AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 7, 2025 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 10, 2025 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 2, 2025

SENATE BILL

No. 297

Introduced by Senator Hurtado

February 10, 2025

An act to amend Section 122475 of, to add Sections 1316.8 and 1367.57 to, to add the heading of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 122475) to Part 7.7 of Division 105 of, and to add Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 122480) to Part 7.7 of Division 105 of, the Health and Safety Code, *and* to add Section 10123.25 to the Insurance Code, and to add Section 14132.13 to the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to public health.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 297, as amended, Hurtado. Valley Fever Screening and Prevention Act of 2025.

(1) Existing law establishes the State Department of Public Health to, among other things, implement and administer various programs relating to public health. Existing law, the Valley Fever Education, Early Diagnosis, and Treatment Act, states the intent of the Legislature to raise awareness of the symptoms, tests, and treatments for valley fever among the general public, primary health care providers, and health care providers who care for persons at higher risk for getting valley fever.

This bill, the Valley Fever Screening and Prevention Act of 2025, would require the department to annually analyze and identify regions with high rates of valley fever using public health surveillance data.

department, in consultation with subject matter experts, to the extent feasible and using available data and resources, including public health surveillance data, to annually analyze and identify regions with elevated rates of valley fever. The bill would require the department to publish its first list of high-incidence regions for valley fever on or before March 1, 2027. The bill would require the department to provide local health departments in high-incidence regions with detailed infection data and standardized screening protocols that align with the current national clinical practice recommendations for valley fever. The bill would require the department, on or before January 1, 2030, and every 2 years thereafter, to evaluate the effectiveness of the valley fever screening and prevention program and report its findings to the Legislature.

This bill would require local health departments in high-incidence areas to conduct outreach to health care providers and the general public to raise awareness of valley fever risks, symptoms, and prevention strategies. The bill would require local health departments to annually report the number of confirmed cases of valley fever to the department, as specified. By imposing duties on local health departments, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of health facilities and clinics by the State Department of Public Health. A violation of these provisions is a crime.

This bill, commencing January 1, 2028, would require an adult patient receiving primary care services in a facility, clinic, unlicensed clinic, center, office, or other setting, and in a high-incidence region for valley fever, to be offered a valley fever screening test, as specified. screened for valley fever, to the extent the services are covered under the patient's health insurance, unless specified circumstances exist. If the results of a screening suggest that testing should be considered, the bill would require the health care provider to offer the patient diagnostic testing. If the test result is positive, the health care provider shall offer care, as specified, for valley fever management. The bill would prohibit a health care provider who fails to comply with these provisions who, based on their professional judgment, determines it is not appropriate to screen, offer to screen, or consider or offer a patient testing for valley fever from being subject to any disciplinary action related to their licensure or certification, or to any civil or criminal liability for that failure. licensure, certification, or privileges in relation to that determination. The bill would also prohibit a violation of these provisions from being the basis of civil or criminal liability.

By expanding the scope of a crime applicable to the health care settings described above, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(3) Existing law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. Existing law,

(3) Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care, and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance.

This bill would require prohibit a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy, except as specified, that is issued, amended, delivered, or renewed on or after June 1, 2027, to cover, without cost sharing, from imposing a deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or other requirement on a valley fever screening or test, as specified, in high-incidence regions for valley fever, as identified by the State Department of Public Health. fever. Because a violation of this requirement relative to health care service plans would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The bill would add the aforementioned screening tests as a Medi-Cal covered benefit, subject to any necessary federal approvals and federal financial participation, as specified.

(4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. This act is known, and may be cited, as the Valley

2 Fever Screening and Prevention Act of 2025.

1 SEC. 2. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following: 2 (a) Valley fever is a significant public health concern in 3 California, disproportionately impacting residents of arid regions. 4 (b) Early detection and intervention are essential to reduce the 5 medical and economic burdens associated with severe cases of 6 valley fever. 7 (c) Valley fever screening and prevention is necessary to protect 8 the health and well-being of Californians residing in high-risk 9 areas. 10 (d) Under existing Medi-Cal coverage, skin tests for valley fever 11 are available to Medi-Cal members as part of an office visit for 12 any Medi-Cal member experiencing symptoms. In addition, 13 Medi-Cal covers diagnostic blood tests. 14 SEC. 3. Section 1316.8 is added to the Health and Safety Code, 15 to read: 16 1316.8. (a) Commencing January 1, 2028, an adult patient 17 who receives primary care services in a facility, clinic, unlicensed 18 clinic, center, office, or other setting where primary care services 19 are provided, and in a high-incidence region for valley fever, as identified by the State Department of Public Health pursuant to 20 21 Section 122480, shall be offered a valley fever screening test, 22 screened for valley fever, to the extent these services are covered 23 under the patient's health insurance, based on the latest screening 24 indications recommended by the latest national clinical practice 25 guidelines, current national clinical practice recommendations, 26 unless the health care provider reasonably believes that one of the 27 following conditions applies: 28 (1) The patient is being treated for a life-threatening emergency. 29 (2) (A) The patient has previously been offered or has been the 30 subject of a valley fever screening test. screened or tested for valley 31 fever. 32 (B) This paragraph does not apply if the health care provider 33 determines that the screening test should be offered again. 34 (3) The patient lacks capacity to consent to a valley fever 35 screening test. 36 (4) The patient is being treated in the emergency department of 37 a general acute care hospital, as defined in subdivision (a) of 38 Section 1250. 39 (b) (1) If a patient accepts the offer of a valley fever screening 40 test and the test result is positive, a health care provider shall offer

the patient followup health care or refer the patient to a health care
 provider who can provide followup health care.

3 (2) Followup health care shall include diagnostic testing and 4 care based on the latest national clinical practice guidelines

5 recommended for valley fever management.
(b) If the result of a valley fever screening suggests that testing
7 should be considered, a health care provider shall offer diagnostic
8 testing, to the extent these services are covered under the patient's

9 health insurance. If the diagnostic test result is positive, the health

care provider shall offer care based on current national clinical
 practice recommendations for valley fever management or offer

12 to refer the patient to a health care provider who can provide

13 followup health care.

14 (c) The offering of a valley fever screening test under this 15 section shall be culturally and linguistically appropriate.

16 (d) This section shall not affect the scope of practice of any 17 health care provider or diminish any authority or legal or 18 professional obligation of any health care provider to offer a *screen* 19 *or test for* valley fever screening test, *fever*, or to provide services 20 or care for the patient of a valley fever screening or test

20 or care for the patient of a valley fever screening *or* test.

21 (e) A health care provider that fails to comply with the 22 requirements of this section who, based upon their professional

judgment, determines that it is not appropriate to screen, or offer

24 to screen, a patient for valley fever, or to consider or offer a patient

25 diagnostic testing or care for valley fever, shall not be subject to

26 any disciplinary actions related to their licensure or certification,

27 or to any civil or criminal liability, because of the health care

28 provider's failure to comply with the requirements of this section.

29 licensure, certification, or privileges in relation to that
30 determination. A violation of this section shall not be the basis of
31 any civil or criminal liability.

32 (f) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Followup health care" includes providing medical
 management for valley fever according to the latest *current* national
 clinical practice guidelines. *recommendations*.

36 (2) "Valley fever screening" means assessing a patient's clinical 37 presentation to determine if diagnostic testing for 38 coccidioidomycosis should be considered in accordance with 39 current national clinical practice recommendations.

40 (2)

(3) "Valley fever-screening test" includes any laboratory test 1 or tests that detect the presence of Coccidioides infection and 2 3 provides confirmation of whether the patient has been infected. 4 an active infection. 5 SEC. 4. Section 1367.57 is added to the Health and Safety 6 Code, to read: 7 1367.57. (a) A health care service plan contract, except for a 8 specialized health care service plan contract, that is issued, 9 amended, delivered, or renewed on or after June 1, 2027, shall cover a valley fever screening test provided pursuant to Section 10 1316.8 in high-incidence regions for valley fever, as identified by 11 the State Department of Public Health pursuant to Section 122480. 12 13 (b) (1)14 1367.57. (a) A health care service plan contract shall not 15 impose a deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage provided pursuant to 16 17 this section. a valley fever screening or test provided pursuant to 18 Section 1316.8 in high-incidence regions for valley fever. 19 (2)20 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), subdivision (a), if a health 21 care service plan contract is a high deductible health plan as defined 22 in Section 223(c)(2) of Title 26 of the United States Code, the contract shall not impose a deductible, coinsurance, or any other 23 cost sharing on a valley fever screening test, or test for a covered 24 25 individual that lives, works, or attends school in or that recently 26 visited a high-incidence region for valley fever, unless not applying the deductible, coinsurance, or other cost sharing would conflict 27 28 with federal requirements for high deductible health plans. 29 SEC. 5. The heading of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 30 122475) is added to Part 7.7 of Division 105 of the Health and 31 Safety Code, to read: 32 33 **CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS** 34 35 SEC. 6. Section 122475 of the Health and Safety Code is 36 amended to read: 37 122475. This chapter shall be known, and may be cited, as the 38 Valley Fever Education, Early Diagnosis, and Treatment Act. SEC. 7. Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 122480) is added 39 40 to Part 7.7 of Division 105 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:

CHAPTER 2. SCREENING AND PREVENTION 1 2 3 122480. (a) (1) The State Department of Public Health-shall 4 shall, to the extent feasible and using available data and resources, 5 annually analyze and identify regions with high elevated rates of 6 valley fever-using based on public health surveillance-data. data and in consultation with subject matter experts. The department 7 8 may revise its identification criteria over time in response to 9 shifting patterns of disease incidence. 10 (2) The department shall publish its first list of high-incidence regions for valley fever on or before March 1, 2027. 11 12 (b) The department shall provide local health departments in 13 high-incidence regions with detailed infection data and standardized screening protocols that align with the current 14 15 national clinical practice recommendations for valley fever. 16 (c) The department shall develop and distribute evidence-based training materials on valley fever screening, detection, diagnosis, 17 18 and treatment for health care providers. 19 122481. (a) Local health departments in high incidence areas 20 shall conduct outreach to health care providers and the general 21 public to raise awareness of valley fever risks, symptoms, and 22 prevention strategies. 23 (b) Local health departments shall annually report to the State 24 Department of Public Health the number of confirmed cases of 25 valley fever. 122482. 26 (a) Notwithstanding Section 10231.5 of the 27 Government Code, on or before January 1, 2030, and every two 28 years thereafter, the department shall evaluate the effectiveness of 29 the valley fever screening and prevention program and report its 30 findings to the Legislature. 31 (b) A report to be submitted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall 32 be submitted in compliance with Section 9795 of the Government 33 Code. 34 SEC. 8. Section 10123.25 is added to the Insurance Code, to 35 read: 36 10123.25. (a) A health insurance policy, except for a 37 specialized health insurance policy, that is issued, amended, 38 delivered, or renewed on or after June 1, 2027, shall cover a valley 39 fever screening test provided pursuant to Section 1316.8 of the 40 Health and Safety Code in high-incidence regions for valley fever,

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1 as identified by the State Department of Public Health pursuant to

2 Section 122480 of the Health and Safety Code.

4 10123.25. (a) A health insurance policy shall not impose a 5 deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage provided pursuant to this section. a 6 7 valley fever screening or test provided pursuant to Section 1316.8 8 of the Health and Safety Code in high-incidence regions for valley 9 fever for any covered individual that lives, works, or attends school in or that recently visited any high-incidence region for valley 10 11 fever. 12 (e)

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), subdivision (a), if a health
insurance policy is a high deductible health plan, as defined in
Section 223(c)(2) of Title 26 of the United States Code, the policy
shall not impose a deductible, coinsurance, or any other cost
sharing on a valley fever screening test, unless not applying the
deductible, coinsurance, or other cost sharing would conflict with
federal requirements for high deductible health plans.

SEC. 9. Section 14132.13 is added to the Welfare and
 Institutions Code, to read:

22 14132.13. (a) Commencing on June 1, 2027, valley fever

23 screening tests in high-incidence regions for valley fever, as

24 identified by the State Department of Public Health pursuant to

25 Section 122480 of the Health and Safety Code, shall be a covered

26 benefit under the Medi-Cal program.

(b) This section shall be implemented only to the extent that
 any necessary federal approvals are obtained and federal financial

29 participation is available and not otherwise jeopardized.

30 **SEC. 10.**

31 SEC. 9. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to 32 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution for certain costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district 33 34 because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction, 35 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the 36 37 Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the 38 meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California

39 Constitution.

^{3 &}lt;del>(b) (1)

1 However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that

2 this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement

3 to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

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4 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 5

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