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Product Information

Product ID C0020 CAS No. 469-83-0

Dodecahydro-7-hydroxy-10b-methyl- 5a,8-methano-5aH-cyclohepta

[5,6]naphtho[2,1-b]furan-7-methanol

Synonym Cafesterol

Formula C₂₀H₂₈O₃ Formula Wt. 316.44 Melting Point 156-158°C Purity ≥98%

Solubility Insoluble in water. Soluble in

DMSO (3 mg/mL), ethanol (3 mg/mL), DMF (12 mg/mL), ethyl acetate or acetone.

Store Temp -20°C Ship Temp Ambient

OH Н

Pricing and Availability

Bulk quanitites available upon request

Product ID	Size	List Price
C0020	50 mg	\$242.70
C0020	100 mg	\$376.80
C0020	500 mg	\$1327.50

Description Cafestol is a diterpene found in brewed, unfiltered coffee that exhibits anti-angiogenic, anticancer, chemopreventive, neuromodulatory, anti-inflammatory, and hyperlipidemic activities. Cafestol inhibits proliferation, migration, and tube formation in vitro, potentially through decreasing phosphorylation of FAK and Akt. In renal carcinoma cells, cafestol induces G1 phase cell cycle arrest and apoptosis, decreases the mitochondrial membrane potential, increases activation of caspase 3, downregulates expression of Bcl-2, Bcl-cl, Mcl-1, and FLIP, suppresses Akt pathway signaling, and inhibits cellular proliferation. In other cellular models, cafestol decreases aflatoxin B1-induced DNA adduct formation and increases levels of glutathione-Stransferase. Additionally, cafestol activates Nrf2 and displays protective benefit in models of Parkinson's disease. In LPSstimulated macrophages, this compound inhibits ERK2 and MEK1 and decreases production of COX-2 and prostaglandin E2 (PGE2). In vivo, cafestol upregulates expression of genes involved in cholesterol homeostasis by acting as an agonist at the farnesoid X receptor (FXR) and pregnane X receptor (PXR).

References Wang S, Yoon YC, Sung MJ, et al. Antiangiogenic properties of cafestol, a coffee diterpene, in human umbilical vein endothelial cells. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2012 May 11;421(3):567-71. PMID: 22525673.

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Trinh K, Andrews L, Krause J, et al. Decaffeinated coffee and nicotine-free tobacco provide neuroprotection in Drosophila models of Parkinson's disease through an NRF2-dependent mechanism. J Neurosci. 2010 Apr 21;30(16):5525-32. PMID: 20410106.

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Caution: This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.