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Product Information

Product ID P1635

CAS No. 18059-10-4

Chemical Name (1R,2S,6S,9S,10S,11S,14S,15S,18S,20S,23R,24S)-10,20-dihydroxy

-6,10,23-trimethyl-4-azahexacyclo[12.11.0.02,11.04,9.015,24.018,23]

pentacosan-17-one

Synonym Imperialine, verticinone, Fritillarine, Zhebeinone

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Formula} & \textbf{C}_{27}\textbf{H}_{43}\textbf{NO}_3 \\ \textbf{Formula Wt.} & \textbf{429.64} \end{array}$

Melting Point

Purity ≥98% Solubility

HO H H

Pricing and Availability

Bulk quanitites available upon request

Product ID	Size	List Price
P1635	5 mg	\$112.20
P1635	10 mg	\$173.70
P1635	25 mg	\$306.20

Store Temp Ambient
Ship Temp Ambient

Description Peiminine is a steroidal alkaloid found in a variety of species of the Fritillaria plant; it acts as an expectorant and anti-tussive

in cough medications. Peiminine increases cAMP, inhibits M2 mAChRs, and may negatively modulate transient receptor potential channels TRPV1 and TRPA1 in vitro. Peiminine also displays anti-inflammatory activity in animal models of pulmonary

fibrosis, decreasing levels of IFN-γ, TGF-β, NF-κB, ERK1/2, and FasL.

References Guo H, Ji F, Liu B, et al. Peiminine ameliorates bleomycin-induced acute lung injury in rats. Mol Med Rep. 2013 Apr;7(4):1103 -10. PMID: 23404624.

Zhang Y, Sreekrishna K, Lin Y, et al. Modulation of transient receptor potential (TRP) channels by Chinese herbal extracts. Phytother Res. 2011 Nov;25(11):1666-70. PMID: 21432926.

Zhou Y, Ji H, Lin BQ, et al. The effects of five alkaloids from Bulbus Fritillariae on the concentration of cAMP in HEK cells transfected with muscarinic M(2) receptor plasmid. Am J Chin Med. 2006;34(5):901-10. PMID: 17080553.

Caution: This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.