

# SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION EDGAR FILING

**AlphaPoint Technology, Inc.**

**Form: 10-Q**

**Date Filed: 2018-08-14**

Corporate Issuer CIK: 1473654

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 333-173028



**AlphaPoint Technology, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**26-3748249**

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**6371 Business Blvd. Suite 200**

**Sarasota, FL 34240**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(941) 907-8822**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

**Common Stock, \$.01 par value**

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐

(Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Accelerated filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☒

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 14, 2018, the Company had 96,543,259 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

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## FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
 <b><u>PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>	
Item 1. Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements	2
Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	9
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk	11
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	11
 <b><u>PART II – OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	12
Item 1A. Risk Factors	12
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	12
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	12
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	12
Item 5. Other Information	12
Item 6. Exhibits	12
Signatures	12

**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**AlphaPoint Technology, Inc., and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	<b>June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2017 (Audited)</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 239,560	\$ 1,440
Prepaid and other current assets	230,884	—
Total current assets	470,444	1,440
 Total assets	 \$ 470,444	 \$ 1,440
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 52,760	\$ 57,004
Accrued expenses	586,259	459,755
Related party payables	216,974	214,132
Total current liabilities	855,993	730,891
 Total liabilities	 855,993	 730,891
Commitments and contingencies (Note 4)		
Stockholders' deficit:		
Common stock, 500,000,000 shares authorized, \$0.01 par value, 96,113,259 issued and outstanding at June 30, 2018 and 77,413,259 as of December 31, 2017	961,133	774,133
Additional paid-in capital	3,495,072	2,686,683
Accumulated deficit	(4,841,754)	(4,190,267)
Total stockholders' deficit	(385,549)	(729,451)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 470,444	\$ 1,440

***The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.***

**AlphaPoint Technology, Inc., and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
**(Unaudited)**

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Operating expenses:				
Compensation	63,136	67,739	126,504	131,140
Professional fees	418,326	28,566	433,172	50,263
General and administrative	33,714	12,389	40,423	32,820
Stock-based compensation	51,389	—	51,389	—
Total operating expenses	<u>566,565</u>	<u>108,694</u>	<u>651,487</u>	<u>214,223</u>
Loss from operations	(566,565)	(108,694)	(651,487)	(214,223)
Net loss	<u>\$ (566,565)</u>	<u>\$ (108,694)</u>	<u>\$ (651,487)</u>	<u>\$ (214,223)</u>
Earnings (loss) per share, basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding primary and dilutive	<u>90,464,359</u>	<u>77,413,259</u>	<u>85,528,452</u>	<u>77,413,259</u>

***The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.***

**AlphaPoint Technology, Inc., and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
(Unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (651,487)	\$ (214,223)
Adjustments to reconcile Net Loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Stock-based expenses	414,505	—
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	122,260	169,145
Prepays and other current assets	—	(2,205)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(114,722)	(47,283)
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>		
Net proceeds from stockholder loans	2,842	46,630
Proceeds from issuance of common stock and warrants	350,000	—
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	352,842	46,630
Net Change in Cash	238,120	(653)
Cash at beginning of period	1,440	1,413
Cash at end of period	<u>\$ 239,560</u>	<u>\$ 760</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ —	\$ —
Cash paid for taxes	—	—

**NON CASH FINANCING TRANSACTIONS**

During 2018, the Company issued an aggregate total of 8.2 million shares of common stock to three unrelated parties in exchange for services to be rendered over a period of time. The total value of these services yet to be rendered as of June 30, 2018 is \$230,884, and is reflected as a prepaid expense in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements*

**AlphaPoint Technology, Inc., and Subsidiaries**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2018**  
**(Unaudited)**

**1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies**

***Nature of Operations***

AlphaPoint Technology's principal objective is to partner with innovative Blockchain technology focused companies that are interested in pursuing growth through the public markets.

We intend to accomplish these objectives through targeted strategic acquisitions and partnerships. We seek companies that either strategically fit within our existing business portfolio or expand our business into new and attractive target markets. Given the rapid pace of Blockchain developments and the specialized expertise typical of our served markets, acquisitions also provide us essential access to new technologies and domain expertise.

AlphaPoint Technology is an enterprise blockchain software application development company established in 2009, known for its premier patent-pending software AssetCentral, which manages IT assets (ITAM) for enterprise and data center clients.

AlphaPoint Technology is developing a blockchain-based Software Asset Management (SAM) license reconciliation and audit solution that establishes a validated trust relationship with software vendors and their customers.

During the second quarter 2018, AlphaPoint was been selected to join the Oracle Scaleup Ecosystem, and the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure platform, utilizing the global resources, cloud technology, infrastructure and expertise Oracle has to offer, as the company moves into its next phase of growth.

AlphaPoint Technology is committed to Blockchain deployments for enterprise markets. We seek to eliminate intermediaries by increasing efficiency and speed and simplifying operations by reducing cost and time related to Software Asset Management (SAM) reconciliations and disputes.

All references to the previously acquired businesses have been removed for this quarterly report.

***Basis of Presentation***

In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of (a) the consolidated financial position at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 and (b) the consolidated statements of operations, and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 have been made.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes are presented as permitted by Form 10-Q. Accordingly, certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) have been omitted. The accompanying statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2017.

***Application of Critical Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates***

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations that follows is based upon our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). The application of GAAP requires management to make assumptions, judgments and estimates that affect our reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and the related disclosures regarding these items. We base the assumptions, judgments and estimates on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. To the extent that there are material differences between these estimates and actual results, our future financial condition or results of operations will be affected. On a regular basis, we evaluate our assumptions, judgments, and estimates.

We believe that the assumptions, judgments, and estimates involved in the accounting for stock-based compensation and income taxes have the greatest potential impact on our consolidated financial statements. These areas are key components of our results of operations and are based on complex rules which require us to make judgments and estimates. Historically, our assumptions, judgments and estimates in accordance with our critical accounting policies have not materially differed from actual results.





### ***Cash and Cash Equivalents***

Cash and cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased which are readily convertible to cash.

### ***Share-based payments***

Share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options or shares of stock are recognized as compensation expense in the financial statements based on their fair values, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. That expense is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, known as the requisite service period (usually the vesting period).

The Company may issue restricted stock to consultants for various services. Cost for these transactions are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable. The value of the common stock is to be measured at the earlier of (i) the date at which a firm commitment for performance by the counterparty to earn the equity instruments is reached or (ii) the date at which the counterparty's performance is complete.

We use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the estimated fair value of warrants issued in connection with stock.

### ***Revenue recognition***

Revenue is generally recognized when:

- Evidence of an arrangement exists;
- Delivery has occurred;
- Fees are fixed or determinable; and
- Collection is considered probable.

### ***Income taxes***

The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on the differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, referred to as temporary differences. Deferred tax assets and liabilities at the end of each period are determined using the tax rates applied to taxable income in the periods in which the deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be settled or realized. A valuation allowance may be applied against the net deferred tax due to the uncertainty of its ultimate realization.

Deferred tax assets have been fully offset by a valuation allowance, because at this time the Company believes that it is more likely than not that the future tax benefit will not be realized as the Company has a history of net operating losses.

### ***Earnings (loss) per share***

Basic earnings (loss) per share calculations are determined by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings (loss) per share calculations are determined by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares plus any potentially dilutive shares. The Company does not have any potentially dilutive instruments and, thus, anti-dilution issues are not applicable.

### ***Risks and concentrations***

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk include cash in banks in excess of federally insured amounts. The Company manages this risk by maintaining all deposits in high quality financial institutions.

## **2. Going Concern**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has a history of losses resulting in an accumulated deficit. The Company has been dependent on financing from its majority shareholder and related parties to meet its operating obligations. In view of these matters, there is doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, which is dependent upon the Company's ability to identify revenue sources and to achieve a level of profitability. The Company intends on financing its future development activities, marketing plan and its working capital needs largely from the sale of public equity securities with some additional funding from other traditional financing sources, including term notes until such time that funds provided by operations are sufficient to fund working capital requirements. The financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

## **3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

We have reviewed the FASB issued Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU") and interpretations thereof that have effectiveness dates during the periods reported and in future periods.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases". This standard requires the lessee to recognize virtually all of their leases on the balance sheet, by recording a right-of-use asset and lease liability.

Public business entities will be required to adopt this standard for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted upon issuance of this standard.

The new leasing standard requires modified retrospective transition, which requires application of the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the year of adoption. The Company is currently assessing the impact of the new standard in order to determine the impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." The updated guidance enhances the reporting model for financial instruments, which includes amendments to address aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure. The amendment to the standard is effective for the Company beginning on June 1, 2018. While the Company is currently assessing the impact of the new standard, it does not expect this new guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" that will supersede most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle of the new guidance is that an entity will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. Other major provisions include the capitalization and amortization of certain contract costs, ensuring the time value of money is considered in the transaction price, and allowing estimates of variable consideration to be recognized before contingencies are resolved in certain circumstances. Additionally, the guidance requires disaggregated disclosures related to the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. The amendments were required to be adopted by the Company on January 1, 2018. Transition to the new guidance may be done using either a full or modified retrospective method. The Company is currently evaluating the full effect that the adoption of this standard will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements. As the Company currently has no revenues, there is no impact related to the adoption of this standard for the periods presented.

## **4. Contingencies**

Some of the officers and directors of the Company are involved in other business activities and may, in the future, become involved in other business opportunities that become available. They may face a conflict in selecting between the Company and other business interests. The Company has not formulated a policy for the resolution of such conflicts. In addition, officers and certain members of upper management have executed employment agreements with the Company, which include, among other things, bonuses contingent on the achievement of certain performance targets and provisions for severance payments in the event of termination without cause.

## **Litigation**

From time to time the Company may become a party to litigation matters involving claims against the Company. Current regulations and reporting requirements require the Company to disclose any legal proceedings that are ongoing and could have a material impact on the financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2018. We know of no active or pending legal proceedings against us, nor are we involved as a

plaintiff in any active or pending legal proceedings that are material. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, sole officers or affiliates, or any registered beneficial shareholder are an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to us.

## 5. Equity

On April 13, 2018, the Board of Directors approved a Board resolution to issue 250,000 shares of common stock to James Whelan, Chief Technology Officer, which is comprised of a signing bonus and compensation in lieu of salary from the start of his employment with the Company until the time of the equity financing that was completed in May 2018 (see discussion below). The fair value of these shares was determined based on Mr. Whelan's annual salary prorated over the service period covered by this non-cash compensation. The resulting stock-based compensation expense was approximately \$51,000, which was recorded in the second quarter of 2018.

On April 14, 2018 the Board of Directors approved a Board resolution to issue an aggregate total of 7,700,000 shares of common stock to American Capital Ventures and Leone Group, LLC (3,850,000 to each party) in exchange for consulting services related to capital raise efforts, legal and compliance guidance, and strategic business planning. The service period covered in the respective consulting agreements ends in August 2018. The resulting expense of \$363,000 is included in professional fees in the consolidated statement of operations as of June 30, 2018. The remaining portion of this expense to be earned over the remaining service period is approximately \$176,000 and is reflected in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheet.

On May 7, 2018, the Company received cash totaling \$100,000 from four investors in exchange for an aggregate total of 4,200,000 shares of the Company's common stock and warrants to purchase an aggregate total of 4,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The warrants have a term of 3 years from the date of issuance and an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The proceeds were allocated among the shares and the warrants based on their relative fair values. The fair value of the shares was determined using the closing price of the Company's common stock on the transaction date (\$0.07 per share). The fair value of the warrants was determined using the Black Scholes Merton option-pricing model, assuming stock price volatility of 174% and a risk-free interest rate of 2.67%. Approximately \$55,000 and \$45,000 was allocated to the shares and the warrants, respectively. As the warrants are classified as equity instruments, the resulting allocation is deemed a dividend on the shares issued and is reflected in additional paid-in capital in the consolidated balance sheet.

On May 23, 2018, the Company received cash totaling \$250,000 from one investor in exchange for an aggregate total of 4,950,000 shares of the Company's common stock and warrants to purchase an aggregate total of 9,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. As a condition of the closing, the Company issued 1,100,000 shares of common stock to a non-profit organization named by the investor. The warrants have a term of 3 years from the date of issuance and an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The proceeds were allocated among the total number of shares issued (6,050,000) and the warrants based on their relative fair values. The fair value of the shares was determined using the closing price of the Company's common stock on the transaction date (\$0.06 per share). The fair value of the warrants was determined using the Black Scholes Merton option-pricing model, assuming stock price volatility of 174% and a risk-free interest rate of 2.67%. Approximately \$111,000 and \$139,000 was allocated to the shares and the warrants, respectively. As the warrants are classified as equity instruments, the resulting allocation is deemed a dividend on the shares issued and is reflected in additional paid-in capital in the consolidated balance sheet.

On June 15, 2018, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to an Advisory Board Member for services to be rendered in the future. The fair value of these shares was determined based on the closing stock price on that date (\$0.11). The resulting stock-based compensation was \$55,000 and is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheet.

## 6. Related Party Transactions

### *Advances from Shareholders*

In support of the Company's efforts and cash requirements, it has historically relied upon advances from related parties. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, advances from shareholders totaled \$216,974 and \$214,132, respectively. These advances are non-interest bearing with no set repayment terms.

Additionally, at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had accrued compensation payable to Gary Macleod in the amount of \$547,400 and \$430,100, respectively.

## 7. Subsequent Events

On July 5, 2018, the Company issued a total of 180,000 shares of common stock to two executive recruitment firms (90,000 shares to each party) in exchange for services valued at an aggregate amount of \$36,000. Additionally, on July 25, 2018 the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock to a new member of the Board of Directors. The financial impact of these transactions will be reflected in the consolidated financial statements at September 30, 2018.



## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Overview

AlphaPoint Technology, Inc. ("AlphaPoint") was incorporated in the State of Delaware on November 13, 2008.

AlphaPoint has developed a patent-pending software application called AssetCentral (AC). Through the development of AssetCentral, AlphaPoint has identified the growing complexity and scope with the current methodology and issues with Software Asset Management (SAM), and the increasing difficulties in disconnecting software assets that companies use, from their stakeholders. By leveraging AC's patent pending processes with Blockchain technology, AlphaPoint's SAM Blockchain application will connect software entitlements to their licenses and components with the software decision makers, to drive automation with transparency to reduce SAM content, effort, and cost. AlphaPoint's Blockchain auditing and compliance tool will assist companies with their compliance audits, internal controls, and best business practices.

AlphaPoint management is currently seeking alternative opportunities in line with their original strategy of acquiring a business in the Blockchain technology sector that is capable of growth and development.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### *Three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017*

Our consolidated revenues were \$0 and \$0 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Revenues from the legacy business have not been significant.

Operating expenses were \$566,565 and \$108,694 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The increase in year-over-year expenses resulted mainly from higher professional fees incurred in the Company's efforts to seek executive talent and business advisors to assist in developing new business strategies. In addition, a portion of operating expenses during the period consisted of stock-based compensation expense related to issuances of stock in exchange for services.

Net losses incurred in the periods presented have been primarily due to operating costs in the absence of revenues. The Company incurred net losses of \$566,565 and \$108,694 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

#### *Six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017*

Our consolidated revenues were \$0 and \$0 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Operating expenses were \$651,487 and \$214,223 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The increase in year-over-year expenses resulted mainly from higher professional fees incurred in the Company's efforts to seek executive talent and business advisors to assist in developing new business strategies. In addition, a portion of operating expenses during the period consisted of stock-based compensation expense related to issuances of stock in exchange for services.

Net losses incurred in the periods presented have been primarily due to operating costs in the absence of revenues. The Company incurred net losses of \$651,487 and \$214,223 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As reflected in the consolidated financial statements, at June 30, 2018, we had a deficit in working capital, an accumulated deficit and a net loss.

At June 30, 2018, the Company had current assets of approximately \$470,000, including approximately \$240,000 in cash, and current liabilities of approximately \$856,000, resulting in a working capital deficit of approximately \$386,000.

We depend on advances from shareholders, to meet any shortfall in meeting our obligations. However, we will require working capital to meet our current shortfall in working capital. If the Company is unable to raise the funds partially through stock offerings, the Company will seek alternative financing through means such as borrowings from institutions or private individuals. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise such funds.

Consequently, there is doubt about the Company's ability to continue to operate as a going concern. As reflected in the consolidated financial statements we have an accumulated deficit from inception of \$4,841,754 as of June 30, 2018 and have a loss from operations of \$651,487 for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional capital and execution of its business plan. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

If we are unsuccessful at raising sufficient funds, for whatever reason, to fund our operations, the Company may be forced to seek a buyer for our business or another entity with which we could create a joint venture.

Management believes that actions presently being taken to obtain additional funding and execution of its strategic plans provide the opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern.

Recent Federal legislation, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, has resulted in the adoption of various corporate governance measures designed to promote the integrity of the corporate management and the securities markets. Some of these measures have been adopted in response to legal requirements. Others have been adopted by companies in response to the requirements of national securities exchanges, such as the NYSE or The NASDAQ Stock Market, on which their securities are listed. Among the corporate governance measures that are required under the rules of national securities exchanges are those that address board of directors' independence, audit committee oversight, and the adoption of a code of ethics. Our Board of Directors consists of eight (8) individuals who advise our chief executive officer and chief financial officer. Our chief executive officer makes decisions on all significant corporate matters such as the approval of terms of the compensation of our executive officers.

The Company has adopted a Code of Ethics and Business Conduct. The Company is in the process of introducing them. The Company has not adopted corporate governance measures such as an audit or other independent committees of our board of directors. If we expand our board membership in future periods to include additional independent directors, the Company may seek to establish an audit and other committees of our Board of Directors. It is possible that if our Board of Directors included independent directors and if we were to adopt some or all of these corporate governance measures, stockholders would benefit from somewhat greater assurances that internal corporate decisions were being made by disinterested directors and that policies had been implemented to define responsible conduct. For example, in the absence of audit, nominating and compensation committees comprised of at least a majority of independent directors, decisions concerning matters such as compensation packages to our senior officers and recommendations for director nominees may be made by a majority of directors who have an interest in the outcome of the matters being decided. Prospective investors should bear in mind our current lack of corporate governance measures in formulating their investment decisions.

#### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for a discussion of recent accounting guidance.

#### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources that are material to our stockholders.

#### MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATION OF ALTERNATIVE BUSINESS STRATEGIES

In order to continue to protect and increase shareholder value, management believes that it may, from time to time, consider alternative management strategies to create value for the company or additional revenues.

Strategies to be reviewed may include acquisitions, roll-ups, strategic alliances, joint ventures on large projects, and/or mergers.

Management will only consider these options where it believes the result would be to increase shareholder value while continuing the viability of the company.

#### INFLATION

The effect of inflation on our revenues and operating results has not been significant.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

When we prepare our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes in conformity with U.S. GAAP, we must make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts we report. Certain of these estimates result from judgments that can be subjective and complex. As a result of that subjectivity and complexity, and because we continuously evaluate these estimates and assumptions based on a variety of factors, actual results could materially differ from our estimates and assumptions if changes in one or more factors require us to make accounting adjustments. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we reassessed our critical accounting policies and estimates as disclosed in our 2017 Form 10-K; however, we have made no material changes or additions with regard to those policies and estimates.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable to a smaller reporting company.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), the Company carried out an evaluation, with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") (the Company's principal financial and accounting officer), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company. Our internal control system was designed to, in general, provide reasonable assurance to the Company's management and board regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements, but because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2018. The framework used by management in making that assessment was the criteria set forth in the document entitled "Internal Control – Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on that assessment, our management has determined that as of June 30, 2018, the Company's internal control over financial reporting was not effective for the purposes for which it is intended, due to a material weakness related to the lack of an audit committee.

Management intends to give consideration to adopting a more rigorous corporate governance, including the formation of an audit committee during 2018.



**PART II – OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

None.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Not applicable to a smaller reporting company.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

None.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

**(b) Exhibits:**

31.1 [Rule 13a-14\(a\) Certification of Principal Executive Officer](#)

32.1 [Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)

101\* Interactive Data Files of Financial Statements and Notes.

\* To be submitted by amendment.

**SIGNATURE**

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Issuer caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ALPHAPOINT TECHNOLOGY, INC.

By /s/ Gary Macleod  
Gary Macleod  
Principal Executive Officer

DATED: August 14, 2018

**ALPHAPOINT TECHNOLOGY, INC.**  
**Certification Pursuant to**  
**Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Gary Macleod, Principal Executive Officer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AlphaPoint Technology, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the consolidated financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and we have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that was materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors:
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Gary Macleod

Gary Macleod  
Principal Executive Officer

DATED: August 14, 2018

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**ALPHAPOINT TECHNOLOGY, INC.**  
**Certification Pursuant to**  
**18 U.S.C. Section 1350,**  
**as Adopted Pursuant to**  
**Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of AlphaPoint Technology, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Gary Macleod, Principal Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Gary Macleod  
Gary Macleod  
Principal Executive Officer

DATED: August 14, 2018

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