This section does not exempt a health maintenance organization from the prohibition of pecuniary interest under 33-3-308 or the material transaction disclosure requirements under 33-3-701 through 33-3-704.

A health maintenance organization must be considered an insurer for the purposes of 33-3-308 and 33-3-701 through 33-3-704.

This section does not exempt a health maintenance organization from:

(a) prohibitions against interference with certain communications as provided under Title 33, chapter 1, part 8;
(b) the provisions of Title 33, chapter 22, parts 7 and 19;
(c) the requirements of 33-22-134 and 33-22-135;
(d) network adequacy and quality assurance requirements provided under chapter 36; or
(e) the requirements of Title 33, chapter 18, part 9.


Section 2. Section 33-35-306, MCA, is amended to read:

33-35-306. Application of insurance code to arrangements. (1) In addition to this chapter, self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangements are subject to the following provisions:

(a) 33-1-111;
(b) Title 33, chapter 1, part 4, but the examination of a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement is limited to those matters to which the arrangement is subject to regulation under this chapter;
(c) Title 33, chapter 1, part 7;
(d) Title 33, chapter 2, part 23;
(e) 33-3-308;
(f) Title 33, chapter 7;
(g) Title 33, chapter 18, except 33-18-242;

(h) Title 33, chapter 19;


(2) Except as provided in this chapter, other provisions of Title 33 do not apply to a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement that has been issued a certificate of authority that has not been revoked;"
Section 5. Section 37-20-301, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-20-301. Requirements for use of physician assistant practice—supervision agreement—duties and delegation agreement—content—approval—filing. (1) A physician, office, firm, state institution, or professional service corporation may not employ or make use of the services of a physician assistant in the practice of medicine, as defined in 37-3-102, and as provided in this chapter and a physician assistant may not be employed or practice as a physician assistant unless the physician assistant:

(a) is supervised by a physician licensed in this state;
(b) has paid to the board the applicable fees required by the board;
(c) has submitted a physician assistant supervision agreement to the board on a form prescribed by the department; and
(d) has executed a collaborative agreement, unless the physician assistant has active and valid credentials and privileges at a hospital or critical access hospital as both terms are defined in 50-5-101.

(2) A supervising physician and the supervised physician assistant shall execute a duties and delegation agreement constituting a contract that defines the physician assistant's professional relationship with the supervising physician and the limitations on the physician assistant's practice under the supervision of the supervising physician. The agreement must be kept current, by amendment or substitution, to reflect changes in the duties of each party occurring over time. The board may by rule specify other requirements for the agreement. A physician assistant licensed by the board before October 1, 2005, shall execute a duties and delegation agreement with a supervising physician by October 1, 2006. (a) For the purposes of this chapter, a collaborative agreement is a mutually agreed on plan for the overall working relationship and collaborative arrangement between a physician assistant and one or more physicians licensed in this state that designates the scope of services that the physician assistant may provide to manage the care of patients.
(b) The physician assistant and at least one of the collaborating physicians must have appropriate experience or training in providing care to patients with the same or similar medical conditions.
(c) Collaborating physicians are not required to be physically present while the physician assistant is providing patient care provided that a collaborating physician is or can be easily in contact with the physician.
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assistant by electronic or other means of communication to collaborate, consult, and refer as needed.

(3) A physician assistant and the physician assistant's supervising physician shall keep the supervision agreement and the duties and delegation agreement at their place of work and provide a copy upon request to a health care provider, a health care facility, a state or federal agency, the board, and any other individual who requests one. The collaborative agreement must be maintained on file at the place of practice of the physician assistant, and a copy must be provided to the board.

Section 6. Section 37-20-401, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-20-401. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Board" means the Montana state board of medical examiners established in 2-15-1731.

(2) "Duties and delegation agreement" means a written contract between the supervising physician and the physician assistant that meets the requirements of 37-20-301. "Collaborating physician" means a physician licensed by the board to practice medicine pursuant to 37-3-305 who oversees the performance, practice, and activities of a physician assistant under a collaborative agreement as defined in 37-20-301(2).

(3) "Collaborative agreement" means a written agreement among a physician or physicians and a physician assistant that meets the requirements of 37-20-301. For the purposes of Title 50, chapter 20, only, a collaborative agreement is equivalent to a supervision agreement.

(3)(4) "Physician assistant" means a member of a health care team, licensed by the board, who provides medical services that may include but are not limited to examination, diagnosis, prescription of medications, and treatment under the supervision of in collaboration with a physician or physicians licensed by the board.

(4) "Supervising physician" means a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy licensed by the board who agrees to a supervision agreement and a duties and delegation agreement.

(5) "Supervision agreement" means a written agreement between a supervising physician and a physician assistant providing for the supervision of the physician assistant."

Section 7. Section 37-20-403, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-20-403. Physician assistant as agent of supervising physician -- degree of supervision
required -- scope of practice. (1) A physician assistant is considered the agent of the supervising physician with regard to all duties delegated to the physician assistant and is professionally and legally responsible for the care and treatment of a patient by a physician assistant licensed in accordance with this chapter. A health care provider shall consider the instructions of a physician assistant as being the instructions of the supervising collaborating physician as long as the instructions concern the duties delegated to the physician assistant designated scope of services the physician assistant may provide.

(2) Onsite or direct supervision of a physician assistant by a supervising physician is not required if the supervising physician has provided a means of communication between the supervising physician and the physician assistant or an alternate means of supervision in the event of the supervising physician's absence.

(3) A physician assistant may, Within the scope of services the physician assistant may provide, a physician assistant may:

(a) diagnose, examine, and treat human conditions, ailments, diseases, injuries, or infirmities, either physical or mental, by any means, method, device, or instrumentality; authorized by the supervising physician.

(b) obtain informed consent;

(c) supervise, delegate, and assign therapeutic and diagnostic measures;

(d) certify the health or disability of a patient as required by any local, state, or federal program; and

(e) authenticate any document that a physician may authenticate.

Section 8. Section 37-20-404, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-20-404. Prescribing and dispensing authority = discretion of supervising physician on limitation of authority. (1) A physician assistant may prescribe, dispense, and administer drugs to the extent authorized by the supervising physician in accordance with the collaborative agreement or active and valid credentials and privileges at a hospital or critical access hospital as both terms are defined in 50-5-101. (2) All dispensing activities allowed by this section must comply with 37-2-104 and with packaging and labeling guidelines developed by the board of pharmacy under Title 37, chapter 7. (3) The prescribing and dispensing authority granted for a physician assistant may include the following:

(a) Prescribing, dispensing, and administration of Schedule III drugs listed in 50-32-226, Schedule IV
drugs listed in 50-32-229, and Schedule V drugs listed in 50-32-232 is authorized.

(b) Prescribing, dispensing, and administration of Schedule II drugs listed in 50-32-224 may be authorized for limited periods not to exceed 34 days.

(c) Records on the dispensing and administration of scheduled drugs must be kept.

(d) A physician assistant shall maintain registration with the federal drug enforcement administration if the physician assistant is authorized by the supervising physician to prescribe controlled substances.

(e) A prescription written by a physician assistant must comply with regulations relating to prescription requirements adopted by the board of pharmacy.”

Section 9. Section 37-20-405, MCA, is amended to read:

“37-20-405. Billing. A supervising physician, physician assistant, medical office, firm, institution, or other entity may bill for a service provided by a supervised physician assistant.”

Section 10. Section 37-20-410, MCA, is amended to read:

“37-20-410. Participation in disaster and emergency care -- liability of physician assistant and supervising physician. (1) A physician assistant licensed in this state, licensed or authorized to practice in another state, territory, or possession of the United States, or credentialed as a physician assistant by a federal employer who provides medical care in response to an emergency or a federal, state, or local disaster may provide that care either without supervision as required by this chapter or with whatever supervision is available. The provision of care allowed by this subsection is limited to the beyond the scope of services designated in a collaborative agreement or active and valid credentials and privileges at a hospital or critical access hospital, as both terms are defined in 50-5-101, for the duration of the emergency or disaster.

(2) A physician who supervises a collaborates with a physician assistant providing medical care in response to an emergency or disaster as described in subsection (1) need not comply with the requirements of this chapter applicable to supervising physicians who are party to collaborative agreements.

(3) A physician assistant referred to in subsection (1) who voluntarily, gratuitously, and other than in the ordinary course of employment or practice renders emergency medical care during an emergency or disaster described in subsection (1) is not liable for civil damages for a personal injury resulting from an act or
omission in providing that care if the injury is caused by simple or ordinary negligence and if the care is
provided somewhere other than in a health care facility as defined in 50-5-101 or a physician's office where
those services are normally provided.

(4) A physician who supervises, collaborates with, a physician assistant voluntarily and gratuitously
providing emergency care at an emergency or disaster described in subsection (1) is not liable for civil
damages for a personal injury resulting from an act or omission in supervising, collaborating with, the physician
assistant if the injury is caused by simple or ordinary negligence on the part of the physician assistant providing
the care or on the part of the supervising, collaborating, physician."

Section 11. Section 37-20-411, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-20-411. Unlawful acts. A person who performs acts constituting the practice of medicine in this
state acts unlawfully if the person:

(1) has not been issued a license pursuant to this chapter and is not exempt from the licensing
requirement of this chapter; or

(2) has received a license pursuant to this chapter but has not completed a duties and delegation
agreement or a supervision agreement."

Section 12. Section 53-4-1005, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-4-1005. (Temporary) Benefits provided. (1) Benefits provided to participants in the program
may include but are not limited to:

(a) inpatient and outpatient hospital services;

(b) physician, physician assistant, and advanced practice registered nurse services;

(c) laboratory and x-ray services;

(d) well-child and well-baby services;

(e) immunizations;

(f) clinic services;

(g) dental services;

(h) prescription drugs;
(i) mental health and substance abuse treatment services;
(j) habilitative services as defined in 53-4-1103;
(k) hearing and vision exams; and
(l) eyeglasses.

(2) The program must comply with the provisions of 33-22-153.

(3) The department shall adopt rules, pursuant to its authority under 53-4-1009, allowing it to cover significant dental needs beyond those covered in the basic plan. Expenditures under this subsection may not exceed $100,000 in state funds, plus any matched federal funds, each fiscal year.

(4) The department is specifically prohibited from providing payment for birth control contraceptives under this program.

(5) The department shall notify enrollees of any restrictions on access to health care providers, of any restrictions on the availability of services by out-of-state providers, and of the methodology for an out-of-state provider to be an eligible provider. (Terminates on occurrence of contingency--sec. 15, Ch. 571, L. 1999; sec. 3, Ch. 169, L. 2007; sec. 10, Ch. 97, L. 2013; sec. 5, Ch. 399, L. 2017.)"