



LKT Laboratories, Inc.

Amoxapine

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Product Information

Product ID A5059

CAS No. 14028-44-5

Chemical Name 8-chloro-6-piperazin-1-ylbenzo[b][1,4]benzoxazepine

Synonym

Formula $C_{17}H_{16}ClN_3O$

Formula Wt. 313.78

Melting Point 175.5C

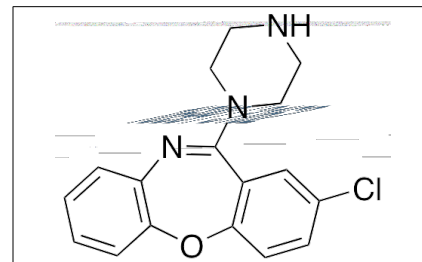
Purity $\geq 98\%$

Solubility

Store Temp Ambient

Ship Temp Ambient

Description Amoxapine is a tricyclic antidepressant that acts as an antagonist at 5-HT₂/3/6/7 receptors, D₂/3/4 receptors, H₁ histamine receptors, α ₁-adrenergic receptors, and also on the serotonin transporter (SERT) and norepinephrine transporter (NET). Amoxapine also acts as an antagonist at hERG K⁺ channels, potentially prolonging the cardiac QT interval. Amoxapine exhibits antidepressant, antipsychotic, and antibacterial activities. Amoxapine inhibits GABA- and NMDA-induced increases in intracellular Ca²⁺ levels and increases leu-enkephalin levels in vivo. This compound exhibits antibiotic activity through inhibition of bacterial β -glucuronidase.



Pricing and Availability

Bulk quantities available upon request

Product ID	Size	List Price
A5059	250 mg	\$122.70
A5059	1 g	\$357.30
A5059	5 g	\$663.50

References Ahmad S, Hughes MA, Yeh LA, et al. Potential repurposing of known drugs as potent bacterial β -glucuronidase inhibitors. J Biol Med. 2012 Aug;17(7):957-65. PMID: 22535688.

Yang G, Zhou MH, Ren Z, et al. Amoxapine inhibits delayed outward rectifier K⁺ currents in cerebellar granule cells via dopamine receptor and protein kinase A activation. Cell Physiol Biochem. 2011;28(1):163-74. PMID: 21865859.

Obers S, Staudacher I, Ficker E, et al. Multiple mechanisms of hERG liability: K⁺ current inhibition, disruption of protein trafficking, and apoptosis induced by amoxapine. Naunyn-Schmiedeberg Arch Pharmacol. 2010 May;381(5):385-400. PMID: 20229012.

Chaudhry IB, Husain N, Khan S, et al. Amoxapine as an antipsychotic: comparative study versus haloperidol. J Clin Psychopharmacol. 2007 Dec;27(6):575-81. PMID: 18004123.

Takebayashi M, Kagaya A, Inagaki M, et al. Effects of antidepressants on gamma-aminobutyric acid- and N-methyl-D-aspartate-induced intracellular Ca²⁺ concentration increases in primary cultured rat cortical neurons. Neuropsychobiology. 2000;42(3):120-6. PMID: 11015029.

Roth BL, Craig SC, Choudhary MS, et al. Binding of typical and atypical antipsychotic agents to 5-hydroxytryptamine-6 and 5-hydroxytryptamine-7 receptors. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 1994 Mar;268(3):1403-10. PMID: 7908055.

Caution: This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.