

SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION EDGAR FILING

Ecoark Holdings, Inc.

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2018

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from ___ to ___

Commission File No. 000-53361

Ecoark Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

30-0680177

(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

1010 NW J Street, Suite I, Bentonville AR 72712

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(479) 259-2977

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for at least the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," or "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/> (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 51,985,745 shares of the Registrant's \$0.001 par value common stock outstanding as of February 8, 2019.

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2018

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ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

	December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2018
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash (\$35 pledged as collateral for credit)	\$ 846	\$ 3,730
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$585 and \$87 as of December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively	1,245	2,617
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	207	242
Current assets held for sale	617	645
Total current assets	2,915	7,234
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Property and equipment, net	2,132	2,619
Intangible assets, net	1,130	1,545
Non-current assets held for sale	820	1,023
Other assets	27	26
Total non-current assets	4,109	5,213
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 7,024	\$ 12,447
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,427	\$ 2,350
Accrued liabilities	919	1,080
Note payable	1,000	-
Current portion of long-term debt	-	500
Current liabilities held for sale	10	43
Total current liabilities	3,356	3,973
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	-	-
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
Total liabilities	3,356	3,973
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 5,000 shares authorized; none issued	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 100,000 shares authorized, 52,571 shares issued and 51,986 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and 49,468 shares issued and 48,923 shares outstanding as of March 31, 2018	53	49
Additional paid-in-capital	129,550	122,424
Accumulated deficit	(124,264)	(112,381)
Treasury stock, at cost	(1,671)	(1,618)
Total stockholders' equity	3,668	8,474
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 7,024	\$ 12,447

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
CONTINUING OPERATIONS:				
REVENUES	\$ 15	\$ 14	\$ 1,054	\$ 33
COST OF REVENUES	17	112	653	72
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	(2)	(98)	401	(39)
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Selling, general and administrative	1,943	7,784	6,527	28,317
Depreciation, amortization, and impairment	306	185	924	491
Research and development	900	1,406	2,541	4,639
Total operating expenses	3,149	9,375	9,992	33,447
Loss from continuing operations before other expenses	(3,151)	(9,473)	(9,591)	(33,486)
OTHER EXPENSE:				
(Interest expense), net of interest income	(362)	(11)	(369)	(41)
Total other expenses	(362)	(11)	(369)	(41)
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	(3,513)	(9,484)	(9,960)	(33,527)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:				
Loss from discontinued operations	(757)	(523)	(1,923)	(2,685)
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	-	-	-	636
Total discontinued operations	(757)	(523)	(1,923)	(2,049)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	-	(10)	-	(17)
NET LOSS	<u>\$ (4,270)</u>	<u>\$ (10,017)</u>	<u>\$ (11,883)</u>	<u>\$ (35,593)</u>
NET LOSS PER SHARE				
Basic and diluted: Continuing operations	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.22)	\$ (0.20)	\$ (0.80)
Discontinued operations	(0.01)	-	(0.04)	0.01
Total	<u>\$ (0.08)</u>	<u>\$ (0.22)</u>	<u>\$ (0.24)</u>	<u>\$ (0.79)</u>
SHARES USED IN CALCULATION OF NET LOSS PER SHARE				
Basic and diluted	51,974	46,227	50,489	45,099

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended	
	December 31,	
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (11,883)	\$ (35,593)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	924	491
Shares-based compensation - services rendered	305	2,207
Share-based compensation – stock – employees	2,604	18,698
Share-based compensation due to employment agreements	-	1,500
Loss from discontinued operations	1,923	2,685
Loss on retirement of assets	-	61
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	-	(636)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	1,372	1,658
Inventory	4	(969)
Prepaid expenses	13	55
Other current assets	45	(53)
Other assets	-	4
Accounts payable	(943)	(793)
Accrued liabilities	(174)	(1,689)
Net cash used in operating activities of continuing operations	(5,810)	(12,374)
Net cash used in discontinued operations	(1,472)	(2,537)
Net cash used in operating activities	(7,282)	(14,911)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Redemption of certificate of deposit	-	(1,001)
Proceeds from sale of Eco3d	-	2,100
Purchases of property and equipment	(21)	(25)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations	(21)	1,074
Net cash used in investing activities of discontinued operations	(249)	(235)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(270)	839
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of fees	4,221	9,106
Proceeds from demand note payable	1,000	-
Repayment of debt	(500)	-
Purchase of treasury shares from employees for tax withholdings	(53)	(1,507)
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,668	7,599
Net decrease in cash	(2,884)	(6,473)
Cash - beginning of period	3,730	8,648
Cash - end of period	\$ 846	\$ 2,175
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 366	\$ 45
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ -	\$ 2
SUMMARY OF NONCASH ACTIVITIES:		
Receivable from sale of assets	\$ -	\$ 28
Assets acquired via acquisition of 440labs, Inc.:		
Identifiable intangible assets	\$ -	\$ 1,435
Goodwill	\$ -	\$ 65

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ecoark Holdings, Inc. (“Ecoark Holdings” or the “Company”) is an innovative AgTech company that is focused on modernizing the post-harvest fresh food supply chain for a wide range of organizations including growers, distributors and retailers. Ecoark Holdings is a holding company that supports the businesses of its subsidiaries. Ecoark Holdings is the parent company of Ecoark, Inc. and Magnolia Solar Inc.

Ecoark, Inc. (“Ecoark”) was founded in 2011 and is located in Bentonville, Arkansas, the home office for Ecoark and Ecoark Holdings. Ecoark merged into a wholly-owned subsidiary of Magnolia Solar Corporation (“MSC”) on March 24, 2016, with Ecoark as the surviving entity. At the merger, MSC changed its name to Ecoark Holdings, Inc. Ecoark is the parent company of Eco360, Pioneer Products and Zest Labs (formerly known as Intellex Corporation). Ecoark was also the parent company of Eco3d until it was sold in April 2017, as discussed below.

Eco3d, LLC (“Eco3d”) is located in Phoenix, Arizona and provides customers with 3d technologies. Eco3d was formed by Ecoark in November 2013 and Ecoark owned 65% of the LLC. The remaining 35% was reflected as non-controlling interest until September 2016 when Ecoark Holdings issued shares of stock in exchange for the 35% non-controlling interest. Eco3d provides 3d mapping, modeling, and consulting services for clients in retail, construction, healthcare, and other industries throughout the United States. As described further in Note 2, in March 2017 the Ecoark Holdings Board of Directors (“Ecoark Holdings Board” or “Board”) approved a plan to sell Eco3d, and the sale was completed in April 2017.

Eco360, LLC (“Eco360”) is located in Bentonville, Arkansas and has engaged in research and development activities. Eco360 was formed in November 2014 by Ecoark. Eco360 does not currently have any active operations.

Pioneer Products, LLC (“Pioneer Products” or “Pioneer”) is located in Bentonville, Arkansas and is involved in the selling of recycled plastic products. This subsidiary recovers plastic waste from retail supply chains that is converted to new consumer products from the reclaimed materials, completing a closed loop and reducing waste sent to landfills. Pioneer Products was purchased by Ecoark in 2012. Pioneer Products acquired Sable Polymer Solutions, LLC in a stock transaction on May 3, 2016, so its results are included with Pioneer’s since May 2016. As described in Note 2, in May 2018 the Ecoark Holdings Board approved a plan to sell Pioneer. Any proceeds from a sale are not expected to be material.

Sable Polymer Solutions, LLC (“Sable”) is located in Flowery Branch, Georgia and specializes in the sale, purchase, and processing of post-consumer and post-industrial plastic materials. It provides materials to a variety of suppliers and customers throughout the plastics processing industry, from small extruders, molders and scrap collectors to large corporations. As described in Note 2, in May 2018 the Ecoark Holdings Board approved a plan to sell key assets of Sable. An agreement to sell the assets was executed with an expected closing date of August 31, 2018, however, the buyer purportedly failed to obtain financing under terms acceptable to them and did not close timely, so the Company terminated the agreement. A letter of intent has been executed to sell Sable’s equipment and inventory.

Zest Labs, Inc. (“Zest Labs”) is located in San Jose, California and offers freshness management solutions for food retailers, restaurants, growers, processors and suppliers. Its Zest Fresh solution is a cloud-based post-harvest freshness management solution that improves delivered freshness and reduces losses due to temperature handling and processing by intelligently matching customer freshness requirements with actual product freshness. It focuses on four primary value propositions – operational efficiency, consistent food freshness, reduced waste, and improved food safety. Zest Fresh empowers workers with real-time analytic tools and alerts that improve efficiency while driving quality consistency through best practice adherence at a pallet level. The Company’s Zest Delivery solution offers dynamic monitoring and control for prepared food delivery containers, helping delivery and dispatch personnel ensure the quality and safety of delivered food. Zest Labs (then known as Intellex Corporation) was purchased by Ecoark in September 2013. Effective October 28, 2016, Intellex Corporation changed its name to Zest Labs, Inc. to align its corporate name with its mission and the brand name of its products and services. Zest Labs acquired 440labs, Inc. in a stock transaction on May 23, 2017.

440labs, Inc. (“440labs”) is located near Boston, Massachusetts and is a software development and information solutions provider for cloud, mobile, and IoT (Internet of Things) applications. 440labs had been a key development partner with Zest Labs for more than four years prior to the May 2017 acquisition, contributing its expertise in scalable enterprise cloud solutions and mobile applications.

Magnolia Solar Inc. (“Magnolia Solar”) is located in Woburn, Massachusetts and is principally engaged in the development of nanotechnology-based, high-efficiency, thin-film technology that can be deposited on a variety of substrates, including glass and flexible structures. Magnolia Solar was a subsidiary of MSC that merged with Ecoark on March 24, 2016 to create Ecoark Holdings and continues operations as a subsidiary of Ecoark Holdings. As described in Note 2, in May 2018 the Ecoark Holdings Board approved a plan to sell Magnolia Solar. Any proceeds from a sale are not expected to be material.

Fiscal Year-End Change

On January 19, 2017, the Ecoark Holdings Board approved a change from a fiscal year ending on December 31 to a fiscal year ending on March 31 as permitted by the bylaws of Ecoark Holdings. The change applied to all subsidiaries except Eco3d which was sold in April 2017.

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements of Ecoark Holdings and its subsidiaries and the accompanying notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the condensed consolidated financial statements have been included. Such adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. The condensed consolidated financial statements, and the accompanying notes, are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") and do not contain certain information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with that Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Reclassifications

The Company has reclassified certain amounts in the December 31, 2017 condensed consolidated financial statements to be consistent with the December 31, 2018 presentation. Reclassifications relating to the discontinued operations are described in Note 2. The reclassifications had no impact on net loss or net cash flows for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

Segment Information

The Company follows the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 280-10 *Segment Reporting*. This standard requires that companies disclose operating segments based on the manner in which management disaggregates the Company in making internal operating decisions. As a result of Sable, Pioneer and Magnolia Solar being classified as discontinued operations, the Company and its Chief Operating Decision Makers determined that the Company's operations now consist of only one segment, Zest Labs.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Pending Adoption

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-02 *Leases (Topic 842)* and ASU 2018-11 *Targeted Improvements* on the same topic. ASU 2016-02 changes the accounting for leased assets, principally by requiring balance sheet recognition of assets under lease arrangements. It is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company does not expect that adoption of ASU 2016-02 will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07 *Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718), Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. This ASU is intended to simplify aspects of share-based compensation issued to non-employees by making the guidance consistent accounting for employee share-based compensation. It is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2018-07 on its consolidated financial statements.

There were other updates recently issued, most of which represent technical corrections to the accounting literature or application to specific industries or transactions that are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Going Concern

The Company has experienced losses from operations resulting in an accumulated deficit of \$124,264 since inception. The accumulated deficit together with losses of \$11,883 for the nine months ended December 31, 2018, and net cash used in operating activities in the nine months ended December 31, 2018 of \$7,282 have resulted in the uncertainty of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates, among other things, the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business over a reasonable period of time.

The Company raised additional capital through the issuance of common stock, net of fees, in private placements, issuances under equity purchase agreements and sales of convertible notes of \$12,693 in the year ended March 31, 2018 and \$4,856 net of fees in the nine months ended December 31, 2018 from a reserved private placement agreement and a note payable related to a \$10,000 demand line of credit facility. The Company's ability to raise additional capital through future equity and debt securities issuances, completion of the divesting of non-core assets and resolution of the lawsuit described in Note 12 is unknown. Obtaining additional financing and the successful development of the Company's strategic plan to achieve profitability are necessary for the Company to continue operations. There can be no assurance that such capital will be available or on terms acceptable to the Company. There can also be no assurance that the Company will have met the SEC's Form S-3 eligibility requirements to use its shelf registration. The Company intends to further develop its product offerings and customer bases. The Company's plans to achieve profitability include evaluating the cost structure and processes of its operations, both at the margin and operating expense levels, as well as pursuing additional strategic acquisitions and dispositions. The ability to successfully resolve these factors raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as determined by management. The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of the uncertainties.

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 2: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On April 14, 2017, the Company sold the assets, liabilities and membership interests in Eco3d to a group led by executives of Eco3d after the Company's Board concluded that Eco3d did not fit the future strategic direction of the Company. The Company received \$2100 in cash and 560 shares of the Company's common stock (including 525 shares that had been exchanged for the noncontrolling interest in September 2016) that was held by executives of Eco3d, which were canceled upon receipt. In accordance with ASC 205-20 and having met the criteria for "held for sale", the Company had reflected amounts relating to Eco3d as a disposal group classified as held for sale at March 31, 2017 and has included amounts relating to Eco3d as part of discontinued operations. Eco3d had \$188 in revenues and a \$57 loss in the first two weeks of April 2017 that are included in the table below. There was no significant continuing involvement with Eco3d.

As a result of receiving letters of intent for the sale of key assets of Sable, Pioneer and Magnolia Solar, and the approval by the Company's Board in May 2018 to sell the assets, those assets are included in assets held for sale and their ongoing operations are classified in discontinued operations. Any proceeds from a sale of Pioneer or Magnolia Solar or their assets are not expected to be material.

An agreement to sell the key assets of Sable was executed with an expected closing date of August 31, 2018, however, the buyer purportedly failed to obtain financing under terms acceptable to them and did not close timely, so the Company terminated the agreement. A letter of intent was executed with a different potential buyer on January 23, 2019. The terms call for \$800 for the sale of equipment and for the sale of inventory at fair value (which approximates cost) on the date of closing. The Company would retain receivables and payables incurred through closing. Due diligence activities are in process and scheduled to conclude on March 4, 2019 with final closing expected to occur no later than March 11, 2019.

Carrying amounts of major classes of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale and included as part of discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated balance sheets (principally relating to Sable) consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2018
	(Unaudited)	
Inventory	\$ 606	\$ 611
Other current assets	11	34
Current assets – held for sale	<u>\$ 617</u>	<u>\$ 645</u>
Property and equipment, net	\$ 795	\$ 995
Other assets	25	28
Non-current assets – held for sale	<u>\$ 820</u>	<u>\$ 1,023</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 10	\$ 30
Accrued liabilities	-	13
Current liabilities – held for sale	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 43</u>

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Major line items constituting loss from discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated statements of operations consisted of the following:

	Nine Months Ended	
	December 31,	
	2018	2017
Revenues	\$ 7,941	\$ 6,739
Cost of revenues	8,448	7,488
Gross loss	(507)	(749)
Operating expenses	1,416	1,936
Loss from discontinued operations	<u>\$ (1,923)</u>	<u>\$ (2,685)</u>
Non-cash expenses	\$ 451	\$ 1,295

After consideration of all the evidence, both positive and negative, management has recorded a full valuation allowance due to the uncertainty of realizing income tax benefit for all periods presented, and the income tax provision for all periods presented was considered immaterial. Thus, no separate tax provision or benefit relating to discontinued operations is included here or on the face of the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Non-cash expenses above consist principally of depreciation, amortization and impairment costs. Capital expenditures of discontinued operations were principally at Sable and amounted to \$249 and \$235 for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Gain on the sale of Eco3d of \$636 was recognized in discontinued operations in the three months ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 3: REVENUES

The Company accounts for revenue in accordance with ASC Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which the Company early adopted effective April 1, 2017. No cumulative adjustment to accumulated deficit was required, and the early adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements, as no material arrangements prior to the adoption were impacted by the new pronouncement. Revenues for the nine months ended December 31 were from Walmart and several Software as a Service ("SaaS") projects in 2018, including a project with Costco, and from SaaS projects and the sale of hardware in 2017. After paying invoices for \$1,000 through June, Walmart has not paid the final \$500. As a result, the Company has established an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$500 until the matter is resolved.

The following table disaggregates the Company's revenues by major source (unaudited):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:				
Walmart	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$ -
Software as a Service	15	14	54	32
Hardware sales	-	-	-	1
	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ 1,054</u>	<u>\$ 33</u>

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 4: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2018
	(Unaudited)	
Zest Labs SaaS hardware	\$ 2,495	\$ 2,477
Computers and software costs	404	400
Machinery and equipment	211	211
Furniture and fixtures	89	89
Leasehold improvements	4	4
Total property and equipment	3,203	3,181
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(1,071)	(562)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 2,132	\$ 2,619

During the year ended March 31, 2018 Zest Labs entered into SaaS contracts with customers and \$2,477 of assets previously classified as inventory were reclassified to property and equipment as of March 31, 2018. These assets will be used in the satisfaction of performance obligations to customers and depreciated over estimated useful lives of three to seven years.

Depreciation expense for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$509 and \$91, respectively. The increase was due to depreciation on the Zest Labs assets described above.

Property and equipment for Sable has been reclassified as assets held for sale as more fully described in Note 2 and accordingly depreciation expense for Sable through May 2018 has been included in the loss from discontinued operations. In accordance with accounting principles, depreciation of Sable assets ceased when classified as held for sale.

NOTE 5: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2018
	(Unaudited)	
Patents	\$ 1,013	\$ 1,013
Outsourced vendor relationships	1,017	1,017
Non-compete agreements	340	340
Total intangible assets	2,370	2,370
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(1,240)	(825)
Intangible assets, net	\$ 1,130	\$ 1,545

The outsourced vendor relationships and non-compete agreements were recorded as part of the acquisition of 440 labs described in Note 12 below.

Amortization expense for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$415 and \$400, respectively. Amortization for the intangible assets related to the discontinued operations for the nine months ended December 31, 2017 is included in the loss from discontinued operations.

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
(Dollar amounts and shares in thousands, except per share data)

DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 6: ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2018
	(Unaudited)	
Vacation and paid time off	\$ 333	\$ 278
Professional fees and consulting costs	184	325
Payroll and employee expenses	91	75
Legal fees	58	100
Hardware in transit	-	26
Other	253	276
	<u>\$ 919</u>	<u>\$ 1,080</u>

NOTE 7: NOTE PAYABLE

On December 28, 2018, the Company entered into a \$10,000 credit facility that includes a loan and security agreement (the "Agreement") where the lender agreed to make one or more loans to the Company, and the Company may make a request for a loan or loans from the lender, subject to the terms and conditions. The Company is required to pay interest biannually on the outstanding principal amount of each loan calculated at an annual rate of 12%. The loans are evidenced by a demand note executed by the Company. The Company is able to request draws from the lender up to \$1,000 with a cap of \$10,000, including the \$1,000 advanced on December 28, 2018 and an additional \$150 advanced on February 1, 2019. If principal is prepaid, the loans may not be re-borrowed and the cap of \$10,000 shall be reduced. The Company may make a request for a loan or loans from the lender, at any one time and from time to time, from the date of the Agreement until the earlier of (i) demand by the lender or (ii) December 27, 2020 or the earlier termination of the Agreement pursuant to the terms thereof. Loans made pursuant to the Agreement are secured by a security interest in the Company's collateral held with the lender and guaranteed by the Company's subsidiary, Zest Labs.

The Company is to pay to the lender a commitment fee on the principal amount of each loan requested thereunder in the amount of 3.5% of the amount thereof. The Company also paid an arrangement fee of \$300 to the lender which was paid upon execution of the Agreement. The aforementioned fees were netted from proceeds from the \$1,000 initial advance on December 28, 2018. Zest Labs is a plaintiff in a litigation styled as *Zest Labs, Inc. vs WalMart, Inc., Case Number 4:18-cv-00500* filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas (the "Zest Litigation"). The Company agrees that within five days of receipt by Zest Labs or the Company of any settlement proceeds from the Zest Litigation, the Company will pay or cause to be paid over to lender an additional fee in an amount equal to (i) 0.50 multiplied by (ii) the highest aggregate principal balance of the loans over the life of the loans through the date of the payment from settlement proceeds; provided, however, that such additional fee shall not exceed the amount of the settlement proceeds.

Subject to customary carve-outs, the Agreement contains customary negative covenants and restrictions for agreements of this type on actions by the Company including, without limitation, restrictions on indebtedness, liens, investments, loans, consolidation, mergers, dissolution, asset dispositions outside the ordinary course of business, change in business and restriction on use of proceeds. In addition, the Agreement requires compliance by the Company of covenants including, but not limited to, furnishing the lender with certain financial reports and protecting and maintaining its intellectual property rights. The Agreement contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, non-payment of principal or interest, violation of covenants, inaccuracy of representations in any material respect and cross defaults with certain other indebtedness and agreements.

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

The Company had a secured convertible promissory note ("convertible note") bearing interest at 10% per annum, entered into on January 10, 2017 for \$500 with the principal due in one lump sum payment on or before July 10, 2018. The principal along with accrued interest of \$11 was paid on July 2, 2018. The convertible note was part of the financing the Company entered into in the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Interest expense on debt for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$12 and \$380, respectively.

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NOTE 9: STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Ecoark Holdings Preferred Stock

On March 18, 2016, the Company created 5,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.001. No preferred shares have been issued.

Ecoark Holdings Common Stock

The Company has 100,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 which were authorized on March 18, 2016. The Company has outstanding warrants that are exercisable into 13,751 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2018.

In August 2018, the Company completed a reserved private placement agreement related to the issuance and sale of 2,969 shares of common stock that raised \$4,221 (net of fees) to institutional investors. The investors also received 2,969 warrants exercisable into common stock at an exercise price of \$2.09. The Company also provided 208 warrants at an exercise price of \$1.92 to the investment banker in the transaction.

On March 16, 2018, the Company issued warrants for 2,500 shares of common stock to institutional investors that purchased 2,500 shares of common stock in a reserved private placement. The warrants had a strike price of \$2.00 and mature in March 2023. In addition, the investment bankers for the transaction received warrants to purchase 88 shares of common stock with the same terms as the investors, and the investment bankers from the May 22, 2017 reserved private placement received warrants to purchase 175 shares of common stock for \$2.10 for up to five years pursuant to an exclusivity clause.

The March 16, 2018 warrants included a down round provision such that the exercise prices of the warrants were subject to adjustment if the Company were to issue common stock, common stock equivalents, warrants or options at a price lower than the stated exercise prices, subject to certain exceptions. As provided for in ASU 2017-11 (now ASC Topic 260-10 *Equity*), the effect of the down round feature on earnings per share is to be recognized when it is triggered and that effect treated as a dividend and reduction of income available to common stockholders in basic earnings per share calculations. The reserved private placement in August 2018 triggered the down round feature and resulted in the adjustment of the warrants in the March 2017, May 2017, and March 2018 private placements to the August 2018 issuance price of \$1.60. The Company had net losses and accumulated deficits in the periods presented and therefore the triggering of the down round feature did not require the recording of a dividend since there were no accumulated earnings available and thus did not result in an adjustment of losses per share.

In the nine months ended December 31, 2018, the Company issued 94 shares of common stock pursuant to stock awards granted from the 2013 Ecoark Holdings Incentive Stock Plan ("2013 Incentive Stock Plan"), net of 41 shares of common stock acquired from employees in lieu of amounts required to satisfy minimum withholding requirements upon vesting of the employees' stock. The Company also issued 25 shares to an advisor to the Company pursuant to a stock award granted from the 2017 Ecoark Holdings Omnibus Incentive Plan ("2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan").

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Share-based Compensation

The 2013 Incentive Stock Plan was registered on February 7, 2013. Under that plan, the Company may grant incentive stock in the form of stock options, stock awards and stock purchase offers of up to 5,500 shares of common stock to Company employees, officers, directors, consultants and advisors. The type of grant, vesting provisions, exercise price and expiration dates are to be established by the Board at the date of grant.

The 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan was registered on June 14, 2017. Under that plan, the Company may grant nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares, performance units, and other awards. Awards of up to 4,000 shares of common stock to Company employees, officers, directors, consultants and advisors are available under the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan. The type of grant, vesting provisions, exercise price and expiration dates are to be established by the Board at the date of grant.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company issued non-qualified stock option awards to individuals in replacement of existing restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards previously granted.

Share-based compensation expense is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations as follows:

	<u>2013 Incentive Stock Plan</u>	<u>2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan</u>	<u>Non-Qualified Stock Options</u>	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Warrants</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nine months ended December 31, 2018						
Directors	\$ -	\$ 300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300
Employees	319	565	1,720	-	-	2,604
Services	-	5	-	-	-	5
	<u>\$ 319</u>	<u>\$ 870</u>	<u>\$ 1,720</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,909</u>
Nine months ended December 31, 2017						
Directors	\$ -	\$ 400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400
Employees	15,968	2,730	-	1,500	-	20,198
Services	-	-	-	-	93	93
Amortization of services cost	1,714	-	-	-	-	1,714
	<u>\$ 17,682</u>	<u>\$ 3,130</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,500</u>	<u>\$ 93</u>	<u>\$ 22,405</u>

NOTE 10: INCOME TAXES

The Company has a net operating loss carryforward for tax purposes totaling approximately \$94,267 at December 31, 2018. Internal Revenue Code Section 382 places a limitation on the amount of taxable income that can be offset by carryforwards after certain ownership shifts.

The provision (benefit) for income taxes for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 differs from the amount expected as a result of applying statutory tax rates to the losses before income taxes principally due to establishing a valuation allowance to fully offset the potential income tax benefit. Realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon sufficient future taxable income during the period that deductible temporary differences and carry-forwards are expected to be available to reduce taxable income. As the achievement of required taxable income is uncertain, the Company has recorded a full valuation allowance against deferred tax assets.

The Company's deferred tax assets are summarized as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2018</u>	<u>March 31, 2018</u>
	(Unaudited)	
Net operating loss carryover	\$ 19,796	\$ 21,274
Depreciable and amortizable assets	1,319	1,168
Share-based compensation	3,435	2,858
Accrued liabilities	58	58
Allowance for bad debts	118	13
Effect of reduction in rate	-	(994)
Other	334	331
Less: valuation allowance	(25,060)	(24,708)
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

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After consideration of all the evidence, both positive and negative, management has recorded a full valuation allowance at December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2018, due to the uncertainty of realizing the deferred income tax assets. The valuation allowance increased by \$352 in the nine months ended December 31, 2018. The Company has not identified any uncertain tax positions and has not received any significant notices from tax authorities.

On December 22, 2017, Public Law 115-97, informally referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("TCJA") was enacted into U.S. law. The TCJA provides for significant changes to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that impact corporate taxation requirements. Effective January 1, 2018, the federal tax rate for corporations was reduced from 35% to 21% for U.S. taxable income. That required a one-time remeasurement of deferred taxes to reflect their value at a lower rate of 21%. Accordingly, the components of deferred tax assets in the table above have been remeasured at 21%. Additionally, the new tax law requires specified research and development or experimentation expenses paid or incurred after December 31, 2021 be capitalized and amortized ratably over a five-year period. That has the potential to impact the Company in the future. We continue to evaluate the impact of the TCJA.

NOTE 11: CONCENTRATIONS

During the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 the Company had one and two major customers in each period comprising 95% and 84% of sales, respectively. A major customer is defined as a customer that represents 10% or greater of total sales. Additionally, the Company had three and four customers at December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2018 with accounts receivable balances of 78% and 79%, respectively, of the total accounts receivable. The Company has established an allowance for doubtful accounts for the \$500 receivable from Walmart at December 31, 2018. We do not believe that risk associated with the other customers will have an adverse effect on the business.

In addition, during the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company had one major vendor comprising 24% and 10% of purchases, respectively. A major vendor is defined as a vendor that represents 10% or greater of total purchases. Alternative sources exist such that the risk associated with the vendor is not expected to have an adverse effect on the Company. Additionally, the Company had one vendor as of both December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2018 representing 18% and 27%, respectively, of total accounts payable.

The Company maintained cash balances in excess of the FDIC insured limit in both years. The Company does not consider this risk to be material.

NOTE 12: ACQUISITION OF 440labs, Inc.

On May 18, 2017, the Company entered into an exchange agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with Zest Labs, 440labs, Spherelt, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company ("Spherelt") and three of 440labs' executive employees. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, on May 23, 2017 the Company acquired all of the shares of 440labs in exchange for 300 shares of the Company's common stock issued to Spherelt. 440labs' three executive employees signed employment agreements pursuant to which each of the three executive employees received 100 shares of the Company's common stock and became employed by Zest Labs.

No cash was paid relating to the acquisition of 440labs. 440labs is a software development and information solutions provider for cloud, mobile, and IoT applications. 440labs' experienced leadership and engineering teams will augment Zest Labs' development of modern, enterprise scale solutions that robustly connect to distributed IoT deployments. 440labs blends onshore and offshore resources to optimize development and provide extended runtime operations coverage, critical to broad-based deployments.

The Company acquired the assets and liabilities noted below in exchange for the 300 shares and accounted for the acquisition in accordance with ASC 805. Based on the fair values at the effective date of acquisition the purchase price was recorded as follows:

Identifiable intangible assets	\$ 1,435
Goodwill	65
	<u>\$ 1,500</u>

The primary business of 440labs is providing development services to Zest Labs. In consolidation, the revenues of 440labs prior to the acquisition would have been eliminated against the expenses of Zest Labs that were paid to 440labs, resulting in an insignificant impact to the net losses of the Company. The goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill was tested for impairment and written off in the quarter ended March 31, 2018 along with the intangible asset related to one of the executive employees who resigned from the Company.

ECOARK HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

On August 1, 2018, Ecoark Holdings and Zest Labs filed a complaint against Walmart Inc. in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas, Western Division (the "Court"). The complaint includes claims for violation of the Arkansas Trade Secrets Act, violation of the federal Defend Trade Secrets Act, breach of contract, unfair competition, unjust enrichment, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, conversion and fraud. Ecoark Holdings and Zest Labs are seeking damages of more than two billion dollars and other related relief to the extent it is deemed proper by the Court. The Company does not believe that expenses incurred in pursuing the complaint will have a material effect on the Company's net income or financial condition for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019 or any individual fiscal quarter. On October 22, 2018, the Court issued an order setting a trial date of June 1, 2020. The order also established deadlines for the completion of fact discovery by October 15, 2019, opening expert reports on October 24, 2019, and dispositive motions, on January 22, 2020.

On June 20, 2018, a complaint against the Company and certain affiliates was filed by a former consultant in the U.S. District Court - Northern District of California. The complaint referred to an advisory agreement dated January 1, 2015 with Ecoark, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, in which the former consultant was to provide advice and consultation to Ecoark, Inc. in exchange for consulting fees, expenses and a warrant to purchase equity in Ecoark, Inc. The matter was settled in January 2019. The Company recorded a charge of \$20 in connection with the settlement of the matter.

Operating Leases

The Company leases many of its operating and office facilities for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable operating lease agreements. These leases expire at various dates through 2020. Rent expense for continuing operations was \$181 and \$266 in the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Future minimum lease payments required under the operating leases for continuing operations are as follows: fiscal 2019 - \$41 and fiscal 2020 - \$127. Including the lease at Sable would result in minimum lease payments in the following fiscal years of \$137 in 2019, \$510 in 2020, \$386 in 2021, \$389 in 2022 and \$293 in 2023.

NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 23, 2019 the Company executed a letter of intent with a potential buyer of key assets of Sable. The terms call for \$800 for the sale of equipment and for the sale of inventory at fair value (which approximates cost) on the date of closing. The Company would retain receivables and payables incurred through closing. Due diligence activities are in process and are scheduled to conclude on March 4, 2019 with final closing expected to occur no later than March 11, 2019.

On February 1, 2019, the Company received an additional loan of \$150 related to the \$10,000 credit facility described in Note 7 above.

Refer to Note 13 above for developments in legal proceedings.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This report contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (PSLRA). All statements other than statements of historical fact are “forward-looking statements” for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including: any projections of earnings, revenues or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; any statements concerning proposed new products, services or developments; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Forward-looking statements may include the words “may,” “will,” “estimate,” “intend,” “continue,” “believe,” “expect,” “plan” or “anticipate” and other similar words. Such forward-looking statements may be contained in the sections “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” and “Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)” among other places in this Form 10-Q.

Dollar amounts and number of shares below are expressed in thousands, except per share amounts.

Ecoark Holdings, Inc.

Ecoark Holdings is a Nevada corporation incorporated on November 19, 2007 that has developed over the years through key acquisitions and organic growth. Ecoark Holdings is an innovative AgTech company focused on solutions that reduce food waste and improve delivered freshness and product margins for fresh and perishable foods for a wide range of organizations including growers, processors, distributors and retailers. Ecoark Holdings addresses this through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Ecoark, Inc. (“Ecoark”) and Ecoark’s subsidiary: Zest Labs, Inc. (“Zest Labs”). The Company has committed to a plan to focus its business on Zest Labs and divest non-core assets that include key assets of Pioneer Products, LLC (“Pioneer Products” or “Pioneer”), including its subsidiary Sable Polymer Solutions, LLC (“Sable”), and Magnolia Solar, Inc. (“Magnolia Solar”). Those assets are reported as held for sale and their operations are reported as discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated financial statements. The subsidiary Eco3d, LLC (“Eco3d”) was sold on April 14, 2017 and is also reported as discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Our principal executive offices are located at 1010 NW J Street, Suite I, Bentonville, Arkansas 72712, and our telephone number is (479) 259-2977. Our website address is www.zestlabs.com. Our website and the information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference in, and are not considered part of, this report.

Description of Business

Zest Labs

Zest Labs offers freshness management solutions for food retailers and restaurants, growers, processors, distributors and suppliers. Its Zest Fresh solution is a cloud-based post-harvest shelf-life and freshness management solution that improves delivered freshness of products and reduces post-harvest losses at the retailer due to temperature handling and processing by 50% or more by intelligently matching customer freshness requirements with actual product freshness. It focuses on four primary value propositions – operational efficiency, consistent food freshness, reduced waste, and improved food safety. Zest Fresh empowers workers with real-time analytic tools and alerts that improve efficiency while driving quality consistency through best practice adherence at a pallet level. Zest Labs also offers its Zest Delivery solution that provides real-time monitoring and control for prepared food delivery containers, helping delivery and dispatch personnel ensure the quality and safety of delivered food.

Zest Labs was previously known as Intellex Corporation. Effective on October 28, 2016, Intellex Corporation changed its name to Zest Labs, Inc. to align its corporate name with its mission and the brand name of its products and services.

The Zest Fresh value proposition is to reduce fresh food loss by improving quality consistency. In the U.S. produce market, it is reported that roughly 30% of post-harvest fresh food is lost or wasted and therefore not consumed. Both fresh food producers and retailers bear significant expense when harvested food is either rejected due to early spoilage or reduced in value due to early ripening. Zest Labs believes that a significant portion of this waste can be attributed to inconsistent freshness based on variable post-harvest processing and handling. Fresh food producers and retailers manage food distribution and inventory based on the harvest date, with the assumption that all food harvested on the same day will have the same freshness. However, studies have shown that post-harvest handling can have a significant effect on the actual remaining freshness, and if not properly managed, can result in food loss or spoilage ahead of expectations, leading to waste and lost profits. Zest Fresh empowers fresh food producers and retailers to significantly reduce the post-harvest loss by providing real-time guidance to process adherence, intelligent distribution and best handling practices, with a goal of providing significant financial savings to fresh food producers and retailers.

Zest Labs has developed the industry's first freshness metric called the Zest Intelligent Pallet Routing Code ("ZIPR Code"). The ZIPR Code dynamically determines the actual shelf life of the tracked product, differentiated from the assumed shelf life reflected by date labels. Zest Labs has found that for most produce, the implied shelf life from date labels can be wrong roughly 30% of the time. As produce date labels are typically the same date for all product harvested on the same day, roughly 30% of the product harvested may have less shelf life than reflected on the date label. The ZIPR Code addresses this shortcoming with its dynamic shelf life determination based on actual handling at the pallet level. The ZIPR code empowers better decisions on routing and customer determination, significantly reducing waste due to early spoilage.

Zest Fresh is offered to fresh food producers, processors, distributors and retailers with pricing based on the number of pallets managed by Zest Fresh, typically from the field harvest through retail delivery. The Zest Fresh service includes a re-usable wireless Internet of Things (“IoT”) condition sensor that travels with the pallet of fresh food from the field or processor through retail delivery, continuously collecting product condition data. The collected pallet product data is analyzed, using artificial intelligence-based predictive analytics in real time by the Zest Fresh cloud application, with the fresh food producers and retailers accessing data through Zest Fresh web and mobile applications. Zest Fresh provides workers with real-time feedback on the current handling or processing of each pallet, empowering best practice adherence to achieve maximum freshness. Zest Fresh also provides dynamic updates as to actual product freshness for each pallet, enabling intelligent routing and inventory management of each pallet in a manner that ensures optimum delivered freshness. Zest also offers integrated blockchain support to grower and shipper customers via the Zest Fresh platform.

Zest Labs’ Zest Delivery solution helps to manage prepared food delivery from the restaurant through to the customer. Zest Delivery manages the delivery container environment, both monitoring and controlling the product condition. The value of Zest Delivery is to manage prepared meals in an ideal state for consumption, while accommodating extended pre-staging or delivery times. Extended pre-staging times are associated with “instant delivery” services of prepared meals, where the meals are often pre-staged in a delivery area ahead of demand. While pre-staging enables fast demand response time, it can result in prepared meals being staged for extended periods, which can potentially impact quality, value and safety. Zest Delivery monitors and controls the delivery container environment to preserve the prepared meal in ideal, ready to consume condition. Zest Delivery also provides the dispatcher with real-time remote visibility to the condition of available meals and confirming quality prior to dispatch. Zest Delivery provides automated, real-time visibility for a very distributed fleet of drivers, reflecting prepared meal food safety, quality and availability. Zest Delivery is offered to meal delivery companies based on the quantity of delivery containers and frequency of use.

Zest Labs currently holds rights to 67 U.S. patents (with additional patents pending), numerous related foreign patents, and U.S. copyrights relating to certain aspects of its Zest Labs’ software, hardware devices including Radio-Frequency Identification (“RFID”) technology, software, and services. In addition, Zest Labs has registered, and/or has applied to register trademarks and service marks in the U.S. and a number of foreign countries for “Intellex,” the Intellex logo, “Zest,” “Zest Data Services,” and the Zest, Zest Fresh and Zest Delivery logos, ZIPR and numerous other trademarks and service marks. Many of Zest Labs’ products have been designed to include licensed intellectual property obtained from third-parties. Laws and regulations related to wireless communications devices in the jurisdictions in which Zest Labs operates and seeks to operate are extensive and subject to change. Wireless communication devices, such as RFID readers, are subject to certification and regulation by governmental and standardization bodies. These certification processes are extensive and time consuming, and could result in additional testing requirements, product modifications or delays in product shipment dates.

Although most components essential to Zest Labs’ business are generally available from multiple sources, certain key components including, but not limited to, microprocessors, enclosures, certain RFID or other wireless custom integrated circuits, and application-specific integrated circuits are currently obtained by Zest Labs from single or limited sources, principally in Asia.

Zest Labs is part of a very competitive industry that markets solutions to fresh food supply chain users, such as fresh food growers, producers and retailers. Many other companies that are both more established and command much greater resources compete in this market. While Zest Fresh and Zest Delivery offer new technical approaches and new user value, it remains uncertain if Zest Labs will gain sufficient adoption of its products to make them viable in the market. Further, it is unclear what industry competitors are developing that might address similar user needs. Zest Labs’ products provide a new approach for industry participants, and as with any new approach, adoption is uncertain as many in the industry can be slow to embrace new technology and/or new approaches. These market challenges can lead to extended sales cycles that may include extended pilot testing often at Zest Labs’ expense, for which the outcome remains unclear until the completion of each test. For these reasons, and others, forecasting new business adoption and future revenue can be very difficult and volatile. However, the Company believes that its solutions offer restaurants, fresh food retailers, growers, shippers, processors and distributors an opportunity to differentiate their businesses in ways that the shipment of canned and boxed food products cannot, as competition in the grocery market continues to accelerate.

On May 18, 2017, the Company entered into an exchange agreement (the “Exchange Agreement”) with Zest Labs, 440labs, Inc., a Massachusetts corporation (“440labs”), Spherelt, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company (“Spherelt”) and three of 440labs’ executive employees. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, on May 23, 2017 the Company acquired all of the shares of 440labs in exchange for 300 shares of the Company’s common stock issued to Spherelt. 440labs is a cloud and mobile software developer which is now a subsidiary of Zest Labs. 440labs’ three executive employees signed employment agreements pursuant to which each of the three executive employees received 100 shares of the Company’s common stock and became employed by Zest Labs.

The acquisition of 440labs in May 2017 allowed Zest Labs to internally maintain its software development and information solutions for cloud, mobile, and IoT applications. 440labs is not expected to generate revenue for the Company. 440labs had been a key development partner with Zest Labs for more than four years prior to the May 2017 acquisition, contributing its expertise in scalable enterprise cloud solutions and mobile applications.

Discontinued Operations

Pioneer Products is located in Bentonville, Arkansas and is involved in the selling of recycled plastic products. This subsidiary recovers plastic waste from retail supply chains that is converted to new consumer products from the reclaimed materials, completing a closed loop and reducing waste sent to landfills. Pioneer Products was purchased by Ecoark in 2012. Pioneer Products acquired Sable in a stock transaction on May 3, 2016, so its results are included with Pioneer’s since May 2016. In May 2018 the Ecoark Holdings Board approved a plan to sell Pioneer. Any proceeds from a sale are not expected to be material.

Sable is located in Flowery Branch, Georgia and specializes in the sale, purchase and processing of and post-industrial plastic materials. It provides products to a variety of suppliers and customers throughout the plastics processing industry, from small extruders, molders and scrap collectors to large corporations. In May 2018 the Ecoark Holdings Board approved a plan to sell key assets of Sable. An agreement to sell the Sable assets was executed with an expected closing date of August 31, 2018, however, the buyer purportedly failed to obtain financing under terms acceptable to them and did not close timely, so the Company terminated the agreement.

On January 23, 2019 the Company executed a letter of intent with a potential buyer of key assets of Sable. The terms call \$800 for the sale of equipment and for the sale of inventory at fair value (which approximates cost) on the date of closing. The Company would retain receivables and payables incurred through closing. Due diligence activities are in process and are scheduled to conclude on March 4, 2019 with final closing expected to occur no later than March 11, 2019.

Magnolia Solar is located in Woburn, Massachusetts and is principally engaged in the development of nanotechnology-based, high-efficiency, thin-film technology that can be deposited on a variety of substrates, including glass and flexible structures. In May 2018 the Ecoark Holdings Board approved a plan to sell Magnolia Solar. Any proceeds from a sale are not expected to be material.

Competition

The Company’s subsidiaries operate in markets for products and services that are highly competitive and face aggressive competition in all areas of their business.

The market for cloud-based, real-time supply chain analytic solutions—the market in which Zest Labs competes—is rapidly evolving. There are several new competitors with competing technologies, including companies that have greater resources than Ecoark Holdings such as IBM, Oracle and SAP, which operate in this space. Some of these companies are subsidiaries of large publicly traded companies that have brand recognition, established relationships with retailers, and own the manufacturing process.

Pioneer Products competes in the market for recycled products to support sustainability programs of its customers. There are currently hundreds of sustainability programs available in the market. These programs are offered through retailers, manufacturers, and service providers. Several competitors operating in this industry are vertically integrated and offer recycled products similar to those sold by Pioneer.

Sales and Marketing

We sell our products and services principally through direct sales efforts and the utilization of third-party agents. Zest Labs has marketing operations and programs for demand generation, public relations, and branding/messaging.

Research and Development

We have devoted a substantial amount of our resources to software and hardware development activities in recent years, principally for the Zest Labs initiatives. Ecoark Holdings believes that, analyzing the competitive factors affecting the market for the solutions and services its subsidiaries provide, its products and services compete favorably by offering integrated solutions to customers. The Company has incurred research and development expenses of \$2,541 and \$4,639 in the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, to develop its solutions and differentiate those solutions from competitive offerings. We incurred no capitalized software development costs in the nine months ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

Intellectual Property

Ecoark Holdings and its subsidiaries have had 67 patents issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office, and additional patent applications are currently pending.

Critical Accounting Policies, Estimates and Assumptions

In reading and understanding the Company's discussion of results of operations, liquidity and capital resources, and the accompanying financial statements, one should be aware of key policies, judgments and assumptions that are important to the portrayal of financial conditions and results. The Company's continuing operations have not generated sufficient revenues and related cash flows to date to fund the Company's operations. That raises a question as to whether we are a "going concern". Because we have been successful at raising capital, we assume that we will continue operations and thus have not used liquidation accounting which would assume that liquidation was imminent.

Our revenues from periods prior to fiscal 2018 were generated principally from the sale of hardware. In the nine months ended December 31, 2018, revenues were principally from a professional services project and more importantly from Software as a Service ("SaaS") arrangements that we expect to be a principal source of revenue in the future. We adopted a new accounting policy for revenue recognition that had no impact on historical reported results, and it positions us for what we expect our business to be in the future. It requires judgment to apply, but in plain English it recognizes revenue when the Company fulfills the obligations it has committed to in agreements with customers. Judgment is also required to estimate the costs associated with those revenues.

A significant percentage of our operating expenses results from non-cash share-based compensation, which is typical of technology companies. We have granted shares, options and warrants to employees, consultants and investors as incentives to generate success for the Company instead of making cash payments. The accounting calculations for this type of compensation can be complex and are derived from models like the Black-Scholes option pricing model that requires judgment in making assumptions and developing estimates.

We have also invested heavily in research and development expenses. Those investments have required cash payments principally for the development of our software solutions and the testing of those solutions in our labs and on some customer projects. We have not capitalized any of that development effort, so there are no research and development costs to amortize in the future.

Given the strategic focus on Zest Labs moving forward, we are in the process of divesting the remaining assets and operations that principally consist of our plastic resin and trash can business. The decision to divest approved by our Board resulted in the reclassification of current and historical amounts related to those businesses. Judgment was required to estimate the fair value of the assets that we intend to sell. We have recorded impairments or non-cash write-downs of some of those assets, including intangible assets that include goodwill.

We have been conservative in our treatment of income taxes. Our historical losses have resulted in net operating losses for tax purposes. Applying accounting policies, we have recorded a "valuation allowance" against both current and future tax benefits of the losses. We will not recognize any benefits until such time as we are assured that we will generate taxable income.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

The discussion below addresses the Company's operations and liquidity which were impacted by the acquisition of 440labs in May 2017 and the sale of Eco3d in April 2017 as described above. Results from Eco3d, Sable, Pioneer Products and Magnolia Solar are included as discontinued operations in the statements of operations and therefore, the revenues and expenses for these entities are not included in the amounts and discussion of results of continuing operations below, except in the Net Loss summary.

Results of Continuing Operations for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Revenues, Cost of Revenues and Margins

Revenues for the three months ended December 31, 2018 were \$15 as compared to \$14 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and were comprised of SaaS revenues from produce growers and distributors.

Cost of revenues for the three months ended December 31, 2018 was \$17 as compared to \$112 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 resulting in gross loss of \$2 in 2018 and \$98 in 2017. The gross loss in 2017 was related to initial pilots with customers.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2018 were \$3,149 as compared to \$9,375 for the three months ended December 31, 2017. The \$6,226 decrease was due primarily to non-cash share-based compensation which decreased by \$5,236. Operating expenses excluding non-cash share-based compensation for the three months ended December 31, 2018 decreased \$990 from the three months ended December 31, 2017 due to decreases in selling, general and administrative expenses and research and development expenditures, each as described below.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2018 were \$1,943 compared with \$7,784 for the three months ended December 31, 2017. The \$5,841 decrease was principally due to a \$5,236 decrease in non-cash share-based compensation. Excluding non-cash share-based compensation for the three months ended December 31, 2018, selling general and administrative expenses decreased \$605 from \$1,738 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 to \$1,133 for the three months ended December 31, 2018, due to decreases in salaries and related costs, a decrease in the use of consultants and efforts to control general and administrative costs including travel and travel-related expenses.

Salaries and related costs for the three months ended December 31, 2018 were \$1,220, down \$5,238 from \$6,458 for the three months ended December 31, 2017. The decrease resulted primarily from a \$4,784 decrease in non-cash share-based compensation along with reductions in staff and salaries of employees that reduced cash expenditures. A portion of the share-based compensation was derived from estimates of stock option expense calculated using a Black-Scholes model which can vary based on assumptions utilized and share-based compensation expense from awards of stock grants. Additional information on that equity expense can be found in Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, which complies with critical accounting policies driven by Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 718-10.

Professional fees and consulting expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2018 of \$340, were down \$315 from \$655 incurred for the three months ended December 31, 2017 as the engagement of consultants was significantly decreased during the current period.

Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment

Depreciation, amortization and impairment expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2018 were \$306 compared to \$185 for the three months ended December 31, 2017. The \$121 increase primarily resulted from depreciation on the \$2,477 of assets previously classified as inventory that were reclassified to property and equipment as of March 31, 2018 as Zest Labs entered into SaaS contracts.

Research and Development

Research and development expense decreased by \$506 to \$900 in the three months ended December 31, 2018 compared with \$1,406 during the same period in 2017. The reduction in costs related primarily to the maturing of development of the Zest Labs freshness management and monitoring solution.

Interest Expense

Interest expense, net of interest income for the three months ended December 31, 2018 was \$362 as compared to net interest expense of \$11 for the three months ended December 31, 2017. The change resulted from fees associated with the demand note payable discussed in Note 7 that were netted from the initial loan funding and recognized as interest expense.

Net Loss

Net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2018 was \$4,270 as compared to \$10,017 for the three months ended December 31, 2017. The \$5,747 decrease in net loss was primarily due to the \$5,236 decrease in non-cash share-based compensation, a decrease in professional fees and a decrease in research and development expenditures, offset by a \$234 increase in loss from discontinued operations.

Results of Continuing Operations for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Revenues, Cost of Revenues and Margins

Revenues for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 were \$1,054 as compared to \$33 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. Revenues of \$1,000 were from Walmart. Walmart has not paid \$500 from the summer of 2018 after paying \$1,000 in prior months. Accordingly, we have established an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$500 in the event that Walmart does not pay these amounts. SaaS revenues of \$39 in 2018 were from projects with Costco and produce distributors and growers, while the revenue in 2017 was from projects with produce growers and distributors plus the sale of hardware.

Cost of revenues for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 was \$653 as compared to \$72 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017 resulting in gross profit of \$401 in 2018 and gross loss of \$39 in 2017. The significant increase in gross profit in 2018 was directly related to providing professional services to Walmart. The gross loss in 2017 was due primarily to royalties for cross license agreements on patents imbedded with Zest freshness solutions intellectual property.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 were \$9,992 as compared to \$33,447 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The \$23,455 decrease was due primarily to non-cash share-based compensation which decreased by \$19,499. Excluding non-cash share-based compensation for the nine months ended December 31, 2018, operating expenses decreased \$3,956 due to reductions in staff and salaries, reductions in other selling, general and administrative expenses and reduced research and development expenditures, each as described below.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 were \$6,527 compared with \$28,317 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The \$21,790 decrease was principally due to a \$19,496 decrease in non-cash share-based compensation. Excluding non-cash share-based compensation, selling general and administrative expenses decreased \$2,294 due to a decrease in salaries and related costs, a decrease in the use of consultants, and efforts to control general and administrative costs including travel and travel-related expenses offset by the \$500 charge related to the Walmart receivable.

Salaries and related costs for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 were \$4,240, down \$19,125 from \$23,365 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The decrease resulted primarily from a \$17,594 decrease in non-cash share-based compensation along with reductions in staff and salaries of employees that reduced cash expenditures by approximately \$3,000. A portion of the share-based compensation was derived from estimates of stock option expense calculated using a Black-Scholes model which can vary based on assumptions utilized and share-based compensation expense from awards of stock grants. Additional information on that equity expense can be found in Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, which complies with critical accounting policies driven by ASC 718-10.

Professional fees and consulting expenses for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 of \$306 were down \$2,232 from \$2,538 incurred for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. Non-cash share-based compensation expense decreased \$1,902, and the engagement of consultants was decreased during the current period.

Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment

Depreciation, amortization and impairment expenses for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 were \$924 compared to \$491 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The \$433 increase primarily resulted from depreciation on the \$2,477 of assets previously classified as inventory that were reclassified to property and equipment as of March 31, 2018 as Zest Labs entered into SaaS contracts and a full nine months of amortization of the identifiable intangible assets related to the 440labs acquisition in May 2017.

Research and Development

Research and development expense decreased by \$2,098 to \$2,541 in the nine months ended December 31, 2018 compared with \$4,639 during the same period in 2017. The reduction in costs related primarily to reduced spend on engineer salaries at Zest Labs and payments to reimburse Walmart for costs associated with work on a project in 2017 that did not recur in 2018.

Interest Expense

Interest expense, net of interest income, for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 was \$369 as compared to \$41 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The change resulted from fees associated with the demand note payable discussed in Note 7 that were netted from the initial loan funding and recognized as interest expense, offset by a reduction in interest expense on \$500 debt outstanding that was paid in full in July 2018.

Net Loss

Net loss for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 was \$11,883 as compared to \$35,593 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The \$23,710 decrease in net loss was primarily due to the \$19,499 decrease in non-cash share-based compensation, and decreases in salaries, professional fees and research and development expenditures and a \$762 decrease in loss from discontinued operations offset by the absence of the gain on sale of Eco3d of \$636 in April 2017.

Results of Discontinued Operations

On April 14, 2017, the Company sold the assets, liabilities and membership interests in Eco3d to a group led by executives of Eco3d after the Company's Board concluded that Eco3d did not fit the future strategic direction of the Company. In accordance with ASC 205-20 and having met the criteria for "held for sale", the Company had included amounts relating to Eco3d as part of discontinued operations in the three and nine months ended December 31, 2017. In addition, as a result of receiving letters of intent for the sale of key assets of Sable (principally equipment and inventory), Pioneer and Magnolia Solar, and the approval by the Company's Board in May 2018 to sell the assets, those assets are included in assets held for sale and their ongoing operations are classified in discontinued operations in all periods presented.

Loss from discontinued operations for the three months ended December 31, 2018 was \$757. Revenues from discontinued operations were \$2,815, all from Pioneer and Sable. This represented a 30% increase over 2017 driven by a 900 thousand pound increase in shipments at Sable. Losses from discontinued operations were \$743, including an impairment charge of \$400, for Pioneer and Sable and \$14 for Magnolia Solar. The increase in net loss from discontinued operations of nearly \$234 in 2018 compared with 2017 was principally due to a smaller impairment charge taken in 2018 compared to 2017 offset by continued losses in Sable operations in 2018.

For the three months ended December 31, 2017 loss from discontinued operations was \$523. Revenues from discontinued operations were \$2,101 for Pioneer and Sable and \$60 for Magnolia. Losses from discontinued operations were \$495 for Pioneer and Sable plus \$29 for Magnolia Solar.

Loss from discontinued operations for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 was \$1,923. Revenues from discontinued operations were \$7,941, an 18% increase over 2017, comprised of \$7,881 for Pioneer and Sable and \$60 for Magnolia Solar. Sable shipments increased by 2.8 million pounds, while Pioneer had a decrease in sales of consumer trash cans made from recycled materials due to a unit price decrease and fewer promotions by a customer. Losses from discontinued operations were \$1,859 for Pioneer and Sable and \$64 for Magnolia Solar. The reduction in net loss from discontinued operations of nearly \$763 in 2018 compared with 2017 was principally due to the smaller impairment charge taken in 2018 compared to 2017 and improvements in Sable operations in 2018.

For the nine months ended December 31, 2017, loss from discontinued operations was \$2,685. Revenues from discontinued operations were \$188 for Eco3d and \$6,490 for Pioneer and Sable. Losses from discontinued operations were \$57 for Eco3d and \$2,578 for Pioneer and Sable and \$50 at Magnolia Solar.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is the ability of a company to generate funds to support its current and future operations, satisfy its obligations, and otherwise operate on an ongoing basis. Significant factors in the management of liquidity are funds generated by operations, levels of accounts receivable and accounts payable and capital expenditures.

To date we have financed our operations through sales of common stock and the issuance of debt.

At December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2018, we had cash of \$846 and \$3,730, respectively, and negative working capital of \$441 at December 31, 2018 compared with working capital of \$3,261 at March 31, 2018. The higher cash balance at March 31, 2018 reflected \$3,587, net of expenses, raised in a private placement in March. The decrease in working capital reflects the \$2,884 lower cash balance plus a net increase in debt payable of \$500; and it does not take into account approximately \$800 of equipment at Sable that is not included in current assets, but may be converted to cash upon the sale contemplated in March 2019. The Company is dependent upon raising additional funds from additional loans from the \$10,000 credit facility described in Note 7 to the accompanying financial statements, other future financing transactions, the sale of Sable or other assets and or resolution of the lawsuit with Walmart.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$7,282 for the nine months ended December 31, 2018, as compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$14,911 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017. Cash used in operating activities is related to the Company's net loss partially offset by non-cash expenses, including share-based compensation and depreciation, amortization and impairments.

The \$7,629 reduction in net cash used in operating activities resulted from concerted efforts to reduce the cash burn which are described above in the discussion and analysis of results of operations. Significant reductions included approximately \$3,000 in salaries and related costs, \$2,000 in research and development expenditures, and a reduction in cash burn related to discontinued operations of approximately \$1,000.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$270 for the nine months ended December 31, 2018, as compared to net cash provided by investing activities of \$839 for the nine months ended December 31, 2017 which included \$2,100 proceeds from the sale of Eco3d.

Net cash provided by financing activities in 2018 was \$4,668 compared with \$7,599 in 2017, primarily from the issuance of common stock, net of fees, of \$4,221 and borrowing of \$1,000 (\$635, net of fees and expenses) under the demand note payable in 2018 and \$9,106 from the issuance of common stock, net of fees, in 2017. The Company paid off \$500 of debt in July 2018 and purchased treasury shares from employees for tax withholdings of \$53 in 2018 and \$1,507 in 2017.

At December 31, 2018, future minimum lease payments required under operating leases of continuing operations by fiscal year are as follows: \$2019 - \$41 and 2020 - \$127. Including the lease at Sable would result in minimum lease payments in the following fiscal years of \$137 in 2019, \$510 in 2020, \$386 in 2021, \$389 in 2022 and \$293 in 2023.

Since our inception, the Company has experienced negative cash flow from operations and may experience significant negative cash flow from operations in the future. We will need to raise additional funds in the future to continue to expand the Company's operations and meet its obligations. The Company raised additional capital through the issuance of common stock, net of fees, in private placements, issuances under equity purchase agreements and sales of convertible notes of \$12,693 in the year ended March 31, 2018 and \$4,856 in the nine months ended December 31, 2018, primarily through the issuance of common stock and a note payable related to a \$10,000 demand line of credit facility that provided cash net of fees of \$635. The Company will rely on the \$10,000 demand line of credit to fund its current operations until it can generate significant revenue and profit. There is no guarantee that the lender will be able to fund the \$10,000 line of credit or it will be available to the Company.

Obtaining additional financing and the successful development of the Company's strategic plan to achieve profitability are necessary for the Company to continue operations. There can be no assurance that such capital will be available or on terms acceptable to the Company. Further, there can also be no assurance that the Company will meet the SEC's Form S-3 eligibility requirements to use its shelf registration aggregate if the market value of the outstanding common stock held by the Company's non-affiliates remains below \$75 million.

Generating capital through completion of the divesting of non-core assets and resolution of the lawsuit against Walmart described in Legal Proceedings elsewhere in this quarterly report is also uncertain. The inability to obtain additional capital may restrict our ability to grow and may reduce the ability to continue to conduct business operations as a going concern.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2018, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, as of December 31, 2018, the Company carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's current management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer), who concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective given the identification of two material weaknesses in controls.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in Company reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We have advised our audit committee of two material weaknesses in internal control. The first weakness relates to inadequate segregation of duties consistent with control objectives. In an effort to reduce expenses, the Company reduced its accounting and administrative staff at the parent company level to the extent that achieving desired control objectives were deemed at risk.

The second weakness relates to violations of the Company's delegation of authority and related policies that were established and approved by the board of directors. The Company is working with the board and board committees to communicate and reemphasize Company policies including the delegation of authority to reduce the risk of errors or omissions that could result in inaccurate or incomplete disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may become involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our operations in the normal course of business. We are presently involved in litigation including a suit filed by the Company in Arkansas on August 1, 2018, and a suit we filed in Maryland to collect a receivable from a customer. To the best of our knowledge, no governmental authority is contemplating any proceeding to which we are a party or to which any of our properties or businesses are subject, which would reasonably be likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

On August 1, 2018, Ecoark Holdings, Inc. and Zest Labs, Inc. filed a complaint against Walmart Inc. in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas, Western Division. The complaint includes claims for violation of the Arkansas Trade Secrets Act, violation of the federal Defend Trade Secrets Act, breach of contract, unfair competition, unjust enrichment, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, conversion and fraud. Ecoark Holdings and Zest Labs are seeking damages of more than two billion dollars and other related relief to the extent it is deemed proper by the court. The Company does not believe that expenses incurred in pursuing the complaint will have a material effect on the Company's net income or financial condition for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019 or any individual fiscal quarter. On October 22, 2018, the Court issued an order setting a trial date of June 1, 2020. The order also established deadlines for the completion of fact discovery by October 15, 2019, opening expert reports on October 24, 2019, and dispositive motions, on January 22, 2020.

On June 20, 2018, a complaint against the Company and certain affiliates was filed by a former consultant in the U.S. District Court - Northern District of California. The complaint refers to an advisory agreement dated January 1, 2015 with Ecoark, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, in which the former consultant was to provide advice and consultation to Ecoark, Inc. in exchange for consulting fees, expenses and a warrant to purchase equity in Ecoark, Inc. The matter was settled in January 2019. The Company recorded a charge of \$20 in connection with the settlement of the matter.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors affecting our business that were discussed in Part I. "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2018 filed with the SEC on June 28, 2018.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

We did not sell any securities during the quarter ended December 31, 2018, which were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The following table contains information regarding shares of common stock withheld from employees in lieu of amounts required to satisfy minimum tax withholding requirements upon vesting of the employees' stock during the three months ended December 31, 2018. The shares of common stock withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations may be deemed purchases of such shares required to be disclosed pursuant to this Item 2.

(Number of shares in thousands)	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share (1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Amount of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased
October 1, 2018 to October 31, 2018	4	\$ 1.03		
November 1, 2018 to November 30, 2018	4	\$ 0.99		
December 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018	4	\$ 0.74		

(1) The average price paid per share is the weighted-average of the fair market prices at which we calculated the number of shares withheld to cover tax withholdings for the employees.

ITEM 3. DEFAULT UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

* Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Ecoark Holdings, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: February 11, 2019

By: /s/ RANDY MAY
Randy May
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 11, 2019

By: /s/ JAY OLIPHANT
Jay Oliphant
Principal Financial and Accounting Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES OXLEY ACT OF 2002
AND RULE 13A-14 OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

CERTIFICATION

I, Randy May, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Ecoark Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(f) and 15d – 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of the annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 11, 2019

/s/ Randy May

Randy May
Chief Executive Officer and
Principal Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES OXLEY ACT OF 2002
AND RULE 13A-14 OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

CERTIFICATION

I, Jay Oliphant, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Ecoark Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(f) and 15d – 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of the annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 11, 2019

/s/ Jay Oliphant

Jay Oliphant

Principal Financial and Accounting Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S. C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Ecoark Holdings, Inc., (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Randy May, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 11, 2019

/s/ Randy May

Randy May
Chief Executive Officer and
Principal Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S. C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Ecoark Holdings, Inc., (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jay Oliphant, Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 11, 2019

/s/ Jay Oliphant

Jay Oliphant

Principal Financial and Accounting Officer