## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

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## **HOUSE BILL 866**

	Short Title:	Automatic Ord/Equitable Distribution Claim. (Public)		
	Sponsors:	Representatives Stevens and Budd (Primary Sponsors).		
		For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly web site.		
	Referred to:	Judiciary 2, if favorable, Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House		
		April 10, 2025		
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE AUTOMATIC ENTRY OF AN ORDER PROHIBITING SPOUSES			
3	FROM WASTING, CONVERTING, OR SECRETING ASSETS UPON FILING A CLAIM			
4	FOR EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION.			
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
6	<b>SECTION 1.1.</b> Article 1 of Chapter 50 of the General Statutes is amended by adding			
7	a new section to read:			
8	"§ 50-23. Automatic order for equitable distribution claims.			
9		s used in this Article, "automatic order" is the standing order entered by the court to		
10	-	waste, dissipation, or secreting of assets or increasing debt or other liabilities and		
11	which is entered at the time an equitable distribution claim is filed in an action. The court must			
12		n order created by the Administrative Office of the Courts for the automatic order.		
13		he automatic order must contain the following provisions:		
14	<u>(1</u>			
15		withdraw, or in any way dispose of, without the consent of the other party in		
16 17		writing, or by order of the court, any property, including real estate, personal		
17		property, cash, accounts, stocks, mutual funds, bank accounts, loyalty points		
18 19		or miles, cars, and boats whether individually or jointly titled, except in the		
19 20		usual course of business, for customary and usual household expenses, or for reasonable attorneys' fees in connection with any claim filed under this		
20 21		<u>Chapter.</u>		
21	(2			
22	<u>1</u> 2	any way dispose of any tax-deferred funds, stocks, or other assets held in any		
24		individual retirement accounts, 401K accounts, profit sharing plans, Keogh		
25		accounts, or any other pension or retirement account, and the parties shall		
26		further refrain from applying for or requesting the payment of retirement		
27		benefits or annuity payments of any kind, without the consent of the other		
28		party in writing, or upon further order of the court; except that any party who		
29		is already in pay status may continue to receive such payments thereunder.		
30	<u>(3</u>			
31	<u> </u>	any way dispose of any property owned by or for the benefit of the children,		
32		including any 529 plan accounts, real estate, personal property, cash, accounts,		
33		stocks, mutual funds, bank accounts, loyalty points or miles, and cars whether		
34		individually or jointly titled, except for customary and usual expenses		



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	historically paid for the benefit of the child	dren from those assets without the
	consent of the other party in writing or by c	
<u>(4)</u>	Neither party shall incur unreasonable d	
<u></u>	borrowing against any credit line secured	
	encumbering any assets, or unreasonably u	• •
	against credit cards, except in the usual co	-
	and usual household expenses, or for reason	-
	with any claim filed under this Chapter.	hable attorneys rees in connection
(5)	· · ·	a hanafisiany ao avenan agaianan
<u>(5)</u>	Neither party shall remove the other party a	
	or authorized user of any account in sub	
	subsection nor shall they add a nonparty	
	co-owner, cosigner, or authorized user of	
	through (4) of this subsection without the co	onsent of the other party in writing.
	or by order of the court.	
<u>(6)</u>	Neither party shall cause the other party of	
	any existing medical, hospital, and dental	
	consent of the other party in writing, or by o	
	maintain the existing medical, hospital, and	d dental insurance coverage in full
	force and effect until the parties agree in wr	iting or the court orders otherwise.
<u>(7)</u>	Neither party shall change the beneficiari	ies of any existing life insurance
	policy without the consent of the other pa	arty in writing, or by order of the
	court. Each party shall maintain the exit	isting life insurance, automobile
	insurance, homeowner's insurance, and re	enter's insurance in full force and
	effect until the parties agree in writing or the	ne court orders otherwise.
<u>(8)</u>	This order is entered without prejudice to e	ither party.
(c) The p	laintiff shall serve the automatic order with t	the summons and complaint when
there is a newly	filed equitable distribution claim as required	by Rule 4 of the North Carolina
Rules of Civil P	rocedure. If the equitable distribution claim	is filed in an existing action, the
automatic order	shall be served in a manner provided for in R	Rule 5 of the North Carolina Rules
of Civil Procedu	re for service and return of process.	
(d) The a	utomatic order shall be immediately binding	upon the party who filed the initial
equitable distribution	tion claim and upon the other party once serv	ved with the automatic order.
(e) The automatic order shall remain in full force and effect until a final order is entered		
	uitable distribution claim, unless terminated, 1	
	either party or upon entry of a consent order b	•
-	of the automatic order shall not limit or rest	
available to the p		f
	<b>FION 1.2.</b> The Administrative Office of the	Courts shall develop a form order
	order which must contain the following info	-
(1)	The case caption.	initiation.
(1) $(2)$	A finding of fact that a claim for equitable of	distribution claim has been filed ir
(2)	the action.	distribution claim has been med n
(2)	A decretal section containing the required	provisions listed in C.S. 50 22(b)
(3)	0 1	provisions listed in $G.S. 30-23(0)$
<b>T</b> 1	as enacted by this act.	
	Administrative Office of the Courts shall ha	ave this form order finalized and
	vebsite for use by October 1, 2025.	
	<b>FION 1.3.</b> Sections 1.2 and 1.3 of this act are	e effective when they become law
SEC		
SEC SEC	<b>FION 2.</b> G.S. 50-20(c) reads as rewritten:	
SEC SEC "(c) There	shall be an equal division by using net value	
SEC SEC "(c) There of divisible prop		al division is not equitable. If the

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1 2	and divisible propulation and divisible propulation and the section and the se	perty equitably. The court shall consider all of the follow	ving factors under this
2 3 4	(1)	The income, property, and liabilities of each party at the property is to become effective.	ne time the division of
5	(2)	Any obligation for support arising out of a prior marria	٥e
	(3)	The duration of the marriage and the age and physical	
		both parties.	
	(4)	The need of a parent with custody of a child or childr occupy or own the marital residence and to use or own	its household effects.
	(5)	The expectation of pension, retirement, or other deferre that are not marital property.	
	(6)	Any equitable claim to, interest in, or direct or indirect	
		the acquisition of such marital property by the party not joint efforts or expenditures and contributions and servi	
		a spouse, parent, wage earner or homemaker.	, , ,
	(7)	Any direct or indirect contribution made by one spou	use to help educate or
		develop the career potential of the other spouse.	L.
	(8)	Any direct contribution to an increase in value of sep	parate property which
		occurs during the course of the marriage.	
	(9)	The liquid or nonliquid character of all marital property a	and divisible property.
	(10)	The difficulty of evaluating any component asset or any	
		corporation or profession, and the economic desirabi	
		asset or interest, intact and free from any claim or inte	erference by the other
		party.	
	(11)	The tax consequences to each party, including those	
		consequences that would have been incurred if the	
		property had been sold or liquidated on the date of val	
		may, however, in its discretion, consider whether	
		consequences are reasonably likely to occur in determini	ing the equitable value
	(11)	deemed appropriate for this factor.	1 4 4
	(11a)		
		neglect, devalue or convert the marital property or divis during the period after separation of the parties and	
		distribution.	
	(11b)	In the event of the death of either party prior to the enti-	ry of any order for the
	(110)	distribution of property made pursuant to this subsectio	
		a. Property passing to the surviving spouse by will	
		due to the death of a spouse.	
		b. Property held as tenants by the entirety or as jo	int tenants with rights
		of survivorship passing to the surviving spouse	-
		spouse.	
		c. Property passing to the surviving spouse	from life insurance,
		individual retirement accounts, pension or pro	fit-sharing plans, any
		private or governmental retirement plan or a	annuity of which the
		decedent controlled the designation of benefi	iciary (excluding any
		benefits under the federal social security sy	· · ·
		retirement accounts or contracts, due to the deat	-
		d. The surviving spouse's right to claim an "election	-
		G.S. 30-3.1 through G.S. 30-33, unless otherwis	
	<u>(11c)</u>		ation of the automatic
		order entered pursuant to G.S. 50-23.	

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	(12) Any other factor which the court finds to be just and proper."	
	<b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. 50-21 reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 50-21. Procedures in actions for equitable distribution of property; sanctions for	
	purposeful and prejudicial delay.	
	(a) At any time after a husband and wife begin to live separate and apart from each other,	
	a claim for equitable distribution may be filed and adjudicated, either as a separate civil action,	
	or together with any other action brought pursuant to Chapter 50 of the General Statutes, or as a	
	motion in the cause as provided by G.S. 50-11(e) or (f). Upon filing the initial claim for equitable	
	distribution as provided for in this section, the automatic order shall be entered and served as	
	provided for in G.S. 50-23. Within 90 days after service of a claim for equitable distribution, the	
	party who first asserts the claim shall prepare and serve upon the opposing party an equitable	
	distribution inventory affidavit listing all property claimed by the party to be marital property	
	and all property claimed by the party to be separate property, and the estimated date-of-separation	
fair market value of each item of marital and separate property. Within 30 days after service of		
	the inventory affidavit, the party upon whom service is made shall prepare and serve an inventory	
	affidavit upon the other party. The inventory affidavits prepared and served pursuant to this	
	subsection shall be subject to amendment and shall not be binding at trial as to completeness or	
	value. The court may extend the time limits in this subsection for good cause shown. The	
	affidavits are subject to the requirements of G.S. 1A-1, Rule 11, and are deemed to be in the	
	nature of answers to interrogatories propounded to the parties. Any party failing to supply the	
	information required by this subsection in the affidavit is subject to G.S. 1A-1, Rules 26, 33, and	
	37. During the pendency of the action for equitable distribution, discovery may proceed, and the	
	court shall enter-temporary additional orders as appropriate and necessary for the purpose of	
	preventing the disappearance, waste, or destruction of marital or separate property or to secure	
	the possession thereof. Real or personal property located outside of North Carolina is subject to equitable distribution	
	in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 50-20, and the court may include in its order	
	appropriate provisions to ensure compliance with the order of equitable distribution.	
	"	
	<b>SECTION 4.</b> Section 4 is effective when it becomes law. Except as otherwise	
	provided, this act becomes effective October 1, 2025, and applies to actions or claims filed on or	
	ofter that data	

31 32 after that date.