 7 authorized by a treating physician, or (B) to a disease management 8 organization, as defined in Section 1399.900 of the Health and 9 Safety Code, that complies fully with the physician authorization 10 requirements of Section 1399.902 of the Health and Safety Code, 11 if the health care service plan or its contractor provides or has 12 provided a description of the disease management services to a 13 treating physician or to the health care service plan's or contractor's 14 network of physicians. This paragraph does not require physician 15 authorization for the care or treatment of the adherents of a 16 well-recognized church or religious denomination who depend 17 solely upon prayer or spiritual means for healing in the practice 18 of the religion of that church or denomination.

19 (18) The information may be disclosed, as permitted by state 20 and federal law or regulation, to a local health department for the 21 purpose of preventing or controlling disease, injury, or disability, 22 including, but not limited to, the reporting of disease, injury, vital 23 events, including, but not limited to, birth or death, and the conduct 24 of public health surveillance, public health investigations, and 25 public health interventions, as authorized or required by state or 26 federal law or regulation.

27 (19) The information may be disclosed, consistent with 28 applicable law and standards of ethical conduct, by a 29 psychotherapist, as defined in Section 1010 of the Evidence Code, 30 if the psychotherapist, in good faith, believes the disclosure is 31 necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to the 32 health or safety of a reasonably foreseeable victim or victims, and 33 the disclosure is made to a person or persons reasonably able to 34 prevent or lessen the threat, including the target of the threat.

(20) The information may be disclosed as described in Section56.103.

37 (21) (A) The information may be disclosed to an employee

welfare benefit plan, as defined under Section 3(1) of the Employee
Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(1)),

40 which is formed under Section 302(c)(5) of the Taft-Hartley Act

1 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 186(c)(5)), to the extent that the employee welfare

2 benefit plan provides medical care, and may also be disclosed to 3

an entity contracting with the employee welfare benefit plan for 4

billing, claims management, medical data processing, or other

5 administrative services related to the provision of medical care to persons enrolled in the employee welfare benefit plan for health 6

7 care coverage, if all of the following conditions are met:

8 (i) The disclosure is for the purpose of determining eligibility, 9 coordinating benefits, or allowing the employee welfare benefit

plan or the contracting entity to advocate on the behalf of a patient 10 or enrollee with a provider, a health care service plan, or a state 11

12 or federal regulatory agency. 13 (ii) The request for the information is accompanied by a written

14 authorization for the release of the information submitted in a 15 manner consistent with subdivision (a) and Section 56.11.

(iii) The disclosure is authorized by and made in a manner 16 17 consistent with the federal Health Insurance Portability and 18 Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191).

19 (iv) Any information disclosed is not further used or disclosed 20 by the recipient in any way that would directly or indirectly violate

21 this part or the restrictions imposed by Part 164 of Title 45 of the

22 Code of Federal Regulations, including the manipulation of the

23 information in any way that might reveal individually identifiable 24 medical information.

25 (B) For purposes of this paragraph, Section 1374.8 of the Health 26 and Safety Code shall not apply.

27 (22) Information may be disclosed pursuant to subdivision (a) 28 of Section 15633.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code by a person 29 required to make a report pursuant to Section 15630 of the Welfare 30 and Institutions Code, provided that the disclosure under 31 subdivision (a) of Section 15633.5 concerns a report made by that 32 person. Covered entities, as they are defined in Section 160.103 33 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, shall comply with 34 the requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and 35 Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) privacy rule pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 164.512 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal 36 37 Regulations if the disclosure is not for the purpose of public health 38 surveillance, investigation, intervention, or reporting an injury or

39 death.

1 (23) The information may be disclosed to a school-linked 2 services coordinator pursuant to a written authorization between 3 the health provider and the patient or client that complies with the 4 federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 5 1996.

6 (24) Mental health records, as defined in subdivision (c) of
7 Section 5073 of the Penal Code, may be disclosed by a county
8 correctional facility, county medical facility, state correctional
9 facility, or state hospital, as required by Section 5073 of the Penal
10 Code.

(d) Except to the extent expressly authorized by a patient,
enrollee, or subscriber, or as provided by subdivisions (b) and (c),
a provider of health care, health care service plan, contractor, or
corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates shall not intentionally
share, sell, use for marketing, or otherwise use medical information
for a purpose not necessary to provide health care services to the
patient.

18 (e) Except to the extent expressly authorized by a patient or 19 enrollee or subscriber or as provided by subdivisions (b) and (c), 20 a contractor or corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates shall 21 not further disclose medical information regarding a patient of the 22 provider of health care or an enrollee or subscriber of a health care 23 service plan or insurer or self-insured employer received under 24 this section to a person or entity that is not engaged in providing 25 direct health care services to the patient or the patient's provider 26 of health care or health care service plan or insurer or self-insured 27 employer. 28 (f) Except to the extent expressly authorized by a patient, 29 enrollee, or subscriber, or as required by subdivision (b), or as

25 enforce, of subscriber, of as required by subdivision (b), of as
 30 permitted by subdivision (c), a provider of health care, health care
 31 service plan, contractor, or corporation and its subsidiaries and
 32 affiliates shall not disclose medical information. information for
 33 immigration enforcement.

34 (g) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Medical examiner, forensic pathologist, or coroner" means
a coroner or deputy coroner, as described in subdivision (c) of
Section 830.35 of the Penal Code, or a licensed physician who
currently performs official autopsies on behalf of a county
coroner's office or a medical examiner's office, whether as a
government employee or under contract to that office.

(2) "School-linked services coordinator" means an individual 1 2 located on a school campus or under contract by a county 3 behavioral health provider agency for the treatment and health 4 care operations and referrals of students and their families that 5 holds any of the following: (A) A services credential with a specialization in pupil personnel 6 7 services, as described in Section 44266 of the Education Code. 8 (B) A services credential with a specialization in health 9 authorizing service as a school nurse, as described in Section 44877 10 of the Education Code. (C) A license to engage in the practice of marriage and family 11 therapy issued pursuant to Chapter 13 (commencing with Section 12 13 4980) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code. 14 (D) A license to engage in the practice of educational 15 psychology issued pursuant to Chapter 13.5 (commencing with Section 4989.10) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions 16 17 Code. 18 (E) A license to engage in the practice of professional clinical 19 counseling issued pursuant to Chapter 16 (commencing with 20 Section 4999.10) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions 21 Code. 22 SEC. 3. Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 1249) is added to Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, to read: 23 24 25 Chapter 1.5. Patient Access and Protection 26 27 1249. (a) A health care provider entity shall, to the extent 28 possible, establish or amend procedures for monitoring and 29 receiving visitors to health care provider entities consistent with 30 this chapter. Health care provider entities are encouraged to post a "notice to authorities" at facility entrances. 31 32 (b) When circumstances allow, health care provider entity 33 personnel shall immediately notify health care provider entity 34 management, administration, or legal counsel of any request for 35 access to a health care provider entity site or patient for immigration enforcement, and to provide any requests for review 36 37 of health care provider entity documents, including through a 38 lawfully issued subpoena, warrant, or court order. If a request is 39 made to access a health care provider entity site or patient,

40 including to obtain information about a patient or their family, for

1 immigration enforcement, health care provider entity personnel

2 shall, to the extent possible, direct such request to the designated

3 health care provider entity management, administrator, or legal4 counsel.

5 1249.1. (a) To enhance privacy available to facility users and 6 promote a safe environment conducive to the facility's mission 7 and patient care, a health care provider entity is encouraged to 8 designate areas where patients are receiving treatment or care, 9 where a patient is discussing protected health information, or that 10 are not otherwise open to the public as nonpublic. The facility is 11 encouraged to designate these areas through mapping, signage,

12 key entry, policy, or a combination of those.

(b) To the extent permitted by state and federal law, a health
care provider entity and its personnel shall not, to the extent
possible, grant access to the nonpublic areas of the facility for
immigration enforcement without a valid judicial warrant or court
order.

18 (c) A health care provider entity and its personnel shall, to the 19 extent possible, have the denial of permission for access to 20 nonpublic areas of the facility pursuant to subdivision (b) witnessed 21 and documented by at least one health care provider entity 22 personnel.

(d) Health care provider entities shall inform staff and relevant
volunteers on how to respond to requests relating to immigration
enforcement that grants access to health care provider entity sites
or to patients.

1249.2. For purposes of this chapter, "health care providerentity" includes all of the following:

29 (a) Health facilities as defined in Section 1250.

30 (b) Clinics as defined in Section 1200 and 1200.1, a clinic

31 licensed pursuant to Section 1204, and a clinic exempt from 32 licensure pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (h) of Section 1206.

33 (c) A physician organization as defined in subdivision (p) of 34 Section 127500.2.

35 (d) Providers as defined in subdivision (q) of Section 127500.2.

36 (e) Integrated health care delivery systems as defined in Section37 1182.14 of the Labor Code.

38 1249.3. This chapter shall apply to all health care provider39 entities that meet any of the following criteria:

1 (a) Health care provider entities operated by the state or a 2 political subdivision of the state.

3 (b) Health care provider entities that provide services related to 4 physical or mental health and wellness, education, or access to 5 justice, including the University of California.

6 (c) Health care provider entities that receive state funding.

7 (d) All other health care provider entities.

8 For purposes of this chapter, "immigration 1249.4. 9 enforcement" means any and all efforts to investigate, enforce, or 10 assist in the investigation or enforcement of any federal civil immigration law, and also includes any and all efforts to 11 12 investigate, enforce, or assist in the investigation or enforcement 13 of any federal criminal immigration law that penalizes a person's 14 presence in, entry or reentry to, or employment in, the United 15 States.

16 1249.5. Health care provider entities shall have 45 days from
the effective date of this chapter to comply with the requirements
contained herein.

19 1249.6. The provisions of this chapter are severable. If any
20 provision of this chapter or its application is held invalid, that
21 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can

22 be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution for certain

costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school districtbecause, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction,

27 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime

28 or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the

Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the
 meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California

31 Constitution.

32 However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that

33 this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement

34 to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

35 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

36 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

37 SEC. 5. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the

38 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within

39 the meaning of Article IV of the California Constitution and shall

40 go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

To ensure that vulnerable families and their children are able to
 access their medical and health care services and needs without
 fear of deportation, harassment, or intimidation, it is necessary
 that this act take effect immediately.

- **REVISIONS:**
- 8 Heading—Line 5.