

Owner's Manual

DRACO 9S

SEMI-AUTO PISTOL

Cal. 9MM LUGER



Congratulations on your purchase of the Draco 9S Semi-Auto Pistol. With proper care and handling, it will give you long, reliable service. The Draco 9S is a semi-automatic pistol chambered for the 9x19mm cartridge. The Draco 9S pistol is capable of accepting Scorpion™ magazines.

We specifically disclaim any responsibility for damage or injury whatsoever, occurring as a result of the use of faulty, non-standard or remanufactured ammunition, any modifications or changes made to the firearm; improper use or unsafe handling of the firearm.

Always keep this manual with your firearm. Make sure you understand all the warnings, operation instructions and safety procedures. When you lend, give or sell the firearm, be sure this manual goes with it. You can get a copy of this manual from Century Arms on request.

**FIREARMS SAFETY IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SHOOTER.
ALWAYS TREAT ALL FIREARMS AS IF THEY WERE LOADED AT ALL
TIMES!**

Scorpion is a Trademark of CZ.



IMPORTANT!

**READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS IN
THIS BOOKLET BEFORE USING THIS FIREARM.**



IMPORTANT SAFETY MESSAGE

Children are attracted to and can operate firearms which can cause severe injuries or death. Prevent child access by always keeping gun locked, unloaded and separated from ammunition when not in use. If you keep a loaded firearm where a child obtains and improperly uses it, you may be fined or sent to prison.

Firearm Safety Depends on You

A gun is only as safe as the person operating it. You can never be overly careful when handling a firearm. Carelessness is often the cause of shooting accidents, such as failing to keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction, not being sure of your target and what is behind it, failing to properly engage the safety, leaving ammunition in the chamber or using improper loads. Since a bullet can never be called back once fired, such errors in gun handling can result in the loss of life, severe injury or property damage thus, it is crucial for your safety and the safety of those around you that you learn the principles of safe gun handling and storage before you begin to use your new firearm. Be a safe shooter - please read this instruction book thoroughly even if this is not your first firearm purchase as not all firearms are the same. The first step in being a safe shooter is to learn the rules for the safe operation and handling of firearms. **There is nothing more important in gun handling than safety.**

THE TEN COMMANDMENTS OF FIREARM SAFETY

The Ten Commandments of Firearm Safety must be etched into your memory before you begin to handle firearms. These rules are intended to be followed by all persons handling firearms in the field, on the range or at home. Please read, review and understand these rules before you begin to use or even take your new firearm out of its box. Remember, firearms safety depends on you! Memorizing these safety rules will help prevent gun accidents. Please study these safety rules before handling your firearm.



Commandment #1

Always Keep the Muzzle Pointed in a Safe Direction

This is the most basic and most important safety rule. A safe direction is one in which an accidental discharge will not cause injury to yourself, to others or property damage. This is particularly important when loading or unloading your firearm. Never point your gun at anything you do not intend to shoot. Treat every gun as if it were loaded at all times.



Commandment #2

Firearms Should Be Unloaded When Not Actually in Use

Firearms should only be loaded when you are in the field or on the target range or shooting area, ready to shoot. When not in use, firearms and ammunition should be secured in a safe place, separate from each other. Remember to unload your firearm completely so that there is no ammunition in the chamber or magazine. Before handling this or any firearm, or handing it to someone else, visually check the chamber and magazine to ensure they do not contain ammunition. Always keep the gun's action open when not in use. Never assume a gun is unloaded - even if you were the last person to use it. Never cross a fence, climb a tree, wade through a stream or perform any awkward movement with a loaded gun. When in doubt, unload your gun! Never pull or push a loaded firearm

toward yourself or another person. Never carry a loaded gun in a scabbard, a holster not being worn or a gun case - common sense prevails in gun safety!

Commandment #3



Don't Completely Rely on Your Gun's Safety

Treat every gun as though it could fire at any time, even if you are not applying pressure to the trigger. The "safety" on a firearm is a mechanical device which, like any such device, can become inoperable at the worst possible time and fail to function. By mistake, you may think the safety is "ON" when it actually is not. Or you may think your gun is unloaded when there is actually a round of ammunition in it. The safety serves as a supplement to proper gun handling but cannot serve as a substitute for common sense. Never handle a gun carelessly and assume that the gun won't fire just because "the safety is on." Never touch the firearm's trigger until you are ready to shoot. Keep your fingers away from the trigger when loading or unloading. Never pull the trigger when the safety is engaged or when the safety is positioned between the "SAFE" and "FIRE" positions. Never place your finger on the trigger unless you intend to fire.

Alcohol, Drugs and Guns Don't Mix. Make No Mistake About It!

Never handle firearms after consuming alcohol or taking drugs that can affect your judgment. Shoot sober! Alcohol, certain kinds of drugs and firearms don't mix. Safe firearms handling requires alertness and concentration on one's actions. You cannot handle a firearm safely after consuming alcohol. Never consume anything that can impair your judgment or physical coordination when handling a firearm.

Commandment #4



Be Sure of Your Target - And What Is Beyond It!

Once fired, a bullet (or shot charge) can never be called back; so before you shoot, know where the bullet is going and what it will strike. Be certain your shot will not injure someone or strike something beyond the target. Never fire in the direction of noise, a movement or at any object you cannot positively identify. Be aware that a .22 Short bullet can travel over 1 ¼ miles. A centerfire cartridge, such as the .30-06, can send its bullet over 3 miles. Shotgun pellets can travel 500 yards and a shotgun slug has a range of over a half mile. Make sure your shot has a safe backstop such as a hillside. Keep in mind how far the bullet will travel if it misses your intended target. Once fired, a bullet can never be called back. You are responsible for your actions and judgment.

Commandment #5



Use the Correct Ammunition

Every firearm is designed to use a certain caliber or gauge of ammunition. It is important that you use the correct ammunition for your firearm. Information on the correct ammunition to use with your firearm appears in the firearm's instruction manual and the manufacturer's markings on the firearm itself. Use of the wrong ammunition, improperly reloaded ammunition or corroded ammunition can result in the destruction of the firearm, serious personal injury and/or death. Form the habit of examining every round of ammunition before you put it into your gun to ensure it is of the proper gauge or caliber and that it is in good condition.



Commandment #6

If Your Gun Fails to Fire When the Trigger Is Pulled, Handle With Care
If a cartridge or shell does not fire when the trigger is pulled, follow **Commandment #1** and keep the firearm's muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Keep the muzzle down range with the action closed and wait at least 30 seconds (to ensure that the ammunition is not delayed in firing) before carefully opening the action, unloading the firearm and safely disposing of the ammunition.



Commandment #7

Always Wear Eye and Ear Protection When Shooting
Exposure to shooting noise can permanently damage hearing. Flying debris, such as powder residue and ejected cartridge cases, can injure your eyes. Thus, it is only common sense to wear both eye protection (such as shooting glasses) and ear protection (such as a sound-muffling headset) whenever shooting. Also, wear eye protection when cleaning or disassembling your gun to ensure that cleaning solvent and tensioned parts (such as springs) do not come into contact with your eyes.



Commandment #8

Be Sure the Barrel Is Clear of Obstructions Before Shooting
Discharging a firearm with an obstruction in the barrel can result in personal injury, property damage and/or death. Before you load your firearm, check the chamber and magazine to ascertain that no ammunition is inside. Also, check the inside of the barrel (called the "bore") to ensure it is free of obstructions. Even a small amount of mud, snow or excess lubricating oil or grease in the bore can cause excessive pressures resulting in a bulged or burst barrel which can injure or kill the shooter and bystanders. It is a good idea to make a habit of cleaning the bore and checking for obstructions with a cleaning rod just before each shooting session. If the noise or recoil experienced upon firing seems low or weak, or something doesn't feel "right," cease firing immediately and check to make sure that there is no obstruction in the barrel. Placing an undersized shell or cartridge into a gun (such as a 20 gauge shell in a shotgun chambered for 12 gauge ammunition) can result in the smaller round of ammunition falling into the barrel and acting as an obstruction. When a round is subsequently fired, the barrel may burst, causing injury to the shooter and bystanders. For reference, re-read Commandment #5.



Commandment #9

Do Not Alter or Modify Your Gun and Have It Serviced Regularly
Firearms are complex mechanisms that are designed to function properly in their original condition. Any alterations or changes made to a firearm after its manufacture can make the gun unsafe and will void its warranty. Do not jeopardize your safety or the safety of others by altering the trigger, mechanical safety or other mechanisms of your firearm. You should have your firearm periodically checked for proper functioning and serviced by a qualified gunsmith.



Commandment #10

Learn the Mechanical and Handling Characteristics of Your Firearm
Not all firearms operate the same way. The method of carrying, handling and operating firearms varies with the mechanical characteristics of each gun. Thus, you should never handle any firearm until you become familiar with the safe handling,

loading, unloading and carrying procedures for that particular firearm, as well as the rules for safe gun handling in general.



LEAD WARNING!

Discharging firearms in poorly ventilated areas, cleaning firearms or handling ammunition may result in exposure to lead and other substances known to cause birth defects, reproductive harm and other serious injuries. Have adequate ventilation at all times when shooting. Wash hands thoroughly after exposure.

Basics of Safe Gun Handling

1. Always keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.
2. Firearms should be unloaded when not actually in use.
3. Don't totally rely on your gun's safety.
4. Be sure of your target and what is beyond it.
5. Use the correct ammunition for your firearm.
6. If your gun fails to fire when the trigger is pulled, handle with care.
7. Always wear eye and ear protection when shooting and cleaning.
8. Be sure the barrel is clear of obstructions before shooting.
9. Don't alter or modify your firearm and have your firearm(s) serviced regularly.
10. Learn the mechanics and handling characteristics of the firearm you are using.

Safe gun handling depends on you! A safe shooter is a knowledgeable shooter.



WARNING! STOP SHOOTING IMMEDIATELY AND UNLOAD YOUR FIREARM if your firearm develops a mechanical malfunction; binding or stoppage, spitting powder/gas, a cartridge primer is punctured, a cartridge case is bulged or ruptured, or the sound on firing does not sound quite right. Do NOT try one more shot, but unload your firearm and take it and the ammunition to a qualified gunsmith or send it back to Century Arms for examination. Do not assume that the firearm is empty merely because you checked the chamber. You must also check the bore for any obstruction.



WARNING! Always ensure that the ammunition you are using is clean, undamaged and of the proper caliber before loading your pistol. The manufacturer and distributor of this pistol disclaim any liability for the use of remanufactured, reloaded or hand-loaded ammunition. Protect your investment in this fine firearm by using only factory fresh, quality ammunition. The use of improper caliber or low quality ammunition could result in injury, death and/or property damage upon firing. Remember, firearms safety depends on you!

Specifications:

Caliber: 9mm Luger

Type of Firearm: semi-automatic pistol

Magazine Capacity: accepts standard Scorpion™ 9mm magazines

Sights: fully adjustable front sight, fixed rear sight Overall Length: 19.1"

Barrel Length: 11.14"

Weight: 6.38 lbs.

Illustration #1

Diagram showing major operational parts of the Draco 9S Semi-Auto Pistol

Study of this picture will aid you in understanding the instructions in this booklet.

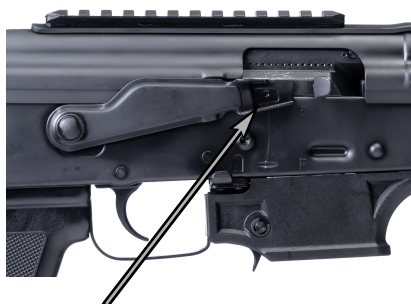


- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. Barrel | 6. Dust Cover | 11. Forend | 16. Pistol Grip |
| 2. Front Sight | 7. Recoil Spring Cam | 12. Receiver | |
| 3. Gas Tube | 8. Rail | 13. Mag Adapter | |
| 4. Rear Sight | 9. Sling Swivel | 14. Mag Release | |
| 5. Bolt | 10. Handguard Ring | 15. Trigger | |

Safety: The safety lever is in the “SAFE” position when it is moved to its uppermost (top) position on the receiver. You should hear an audible “click” when it is correctly in place. (See Illustration #2.)

NOTE: When the safety lever is in its lower position on the receiver, the safety lever is in the “FIRE” position. (See Illustration #3.)

Illustration #2



Safety lever in upper “SAFE” position.

Illustration #3



Safety lever in lower or “FIRE” position. Pulling the trigger when the safety lever is in the lower position will result in the pistol firing if there is a round in the chamber! Exercise extreme caution when handling pistol in this condition.

Illustration #4



Bolt Charging Handle: Located on right hand side of the firearm protrudes from the bolt carrier used for pulling bolt rearward. (See Illustration #4.)



Bolt charging handle.

To Load the Pistol



WARNING! Before loading, make sure the inside of the barrel is free of dirt or other obstructions.

WARNING! Always check each cartridge to ensure it is of the correct caliber before loading the firearm.

WARNING! Never load a firearm indoors. An accidental discharge will cause property damage, serious injury and/or death! Never use live ammunition to function test your pistol indoors.

WARNING! Keep fingers away from the trigger while loading.

WARNING! Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction.

WARNING! The safety lever should not extend below the safety lever stop on the bottom of the receiver or rise past the receiver cover. If it does, put the lever in the safe position by rotating it either up or down into the safe position. If this occurs, have the pistol inspected by a competent gunsmith before further use.

1. Place the safety lever in the “SAFE” position. The safety lever is in the “SAFE” position when it is moved to its uppermost (top) position on the receiver. You should hear an audible “click” when it is correctly in place. (See Illustration #2.) **NOTE: When the safety lever is in its lower position on the receiver, the safety lever is in the “FIRE” position. (See Illustration #3.)**



WARNING! Pulling the trigger when the safety lever is in this lower position will result in the pistol firing a round. To avoid serious injury, death or causing property damage, make sure you know the “SAFE” and “FIRE” positions of the safety lever before attempting to load your pistol!

2. Load the magazine with the correct ammunition by pressing the cartridges one at a time into the magazine's feed lips. When loading the rounds into the magazine, ensure the base of the cartridge is in contact with the back of the magazine. (See Illustration #5.)
3. Pick up the firearm with your primary hand and the magazine with your other. Insert the front of the magazine into the magazine well. (See Illustration #6.)
4. Rotate the magazine rearward until it engages the latch. You should hear an audible click when it locks into place, pull down on the magazine to ensure it has locked into place properly.

Illustration #5



Illustration #6



5. Keeping the muzzle pointed in a safe direction, move the safety lever downward to the "FIRE" position. (See Illustration #3.)
6. Pull back the bolt charging handle to its fully-rearward position and release. As it moves rapidly forward under spring pressure, the bolt will strip a round from the magazine and insert it into the chamber of the barrel, readying the pistol for firing. (See Illustration #7.) The pistol is now loaded and ready to fire.

Illustration #7



Round being
stripped from
the magazine.

7. Place the pistol back on "SAFE." (See Illustration #2.)



WARNING! The pistol is now loaded and will fire if the safety lever is moved downward to the "FIRE" position and the trigger is pulled! Handle with extreme caution and keep the muzzle (the end of the barrel) pointed in a safe direction!

To Fire the Pistol

1. Keeping the **10 Commandments of Shooting Safety** in mind, aim the pistol downrange at the target. When firing this pistol you may need to experiment with different shooting styles until you find the method which best suits your sporting activity. Remember to always fire the pistol in such a manner that you can maintain a safe muzzle direction at all times.
2. Disengage the safety lever by moving it to the "FIRE" position. (See Illustration #3.)
3. After aligning the sights on your target; Place your finger inside the triggerguard and on the trigger.
4. Keep your sights aligned on the target; Slowly pull the trigger to fire the first round.
5. Being a semi-automatic pistol, the pistol's action (its moving parts) will cycle after the first round is fired. As the bolt moves rearward, the extractor will pull the empty cartridge case from the chamber and eject it from the pistol. (Make sure there are no bystanders in close proximity on either side of the pistol who could be injured by the ejected cartridge case or gasses expelled from the pistol.) **NOTE: If the trigger is pressed again, the pistol will fire! Keep the pistol pointed in a safe direction.**
6. Firing may be continued in this manner until the magazine is empty and bolt holds open.



7. When firing is finished, place the safety lever in the "SAFE" position. (See Illustration #2.)



WARNING! The barrel and gas tube block and tube will be very hot after firing!

WARNING! Keep your fingers away from the muzzle!

WARNING! Always unload your pistol immediately after use and prior to cleaning and storage to minimize the risk of an accidental discharge. If your pistol ever fails to fire keep it pointed at the target for at least 30 seconds in the event of a hangfire (slow ignition). If the round still does not fire, remove the magazine, eject and discard the bad round. Reload the pistol to resume firing.

Unloading the Pistol



WARNING! Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction.

1. Move the safety lever to the "SAFE" position. (See Illustration #2.)
2. Remove the magazine. With your primary hand holding the receiver, remove your other hand from the pistol grip and grasp the magazine using your thumb depress the magazine release. (See Illustration #8.) You will now be able to pull down on the magazine of the pistol and remove it from the magazine well in the receiver. (See Illustration #9.)

Illustration #8



Illustration #9



3. Move the safety lever to the "FIRE" position. (See Illustration #3.) Check the pistol's chamber to ensure it does not contain a round by pulling back on the bolt charging handle. (See Illustration #4.) While holding the bolt open, inspect the chamber to ensure it is empty. Once you have determined that the chamber is empty, release the bolt handle allowing the bolt to close. Return the safety to the "SAFE" position. (See Illustration #2.)
4. In the event that a cartridge remains in the chamber after pulling the trigger and the extractor fails to remove it (whether or not it has fired), you should remove the magazine, then work the bolt charging handle several times to try to eject the cartridge. If this does not eject the cartridge, ride the bolt charging handle home (slowly allow it to return to its forward position without allowing it to impact the back of the cartridge casing). Follow the instructions found on page 10 to field strip your pistol before attempting to remove the cartridge. If after field stripping your pistol you are still unable to remove the cartridge casing, do not reassemble the pistol. Take the pistol to a competent gunsmith to remove the round and ensure proper functioning.



WARNING! The pistol will fire if the magazine is removed and if the trigger is pulled when a cartridge is in the chamber.

WARNING! If dropped, any firearm could fire when there is a cartridge in the chamber and the safety lever is in the "FIRE" position.

Field Stripping



WARNING! Before beginning the disassembly process, check to ensure the pistol is not loaded. To do so, follow the procedures detailed in the **Unloading the Pistol** section on page 9.



WARNING! Wear eye protection, such as shooting glasses or goggles, when disassembling your firearm to protect your eyes from tensioned parts, such as springs that could be dislodged during disassembly.

1. Remove the magazine from the pistol. To do so, follow the procedures detailed in the **Unloading the Pistol** section on page 9.
2. Move the safety lever to the "FIRE" position by rotating the safety lever downward. (See Illustration #3.)
3. Check the pistol's chamber to ensure it does not contain a round by pulling back on the bolt charging handle. (See Illustration #4.) While holding the bolt open, inspect the chamber to ensure it is empty. Once you have determined that the chamber is empty, release the bolt handle allowing the bolt to close. **Remove all live ammunition, loaded magazines and other firearms from the working area. Never assume a firearm is unloaded.**
4. While maintaining a safe muzzle direction, raise the receiver cover by holding the pistol in a secure position (across your lap, resting on a table, etc.) and grasping the rear part of the receiver with your hand, press the recoil spring cam forward. Then raise the receiver cover from the back end first with your other hand. (See Illustration #10.)
5. Remove the recoil spring assembly from the pistol by holding the forward portion of the receiver with your primary hand and pressing on the back of the recoil spring cam with your other hand until its rear face leaves the groove in the rear of the receiver. Lift the recoil spring cam and remove the recoil spring assembly from the bolt channel. (See Illustration #11.)
NOTE: The recoil spring assembly is under spring pressure. Hold on to the assembly when removing it or injury could result.

Illustration #10



Spring loaded release button.

Illustration #11



6. Remove the buffer. (See Illustration #12.)
7. Remove the bolt from the pistol by holding the receiver with your primary hand and the charging handle with your other hand. Pull the bolt to the rear as far as possible. Once the back of the bolt contacts the backplate of the receiver, lift the rear portion of the bolt and remove it from the receiver. (See Illustration #13.)

Illustration #12



Illustration #13



Reassembly

1. Make sure that the hammer is cocked (locked underneath the sear) before attempting to install the bolt.
2. Install the bolt back onto the receiver by holding the forward portion of the receiver with your primary hand and with your other hand take the bolt. Align the back face of the bolt with the inside face of the back plate of the receiver. Using the heel of your hand, depress the bolt against the pressure from the hammer spring so that the guide grooves on the sides of the bolt are aligned with the rails on the receiver and move the bolt to its fully forward position. (See Illustrations #14 - #15.)
3. Install the buffer. (See Illustration #12.)

Illustration #14



Illustration #15



4. Install the recoil spring assembly on the pistol by holding the forward portion of the receiver with your primary hand, and with your other hand, insert the recoil spring retainer into the bolt channel. Move the recoil spring cam forward, placing its guide lugs in front of the grooves in the receiver rear plate. Depress the recoil spring cam until its guide lugs are aligned with the channel on the top of the receiver rear plate. Release pressure on the recoil spring cam which will allow it to move rearward and lock into the receiver.
5. To install the dust cover on the pistol, rotate the dust cover down and slightly press the cam forward while pressing down on the dust cover.
6. Move the safety lever to the "SAFE" position. (See Illustration #2.)

Magazine Interface

The Draco 9S pistol is capable of accepting standard 9x19mm Scorpion™ magazines.

1. To remove the magazine interface, with pistol unloaded push the interface lock lever forward toward the muzzle. Pull down on the back of the interface and remove it from the pistol. (See Illustrations #16 - #18)
2. Turn the interface upside down and push the magazine adapter out of the interface. (Illustration #19.)
3. Reverse steps to reassemble.

Illustration #16



Illustration #17



Illustration #18



Illustration #19



Cleaning the Pistol



WARNING! Before beginning the cleaning process, check to ensure the pistol is unloaded. (See the **Unloading the Pistol** section on page 9.)

WARNING! You should wear eye protection, such as shooting glasses or goggles, when cleaning your firearm to protect your eyes from tensioned parts, such as springs, that may become dislodged during disassembly.

1. Obtain a quality pistol cleaning kit and thoroughly review the manufacturer's instructions.
2. Follow the pistol disassembly procedures. (See page 10.)
3. To clean the barrel, select the correct caliber cleaning brush and attach it to a cleaning rod.
4. Dampen the brush with gun cleaning solvent and then push the brush through the barrel several times.
5. Remove the brush and attach a correctly sized cloth cleaning patch to the cleaning rod and push it through the barrel several times to remove loosened fouling.
6. Repeat this process with the brush and cleaning patches until a final patch comes out clean after swabbing the bore. Lightly oil the bore.
7. Remove shooting residue from the pistol's action parts and outer surfaces by wiping them with a soft cloth dabbed in gun cleaning solvent. Then be sure to remove all excess solvent and dry them.
8. Finally, wipe down all outer surfaces with a soft cloth dipped in a good quality gun oil.



WARNING! There may be sharp edges on parts of the firearm. Keep your fingers protected by wearing a pair of protective gloves when cleaning.



WARNING! Excessive use of cleaning solvents or lubricants can adversely affect your pistol's functioning. Wipe the inside of the barrel dry before firing and ensure that it is free of obstructions.

WARNING! Some cleaning solvents produce hazardous vapors. Read and follow the solvent manufacturer's cautions found on the product's package.

WARNING! Handling ammunition and cleaning firearms results in exposure to lead and other substances that can pose health risks. Wash your hands and face after firing your pistol or after cleaning it.

WARNING! This firearm should be checked periodically for worn or damaged parts by a competent gunsmith. This will help ensure its safe functioning and a long service life.

Cleaning Intervals

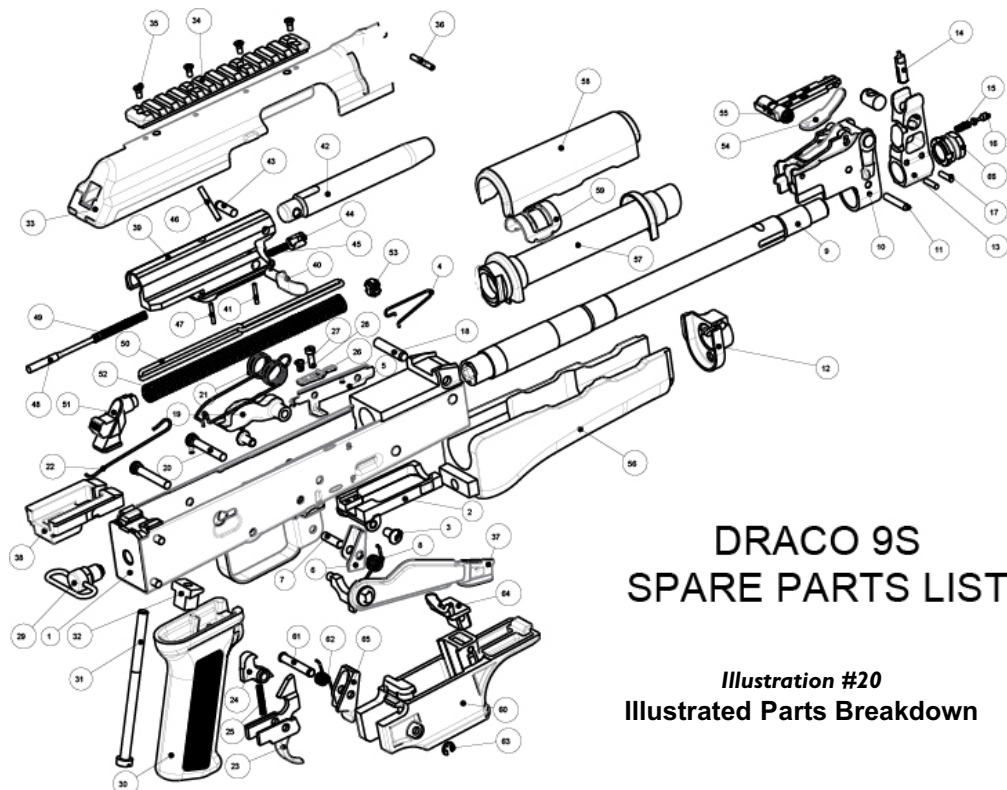
Always clean your pistol as soon as possible after firing to prevent buildup of shooting residue and to prevent corrosion from starting. To maintain your pistol in good working order, it should be cleaned regularly even if it has not been fired. If you live in a low-humidity area, this may mean doing a full clean once or twice a year; but if you live in a high-humidity area, it may be necessary to clean your pistol as often as once a week.

NOTE: *In freezing weather (below 32° F. or 0° C.), the use of a dry lubricant (instead of oil) for lubrication may work better.*

Storage

Your pistol should be thoroughly cleaned and lightly lubricated before being put away for storage. A light coating of good quality gun oil should be applied to all exposed surfaces. Remove all excess lubrication and use a cleaning rod and cleaning patch to make sure that the bore (the inside of the barrel) is dry and free of obstructions when you remove your pistol from storage and before firing it. **CHECK TO ENSURE THAT YOUR PISTOL IS NOT LOADED BEFORE STORING IT. ALWAYS STORE FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION SEPARATE FROM EACH OTHER AND OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. REFERENCE YOUR HOME STATE'S FIREARMS REGULATIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.**

NOTE: *The use of reloaded, remanufactured, hand-loaded or other non-standard ammunition may result in damage to the pistol and injury or death to the shooter and/or bystanders. The manufacturer does not accept responsibility for malfunctions resulting from use of such ammunition.*



DRACO 9S SPARE PARTS LIST

Illustration #20
Illustrated Parts Breakdown

Crt. No.	DESIGNATE	REFERENCE	Pcs/prod
1	RECEIVER ASSEMBLY	NAK9S.01.00.00.00	1
2	EXTRACTOR BASE	NAK9S.01.00.00.13	1
3	EXTRACTOR BASE SCREW	CSXBTH-073W-M5-10	2
4	BOLT STOP SPRING	NAK9S.01.00.00.15	1
5	BOLT STOP	NAK9S.01.00.00.14.2	1
6	ADAPTER CATCH	NAK9S.01.00.00.06	1
7	ADAPTER CATCH PIN	AK22.01.00.00.08	1
8	ADAPTER CATCH SPRING	AK22.01.00.00.09	1
9	BARREL	NAK9S.00.00.00.01	1
10	REAR SIGHT BASE	NAK9S.02.00.00.00	1
11	REAR SIGHT BASE PIN	AK22.00.00.00.04	1
12	LOVER HANDGUARD RETAINER	AK22.13.00.00.00	1
13	FRONT SIGHT BASE	NAK9S.04.00.00.02	1
14	FRONT SIGHT	AK22.04.00.00.03	1
15	BARREL BUSHING DETENT SPRING	AK22.00.00.00.10	1
16	BARREL DETENT PIN	AK22.00.00.00.11	1
17	FRONT SIGHT BASE PIN	AK22.00.00.00.12	2
18	BARREL PIN	AK22.00.00.00.02	1
19	HAMMER	NAK9S.00.00.00.17	1
20	TRIGGER PIN	AK22.00.00.00.18	2
21	HAMMER SPRING	NAK9S.00.00.00.19	1
22	HAMMER PIN RETAINER SPRING	AK22.00.00.00.20	1
23	TRIGGER	AK22.06.00.00.01	1
24	BEAR	AK22.06.00.00.02	1
25	BEAR SPRING	AK22.06.00.00.03	1
26	EJECTOR	NAK9S.00.00.00.27.2	1
27	SCREW M3.5x5	NAK9S.00.00.00.31	1
28	SCREW M3.5x11	NAK9S.00.00.00.34	1
29	SLING ASSEMBLY	NAK9S.14.00.00.00	1
30	PISTOL GRIP	AK22.00.00.00.14	1
31	PISTOL GRIP SCREW	NAK9S.00.00.00.15	1
32	PISTOL GRIP NUT	AK22.00.00.00.16	1
33	DUST COVER	NAK9S-17.00.00.00	1

Crt. No.	DESIGNATE	REFERENCE	Pcs/prod
34	UPPER RAIL	MAK9S.11.00.00.04	1
35	SCREW	DIN 7991B0 10642	4
36	DUST COVER PIN	MAK9S.00.00.00.32	1
37	SAFETY LEVER	AK22.07.00.00.00	1
38	BUFFER	MAK9S.00.00.00.22	1
39	BOLT	MAK9S.08.00.00.01F	1
40	COCKING HANDLE	AK22.08.00.00.02	1
41	COCKING HANDLE PIN	AK22.08.00.00.14	1
42	PSEUDOPISTON	MAK9S.08.00.00.05	1
43	PSEUDOPISTON PIN	MAK9S.08.00.00.07	1
44	EXTRACTOR	MAK9S.08.00.00.04.4	1
45	EXTRACTOR SPRING	MAK9S.08.00.00.10	1
46	EXTRACTOR PIN	MAK9S.08.00.00.06	1
47	FIRING PIN PIN	MAK9S.08.00.00.14	1
48	FIRING PIN	AK9S.08.00.00.03	1
49	FIRING PIN SPRING	TT-C.05.01.00.05	1
50	REAR RECOIL SPRING GUIDE	AK22.09.00.00.04	2
51	REAR SPRING GUIDE BREECH	AK22.09.00.00.01	1
52	RECOIL SPRING	AK9S.09.00.00.05	1
53	FRONT GUIDE RETAINER	AK22.09.00.00.02	1
54	REAR SIGHT SPRING	AK22.00.00.00.05	1
55	REAR SIGHT LEAF ASSEMBLY	AK22.03.00.00.00	1
56	LOWER HANDGUARD	AK22.16.00.00.00	1
57	GAS CYLINDER	NAK9S.10.01.00.00	1
58	UPPER HANDGUARD WOOD	NAK9S.10.00.00.05	1
59	UPPER HANDGUARD SPRING	AK22.10.00.00.06	1
60	ADAPTER	NAK9S.13.00.00.01	1
61	MAGAZINE CATCH PIN	NAK9S.13.00.00.02	1
62	MAGAZINE CATCH SPRING	NAK9S.01.00.00.09	1
63	MAGAZINE CATCH PIN WASHER	DIN 6799 1/4	1
64	FEEDING RAMP	NAK9S.13.00.00.04	1
65	MAGAZINE CATCH	NAK9S.13.00.00.03	1
66	BARREL BUSHING	RAK22.00.00.00.25	1



Lubrication Warning

Firing a firearm with oil, grease or any other material even partially obstructing the bore may result in damage to the firearm and injury to the shooter and those nearby. Do not spray or apply lubricants directly on ammunition. If the powder charge of a cartridge is affected by the lubricant, it may not be ignited, but the energy from the primer may be sufficient to push the bullet into the bore where it may become lodged. Firing a subsequent bullet into the obstructed bore will damage the firearm and may cause injury to the shooter and those nearby. Use lubricants properly. You are responsible for the proper care and maintenance of your firearm and ammunition.



WARNING! Altering or modifying parts and/or internal safeties is dangerous and will void the warranty. This firearm was manufactured to perform properly with the original parts as designed. It is your duty to make sure any parts you buy are made for this firearm and are installed correctly and that neither the replacements nor originals are altered or changed. Your gun is a complex precision tool with many parts that must relate correctly to other parts in order for proper and safe operation. Putting a gun together wrong or with incorrect or modified parts can result in a damaged gun, danger, and injury or death to you and others through malfunction. Always have a qualified gunsmith work on your gun or at least check any work not performed by a gunsmith.

Limited Parts Replacement Warranty

The Draco 9S is warranted to be free of manufacturing defects for a period of one year from the original date of purchase of the Draco 9S from a federally licensed firearms retailer. The warranty only applies to the first retail purchaser and is not transferable or assignable. Proof of purchase must be presented at the time any warranty claim is made. This is a one year warranty limited to replacement of improperly manufactured parts. Any alterations, modifications, abuse, misuse or discharge of poor quality, corrosive or defective ammunition voids the warranty.

Return Authorization

To obtain warranty service, contact us at 1.800.527.1252 to get a return authorization. Please note that a return authorization must be obtained prior to returning the firearm.

Century Arms
236 Bryce Boulevard
Fairfax, Vermont 05454
USA
www.centuryarms.com

Draco 9S Semi-Auto Pistol, Cal. 9x19mm

Distributed by:

Century Arms

236 Bryce Boulevard, Fairfax, VT 05454

www.centuryarms.com

Sales Tel: 1.800.527.1252 - 1.561.265.4530

Sales Fax: 1.561.265.4520