GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

Η

HOUSE BILL 620 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/15/25 Senate Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 6/19/25 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/25/25

Short Title: AOC Agency Requests.-AB

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 1, 2025

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO MODIFY PROVISIONS AFFECTING THE COURTS OF NORTH CAROLINA 3 AND THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS. 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 5 6 INCLUDE HIGH POINT UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF LAW IN RECIPIENT LIST OF 7 STATE APPELLATE DIVISION REPORTS 8 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 7A-343.1(a) reads as rewritten: 9 "(a) The Administrative Officer of the Courts shall, upon request and at the State's 10 expense, distribute such number of copies of the appellate division reports to federal, State departments and agencies, and to educational institutions of instruction, as follows: 11 12 13 University of North Carolina School of Law 5 North Carolina Central University School of Law 5 14 Duke University School of Law 15 5 Wake Forest University School of Law 5 16 Elon University School of Law 5 17 5 18 Campbell University School of Law High Point University School of Law 19 5" 20 21 22 MODIFY PROVISIONS AFFECTING JUDICIALLY MANAGED ACCOUNTABILITY AND RECOVERY COURTS 23 24 SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 7A-801 reads as rewritten:

25 "§ 7A-801. Monitoring and annual report.

The Administrative Office of the Courts shall monitor all local judicially managed 26 27 accountability and recovery courts, prepare an annual report on the implementation, operation, and effectiveness of the State judicially managed accountability and recovery court program, and 28 29 submit the report to the chairs of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice 30 and Public Safety by March 1 of each year. Each judicially managed accountability and recovery court and any court authorized to remain a drug treatment local judicially managed accountability 31 and recovery court under G.S. 7A-802, shall submit evaluation reports to the Administrative 32 33 Office of the Courts as requested." 34 SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 7A-792 reads as rewritten:

+ H 6 2 0 - V - 4 *

4

(Public)

General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
"§ 7A-792. Goal	s.	
	the local judicially managed accountability and recov	very courts funded under
this Article inclue	le the following:	
"		
SECI	ION 2.(c) G.S. 7A-793 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 7A-793. Est	ablishment of North Carolina Judicially Manag	ed Accountability and
Recov	ery Court Program.	
The North C	arolina Judicially Managed Accountability and Recu	overy Court Program is
established in the	Administrative Office of the Courts to facilitate the	creation, administration,
	cal judicially managed accountability and recovery co	
Administrative O	ffice of the Courts shall provide any necessary staff t	for planning, organizing,
and administerin	g the program. Local judicially managed accountab	ility and recovery court
programs funded	pursuant to this Article shall be operated consister	ntly with the guidelines
adopted pursuant	to G.S. 7A-795. Local judicially managed accountab	ility and recovery courts
established and	funded pursuant to this Article may consist of lo	ocal judicially managed
accountability and	l recovery court programs approved by the Administra	tive Office of the Courts.
With the consent	of either the chief district court judge or the senior resid	lent superior court judge,
a local judicially	managed accountability and recovery court may be es	tablished."
SECT	TON 2.(d) This section becomes effective August 1,	2025.
PROHIBIT US	E OF MODIFIED ADMINISTRATIVE OFFIC	E OF THE COURTS
FORMS WITH	DUT PROPER NOTICE TO CLIENTS	
SECT	ION 3.(a) G.S. 7A-232 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 7A-232. Form	18.	
	g forms are sufficient for the purposes indicated unde	
	icient. Forms promulgated by the Administrative Offi	
	way that maintains an appearance that the form y	
	ffice of the Courts. Any attorney or party who modifie	
	e Office of the Courts must clearly notate that the form	
the version prom	ulgated by the Administrative Office of the Courts and	nd specify what changes
were made to the	<u>form.</u>	
	"	
	ION 3.(b) This section is effective when it beco	mes law and applies to
modified forms u	sed on or after that date.	
	UIREMENTS OF PUBLIC NOTICE OF N	AME CHANGE AT
	BEFORE FILING THE NAME CHANGE	
	ION 4.(a) G.S. 101-2 reads as rewritten:	
	lure for changing name; petition; notice.	1 (*1
	son who wishes, for good cause shown, to change his	
	e the clerk of the superior court of the county in which	
	otice of the application by publication in the area de	esignated by the clerk of
-	posting notices in the county.resides.	1.0.1
· · · •	ublication in subsection (a) of this section is not requir	
(1)	Is a participant in the address confidentiality progra	m under Chapter 15C of
	the General Statutes; or	
(2)		
		6
		state agency records or
	Itles.	
(2)	Provides evidence that the applicant is a victim of d offense, or stalking. This evidence may include any of a. Law enforcement, court, or other federal or files.	of the following:

General Asse	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
	Violence Cente	from a program receiving funds from the Domestic er Fund, if the applicant is alleged to be a victim of
(a) The	domestic violer	
. ,	11	rt's entire record of the proceedings relating to the f public record where the applicant has complied with
	0	applicant meets either of the following criteria:
<u>(1)</u>		address confidentiality program under Chapter 15C of
<u>(1)</u>	the General Statutes.	address confidentiality program under Chapter 15C of
<u>(2)</u>		the applicant is a victim of domestic violence, sexual
<u>(</u> <u>-</u>)		his evidence may include any of the following:
		ent, court, or other federal or state agency records or
	files.	
		from a program receiving funds from the Domestic
		er Fund, if the applicant is alleged to be a victim of
	domestic violer	
Records qu	alifying under this subsect	ion shall be maintained separately from other records,
shall be withhe	d from public inspection, a	and may be examined only by order of the court or with
	sent of the applicant.	
"		
		becomes effective December 1, 2025, and applies to
	for a name change pursua	ant to Chapter 101 of the General Statutes filed on or
after that date.		
	OVISIONS RELATED	TO GUARDIANSHIP FOR INCOMPETENT
PERSONS		
	CTION 5.(a) G.S. 35A-12 Rond required before req	
	Bond required before rec	G.S. 35A-1212.1 and G.S. 35A-1225(a), no general
		e permitted to receive the ward's property until he has
• •		clerk, to account for and apply the same under the
		guardian is a nonresident of this State and the value of
		and dollars (\$1,000) the surety shall be a bond under
		uthorized surety company, or secured by cash in an
		or by a mortgage executed under Chapter 109 of the
_		he county, the value of which, excluding all prior liens
		id one-fourth times the amount of the bond; and further
		nt a resident agent to accept service of process in all
-		ne guardianship. The clerk shall not require a guardian
-	0 1	th Carolina to post a bond; the clerk may require a
0	1 1	t a bond or other security for the faithful performance
		.S. 53-159 and G.S. 53-366(a)(10), no bond is required
<u>of a bank or t</u>	ist company licensed to d	o business in this State that has powers or privileges
	harter to serve as guardian	
	-	
SE	CTION 5.(b) G.S. 35A-12	
"(a) Bef	ore issuing letters of appoi	ntment to a general guardian or guardian of the estate
SE "(a) Bef the clerk shall	ore issuing letters of appoi equire the guardian to give	ntment to a general guardian or guardian of the estate a bond payable to the State. The clerk shall determine
SE "(a) Bef the clerk shall the value of all	bre issuing letters of appoi equire the guardian to give the ward's personal proper	ntment to a general guardian or guardian of the estate a bond payable to the State. The clerk shall determine ty and the rents and profits of the ward's real estate by
(a) Bef the clerk shall the value of all examining, un	ore issuing letters of appoi equire the guardian to give the ward's personal proper er oath, the applicant for gu	ntment to a general guardian or guardian of the estate a bond payable to the State. The clerk shall determine
(a) Bef the clerk shall the value of all examining, un	bre issuing letters of appoi equire the guardian to give the ward's personal proper	ntment to a general guardian or guardian of the estate a bond payable to the State. The clerk shall determine ty and the rents and profits of the ward's real estate by

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
1	The bond must be secured with two or more sufficient sureties, jointly and se	verally bound, and
2	must be acknowledged before the clerk or a notary public and approved by the	he clerk. The bond
3	must be conditioned on the guardian's faithfully executing the trust reposed	in him as such and
4	obeying all lawful orders of the clerk or judge relating to the guardianship of th	e estate committed
5	to him. The bond must be recorded in the office of the clerk appointing the g	guardian, except, if
6	the guardianship is transferred to a different county, it must be recorded in the	e office of the clerk
7	in the county where the guardianship is docketed."	
8	SECTION 5.(c) G.S. 35A-1261 reads as rewritten:	
9	"§ 35A-1261. Inventory or account within three months.	
10	Every guardian, within three months after his appointment, shall file	with the clerk an
11	inventory or account, inventory, upon oath, of the estate of his ward; but the	e clerk may extend
12	such time not exceeding six months, for good cause shown."	
13	SECTION 5.(d) G.S. 35A-1295(a) reads as rewritten:	
14	"(a) Every guardianship shall be terminated and all powers and duti	es of the guardian
15	provided in Article 9 of this Chapter shall cease when the ward:ward does an	y of the following:
16	(1) Ceases to be a minor as defined in $G.S. 35A-1202(12), G.S$. 35A-1202(12).
17	(2) Is adjudicated to be restored to competency pursuant to	the provisions of
18	G.S. 35A-1130, orG.S. 35A-1130.	
19	(3) Dies.	
20	(4) Is no longer under the jurisdiction of North Carolina bec	ause the court has
21	issued a final order confirming transfer pursuant to	the provisions of
22	<u>G.S. 35B-30(g).</u> "	
23	SECTION 5.(e) This section becomes effective December 1, 202	25.
24		
25	MODIFY PROVISIONS RELATED TO THE ESTATE OF A DECEDE	NT
26	SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 29-30 reads as rewritten:	
27	"§ 29-30. Election of surviving spouse to take life interest in lieu of intestat	
28	(a) Except as provided in this subsection, in lieu of the intestate	share provided in
29	G.S. 29-14 or G.S. 29-21, or of the elective share provided in G.S. 30-3.1, the	e surviving spouse
30	of an intestate or the surviving spouse who has petitioned for an elective share	
31	as the surviving spouse's intestate share or elective share a life estate in one t	
32	the real estate of which the deceased spouse was seised and possessed of an estate	
33	at any time during coverture. marriage. The surviving spouse is not entitled t	to take a life estate
34	in any of the following circumstances:	
35		
36	(d) In case of election to take a life estate in lieu of an intestate share of	
37	provided in either G.S. 29-14, 29-21, or 30-3.1, the clerk of superior cour	
38	petition has been filed, shall summon and appoint a jury commission of	
39	persons who being first duly sworn shall promptly allot and set apart to the su	
40	life estate provided for in subsection (a) of this section and make a final repo	ort of this action to
41	the clerk.	
42	(e) The final report shall be filed by the <u>jury commission</u> not more that	-
43	summoning and appointment thereof, shall be signed by all jurors, persons of	
44	and shall describe by metes and bounds the real estate in which the surviving	
45	been allotted and set aside a life estate. It shall be filed as a record of court a	1.
46	thereof shall be filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of each	•
47	any part of the real property of the deceased spouse, affected by the allotment	t, 1s located.
48		
49 50	SECTION 6.(b) G.S. 28A-2A-15 reads as rewritten:	
50	"§ 28A-2A-15. Certified copy of will proved in another state or country.	

Session 2025

When a will, made by a <u>citizen-resident</u> of this State, is proved and allowed in some other state or country, and the original will cannot be removed from its place of legal deposit in such other state or country, for probate in this State, the clerk of the superior court of the county where the testator had his last usual residence or has any property, upon a duly certified copy or exemplification of such will being exhibited to him for probate, shall take every order and proceeding for proving, allowing and recording such copy as by law might be taken upon the production of the original."

- 8
- **SECTION 6.(c)** G.S. 28A-2A-17(a) reads as rewritten:

9 Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, if the will of a citizen "(a) 10 resident or subject of another state or country is probated in accordance with the laws of that 11 jurisdiction and a duly certified copy of the will and the probate proceedings are produced before 12 a clerk of superior court of any county wherein the testator had property, the copy of the will 13 shall be probated as if it were the original. If the jurisdiction is within the United States, the copy 14 of the will and the probate proceedings shall be certified by the clerk of the court wherein the will was probated. If the jurisdiction is outside the United States, the copy of the will and probate 15 16 proceedings shall be certified by any ambassador, minister, consul or commercial agent of the 17 United States under his official seal."

18

33

34

SECTION 6.(d) G.S. 28A-5-1(b) reads as rewritten:

19 Implied Renunciation by Executor. - If any person named or designated as executor "(b) 20 fails to qualify or to renounce within 30 days after the will had been admitted to probate, (i) the 21 clerk of superior court may issue a notice to that person to qualify or move for an extension of 22 time to qualify within 15-20 days, or (ii) any other person named or designated as executor in the 23 will or any interested person may file a petition in accordance with Article 2 of this Chapter for 24 an order finding that person named or designated as executor to be deemed to have renounced. 25 If that person does not file a response to the notice or petition within 15-20 days from the date of 26 service of the notice or petition, the clerk of superior court shall enter an order adjudging that the 27 person has renounced. If the person files a response within 15-20 days from the date of service 28 of the notice or petition requesting an extension of time within which to qualify or renounce, 29 upon hearing, the clerk of superior court may grant to that person a reasonable extension of time 30 within which to qualify or renounce for cause shown. If that person qualifies within 15-20 days 31 of the date of service of the notice or petition, the clerk of superior court shall dismiss that notice 32 or petition, without prejudice, summarily and without hearing."

SECTION 6.(e) G.S. 28A-5-2(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Implied Renunciation. –

35	(1)	If any person entitled to apply for letters of administration fails to apply
36		therefor within 30 days from the date of death of the intestate, (i) the clerk of
37		superior court may issue a notice to the person to qualify or move for an
38		extension of time to qualify within 15-20 days, or (ii) any interested person
39		may file a petition in accordance with Article 2 of this Chapter for an order
40		finding that person to be deemed to have renounced. If the person does not
41		file a response to the notice or petition within 15-20 days from the date of
42		service of the notice or petition, the clerk of superior court shall enter an order
43		adjudging that the person has renounced. If the person files a response within
44		<u>15-20</u> days from the date of service of the notice or petition requesting an
45		extension of time within which to qualify or renounce, upon hearing, the clerk
46		of superior court may grant to that person a reasonable extension of time
47		within which to qualify or renounce for cause shown. If the person qualifies
48		within <u>15-20</u> days of the date of service of the notice or petition, the clerk of
49		superior court shall dismiss the notice or petition, without prejudice,
50		summarily and without hearing and the clerk of superior court shall issue
51		letters to some other person as provided in G.S. 28A-4-1. No notice shall be

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
1		required to be given to any interested person, but the c	lerk may give notice as
2		the clerk in the clerk's discretion may determine.	
3	(2)	If no person entitled to administer applies for letters o	f administration within
4		90 days after the date of death of an intestate, then the	clerk of superior court
5		may, in the clerk's discretion, enter an order declaring	all prior rights to apply
6		for letters of administration to be renounced, and issue	letters to some suitable
7		person as provided in G.S. 28A-4-1."	
8	SECT	TION 6.(f) G.S. 28A-21-3 reads as rewritten:	
9	"§ 28A-21-3. W	hat accounts must contain.	
10	Accounts file	ed with the clerk of superior court pursuant to G.S. 28.	A-21-1, <u>G.S. 28A-21-1</u>
11	and G.S. 28A-2-2	2, signed and under oath, shall contain: contain all of the	following:
12	(1)	The period which the account covers and whether it i	s an annual accounting
13		or a final accounting; accounting.	
14	(2)	The amount and value of the property of the estate acc	cording to the inventory
15		and appraisal or according to the next previous according	ounting, the amount of
16		income and additional property received during the p	period being accounted
17		for, and all gains from the sale of any property or othe	rwise; otherwise.
18	(3)	All payments, charges, losses, and distributions; distributions	outions.
19	(4)	The property on hand constituting the balance of the a	ccount, if any; and<u>any.</u>
20	(5)	Such other facts and information determined by the c	elerk to be necessary to
21		an understanding of the account."	
22		TION 6.(g) G.S. 28A-28-2(a) reads as rewritten:	
23		etition shall be signed by the surviving spouse and veri	
24	-	pest of the spouse's knowledge and belief and shall sta	te as follows:all of the
25	<u>following:</u>		
26	(1)	The name and address of the spouse and the fact	that the spouse is the
27		surviving spouse of the decedent; decedent.	
28	(2)	The name and domicile of the decedent at the time of	death;<u>death.</u>
29	(3)	The date and place of death of the decedent; decedent.	
30	(4)	The date and place of marriage of the spouse and the e	
31	(5)	A description sufficient to identify each tract of real pr	coperty owned in whole
32		or in part by the decedent at the time of death;death.	
33	(6)	A description of the nature of the decedent's personal p	
34		of such property, as far as these facts are known of	or can with reasonable
35		diligence be ascertained;ascertained.	
36	(7)	The probable value of the decedent's personal propert	•
37		known or can with reasonable diligence be ascertained	
38	(8)	That no application or petition for appointment of a pe	ersonal representative is
39		pending or has been granted in this State; State.	1 6 1 1 1 1 1
40	(9)	That the spouse is the sole devisee or sole heir, or bot	
41		that there is no other devisee or heir; that the decedent	•
42		prohibit summary administration; and that any propert	y passing to the spouse
43	(10)	under the will is not in trust;trust.	11 4 11 1
44	(10)	The name and address of any executor or coexecutor	-
45		that, if the decedent died testate, a copy of the petitic	1 .
46		delivered or sent by first-class mail by the spouse to	
47 19		of any executor or coexecutor named by the will,	ii unierent from the
48	(11)	spouse; spouse.	ad hay the an array of the
49 50	(11)	That, to the extent of the value of the property received	• •
50		the will of the decedent or by intestate succession, the light light of the decedent that were not discharged h	-
51		liabilities of the decedent that were not discharged b	by reason of death and

General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
	assumes liability for all taxes and valid cla estate, as provided in G.S. 28A 28 6; and G.S.	
(12)	If the decedent died testate, that the deced	
	probate in the court of the proper county; tha	
	has been will be recorded in each county in w	which is located any real property
	owned by the decedent at the time of death;	and that a certified copy of the
	decedent's will is attached to the petition."	
SECT	ION 6.(h) G.S. 20-77(b) reads as rewritten:	
"(b) In the e	event of transfer as upon inheritance or devise,	the Division shall, upon a receipt
1.	of a <u>probated</u> will, letters of administration a	
-	urt showing that the motor vehicle registered in	
	to the owner's surviving spouse as part of the s	
	ense as otherwise provided for transfers. If a	
	qualified or the clerk of superior court has not	
	sal year's allowance, or if a decedent dies testa	
	which, in the opinion of the clerk of superior c	
	ministration and probate and administration is	
	aw to demand same, and provided that the pu	
	ice of the clerk of the superior court, the Divis	• •
•	such transfer. The affidavit shall state the nan	
	died intestate or testate leaving a purporte	
	ted, that all debts have been paid or that the process the nemes ages and relationship of all	
	bose, the names, ages and relationship of all	•
1 1 77	nd the name and address of the transferee of the	
	ompetent may execute the affidavit and trans	
-	etent children where such minor or incompeters s subsection shall not affect the validity nor	
lien."	s subsection shall not affect the validity not	be in prejudice of any creditors
	ION 6.(i) G.S. 31-11 reads as rewritten:	
SECT	ION 6.(i) G.S. 31-11 reads as rewritten: itories in offices of clerks of superior court	where living persons may file
SECT "§ 31-11. Depos	ION 6.(i) G.S. 31-11 reads as rewritten: itories in offices of clerks of superior court	where living persons may file
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi wills.	itories in offices of clerks of superior court	
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposition of the second secon		orth Carolina shall be is required
SECT"§ 31-11.Depositionwills.(a)The clutorto keep a receptation	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file
<pre>SECT "§ 31-11. Depose wills. (a) The cluston to keep a receptan deposit that person</pre>	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person <u>testato</u>	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the safekeeping. The clerk
<pre>SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi wills. (a) The class to keep a receptate deposit that person is only authorized</pre>	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testato n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the safekeeping. The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator.
SECT"§ 31-11.Deposit(a)The classical(a)The classicalto keep a receptatedepositdepositthatpersonis only authorizedOnce a testator has	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person testato n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the safekeeping. The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator.
SECT "§ 31-11. Depositive wills. (a) The clip to keep a receptant deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person testato n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The classical to keep a receptance deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The classical (b) The classical (b) The classical (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testato n's-testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator.	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposit wills. (a) The clar to keep a receptant deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The clar attorney for the test	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. he will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The cl- to keep a receptand deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The cl- attorney for the ter receptacle at any to (c) While	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's-testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wittime prior to the death of the testator: Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d, that testator. ontents of said will shall not be
SECT "§ 31-11. Depositive (a) The classical of the set of the se	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's-testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wittime time prior to the death of the testator: Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t	orth Carolina shall be is required or who desires to do so may file g; and the safekeeping. The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d, that testator. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The classical to keep a receptance deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The classical attorney for the test receptacle at any to (c) While made public or o authorized agent	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wittime time prior to the death of the testator: Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d, that <u>testator</u>. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate. <u>the</u>
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The cl- to keep a receptand deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The cl- attorney for the ter receptacle at any to (c) While made public or o authorized agent testator has died.	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wit time prior to the death of the testator: Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will Once the clerk has received proof of the testator	orth Carolina shall be is required or who desires to do so may file g; and the safekeeping. The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d, that testator. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate.the or's death, the clerk is authorized
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The classical to keep a receptant deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The classical attorney for the test receptacle at any test (c) While made public or of authorized agent testator has died. (c) to allow the will test	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's-testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wi time prior to the death of the testator. Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will Once the clerk has received proof of the testator o be made open to the inspection of any person	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d, that <u>testator</u>. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate. <u>the</u> or's death, the clerk is authorized interested in the testator's estate.
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The cli- to keep a receptand deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The cli- attorney for the ter- receptacle at any to (c) While- made public or or authorized agent testator has died. Of to allow the will ter-	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wittime prior to the death of the testator: Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will. Once the clerk has received proof of the testator be made open to the inspection of any person nain in the clerk's receptacle or depository until	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d, that <u>testator</u>. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate. <u>the</u> or's death, the clerk is authorized interested in the testator's estate. <u>l the will is offered for probate</u> .
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The classical to keep a receptant deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The classical attorney for the test receptacle at any test (c) While made public or of authorized agent testator has died. to allow the will test The will shall rem (d) The classical (c) The classical (c) While (c) While (c) While (c) While (c) While (c) While (c) The classical (c) The class	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's-testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wit time prior to the death of the testator: Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will. Once the clerk has received proof of the testator be made open to the inspection of any person main in the clerk's receptacle or depository until erk is required to retain the original paper w	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d , that testator. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate. the or's death, the clerk is authorized interested in the testator's estate. I the will is offered for probate. vill until withdrawn, filed in the
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The classical to keep a receptant deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The classical attorney for the test receptacle at any test (c) While made public or or authorized agent testator has died. (c) to allow the will test The will shall rem (d) The classical deceased testator's	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's-testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wi time prior to the death of the testator. Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will. Once the clerk has received proof of the testator be made open to the inspection of any person nain in the clerk's receptacle or depository until erk is required to retain the original paper was estate file, or once 60 years have passed since	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d, that <u>testator</u>. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate. <u>the</u> or's death, the clerk is authorized interested in the testator's estate. <u>d the will is offered for probate</u> . <u>vill until withdrawn</u> , filed in the the will was originally deposited
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The cli- to keep a receptand deposit that person- is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The cli- attorney for the ter- receptacle at any to (c) While- made public or or authorized agent testator has died. to allow the will to The will shall rem- (d) The cli- deceased testator's with the clerk. If a	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wittime time prior to the death of the testator: Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will. Once the clerk has received proof of the testator be made open to the inspection of any person nain in the clerk's receptacle or depository until erk is required to retain the original paper w s estate file, or once 60 years have passed since after 60 years the will has not been withdrawn	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d , that testator. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate. the or's death, the clerk is authorized interested in the testator's estate. I the will is offered for probate. vill until withdrawn, filed in the the will was originally deposited or filed in the deceased testator's
SECT "§ 31-11. Deposi- wills. (a) The classical to keep a receptant deposit that person is only authorized Once a testator has or depository from (b) The classical attorney for the test receptacle at any test (c) While made public or of authorized agent testator has died. to allow the will test The will shall rem (d) The classical with the clerk. If a estate file, the cleased	itories in offices of clerks of superior court erk of the superior court in each county of No cle or depository in which any person-testator n's-testator's original paper will for safekeeping to receive the will from the testator, or an age as died, the clerk is not authorized to receive to n any agent or attorney for the testator. erk shall, upon written request of the testator estator, permit said will or testament to be wi time prior to the death of the testator. Provided in the clerk's receptacle or depository, the c pen to the inspection of anyone other than t or attorney until such time as the said will. Once the clerk has received proof of the testator be made open to the inspection of any person nain in the clerk's receptacle or depository until erk is required to retain the original paper was estate file, or once 60 years have passed since	orth Carolina shall be <u>is</u> required or who desires to do so may file g; and the <u>safekeeping</u> . The clerk ent or an attorney for the testator. the will for the clerk's receptacle , or the duly authorized agent or thdrawn from said depository or d , that testator. ontents of said will shall not be he testator or the testator's duly shall be offered for probate. the or's death, the clerk is authorized interested in the testator's estate. I the will is offered for probate. vill until withdrawn, filed in the the will was originally deposited or filed in the deceased testator's

Gene	eral Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
	SECTION 6.(j) This section becomes effective December 1,	2025.
	RIFY THE JURISDICTION OF SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE	ES ASSIGNED TO A
SPE(CIFIC CASE	
	SECTION 7. Article 7 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes	is amended by adding
a new	v section to read:	
" <u>§</u> 7A	A-47.4. Jurisdiction over assigned cases.	
W	When the Chief Justice assigns a resident judge, special judge, or emer	rgency judge to preside
over a	a specific case, the assigned judge has the same power and authority	over the assigned case
<u>as tha</u>	at of a regular judge over matters arising in the regular judge's distri	ict or set of districts as
defin	<u>ed in G.S. 7A-41.1(a).</u> "	
TEC	HNICAL CORRECTION TO REMOVE STATUTORY CROSS	S REFERENCE
	SECTION 8. G.S. 28C-10 reads as rewritten:	
	C-10. Claims against absentee.	
	nmediately upon the appointment of a permanent receiver under this	
	ver shall publish a notice addressed to all persons having claims	
	ming them of the action taken and requiring them to file their claim	
	anent receiver. If any claimant fails to file his sworn claim within size	
	e first publication of such notice, the receiver may plead this fact in	
	e shall be published in the same manner as that now prescribed by s	
	is against the estate of a decedent. Any party in interest may contest th	
	e the judge, on due notice given to the permanent receiver and the	person whose claim is
conte	sted."	
	DIFY PROVISIONS RELATED TO DOMESTIC VIOLEN	NCE PROTECTIVE
ORD		
	SECTION 9.(a) G.S. 50B-2 reads as rewritten:	°. 4
8 21	DB-2. Institution of civil action; motion for emergency relief	; temporary orders;
(0	temporary custody.Any person residing in this State may seek relief under this C	hantan hu filing a aivil
(a		
	n or by filing a motion in any existing action filed under Chapter 50 ing acts of domestic violence against himself or herself or a minor ch	
	the custody of such person. Any aggrieved party entitled to relief u	
	civil action and proceed pro se, without the assistance of legal courses	1 1
	ion of the General Court of Justice shall have original jurisdiction	
	r this Chapter. Any action for a domestic violence protective order re	
	sued and served. The summons issued pursuant to this Chapter shall	-
	swer within 10 days of the date of service. Attachments to the sum	-
	plaint, notice of hearing, any temporary or ex parte order that has	
-	rs through the appropriate law enforcement agency where the defenda	
- -	mpliance with the federal Violence Against Women Act, no court	
	be assessed for the filing, issuance, registration, or service of a prote	•
	protective order or witness subpoena, except as provided in G.S. 1A	-
	b) Emergency Relief. – A party may move the court for emerge	
	ves there is a danger of serious and immediate injury to himself or h	•
	aring on a motion for emergency relief, where no ex parte order is	
	five days' notice of the hearing to the other party or after five days fi	
	press on the other party, whichever occurs first, provided, however, t	
	red if the service of process is not completed on the other party. If t	
	e and does not request an exparte hearing, the clerk shall set a date	

General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
notice of hearing within the time periods provided in this subsection, and the summons, complaint, notice, and other papers through the approp agency where the defendant is to be served.served, if that agency is in No (c) Ex Parte Orders. –	oriate law enforcement
 Upon the issuance of an ex parte order under this sul proceeding pro se, the Clerk shall set a date for hearing hearing within the time periods provided in this subs service of the summons, complaint, notice, order and o appropriate law enforcement agency where the served.served, if that agency is in North Carolina. 	ng and issue a notice of ection, and shall effect other papers through the
SECTION 9.(b) G.S. 50B-4(a) reads as rewritten:	. 1
"(a) A party may file a motion for contempt for violation of any or this Chapter. This party may file and proceed with that motion pro se, us the clerk of superior court or a magistrate authorized under G.S. 50B-2(c	sing forms provided by
se of a motion for contempt under this subsection, the clerk, or the author	· · · · · · · · ·
facts show clearly that there is danger of acts of domestic violence agains	-
a minor child and the motion is made at a time when the clerk is not available	able, shall schedule and
issue notice of a show cause hearing with the district court division of the G	General Court of Justice
at the earliest possible date pursuant to G.S. 5A-23. The Clerk, or the m	
notice issued by the magistrate pursuant to this subsection, shall effect	
notice, and other papers through the appropriate law enforcement agency	where the defendant is
to be served. served, if that agency is in North Carolina."	
SECTION 9.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law	w and applies to service
of process occurring on or after that date.	
MODIFY PROVISIONS RELATED TO JUVENILE CUSTODY	
SECTION 10.(a) G.S. 7B-1903 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 7B-1903. Criteria for secure or nonsecure custody.	
(a) When a request is made for nonsecure custody, the court sha	ll first consider release
of the juvenile to the juvenile's parent, guardian, custodian, or other resp	
for nonsecure custody shall be made only when there is a reasonable fact	
matters alleged in the petition petition, indictment, or information are true	e, and that: that either of
the following circumstances exists:	
(1) The juvenile is a runaway and consents to nonsecure ϵ	• • •
(2) The juvenile meets one or more of the criteria for secur	-
finds it in the best interests of the juvenile that the j	uvenile be placed in a
nonsecure placement.	
(b) When a request is made for secure custody, the court may or	
where the court finds there is a reasonable factual basis to believe that	5
the offense as alleged in the petition, indictment, or information, and th	at one of the following
circumstances exists:	
(2) The investile has willfully foiled to appear on a man	anding delingueness or
(3) The juvenile has willfully failed to appear on a per- criminal charge or on charges of violation of pro	
supervision, providing the juvenile was properly notifi	_
(4) A delinquency <u>or criminal</u> charge is pending against th	
reasonable cause to believe the juvenile will not appea	•
"	
SECTION 10.(b) G.S. 7B-1904 reads as rewritten:	

"§ 7B-1904. Order for secure or nonsecure custody.

1 2 The custody order shall be in writing and shall direct a law enforcement officer or (a) 3 juvenile court counselor to assume custody of the juvenile and to make due return on the order. 4 An initial order for secure custody may be issued following the filing of the petition (b)5 and before the juvenile has been served with the petition pursuant to G.S. 7B-1806. The official 6 executing the order shall give a copy of the order to the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, 7 guardian, or custodian. If the juvenile has not been served with the petition upon being detained, 8 the juvenile shall be served with the petition no more than 72 hours after the juvenile has been 9 detained. If the order is for nonsecure custody, the official executing the order shall also give a 10 copy of the petition and order to the person or agency with whom the juvenile is being placed. If 11 the order is for secure custody, copies of the petition and custody order shall accompany the juvenile to the detention facility or holdover facility of the jail. A message of the Department of 12 13 Public Safety stating that a juvenile petition and secure custody order relating to a specified 14 juvenile are on file in a particular county shall be authority to detain the juvenile in secure custody until a copy of the juvenile petition and secure custody order can be forwarded to the juvenile 15 16 detention facility. The copies of the juvenile petition and secure custody order shall be 17 transmitted to the detention facility no later than 72 hours after the initial detention of the 18 juvenile. 19 An initial order for secure custody may be issued when the superior court has ordered (c) 20 the removal of a case to juvenile court pursuant to G.S. 15A-960. The official executing the order 21 shall give a copy of the order to the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian. If 22 the order is for nonsecure custody, the official executing the order shall also give a copy of the 23 order to remove the case from superior court and nonsecure custody order to the person or agency 24 with whom the juvenile is being placed. If the order is for secure custody, copies of the order to 25 remove the case from superior court and the custody order shall accompany the juvenile to the 26 detention facility or holdover facility of the jail. A message of the Department of Public Safety 27 stating that an order to remove the case from superior court and secure custody order relating to 28 a specified juvenile are on file in a particular county shall be authority to detain the juvenile in 29 secure custody until copies of both orders can be forwarded to the juvenile detention facility. The 30 copies of the order to remove the case from superior court and the secure custody order shall be transmitted to the detention facility no later than 72 hours after the initial detention of the 31 32 juvenile." 33 **SECTION 10.(c)** G.S. 15A-960 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 34 If the superior court removes the case to juvenile court for adjudication and the "(c) 35 juvenile has been granted pretrial release as provided in G.S. 15A-533 and G.S. 15A-534, the 36 obligor shall be released from the juvenile's bond upon the superior court's review of whether the 37 juvenile shall be placed in secure custody as provided in G.S. 7B-1903." 38 **SECTION 10.(d)** G.S. 15A-534(h) reads as rewritten: 39 "(h) A bail bond posted pursuant to this section is effective and binding upon the obligor 40 throughout all stages of the proceeding in the trial division of the General Court of Justice until the entry of judgment in the district court from which no appeal is taken or the entry of judgment 41 42 in the superior court. The obligation of an obligor, however, is terminated at an earlier time 43 if:upon the occurrence of any of the following: 44 A judge authorized to do so releases the obligor from his bond; or the bond. (1)45 The principal is surrendered by a surety in accordance with G.S. 15A-540; (2)46 orG.S. 15A-540. The proceeding is terminated by voluntary dismissal by the State before 47 (3) 48 forfeiture is ordered under G.S. 15A-544.3; or G.S. 15A-544.3. 49 (4) Prayer for judgment has been continued indefinitely in the district court; 50 orcourt.

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
1 2	(5)	The court has placed the defendant on probation pursu prosecution or conditional discharge.	ant to a deferred
3 4 5	<u>(6)</u>	The court's review of a juvenile's secure or nonsecure custo to remand under G.S. 7B-2603 or the removal under	
6		disposition as a juvenile case." FION 10.(e) This section becomes effective December 1, 20	025, and applies to
7	proceedings occu	urring on or after that date.	
8 9	DIRECT CLE	RK TO SEND INPATIENT COMMITMENT ORDER	R TO CERTAIN
0	PERSONS		
1	SEC	FION 11.(a) G.S. 122C-271 reads as rewritten:	
2	"§ 122C-271. D	isposition.	
3	(a) If a	commitment examiner has recommended outpatient con	mitment and the
4	respondent has b	been released pending the district court hearing, the court ma	y make one of the
	following dispos		
	(1)	If the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence	-
		has a mental illness; that the respondent is capable of surv	.
		community with available supervision from family, frien	
		based on respondent's treatment history, the respondent is in	
		in order to prevent further disability or deterioration that	
		result in dangerousness as defined in G.S. 122C-3(1	
		respondent's current mental status or the nature of the re	-
		limits or negates the respondent's ability to make an inform	
		voluntarily or comply with recommended treatment, it ma	iy order outpatient
	(2)	commitment for a period not in excess of 90 days.	
	(2)	If the court does not find that the respondent meets the crite	
		set out in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the respondents	
	(3)	and the proposed outpatient physician center shall be so no Before ordering any outpatient commitment under this su	
	(3)	shall make findings of fact as to the availability of outpati-	
		an outpatient treatment physician or center that has ag	
		respondent as a client of outpatient treatment services. Th	1
		on the order the outpatient treatment physician or cer	
		responsible for the management and supervision of the resp	
		commitment. If the designated outpatient treatment physi	1
		be monitoring and supervising the respondent's outpa	
		pursuant to a contract for services with an LME/MCO, th	
		on the order the identity of the LME/MCO. The clerk of	court shall send a
		copy of the outpatient commitment order to the desi	ignated outpatient
		treatment physician or center and to the respondent cli	ent or the legally
		responsible person. The clerk of court shall also send a co	1.
		that LME/MCO. Copies of outpatient commitment orders	•
		court to an outpatient treatment center or physician u	
		including orders sent to an LME/MCO, shall be sent by the	
		expeditious means, but in no event less than 48 hours after	the hearing.within
		<u>48 hours of the hearing.</u>	- 4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		respondent has been held in a 24-hour facility pending the di	
	-	122C-268, the court may make one of the following disposit	
	(1)	If the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence has a mental illness; that the respondent is capable of surv	-
		community with available supervision from family, frien	
		community with available supervision from failing, men	us, or others, that

-	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
1 2		based on respondent's psychiatric history, the resp treatment in order to prevent further disability or de	eterioration that would
3 4		predictably result in dangerousness as defined by G.S the respondent's current mental status or the nature of	
5		limits or negates the respondent's ability to make	
6		voluntarily to seek or comply with recommended th	
7		outpatient commitment for a period not in exces	-
8		commitment proceedings were initiated as the result of	
9 10		charged with a violent crime, including a crime invol deadly weapon, and the respondent was found incapa	-
10		commitment order shall so show.	tole of proceeding, the
12	(2)	If the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evide	ence that the respondent
13	(-)	has a mental illness and is dangerous to self, as defined	_
14		or others, as defined in G.S. 122C-3(11)b., it may order	
15		at a 24-hour facility described in G.S. 122C-252 for a	1
16		90 days. However, no respondent found to have both a	n intellectual disability
17		and a mental illness may be committed to a State, area	
18		individuals with intellectual disabilities. An individ	
19		illness and is dangerous to self, as defined in G.S. 122	
20 21		defined in G.S. 122C-3(11)b., may also be committee inpatient and outpatient commitment at both a 24	
21		outpatient treatment physician or center for a period no	-
22		If the commitment proceedings were initiated as the re	•
24		being charged with a violent crime, including a crim	-
25		with a deadly weapon, and the respondent was found in	0
26		the commitment order shall so show. If the court orders	
27		for a respondent who is under an outpatient commitme	ent order, the outpatient
28		commitment is terminated; and the clerk of the super	
29		where the district court hearing is held shall send a	-
30		commitment to the clerk of superior court where the	1
31 32		was being supervised. The clerk of court shall send a	
32 33		commitment order to the designated inpatient treatment and to the respondent client or the legally responsible	
34		court shall also send a copy of the order to that LME/M	-
35		commitment orders sent by the clerk of court to an int	± ±
36		or physician under this section, including orders sent t	
37		be sent by the most reliable and expeditious means,	within 48 hours of the
38		hearing.	
39	(3)	If the court does not find that the respondent meets eit	
40		criteria set out in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this sub-	-
41		shall be discharged, and the facility in which the respo	ondent was last a client
42 43	(A)	shall be so notified. Before ordering any outpatient commitment, the court	shall make findings of
43 44	(4)	fact as to the availability of outpatient treatment from	
44		physician or center that has agreed to accept the res	-
46		outpatient treatment services. The court shall also s	-
47		outpatient treatment physician or center who is to	
48		management and supervision of the respondent's or	-
49		When an outpatient commitment order is issued for	-
50		24-hour facility, the court may order the respondent he	•
51		more than 72 hours in order for the facility to notify th	e designated outpatient

General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2025
treatment physician or center of the treatment needs of the respondent. The clerk of court in the county where the facility is located shall send a copy of the outpatient commitment order to the designated outpatient treatment physician or center and to the respondent or the legally responsible person. If the designated outpatient treatment physician or center shall be monitoring and supervising the respondent's outpatient commitment pursuant to a contract
for services with an LME/MCO, the clerk of court shall show on the order the
identity of the LME/MCO. The clerk of court shall send a copy of the order
to the LME/MCO. Copies of outpatient commitment orders sent by the clerk
of court to an outpatient treatment center or physician pursuant to this subdivision including orders can to an LME/MCO, shall be cent by the most
subdivision, including orders sent to an LME/MCO, shall be sent by the most reliable and expeditious means, but in no event less than 48 hours after within
<u>48 hours of the hearing. If the outpatient commitment will be supervised in a</u>
county other than the county where the commitment originated, the court shall
order venue for further court proceedings to be transferred to the county where
the outpatient commitment will be supervised. Upon an order changing venue,
the clerk of superior court in the county where the commitment originated
shall transfer the file to the clerk of superior court in the county where the
outpatient commitment is to be supervised.
SECTION 11.(b) G.S. 122C-287 reads as rewritten:
"§ 122C-287. Disposition.
The court may make one of the following dispositions:
(1) If the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that the respondent
is a substance abuser and is dangerous to self or others, it shall order for a
period not in excess of 180 days commitment to and treatment by an area
facility or physician who is responsible for the management and supervision
of the respondent's commitment and treatment. The clerk of court shall send a
copy of the commitment order to the designated area facility or physician responsible for the management and supervision of the respondent's
<u>commitment and treatment by the most reliable and expeditious means.</u> Before
ordering commitment to and treatment by an area facility or a physician who
is not a physician at an inpatient facility, the court shall follow the procedures
specified in G.S. 122C-271(a)(3) and G.S. 122C-271(b)(4), as applicable.
SECTION 11.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to orders
issued on or after that date.
INCLUDE REFERENCE TO RETIREMENT IN PROVISIONS REGARDING
JUDICIAL SETTLEMENTS
SECTION 12.(a) G.S. 1-283 reads as rewritten:
"§ 1-283. Trial judge empowered to settle record on appeal; effect of leaving office or of
disability.
Except as provided in this section, only the judge of superior court or of district court from
whose order or judgment an appeal has been taken is empowered to settle the record on appeal
whose order or judgment an appeal has been taken is empowered to settle the record on appeal when judicial settlement is required. A judge retains power to settle a record on appeal
whose order or judgment an appeal has been taken is empowered to settle the record on appeal when judicial settlement is required. A judge retains power to settle a record on appeal notwithstanding he has resigned or retired or his term of office has expired without reappointment
whose order or judgment an appeal has been taken is empowered to settle the record on appeal when judicial settlement is required. A judge retains power to settle a record on appeal notwithstanding he has resigned or retired or his term of office has expired without reappointment or reelection since entry of the judgment or order. Proceedings for judicial settlement when the
whose order or judgment an appeal has been taken is empowered to settle the record on appeal when judicial settlement is required. A judge retains power to settle a record on appeal notwithstanding he has resigned or retired or his term of office has expired without reappointment

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2025
1	SECTION 12.(b) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
2	actions taken on or after that date.
3	
4	PRESCRIBE RULES GOVERNING TRAINING AND EDUCATIONAL MATERIAL
5	PROVIDED TO JURORS
6	SECTION 12.2.(a) Chapter 9 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
7	Article to read:
8	" <u>Article 6.</u>
9	" <u>Education and Training of Jurors.</u>
10 11	" <u>§ 9-33. Training and educational material provided to jurors.</u> The Administrative Office of the Courts shall prescribe rules governing any training or
12	<u>The Administrative Office of the Courts shall prescribe rules governing any training or</u> educational material provided at any time to any jurors, including jurors under this Chapter and
12	grand jurors under Chapter 15A of the General Statutes, to try any cause. The court shall not
14	provide jurors with any training or educational material that is not otherwise allowed under rules
15	prescribed by the Administrative Office of the Courts."
16	SECTION 12.2.(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt rules
17	consistent with the provisions of this section. The Administrative Office of the Courts may use
18	the procedure set forth in G.S. 150B-21.1 to adopt any rules as required under this section.
19	SECTION 12.2.(c) This section becomes effective December 1, 2025, and applies
20	to training or educational material provided on or after that date.
21	
22	MODIFY LAW REGARDING REPORTING OF TRIALS
23	SECTION 12.3. G.S. 7A-95(c) reads as rewritten:
24	"(c) If an electronic or other mechanical device is utilized, utilized by the clerk pursuant
25	to subsection (a) of this section, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the superior court or some
26	person designated by the clerk to operate the device while a trial is in progress, and the clerk shall
27	thereafter preserve the record thus produced, which may be transcribed, as required, by any
28	person designated by the Administrative Office of the Courts. If stenotype, shorthand, or
29	stenomask or digital recording equipment is used, the original tapes, notes, discs or other records
30	are the property of the State, and the clerk shall keep them in his custody.shall be kept in the
31	custody of the clerk. Except for the original stenomask audio files and audio files of digital
32	recording technicians, audio recordings created by court reporters are not public records as
33	defined by G.S. 132-1 and shall be disclosed to the parties and public only to the extent allowed
34 25	by an order of a court of competent jurisdiction for good cause shown after notice to all parties."
35 36	MODIFY LAW GOVERNING LITIGATION COSTS UNDER G.S. 42-46
30 37	SECTION 12.4.(a) G.S. 42-46(i) reads as rewritten:
38	"(i) Out-of-Pocket Expenses and Litigation Costs. – In addition to the late fees referenced
39	in subsections (a) and (b) of this section and the administrative fees of a landlord referenced in
40	subsections (a) and (b) of this section and the administrative rees of a function referenced in subsections (e) through (g) of this section, a landlord also is permitted to charge and recover from
41	a tenant the following actual out-of-pocket expenses:
42	
43	(3) If the landlord is the prevailing party, reasonable <u>Reasonable</u> attorneys' fees
44	actually paid or owed, pursuant to a written lease, not to exceed fifteen percent
45	(15%) of the amount owed by the tenant, or fifteen percent (15%) of the
46	monthly rent stated in the lease if the eviction is based on a default other than
47	the nonpayment of rent. In cases where a tenant appeals a summary ejectment
48	to district court, a landlord is entitled to an award of all actual reasonable
49	attorneys' fees paid or owed if a court determines that the tenant knew, or
50	should have known, the appeal was frivolous, unreasonable, without
51	foundation, or in bad faith or solely for the purpose of delay

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2025
	(4) In cases where a tenant appeals a summary ejectment to district court, if the
	landlord is the prevailing party, a landlord is entitled to an award of all actual
	reasonable attorneys' fees paid or owed if a court determines that the tenant
	knew, or should have known, the appeal was frivolous, unreasonable, without
	foundation, or in bad faith or solely for the purpose of delay."
	SECTION 12.4.(b) This section is effective retroactively to September 9, 2024.
	MODIFY MANDATORY RETIREMENT FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES AND DISTRICT COURT JUDGES
	SECTION 12.5.(a) G.S. 7A-40.1 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 7A-40.1. Age limit for service as superior court judge; exception.
	No superior court judge may continue in office beyond the last day of the month-calendar
	<u>year in which the superior court judge attains 72 years of age, but superior court judges so retired</u>
	may be recalled for periods of temporary service as provided in this Subchapter."
	SECTION 12.5.(b) G.S. 7A-140.1 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 7A-140.1. Age limit for service as district judge; exception.
	No district judge may continue in office beyond the last day of the month-calendar year in
	which the district judge attains 72 years of age, but district judges so retired may be recalled for
	periods of temporary service as provided in Subchapter III of this Chapter."
	SECTION 12.5.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
	judicial retirements on or after that date.
J	
	MODIFY PROVISIONS REGARDING THE SUSPENSION, REMOVAL, OR
	REINSTATEMENT OF CLERKS
	SECTION 13.(a) G.S. 7A-105 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 7A-105. Suspension, removal, and reinstatement of clerk.
	(a) A clerk of superior court may be suspended or removed from office for willful
	misconduct or mental or physical incapacity and reinstated, under the same procedures as are
	applicable to a superior court district attorney, except that the procedure shall be initiated by the
	filing of a sworn affidavit with the chief district judge of the district in which the clerk resides,
	and the hearing shall be conducted by the senior regular resident superior court judge serving the
	county of the clerk's residence. If suspension is ordered, the judge shall appoint some qualified
	person to act as clerk during the period of the suspension.incapacity.
	(b) A proceeding to suspend or remove a clerk of superior court shall be commenced in
	the superior court division and county in which the clerk resides by filing in paper with the chief
	district court judge (i) a sworn affidavit charging one or more grounds for removal of the clerk
	of superior court and (ii) a certificate of service showing service on the respondent clerk in
	accordance with Rule 5(b1) of the Rules of Civil Procedure. Service of the sworn affidavit must
	be made in a manner provided under Rule 5(b) of the Rules of Civil Procedure. The sworn
	affidavits are subject to the requirements of Rule 11 of the Rules of Civil Procedure, including
	imposition of sanctions as appropriate by the court. The clerk shall collect superior court costs
	set forth in G.S. 7A-305, unless the proceeding is filed by an elected or appointed official of the
	North Carolina Judicial Branch, in which case costs shall be waived. No summons shall be issued.
	If the required court costs are not paid within 30 days of the proceeding being commenced, the
	chief district court judge shall forward the matter to the senior resident superior court judge who
	shall dismiss the proceeding without prejudice.
	(c) Upon commencement of the proceeding and confirmation of the payment of the costs
	required under subsection (b) of this section, the chief district court judge shall immediately
	provide notice of the filing to the senior regular resident superior court judge for the district or
	set of districts as defined in G.S. 7A-41.1(a) in which the respondent clerk's county of residence
	is located. Within 10 days of receiving notice, the senior regular resident superior court judge
	· · · · ·

1 shall review the sworn affidavit and determine, without a hearing, whether the charges, if true, 2 constitute grounds for removal and whether there is probable cause for believing that the charges 3 are true. If the judge finds either that the charges, if true, do not constitute grounds for removal 4 or that no probable cause exists for believing that the charges are true, the judge shall dismiss the 5 proceeding. Otherwise, the judge shall enter a written order, findings of fact, and conclusions of law detailing which charges would constitute grounds for removal and the probable cause for 6 7 believing that those charges are true. If the judge finds facts based on the sworn affidavit that 8 immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage will result to the public or the administration 9 of justice if the clerk remains in office until a final determination of the charges on the merits, 10 the judge also may enter an order suspending the clerk of superior court from performing the 11 duties of the office until a final determination of the charges on the merits. The salary of the clerk of superior court continues during any such suspension. The court shall serve any order of 12 13 dismissal, order establishing probable cause, or order of suspension on the parties under Rule 5 14 of the Rules of Civil Procedure as soon as practicable after entry of the order. 15 If the proceeding is not dismissed, the senior regular resident superior court judge (d) 16 shall set a hearing upon the charges found to be supported by probable cause under subsection 17 (c) of this section for not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days after service of the order 18 establishing probable cause on the clerk, unless continued for good cause shown. In the hearing, 19 the court shall hear evidence and make findings of fact and conclusions of law resolving the 20 charges based on clear and convincing evidence. The hearing shall be recorded and open to the 21 public. If the court concludes that grounds for removal exist, the superior court judge shall enter 22 a written order, findings of fact, and conclusions of law permanently removing the clerk of 23 superior court from office and terminating the clerk's salary. If the court finds that no grounds 24 for removal exist, any pending suspension of the clerk shall end immediately and the court shall 25 enter an order of dismissal. 26 The North Carolina Rules of Evidence shall apply to proceedings commenced under this 27 section. The following North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply to proceedings 28 commenced under this section to the extent the Rules do not conflict with this section: Rule 5, 29 Rule 11, Rule 45, Rule 46, Rule 52. The parties may issue process under Rule 45 to compel the 30 attendance of witnesses at the hearing and to compel the production of evidence both prior to and 31 at the hearing. Parties must exchange all evidence that they intend to offer at the hearing on the 32 merits at least five days prior to the hearing along with a list of all witnesses that they intend to 33 call. 34 The clerk of superior court may appeal from an order of removal to the Court of (e) 35 Appeals on the basis of error of law by the presiding judge. Pending decision of the case on 36 appeal, the clerk of superior court shall not perform any of the duties of the office. If, upon final 37 determination, the clerk of superior court is ordered reinstated either by the appellate division or 38 by the superior court upon remand, the clerk's salary shall be restored from the date of the original 39 order of removal. 40 If the clerk is prohibited from performing the duties of the office under this section (f) 41 prior to final resolution due either to an order of suspension or to an appeal of an order of removal, 42 the judge shall appoint some qualified person to act as clerk until final resolution. 43 (g) The sworn affidavit and other filings related to the proceeding are confidential unless 44 the senior regular resident superior court judge enters a written order establishing probable cause 45 as described in subsection (c) of this section. The parties to the proceeding may obtain copies of 46 the sworn affidavit and other filings related to the proceeding at any time. 47 If criminal charges are filed against the clerk that relate to factual allegations in a (h) 48 pending sworn affidavit for removal and a judge entered a probable cause order pursuant to 49 subsection (c) of this section, the presiding judge may stay the removal proceeding until the 50 criminal case is resolved. A stay may be granted at any time in the proceeding following the probable cause determination." 51

Gene	eral Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
proce		TION 13.(b) This section is effective when it becomed upon clerk conduct occurring on or after that date.	nes law and applies to
MOI	DIFY PRO	VISIONS REGARDING NORTH CAROLINA BUSI	NESS COURTS AND
BUS	INESS CO	URT JUDGES	
	SEC	TION 14.(a) G.S. 7A-45.3 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 7A	A-45.3. Suj	perior court judges designated for complex business c	ases.
Т	The Chief Ju	astice may exercise the authority under rules of practice	prescribed pursuant to
G.S.	7A-34 to de	esignate one or more up to six of the special superior cou	rt judges authorized by
		hear and decide complex business cases as prescribed b	• •
-		hief Justice determines that the judge to be designated has	
and e	and experience to serve as a Business Court Judge. Any judge so designated shall be known as a		
	Business Court Judge and shall preside in the Business Court. If there is more than one business		
	court judge, including any judge serving as a senior business court judge pursuant to		
G.S.	7A-52(a1)	or upon recall pursuant to G.S. 7A-57, Business Court J	udge, the Chief Justice
may	designate o	ne of them as the Chief Business Court Judge. If there is	s no designation by the
Chie	f Justice, th	e judge Business Court Judge with the longest term of se	rvice on the court shall
		usiness Court Judge until the Chief Justice makes an appo	-
	The presiding Business Court Judge shall issue a written opinion in connection with any order		
		ying a motion under G.S. 1A-1, Rule 12, 56, 59, or 60	
-	-	omplex business case, other than an order effecting a se	ettlement agreement or
jury v	verdict."		
		TION 14.(b) G.S. 7A-45.4 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 7A		signation of complex business cases.	
· · ·		party may designate as a mandatory complex busine	ss case an action that
invol	ves a mater	rial issue related to any of the following:	
	•••		
	(5)	Disputes involving the ownership, use, licensing, leas	
		or performance of intellectual property, including	
		software applications, information technology and s	•
		security, pharmaceuticals, biotechnology produ-	cts, and bioscience
		technologies.	
	•••		
(1	b) The f	following actions shall be designated as mandatory comp	lex business cases:
	•••		
	<u>(5)</u>	An appeal of a decision of the North Carolina Oil	
		concerning trade secret or confidential informa	tion as provided in
		<u>G.S. 113-391.1.</u>	
	<u>(6)</u>	The Chief Justice may also designate any case or grou	
		business" consistent with Rules 2.1 and 2.2 of the Ge	neral Rules of Practice
		for the Superior and District Courts.	
((d) The l	Notice of Designation shall be filed:	
	(3)	By (i) any defendant or any other party within 30 days the algorithm real $\frac{1}{2}$	1
		the pleading seeking relief from the defendant or	
		defendant contemporaneously with the filing of a cou	
		or third-party claim giving rise to designation under s	subsection (a) or (b) of
		this section.	
	" SEC	TION 14 (a) C C 112 201 1(a) $= 1$ '''	
	SEC	TION 14.(c) G.S. 113-391.1(e) reads as rewritten:	

1	"(e) Appeal From Commission Decisions Concerning Confidentiality. – Within 10 days
2	of any decision made pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the Commission shall provide
3	notice to any person who submits information asserted to be confidential (i) that the information
4	is not entitled to confidential treatment and (ii) of any decision to release such information to any
5	person who has requested the information. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 132-9, or
6	procedures for appeal provided under Article 4 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, any
7	person who requests information and any person who submits information who is dissatisfied
8	with a decision of the Commission to withhold or release information made pursuant to
9	subsection (b) of this section shall have 30 days after receipt of notification from the Commission
10	to appeal by filing an action in superior court and in accordance with the procedures for a
11	mandatory complex business case set forth in G.S. 7A-45.4. Notwithstanding any other provision
12	of <u>As provided in G.S.</u> 7A-45.4, the appeal shall be heard de novo by a judge designated as a
13	Business Court Judge under G.S. 7A-45.3. The information may not be released by the
14	Commission until the earlier of (i) the 30-day period for filing of an appeal has expired without
15	filing of an appeal or (ii) a final judicial determination has been made in an action brought to
16	appeal a decision of the Commission. In addition, the following shall apply to actions brought
17	pursuant to this section:
18	"
19	SECTION 14.(d) This section becomes effective December 1, 2025, and applies to
20	judges designated and proceedings held on or after that date.
21	
22	GRANT THE DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS
23	THE AUTHORITY TO CREATE AN OFFICIAL FLAG, SEAL, AND OTHER
24	EMBLEMS OF THE JUDICIAL BRANCH
25	SECTION 15. G.S. 7A-343 reads as rewritten:
26	"§ 7A-343. Duties of Director.
27	The Director is the Administrative Officer of the Courts, and the Director's duties include all
28	of the following:
29	
30	(6c) Adopt an official flag, seal, and other emblems appropriate in connection with
31	the management and operation of the judicial branch, copyright the same in
32	the name of the State, and lease, license, or otherwise permit the use of
33	reproductions or replicas of such flag, seal, and other emblems upon such
34	terms and conditions as the Director deems advisable.
35	"
36	
37	CLARIFY THE AUTHORITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE
38	OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO SET THE NUMBER OF MAGISTRATES WITHIN A
39 40	COUNTY ABOVE THE MINIMUM REQUIRED FOR THAT COUNTY
40	SECTION 16. G.S. 7A-171(a) reads as rewritten:
41	"(a) The General Assembly shall establish a minimum quota of magistrates appointed in
42	each county. In no county shall the minimum quota be less than one. The number of magistrates
43	appointed in a county, above the minimum quota set by the General Assembly, is determined by
44	the Administrative Office of the Courts after consultation with the chief district court judge for
45	the district in which the county is located."
46	
47	MODIFY CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DISBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES
48	TO PERSONNEL OF THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT
49 50	SECTION 17. G.S. 7A-301 reads as rewritten:

50 "§ 7A-301. Disbursement of expenses.

1 The salaries and expenses of all personnel in the Judicial Department and other operating 2 expenses shall be paid out of the State treasury upon warrants duly drawn thereon, except that 3 the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Department of Administration, with the approval 4 of the State Auditor, Administration may establish alternative procedures for the prompt payment 5 of juror fees, witness fees, and other small expense items, including the provision of debit 6 cards to payees." 7 8 **MODIFY MEDIATION STATUTES** 9 **SECTION 18.(a)** G.S. 7A-38.1(*l*) reads as rewritten: 10 "(l)Inadmissibility of negotiations. – Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring 11 in a mediated settlement conference or other settlement proceeding conducted under this section, whether attributable to a party, the mediator, other neutral, or a neutral observer present at the 12 13 settlement proceeding, shall not be subject to discovery and shall be inadmissible in any 14 proceeding in the action or other civil actions on the same claim, except: 15 In proceedings for sanctions under this section; (1)(2) In proceedings to enforce or rescind a settlement of the action; 16 17 In disciplinary hearings before the State Bar or the Dispute Resolution (3) Commission; or 18 19 In proceedings to enforce laws concerning juvenile or elder abuse. for abuse, (4) 20 neglect, or dependency of a juvenile under Chapter 7B of the General Statutes, 21 or in proceedings for abuse, neglect, or exploitation of an adult under Article 22 6 or 6A of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes. 23 As used in this section, the term "neutral observer" includes persons seeking mediator 24 certification, persons studying dispute resolution processes, and persons acting as interpreters. 25 No settlement agreement to resolve any or all issues reached at the proceeding conducted 26 under this subsection or during its recesses shall be enforceable unless it has been reduced to 27 writing and signed by the parties against whom enforcement is sought or signed by their 28 designees. No evidence otherwise discoverable shall be inadmissible merely because it is 29 presented or discussed in a mediated settlement conference or other settlement proceeding. 30 No mediator, other neutral, or neutral observer present at a settlement proceeding shall be 31 compelled to testify or produce evidence concerning statements made and conduct occurring in 32 anticipation of, during, or as a follow-up to a mediated settlement conference or other settlement 33 proceeding pursuant to this section in any civil proceeding for any purpose, including 34 proceedings to enforce or rescind a settlement of the action, except to attest to the signing of any 35 agreements, and except proceedings for sanctions under this section, disciplinary hearings before 36 the State Bar or the Dispute Resolution Commission, and proceedings to enforce laws concerning juvenile or elder abuse. for abuse, neglect, or dependency of a juvenile under Chapter 7B of the 37 38 General Statutes, or proceedings for abuse, neglect, or exploitation of an adult under Article 6 or 39 6A of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as permitting an individual to obtain immunity 40 from prosecution for criminal conduct or as excusing an individual from reporting requirements 41 42 of the General Statutes, including Article 3 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes, Article 39 of 43 Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, G.S. 108A-102, or G.S. 110-105.4." 44 **SECTION 18.(b)** G.S. 7A-38.4A(j) reads as rewritten: Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring in a mediated settlement 45 "(i) 46 conference or other settlement proceeding conducted under this section, whether attributable to 47 a party, the mediator, other neutral, or a neutral observer present at the settlement proceeding, 48 shall not be subject to discovery and shall be inadmissible in any proceeding in the action or other 49 civil actions on the same claim, except: 50 In proceedings for sanctions under this section; (1)In proceedings to enforce or rescind a settlement of the action; 51 (2)

General Assembly Of North Carolina

Session 2025

General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
(3)	In disciplinary proceedings before the State Bar or Commission; or	the Dispute Resolution
(4)	In proceedings to enforce laws concerning juvenile of	r elder abuse. for abuse,
	neglect, or dependency of a juvenile under Chapter 7B	
	or proceedings for abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a	
	or 6A of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes.	
As used in t	his subsection, the term "neutral observer" includes pe	ersons seeking mediator
	sons studying dispute resolution processes, and persons	
-	at agreement to resolve any or all issues reached at the	
	n or during its recesses shall be enforceable unless it has	1 0
	e parties against whom enforcement is sought and in all	0
	nents of Chapter 50 of the General Statutes. No evidence	
-	sible merely because it is presented or discussed in a set	
	, other neutral, or neutral observer present at a settlemen	
	e compelled to testify or produce evidence concerning	
	ng in anticipation of, during, or as a follow-up to	
	her settlement proceeding pursuant to this section in any	
	ng proceedings to enforce or rescind a settlement of the	
	of any agreements, and except proceedings for sancti	
	rings before the State Bar or the Dispute Resolu	
	nforce laws concerning juvenile or elder abuse. for abuse.	
	der Chapter 7B of the General Statutes, or proceeding	
	n adult under Article 6 or 6A of Chapter 108A of the Ge	
	his subsection shall be construed as permitting an individ	
	for criminal conduct or as excusing an individual from	
-	tatutes, including Article 3 of Chapter 7B of the Genera	
	e General Statutes, G.S. 108A-102, or G.S. 110-105.4."	<u>II Statutes, Milele 57 01</u>
	TION 18.(c) G.S. 7A-38.3B reads as rewritten:	
	lediation in matters within the jurisdiction of the cle	rk of superior court
ş 7 A-30.3D. N.	iculation in matters within the juristiction of the electron	ik of superior court.
(g) Inadr	nissibility of Negotiations. – Evidence of statements ma	de or conduct occurring
	ion conducted pursuant to this section, whether attribut	
-	, or neutral observer, shall not be subject to discovery a	• • •
· 1	g in the matter or other civil actions on the same claim,	
(1)	Proceedings for sanctions pursuant to this section;	except III.
. ,	Proceedings to enforce or rescind a written and signed	d sattlamant agraamant.
(2)	Incompetency, guardianship, or estate proceedings	
(3)		in which a mediated
(A)	agreement is presented to the clerk;	ha Diamuta Dagalutian
(4)	Disciplinary hearings before the State Bar or the	he Dispute Resolution
(5)	Commission; or	
(5)	Proceedings for abuse, neglect, or dependency of a	
	<u>Chapter 7B of the General Statutes</u> , or proceedings	
	exploitation of an adult, for which there is a duty to re	-
	and Article 6 of Chapter 108A adult under Article 6	or 6A of Chapter 108A
NT '1	of the General Statutes, respectively. Statutes.	•,• • • 1
	otherwise discoverable shall be inadmissible merely be	ecause it is presented or
discussed in med		
	this section, the term "neutral observer" includes per	-
-	sons studying dispute resolution processes, and persons	
	mony. – No mediator or neutral observer shall be compe	• •
evidence concer	ning statements made and conduct occurring in anticin	ation of during or as a

General	Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
follow-u	p to the	mediation in any civil proceeding for any purpose,	including proceedings to
		nd a settlement of the matter except to attest to the signal	01 0
		ation, and except in:	
	(1)	Proceedings for sanctions pursuant to this section;	
	(2)	Disciplinary hearings before the State Bar or	the Dispute Resolution
	(-)	Commission; or	
	(3)	Proceedings for abuse, neglect, or dependency of a	iuvenile. juvenile under
	(-)	Chapter 7B of the General Statutes, or proceeding	
		exploitation of an adult, for which there is a duty to	
		and Article 6 of Chapter 108A of the General Sta	1
		under Article 6 or 6A of Chapter 108A of the Generation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Noth	ing in th	nis subsection shall be construed as permitting an indiv	
	-	n for criminal conduct or as excusing an individual from	-
		tatutes, including Article 3 of Chapter 7B of the Gener	
		e General Statutes, G.S. 108A-102, or G.S. 110-105.4.	
"			
	SEC"	FION 18.(d) G.S. 7A-38.3D(k) reads as rewritten:	
"(k)	Testi	mony No mediator or neutral observer present at	t the mediation shall be
compelle	ed to tes	tify or produce evidence concerning statements made	and conduct occurring in
		ediation conducted under this section in any proceeding	
any purp	ose, exc	ept in:	
	(1)	Proceedings for abuse, neglect, or dependency of a	juvenile, juvenile under
		Chapter 7B of the General Statutes, or proceeding	gs for abuse, neglect, or
		exploitation of an adult, for which there is a duty to a	report under G.S. 7B-301
		and Article 6 of Chapter 108A adult under Article 6	5 or 6A of Chapter 108A
		of the General Statutes, respectively.Statutes.	
	(2)	Disciplinary hearings before the State Bar or	the Dispute Resolution
		Commission.	
	(3)	Proceedings in which the mediator acts as a witness	pursuant to subsection (j)
		of this section.	
	(4)	Trials of a felony, during which a presiding judge m	ay compel the disclosure
		of any evidence arising out of the mediation, exclude	•
		the defendant in the action under mediation, if it is to	
		or disposition of the felony and the judge determine	
		the evidence is necessary to the proper administr	ation of justice and the
		evidence cannot be obtained from any other source.	
	-	his subsection or subsection (j) of this section shall be c	
		ain immunity for criminal conduct or as excusing an i	
		the General Statutes, including Article 3 of Chapter 7E	
Article 3	<u>9 of Ch</u>	apter 14 of the General Statutes, G.S. 108A-102, or G.	<u>S. 110-105.4.</u> "
CONFO		G CHANGES AND SPECIAL PLATE ISSUED	
"D 1 (3		FION 19.(a) G.S. 1A-1, Rule 63, reads as rewritten:	
		ility of a judge.	
•		of death, sickness or other disability, resignation, retire	-
		fice, or other reason, a judge before whom an action ha	
		unable to perform the duties to be performed by the cou	
		ned or a trial or hearing is otherwise concluded, then tho	ose duties, including entry
of judgm		y be performed:	• • • • • •
	(1)	In actions in the superior court by the judge senio	-
		service on the superior court regularly holding the co	urts of the district. senior

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2025
1	resident superior court judge for the district. If this judge	e is under a disability,
2	then the resident judge of the district senior in point of se	-
3	court may perform those duties. If a resident judge, whil	e holding court in the
4	judge's own district suffers disability and there is no ot	her resident judge of
5	the district, such duties may be performed by a judge	of the superior court
6	designated by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.	-
7	(2) In actions in the district court, by the chief judge of the c	district, or if the chief
8	judge is disabled, by any judge of the district court desig	nated by the Director
9	of the Administrative Office of the Courts.	
10	If the substituted judge is satisfied that he or she cannot perform those	se duties because the
11	judge did not preside at the trial or hearing or for any other reason, the judg	ge may, in the judge's
12	discretion, grant a new trial or hearing."	
13	SECTION 19.(b) G.S. 20-79.6(b) reads as rewritten:	
14	"(b) Superior Court. – A special plate issued to a <u>senior</u> resident supe	erior court judge shall
15	bear the letter "J" followed by a number indicative of the judicial district	
16	judge serves. The number issued to the senior resident superior court judge serves.	shall be the numerical
17	designation of the judge's judicial district, serves, as defined in G.S. 7A-4	1.1(a)(1). If a district
18	has more than one regular resident superior court judge, a special plate for	or a resident superior
19	court judge of that district shall bear the number issued to the senior residen	t superior court judge
20	Special plates issued to senior resident superior court judges serving distr	icts 7A, 7B, 8A, 9A,
21	9B, 15A, 15B, 43A, and 43B shall also include the letter associated with the	e district's number, as
22	defined in G.S. 7A-41.1(a)(1). The special plate for the senior resident sup	perior court judge for
23	the set of districts comprised of districts 8B and 8C shall be designated as 8	<u>8BC.</u>
24	A special plate issued to a regular resident superior court judge sha	ll bear the letter "J"
25	followed by the same alphanumeric designation as the special plate issued	
26	superior court judge in the district or set of districts in which the judge	
27	hyphen and a letter of the alphabet beginning with the letter "A" to indicate	
28	For any grouping of districts having the same numerical designation	
29	where there are two or more resident superior court judges, the number	
30	resident superior court judge shall be the number the districts in the set	
31	special plate issued to the other regular resident superior court judges of th	
32	bear the number issued to the senior resident superior court judge follower	
33	letter of the alphabet beginning with the letter "A" to indicate the judge's s	
34	the regular resident superior court judges of the set of districts. The letter a	-
35	superior court judge will not necessarily correspond with the letter designation	tion of the district the
36	judge serves.	
37	Where there are two or more regular resident superior court judges for	
38	districts, the registration plate with the letter "A" shall be issued to the jud	
39	all the regular resident superior court judges of the district or set of di	
40	continuous service as a regular resident superior court judge; provided if tw	
41	of equal service, the oldest of those judges shall receive the next lett	
42	Thereafter, registration plates shall be issued based on seniority within	the district or set of
43	districts.	
44	A special judge, emergency judge, or retired judge of the superior co	
45	special plate bearing the letter "J" followed by a number designated by the A	
46	of the Courts with the approval of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of	
47	plate for a retired judge shall have the letter "X" after the designated nu	moer to indicate the
48	judge's retired status."	
49		

50GRANT NORTH CAROLINA STATE BAR AUTHORITY TO DISCIPLINE51OUT-OF-STATE ATTORNEYS PRACTICING IN NORTH CAROLINA

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2025
1	SECTION 20. G.S. 84-28 reads as rewritten:
2	"§ 84-28. Discipline and disbarment.
3	(a) Any attorney admitted to practice law in this <u>State State</u> , any attorney admitted for
4	limited practice under G.S. 84-4.1, or any attorney not admitted to practice law in this State who
5	engages in or offers to engage in the practice of law within this State is subject to the disciplinary
6	jurisdiction of the Council under such rules and procedures as the Council shall adopt as provided
7	in G.S. 84-23.
8	
9	(b) The following acts or omissions by a member of the North Carolina State Bar or any
10	attorney admitted for limited practice under G.S. 84-4.1, any attorney subject to the disciplinary
11	jurisdiction of the Council as provided in subsection (a) of this section, individually or in concert
12	with any other person or persons, shall constitute misconduct and shall be grounds for discipline
3	whether the act or omission occurred in the course of an attorney-client relationship or otherwise:
4	(1) Conviction of, or a tender and acceptance of a plea of guilty or no contest to,
5	a criminal offense showing professional unfitness;
16	(2) The violation of the Rules of Professional Conduct adopted and promulgated
7	by the Council in effect at the time of the act;
8	•
9	
	complaint, allegation or charge of misconduct; failure to answer any formal
20 21	inquiry or complaint issued by or in the name of the North Carolina State Bar
	in any disciplinary matter; or contempt of the Council or any committee of the
22	North Carolina State Bar.
23	
24	(d) Any attorney admitted to practice law in this State, subject to the disciplinary
25	jurisdiction of the Council as provided in subsection (a) of this section who is convicted of or has
26	tendered and has had accepted, a plea of guilty or no contest to, a criminal offense showing
27	professional unfitness, may be disciplined based upon the conviction, without awaiting the
28	outcome of any appeals of the conviction. An order of discipline based solely upon a conviction
29	of a criminal offense showing professional unfitness shall be vacated immediately upon receipt
30	by the Secretary of the North Carolina State Bar of a certified copy of a judgment or order
31	reversing the conviction. The fact that the attorney's criminal conviction has been overturned on
32	appeal shall not prevent the North Carolina State Bar from conducting a disciplinary proceeding
33	against the attorney based upon the same underlying facts or events that were the subject of the
34	criminal proceeding.
35	
36	(e) Any attorney admitted to practice law in this State subject to the disciplinary
37	jurisdiction of the Council as provided in subsection (a) of this section who is disciplined in
38	another jurisdiction shall be subject to the same discipline in this State: Provided, that the
39	discipline imposed in the other jurisdiction does not exceed that provided for in subsection (c)
40	above of this section and that the attorney was not deprived of due process in the other
41	jurisdiction.
42	(f) Upon application by the North Carolina State Bar, misconduct by an attorney
43	admitted to practice in this State subject to the disciplinary jurisdiction of the Council as provided
14	in subsection (a) of this section may be restrained or enjoined where the necessity for prompt
15	action exists regardless of whether a disciplinary proceeding in the matter of the conduct is
16	pending. The application shall be filed in the Superior Court of Wake County and shall be
47	governed by the procedure set forth in G.S. 1A-1, Rule 65."
48	
49	SUBMISSION OF PHYSICAL DOCUMENTS TO CLERK
50	SECTION 21. G.S. 7A-49.5 reads as rewritten:
51	"8 7A-49 5 Statewide electronic filing in courts

51

"§ 7A-49.5. Statewide electronic filing in courts.

1 (a) The General Assembly finds that the electronic filing of pleadings and other 2 documents required to be filed with the courts may be a more economical, efficient, and 3 satisfactory procedure to handle the volumes of paperwork routinely filed with, handled by, and 4 disseminated by the courts of this State, and therefore authorizes the use of electronic filing in 5 the courts of this State. 6 The Supreme Court may adopt rules governing this process and associated costs and (b) 7 may supervise its implementation and operation through the Administrative Office of the Courts. 8 The rules adopted under this section shall address the waiver of electronic fees for indigents. 9 The Supreme Court shall promulgate rules authorizing electronic filing and electronic (b1) 10 signatures in the General Court of Justice. The rules shall require registration to participate in 11 electronic filing and provide security procedures that include a mandatory submission of a form 12 of identification to electronically file pro se. 13 A physical document that has been verified, notarized, acknowledged, sworn to, (b2)14 certified, exemplified, contains a seal, or made under oath may be converted to an electronic format for filing with the General Court of Justice. The electronic version of the document that 15 16 is filed with and maintained within the electronic filing and case management systems shall 17 constitute the official version of the court record. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, original wills and codicils must also be physically submitted to the clerk and held by 18 19 the clerk of superior court pursuant to G.S. 28A-2A-13. 20 (c) The Administrative Office of the Courts may contract with a vendor to provide 21 electronic filing in the courts. 22 (d) Any funds received by the Administrative Office of the Courts from the vendor 23 selected pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, other than applicable statutory court costs, as 24 a result of electronic filing, shall be deposited in the Court Information Technology Fund in 25 accordance with G.S. 7A-343.2. 26 The Supreme Court may require that in all cases in which the seal of any court or (e) 27 judicial office is required by law to be affixed to any paper issuing from a court or office, the 28 word "seal" shall be construed to include an impression of the official seal, made upon the paper 29 alone, an impression made by means of a wafer or of wax affixed thereto, or an electronic image 30 adopted as the official seal affixed thereto." 31 32 SEVERABILITY CLAUSE AND EFFECTIVE DATE 33 **SECTION 22.(a)** If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional 34 or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any portion other 35 than the portion declared to be unconstitutional or invalid. 36 **SECTION 22.(b)** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes 37 law.

38