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## **Product Information**

Product ID A1865

CAS No. 28656-91-9

Chemical Name 3,5-dibromo-1,5-dihydroxy-4-methoxy-2,4-cyclo- hexadiene-1-

acetonitrile

**Synonym** (1S-trans)-3,5-Dibromo-1,6-dihydroxy-4-methoxy-2,4-cyclohexadiene-1-

acetonitrile

Formula C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>

Formula Wt. 338.98 **Melting Point** 

Purity ≥90%

Solubility Soluble in DMSO or ethanol.

OMe CH<sub>2</sub>CN

## **Pricing and Availability**

Bulk quanitites available upon request

Product ID	Size	List Price
A1865	100 <i>µ</i> g	\$75.00
A1865	5 x 100 <i>µ</i> g	\$325.00
A1865	1 mg	\$575.00

Store Temp -20°C Ship Temp Ambient

Description Aeroplysinin is a marine sponge alkaloid that exhibits antibiotic, anti-angiogenic, and anticancer activities. Aeroplysinin is used

by Aplysia sponges as an antibacterial defense mechanism. In endothelial cells and monocytes, aeroplysinin decreases levels of MCP-1, TSP-1, MMP-1, COX-2, and IL-1α. Additionally, aeroplysinin inhibits capillary tube formation and cell growth and migration in vitro as well as angiogenesis in vivo. This compound also inhibits cell growth and causes cell death in Ehrlich

ascites tumor cells. TEST!!!!!!

References Martínez-Poveda B, García-Vilas JA, Cárdenas C, et al. The brominated compound aeroplysinin-1 inhibits proliferation and the expression of key pro- inflammatory molecules in human endothelial and monocyte cells. PLoS One. 2013;8(1):e55203. PMID: 23383109.

> Rodríguez-Nieto S, González-Iriarte M, Carmona R, et al. Antiangiogenic activity of aeroplysinin-1, a brominated compound isolated from a marine sponge. FASEB J. 2002 Feb;16(2):261-3. PMID: 11772945.

Koulman A, Proksch P, Ebel R, et al. Cytotoxicity and mode of action of aeroplysinin-1 and a related dienonefrom the sponge Aplysina aerophoba. J Nat Prod. 1996 Jun;59(6):591-4. PMID: 8786366.

Caution: This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.