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## **Product Information**

Product ID G4798 CAS No. 40957-83-3

**Chemical Name** 

Synonym

Formula C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>5</sub> Formula Wt. 284.26 **Melting Point** 

> Purity ≥98% Solubility

## **Pricing and Availability**

Bulk quanitites available upon request

| Product ID | Size  | List Price |
|------------|-------|------------|
| G4798      | 1 mg  | \$93.80    |
| G4798      | 5 mg  | \$154.40   |
| G4798      | 10 mg | \$247.30   |
| G4798      | 25 mg | \$509.50   |

Store Temp Ambient Ship Temp Ambient

**Description** Glycitein is an aglycone isoflavone found in soy and red clover; it exhibits a wide variety of beneficial properties, including neuroprotective, antioxidative, anticancer, anti-osteoporotic, and anti-atherosclerotic activities. This compound also acts as a phytoestrogen. Glycitein inhibits generation of ROS, increases expression of heme oxygenase-1 (HO-1) and NADPH quinone reductase, and increases Nrf2-related antioxidative signaling. In vitro, glycitein downregulates expression of matrix metalloproteinases 3 and 9, preventing invasion of glioma cells. Additionally, this compound increases ERK1/2 activity and decreases cell proliferation in prostate cells. In aortic smooth muscle cells, glycitein inhibits DNA synthesis and cell proliferation, attenuating a pathology that occurs in atherosclerosis. In cellular models of Alzheimer's disease, glycitein also binds to amyloid-B (AB) monomers, oligomers, and fibrils, destabilizing AB aggregates and preventing fibril assembly. Glycitein also affects bone formation, inhibiting osteoclast generation and decreasing expression of IL-6 and RANKL in bone marrowderived osteoclasts. TEST!!!!!!

References Hirohata M, Ono K, Takasaki J, et al. Anti-amyloidogenic effects of soybean isoflavones in vitro: Fluorescence spectroscopy demonstrating direct binding to AB monomers, oligomers and fibrils. Biochim Biophys Acta. 2012 Aug;1822(8):1316-24. PMID: 22587837.

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Caution: This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.