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## **Product Information**

Product ID D3215 CAS No. 14259-47-3

Chemical Name Isosakuranetin-7-O-rutinoside

Synonym (S)-5,7-Dihydroxy-4'-methoxyflavanone-7-B-rutinoside

Isosakuranetin

Formula C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>14</sub> Formula Wt. 594.56

**Melting Point** 

Purity ≥98% Solubility MeOH

## **Pricing and Availability**

Bulk quanitites available upon request

Product ID	Size	List Price
D3215	1 mg	\$142.30
D3215	5 mg	\$562.00
D3215	10 mg	\$836.10

Store Temp Ambient Ship Temp Ambient

Description Didymin is a flavonoid glycoside found in citrus fruits that displays antioxidative and anticancer chemotherapeutic activities. In

cellular and animal models of non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC), didymin induces Fas-mediated apoptosis and delays tumor growth. Additionally, didymin downregulates PI3K, pAkt, Akt, and vimentin expression and decreases levels of CDK4, n-Myc,

and cyclins B1 and D1 in vitro. In animal models of neuroblastoma, didymin decreases tumor size.

References Singhal J, Nagaprashantha LD, Vatsyayan R, et al. Didymin induces apoptosis by inhibiting N-Myc and upregulating RKIP in neuroblastoma. Cancer Prev Res (Phila). 2012 Mar;5(3):473-83. PMID: 22174364.

> Hung JY, Hsu YL, Ko YC, et al. Didymin, a dietary flavonoid glycoside from citrus fruits, induces Fas-mediated apoptotic pathway in human non-small-cell lung cancer cells in vitro and in vivo. Lung Cancer. 2010 Jun;68(3):366-74. PMID: 19733932.

Caution: This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.