



AtlanticPower
Corporation



Q3 2014 Investor Presentation

November 2014

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements

To the extent any statements made in this presentation contain information that is not historical, these statements are forward-looking statements or forward-looking information, as applicable, within the meaning of Section 27A of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and under Canadian securities law (collectively “forward-looking statements”).

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Disclaimer – Non-GAAP Measures

Free Cash Flow, Cash Distributions from Projects and APLP Project Adjusted EBITDA are not measures recognized under GAAP and do not have standardized meanings prescribed by GAAP. Free Cash Flow is defined as cash flows from operating activities less capex; project-level debt repayments, including amortization of the new term loan; and distributions to noncontrolling interests, including preferred share dividends. Management believes that Free Cash Flow and Cash Distributions from Projects are relevant supplemental measures of the Company’s ability to earn and distribute cash returns to investors. Reconciliations of Free Cash Flow to cash flows from operating activities and of Cash Distributions from Projects to project income (loss) are provided on slide 45 of this presentation. Investors are cautioned that the Company may calculate these measures in a manner that is different from other companies.

Project Adjusted EBITDA is defined as project income (loss) plus interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (including non-cash impairment charges) and changes in fair value of derivative instruments. Project Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure recognized under GAAP and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP. Management uses Project Adjusted EBITDA at the project level to provide comparative information about project performance and believes such information is helpful to investors. A reconciliation of Project Adjusted EBITDA to project income (loss) and a bridge to Cash Distributions from Projects are provided on slide 45 of this presentation. Investors are cautioned that the Company may calculate this measure in a manner that is different from other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as (i) for the Company’s consolidated projects: project income (loss) plus interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (including non-cash impairment charges) and changes in the fair value of derivative instruments, plus (ii) for the Company’s equity-method projects: cash distributions to the Company from these projects; less (iii) corporate administration expense as shown on the Company’s consolidated statement of operations. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure recognized under GAAP and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP.

Adjusted EBITDA to Interest Coverage ratio is defined as Adjusted EBITDA divided by the sum of (i) project-level interest expense, net, as shown on the Company’s consolidated statement of operations, and (ii) corporate interest expense, net, as shown on the Company’s consolidated statement of operations.

The Company has not reconciled non-GAAP financial measures relating to individual projects or to the APLP projects to the directly comparable GAAP measures due to the difficulty in making the relevant adjustments on an individual project basis. The Company has not provided a reconciliation of forward-looking non-GAAP measures, because not all of the information necessary for a quantitative reconciliation is available to the Company without unreasonable efforts primarily as a result of the variability and difficulty in making accurate forecasts and projections.

All amounts in this presentation are in US\$ and approximate unless otherwise stated.



Executive Summary: The Right Path to Rebuild Shareholder Value

Executive Summary: The Right Path to Rebuild Shareholder Value

- Firm commitment to explore and pursue opportunities to create long-term value for shareholders
 - Review of strategic options confirmed that it is in the Company's best interest to remain independent and execute on existing business plan
 - Continuing to evaluate asset sales and partnerships to realize maximum value for our assets
- On the right path to improve the Company's financial position and enhance shareholder returns
 - Focused capital allocation strategy:
 - Attractive investments in existing businesses
 - Debt reduction
 - Ensure cost structure is in line
 - Enhance or extend PPAs where economically attractive
 - Already seeing positive results
- Retained executive search firm to recruit permanent CEO

Executing on plan to drive long-term shareholder value

Executive Summary: Action Plan for Long-Term Shareholder Value

1. Invest in existing businesses

- Continue to make optimization investments in existing fleet designed to improve efficiency, boost output or reduce costs
- Attractive expected returns (five-year payback or 20% current yield)
- Targeting approximately \$5 to \$10 million of discretionary investment in 2015
 - Expect to fund out of Free Cash Flow

2. Reduce high-cost debt and improve credit metrics

- Amortization of project and term loan debt from project-level cash flow
- Reduction in leverage using proceeds from selective asset sales under consideration
- Opportunistic market purchases of debt securities
- Benefits:
 - Reduced financial risk
 - Lower cost of capital
 - Improved ability to compete for new investments

Executing on plan to drive long-term shareholder value



Executive Summary: Action Plan for Long-Term Shareholder Value

3. Cut overhead costs

- Already taken aggressive actions to reduce corporate expenses in the areas of personnel, development and administrative costs
- Expected annual savings of at least \$15 million in 2015 relative to 2013 (28% reduction)
- Evaluating further potential cost reductions

4. Pursuing commercial opportunities to enhance value of our assets

- Extend or renew PPAs where economically attractive
- Expanding relationships with existing offtakers/customers to meet their needs for reliability and efficiency while improving margins

Executing on plan to drive long-term shareholder value



Executive Summary: Significant Progress in Key Areas

- Balance sheet
 - Repaid \$73 million project and APLP term loan debt year to date; on track for \$85 million by year-end
 - Repaid Cdn\$44.8 million convertible debenture at maturity using cash; now have no non-amortizing corporate debt maturities prior to March 2017
 - Strong liquidity of \$231 million, including \$127 million of unrestricted cash ⁽¹⁾
- Cost structure
 - Implemented personnel and other cost reductions to achieve \$15 million annual savings in corporate G&A expense in 2015 relative to 2013 (28% reduction)
- Portfolio
 - 2013-2014 planned optimization investments of \$27 million largely completed and on track to produce \$8 million of annual cash flow (30% return)
- Year-to-date financial results
 - Still expect to achieve midpoint of Project Adjusted EBITDA guidance (\$285 - \$300 million)
 - Positive Free Cash Flow in Q3 and year to date ⁽²⁾

Executing on plan to drive long-term shareholder value



Strategic and Financial Update



Focusing Our Capital Allocation Priorities: Optimization Investments

- On track for \$27 million of optimization investments in 2013 and 2014
 - Investments in our existing projects with expected strong payback, more modest capital investment and shorter lag to cash returns than typical construction projects
 - Still expecting run-rate cash flow contribution of at least \$8 million annually in 2015, equivalent to ~30% current yield
 - At least \$4 million of that already realized in 2014
- Major projects planned for this year now mostly completed:
 - Curtis Palmer Unit 4 & 5 repowering (completed ahead of schedule)
 - North Island capacity uprate (completed in March)
 - Mamquam completed work to increase output by 4 MW
 - Calstock boiler re-rate completed, increasing output by 2 MW
 - Morris installation of PowerPhase technology completed in August
 - Increases output by 7 MW during high temperatures
 - Nipigon steam generator replacement and upgrade completed in August
 - Improvement in efficiency and reliability to increase revenues



Major Maintenance and Capex Update

- 2014 major maintenance and capex of approximately \$35 million
 - Routine major maintenance and capex of approximately \$20 million
 - Optimization initiatives of approximately \$18 million, including \$3 million included in operating expense

- Preliminary 2015 budget of \$30 to \$35 million
 - Routine major maintenance and capex of approximately \$25 million
 - Expect to make discretionary investments of approximately \$5 to \$10 million

Expecting strong returns from discretionary investments

Focusing Our Capital Allocation Priorities: Deleveraging

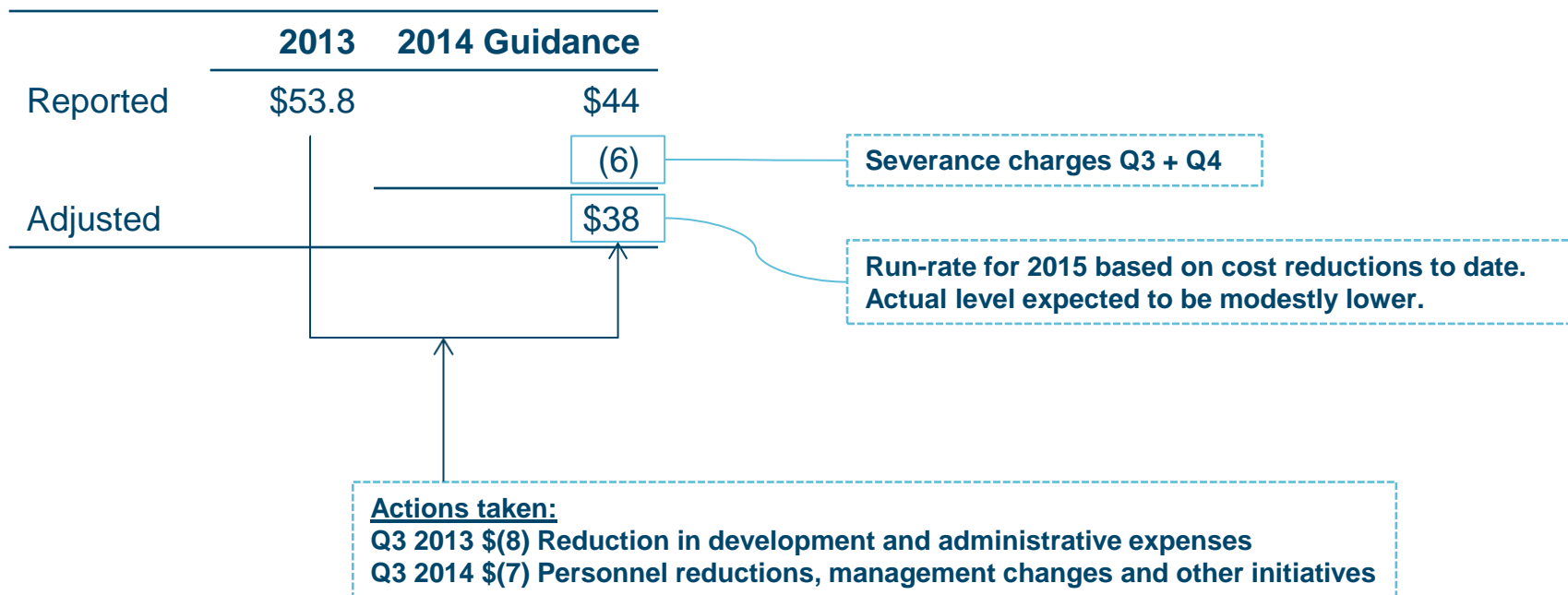
- Targeting general credit profile with the following attributes to facilitate access to the capital markets over time ⁽¹⁾:
 - Consolidated Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio in the range of 5.0-5.75x
 - Consolidated Debt to Total Capitalization ratio of approximately 60%
 - Adjusted EBITDA to Interest Coverage multiple of 2.5x or better
- Steps to achieve
 - Amortize project debt and APLP term loan in the amount of \$80 to \$85 million annually (average for 2015 – 2017)
 - On track for \$85 million reduction in debt by year-end 2014
 - Significant reduction in leverage using proceeds from selective asset sales or joint ventures currently under consideration
 - Repurchase outstanding debt securities where economically attractive
 - Implemented normal course issuer bid program for at least \$15 million and up to 10% of outstanding convertible debentures (\$35 million)
- Expect \$10 million annualized cash interest savings from Q1 debt redemption and repurchase transactions and repayment of converts in October ⁽²⁾

Goal is to achieve these credit metrics by year-end 2016

⁽¹⁾ See definitions of the terms listed below on slide 2 of this presentation; ⁽²⁾ See slide 36 for details on deleveraging activities in 2014.

Sharpening Our Cost Focus

Corporate G&A and Development Expense (\$ millions)



Have already taken steps to achieve at least \$15 million annual savings in 2015 relative to 2013

2014 Guidance (\$ millions)

	Project Adjusted EBITDA	Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	
Initial (2/27/14)	\$280 - \$305	\$0 - \$25	
Material changes:			
Severance costs		\$(6)	Reduction in Free Cash Flow guidance reflects cash payments for severance in Q3 and Q4
Current (11/6/14)	\$285 - \$300	\$0 - \$10	
YTD September 30, 2014	\$221.6	\$9.1	Midpoint of Project Adjusted EBITDA guidance is unchanged

⁽¹⁾ Free Cash Flow guidance excludes \$49.4 million of debt repayment and repurchase costs and \$8.1 million of Piedmont debt repayment at term conversion, both recorded in Q1 2014.



Q3 2014 Operational and Financial Review



Q3 2014 Highlights

- Q3 operational and financial results generally in line with expectations
 - Improved availability (95% in Q3 vs. 92% in first half)
 - Lower generation due to mild summer and other factors
 - Modest decline in Project Adjusted EBITDA but full year tracking to guidance midpoint
 - Positive Free Cash Flow after negative first half
 - Now expecting 2014 Free Cash Flow of \$0 to \$10 million ⁽¹⁾, in lower end of initial guidance range, due to employee severance charges in Q3 and Q4 (~\$6 million)
 - Repaid \$14 million of project and term loan debt; on track for \$85 million reduction in 2014
- Recent developments
 - Settlement of arbitration with Piedmont EPC contractor (Zachry)
 - Selkirk PPA expiration
 - Tunis project update
 - Retained executive search firm for permanent CEO

(1) 2014 Free Cash Flow guidance is net of planned capital expenditures totaling \$16 million and debt repayments under the APLP term loan of an estimated \$53 million in 2014 pursuant to the term loan's mandatory amortization and cash sweep.

Q3 and YTD 2014 Highlights – Project Adjusted EBITDA (\$ millions)

	Project Adjusted EBITDA		
	2014	2013	Change
Q3	72.2	75.0	(2.8)

Q3 – Modest decrease:

- Selkirk – lower dispatch (mild summer); PPA expiration
- Navy projects (CA) – lower energy revenues and higher maintenance expense
- Sale of Delta-Person and Gregory
- Scheduled outages at Calstock and Chambers
- Lower water at Curtis Palmer
- + Ontario gas projects - higher waste heat, lower maintenance expense
- + Orlando – favorable changes to PPA and gas costs
- + Canadian Hills – favorable winds

	Project Adjusted EBITDA		
	2014	2013	Change
YTD September	221.6	211.4	10.2

YTD – Increase in line with expectations:

- + Ontario gas projects – higher waste heat, lower maintenance expense
- + Wind projects – favorable winds
- + Morris – lower maintenance; higher merchant capacity and ancillary services revenues
- + Un-allocated corporate – reduction in G&A and development expense
- + Orlando – favorable changes to PPA and gas costs, partially offset by swap termination
- + NTC (CA) – lower maintenance expense
- Sale of Delta-Person and Gregory
- Other projects in West – higher maintenance expense
- Selkirk – lower dispatch (mild summer); PPA expiration
- Outages at Cadillac, Calstock, Chambers; declines at Curtis Palmer and Kenilworth

Q3 and YTD results are on track with midpoint of our 2014 guidance range

Cash Flow, Q3 2014 vs Q3 2013 (\$ millions)

	Q3 2014	Q3 2013	Change
Cash flows from operating activities	\$40.4	\$46.4	\$(6.0)
APLP term loan facility repayments	(9.6)	-	(9.6)
Project-level debt repayments	(4.2)	(1.7)	(2.5)
Capex	(7.5)	(1.5)	(6.0)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(3.6)	(1.4)	(2.2)
Dividends on preferred shares	(2.9)	(3.2)	0.3
Free Cash Flow (Reported)	\$12.6	\$38.6	\$(26.0)

Decrease due primarily to two factors:

- \$(2.8) decrease in Project Adjusted EBITDA
- \$(15.9) increased cash outflows for working capital

Includes \$6.1 at Nipigon for the steam generator replacement and upgrade

Includes 1% mandatory amortization and 50% cash sweep

Decrease due primarily to three factors:

- \$(6.0) lower cash flows from operating activities
- \$(9.6) of term loan facility repayments by APLP
- \$(6.0) higher project capex, mostly at Nipigon

Q3 Free Cash Flow was positive, in line with expectations and representing an improvement from 1H

Cash Flow, YTD September 2014 vs YTD September 2013 (\$ millions)

	YTD 2014	YTD 2013	Change
Cash flows from operating activities	\$45.9	\$143.3	\$(97.4)
APLP term loan facility repayments	(47.1)	-	(47.1)
Project-level debt repayments	(19.6)	(12.2)	(7.4)
Capex	(10.0)	(4.2)	(5.8)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(8.8)	(4.4)	(4.4)
Dividends on preferred shares	(8.8)	(9.5)	0.7
Free Cash Flow (Reported)	\$(48.4)	\$113.0	\$(161.4)
Adjustments related to Q1 refinancing transactions:			
Transaction-related interest expense	49.4	-	49.4
Piedmont construction debt repayment	8.1	-	8.1
Free Cash Flow (Adjusted)	\$9.1	\$113.0	\$(103.9)

See slide 44 for breakdown of refinancing and debt repurchase transaction-related costs.

Decline due primarily to three factors:

- \$(54) Transaction-related costs (Q1 2014)
 - \$(49) interest expense
 - \$(4) gas swap termination (Orlando)
- \$(45) year-over-year changes in working capital primarily due to:
 - \$36 decrease in prepaid and other assets due to the collection of security deposits in the first quarter of 2013
- \$(33) cash flows from discontinued operations (projects sold in 2013)

Partially offset by:

- \$24 increase in distributions from unconsolidated affiliates
- Other smaller positive factors

Includes \$(8.1) for Piedmont debt paydown at term conversion

Includes 1% mandatory amortization and 50% cash sweep

Repaid \$67 million of debt in the first nine months of 2014; on track for \$85 million reduction this year



Organizational and Capital Structure Information

Organizational Structure

Atlantic Power Corporation

Atlantic Power Limited Partnership

Project	Location	Type	Economic Interest	Net MW	Contract Expiry
Calstock	Ontario	Biomass	100%	35	6/2020
Curtis Palmer	New York	Hydro	100%	60	12/2027
Frederickson	Washington	Nat. Gas	50%	125	8/2022
Kapuskasing	Ontario	Nat. Gas	100%	40	12/2017
Kenilworth	New Jersey	Nat. Gas	100%	30	9/2018
Mamquam	B.C.	Hydro	100%	50	9/2027
Manchief	Colorado	Nat. Gas	100%	300	10/2022
Morris	Illinois	Nat. Gas	100%	177	11/2023
Morseby Lake	B.C.	Hydro	100%	6	8/2022
Naval Station	California	Nat. Gas	100%	47	12/2019
Naval Training	California	Nat. Gas	100%	25	12/2019
Nipigon	Ontario	Nat. Gas	100%	40	12/2022
North Bay	Ontario	Nat. Gas	100%	40	12/2017
North Island	California	Nat. Gas	100%	42	12/2019
Oxnard	California	Nat. Gas	100%	49	5/2020
Tunis	Ontario	Nat. Gas	100%	43	12/2014
Williams Lake	B.C.	Biomass	100%	66	3/2018

Atlantic Power Transmission & Atlantic Power Generation

Project	Location	Type	Economic Interest	Net MW	Contract Expiry
Cadillac	Michigan	Biomass	100%	40	12/2028
Canadian Hills	Oklahoma	Wind	99%	295	12/2032
Chambers	New Jersey	Coal	40%	105	12/2024
Goshen North	Idaho	Wind	12.5%	16	11/2030
Idaho Wind	Idaho	Wind	27.56%	49	12/2030
Koma Kulshan	Washington	Hydro	49.8%	6	12/2037
Meadow Creek	Idaho	Wind	100%	120	12/2032
Orlando	Florida	Nat. Gas	50%	65	12/2023
Piedmont	Georgia	Biomass	100%	53	12/2032
Rockland Wind	Idaho	Wind	50%	40	12/2036
Selkirk	New York	Nat. Gas	18.5%	64	Merchant

Capital Summary at September 30, 2014 (\$ millions)

Atlantic Power Corporation

	Maturity	Amount	Interest Rate
High-yield Notes	11/2018	\$319.9	9.0%
Convertible Debentures (ATP.DB)	10/2014	\$40.0 (C\$44.8)	6.5%
Convertible Debentures (ATP.DB.A)	3/2017	\$60.2 (C\$67.4)	6.25%
Convertible Debentures (ATP.DB.B)	6/2017	\$71.9 (C\$80.5)	5.6%
Convertible Debentures (ATP.DB.U)	6/2019	\$130	5.75%
Convertible Debentures (ATP.DB.D)	12/2019	\$89.3 (C\$100)	6.0%

Atlantic Power Limited Partnership

Revolving Credit Facility	2/2018	\$0	3.75%
Term Loan	2/2021	\$552.8	5.07% ⁽¹⁾
Medium-term Notes	6/2036	\$187.5 (C\$210)	5.95%
Preferred shares (AZP.PR.A)	N/A	\$123 (C\$125)	4.85%
Preferred shares (AZP.PR.B)	N/A	\$98 (C\$100)	7.0%

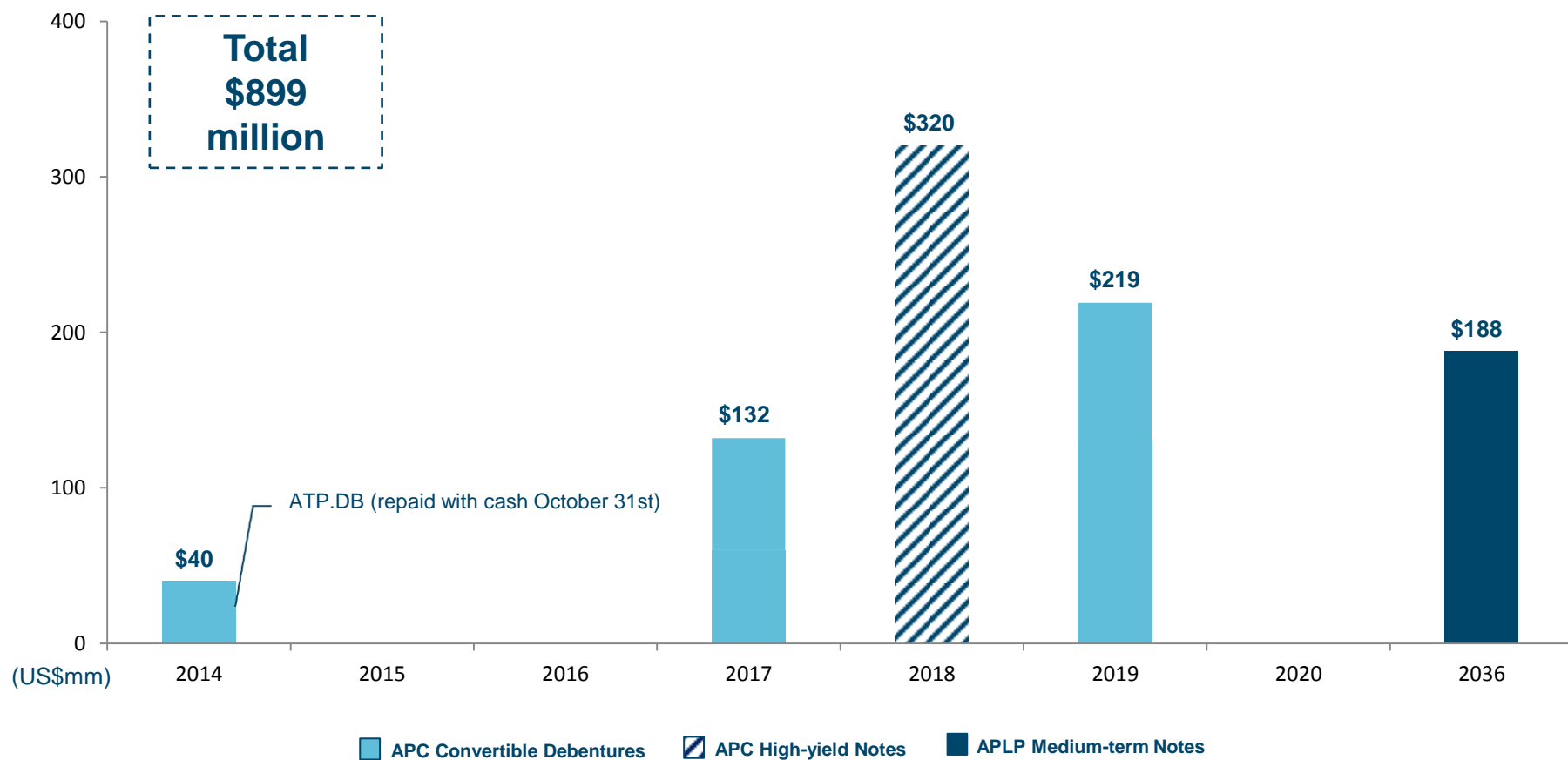
Atlantic Power Transmission & Atlantic Power Generation

Project-level Debt (consolidated)	Various	\$378.3	Various
Project-level Debt (equity method)	Various	\$112.3	Various

(1) Includes impact of interest rate swap

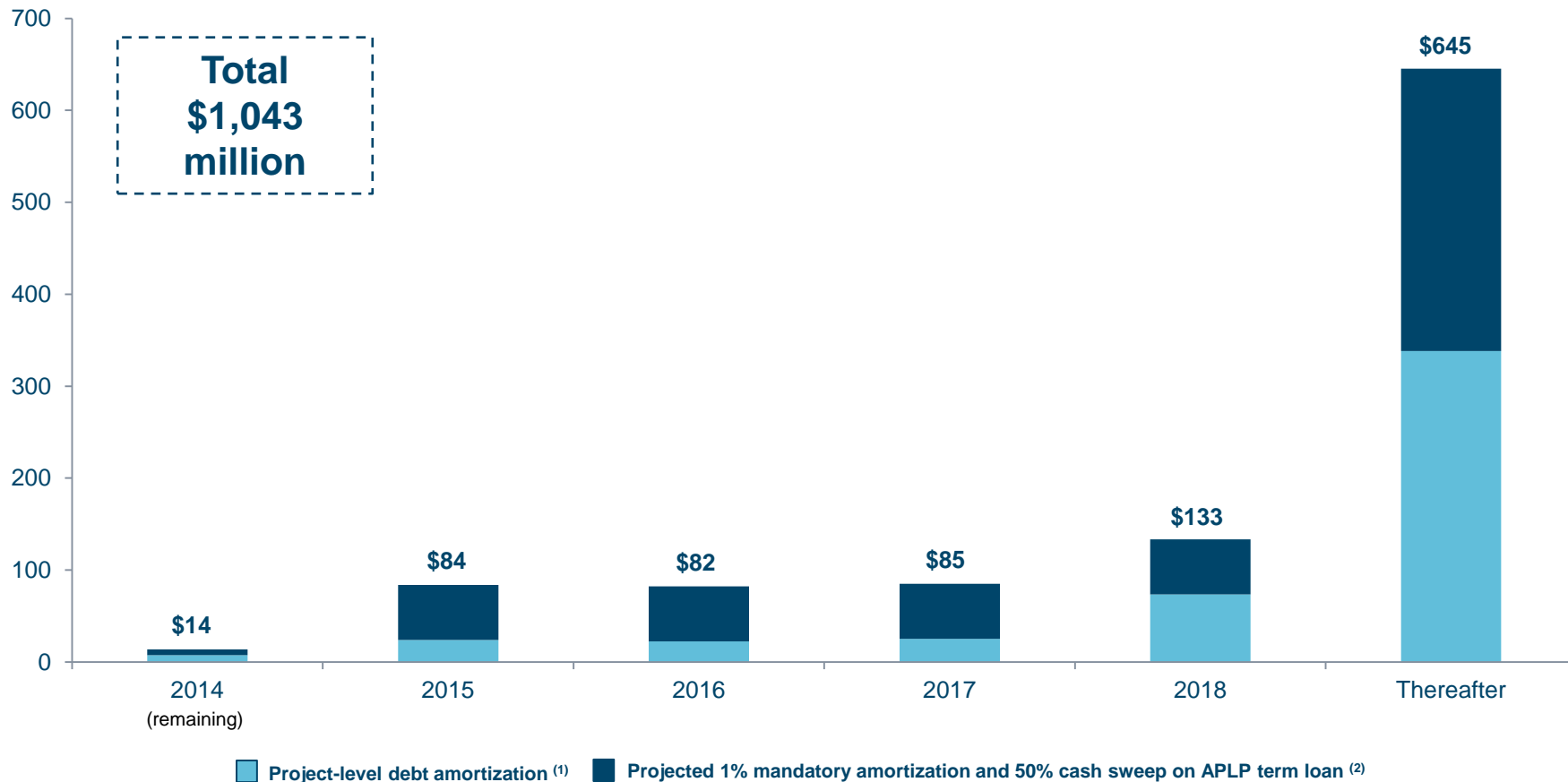
Note: C\$ denominated debt was converted to US\$ using US\$ to C\$ exchange rate of \$1.12.

Bullet Debt Maturity Profile at September 30, 2014 (\$ millions)



Amortizing Debt Schedule at September 30, 2014 (\$ millions)

- Project-level non-recourse debt totaling \$491 million that amortizes over the life of the project PPAs
- \$553 million 7-year amortizing term loan at APLP, which has 1% annual amortization (calculated on the declining balance of the loan) and a 50% sweep of APLP's free cash flow



See slide 22 for Bullet Debt Maturities Profile; (1) Includes Rockland consolidated at 100% (\$84.4 million), proportional interest in debt at the Company's equity method projects of \$112.0 million, and Piedmont bullet payment in 2018 of 51.5 million; (2) Projected 1% amortization (calculated on declining balance of the APLP term loan) and 50% cash sweep on the APLP term loan assumes \$6 million additional amortization in 2014, and projected annual amortization of \$60 million/year in the remaining years with the assumption that the Company will repay approximately 70% of the original \$600 million term loan down by the end of its seven-year term.

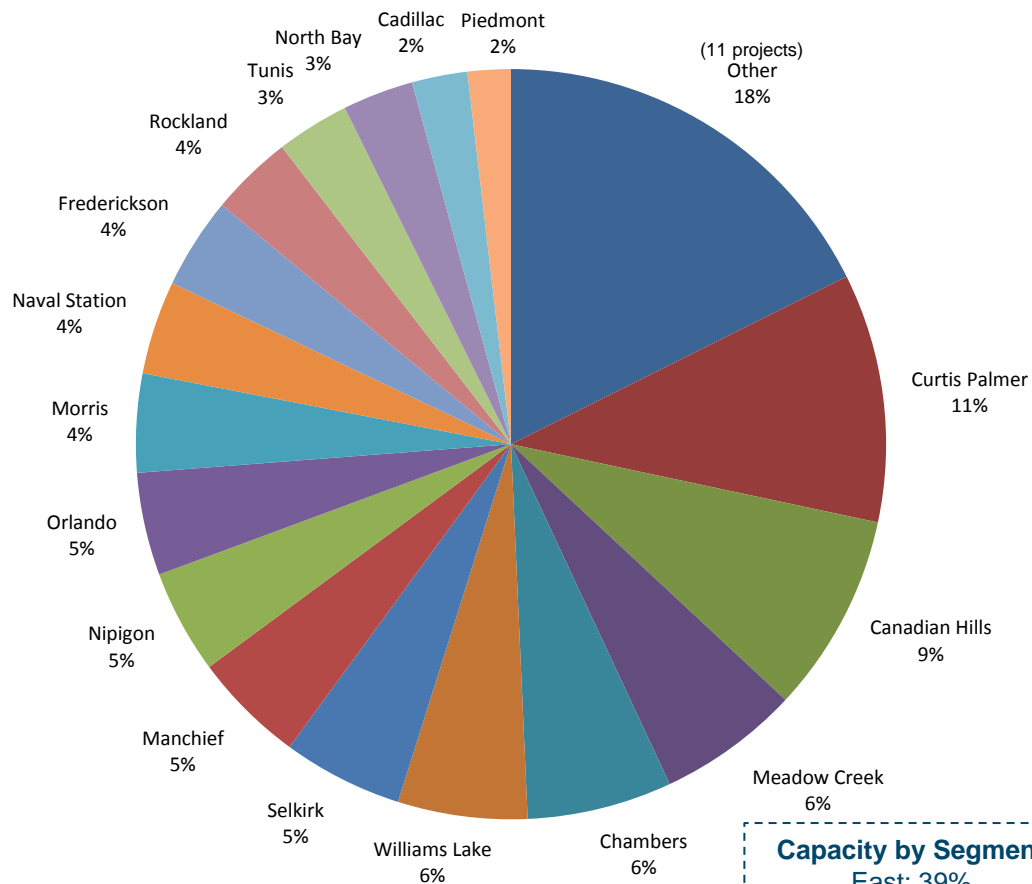


Investment Summary

Earnings and Cash Flow Well Diversified by Project

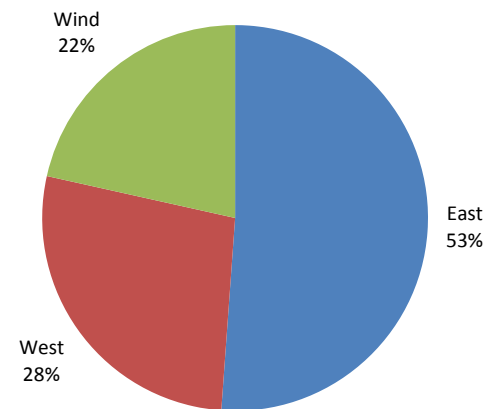
East segment most significant contributor

No single project contributed more than 11% to Project Adjusted EBITDA for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 ⁽¹⁾

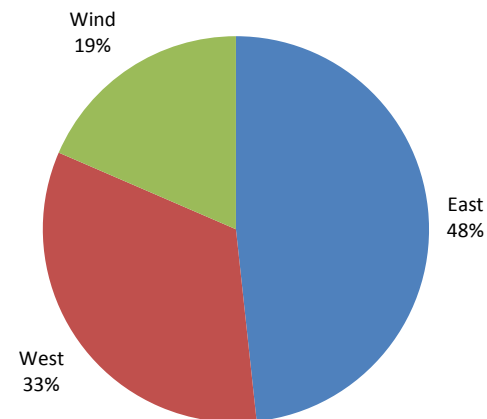


Capacity by Segment
 East: 39%
 West: 35%
 Wind: 26%

YTD September 2014 Project Adjusted EBITDA by Segment ⁽¹⁾



YTD September 2014 Cash Distributions from Projects by Segment ⁽²⁾



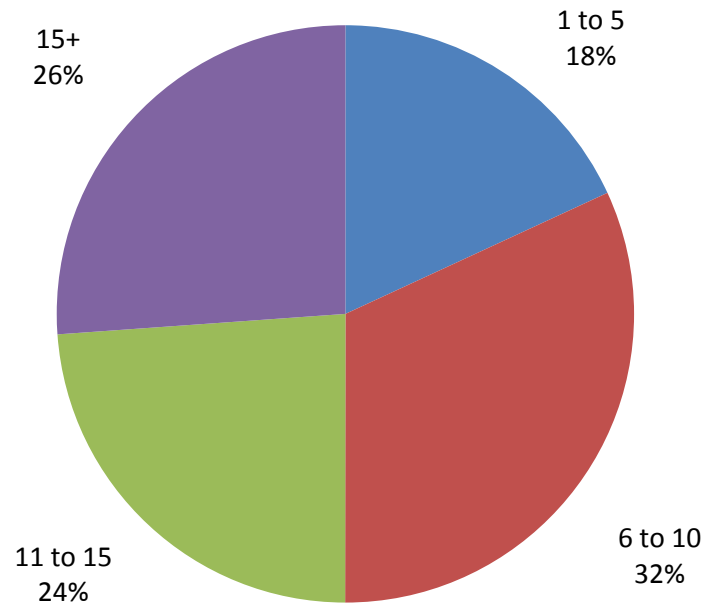
⁽¹⁾ Based on \$221.6 million in Project Adjusted EBITDA for the nine months ended September 30, 2014; does not include Project Adjusted EBITDA from discontinued operations. Unallocated corporate expenses are excluded from project percentage allocation. Selected projects were projected to be top contributors and to comprise approximately 80% of the Company's 2014 budget. ⁽²⁾ Based on \$187.0 million in Cash Distributions from Projects for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Note: Calculations include Delta-Person which was sold in July 2014.

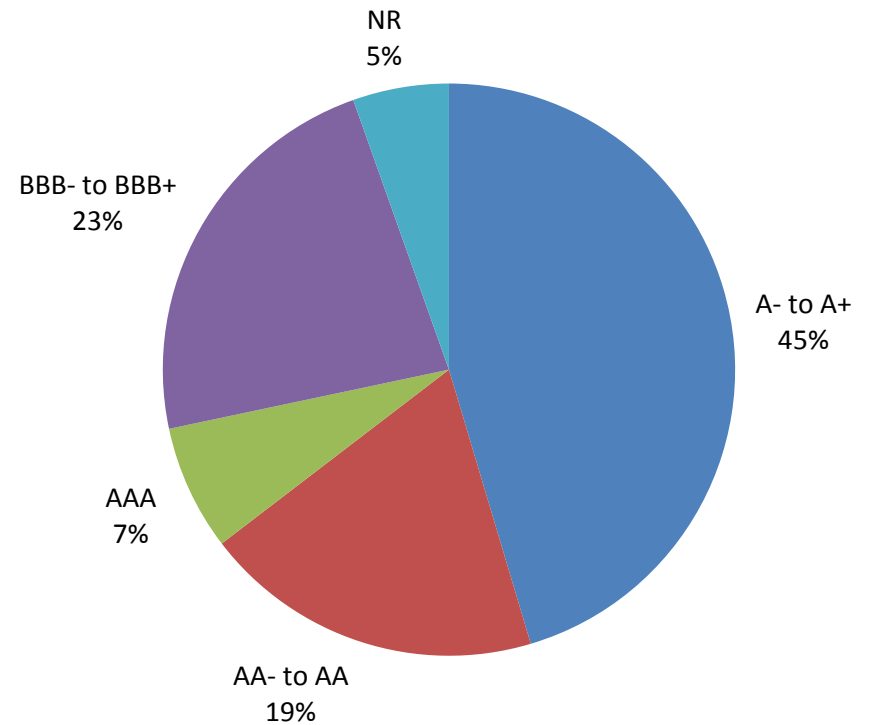
Cash Flows Supported by Contracts with Creditworthy Offtakers

AT's portfolio has an average remaining PPA life of 10.0 years ⁽¹⁾

PPA Length (years) ⁽¹⁾



Pro Forma Offtaker Credit Rating ⁽¹⁾



⁽¹⁾ Weighted by 2013 Project Adjusted EBITDA and excluding Gregory, Delta-Person and Greeley (the Company completed the sale of Gregory in August 2013, Greeley in March 2014, and Delta-Person in July 2014).



Investment Summary

- Portfolio of projects is well-diversified by fuel type, geography and customer
 - 95% of the Company's generating capacity is clean power (gas and renewables)
- Weighted-average remaining PPA term of approximately 10 years ⁽¹⁾
 - Approximately 80% of capacity is covered by PPAs that do not expire until 2020 and later
 - Proactively seeking to add PPAs beyond current expirations where economically attractive
- Targeting investments in existing projects with attractive return (20% current yield)
- Executing on cost reduction objectives and seeking additional savings
- Committed to delevering to our target credit metrics by year-end 2016
- Current dividend yield of 4.9%
 - \$13 million annual level supported by currently anticipated Free Cash Flow generation

⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2014.

Appendix

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Financial Results, Q3/YTD 2014 vs Q3/YTD 2013 (\$ millions)

Unaudited	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Excluding results from discontinued operations⁽¹⁾				
Project revenue	\$138.3	\$140.0	\$426.8	\$413.4
Project income (loss)	(68.6)	4.4	(52.2)	56.4
Project Adjusted EBITDA	72.2	75.0	221.6	211.4
Cash Distributions from Projects	51.2	65.7	187.0	169.7
Including results from discontinued operations ⁽¹⁾				
Cash flows from operating activities	\$40.4	\$46.4	\$45.9	\$143.3
Free Cash Flow (Reported)	12.6	38.6	(48.4)	113.0
Free Cash Flow (Adjusted) ⁽²⁾	12.6	38.6	9.1	113.0

⁽¹⁾ The Path 15 transmission line ("Path 15"), Auburndale Power Partners, L.P. ("Auburndale"), Lake CoGen, Ltd. ("Lake") and Pasco Cogen, Ltd. ("Pasco") (collectively, the "Sold Projects") were sold in April 2013, the Company's interest in Rollcast Energy ("Rollcast") was sold in November 2013, and Thermo Power & Electric, LLC ("Greeley") was sold in March 2014. Accordingly, the revenues, project income (loss), Project Adjusted EBITDA and Cash Distributions from these assets are included in discontinued operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2014. The results of discontinued operations are excluded from Project revenue, Project income, Project Adjusted EBITDA and Cash Distributions from Projects. Under GAAP, the cash flows attributable to the Sold Projects, Rollcast and Greeley are included in cash flows from operating activities as shown on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows; therefore, the Company's calculation of Free Cash Flow also includes cash flows from the Sold Projects, Rollcast, and Greeley. The Gregory project, which was sold in August 2013, and the Delta-Person generating station, which was sold in July 2014, are both accounted for under the equity method of accounting and therefore are included in the Company's financial results from continuing operations.

⁽²⁾ See slide 40 for calculation of Free Cash Flow (Adjusted) and its reconciliation to its comparable GAAP measure Cash flows from operating activities.

Note: Project Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Cash Distributions from Projects are not recognized measures under GAAP and do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP; therefore, these measures may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Please refer to Slide 45 for reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to GAAP measures.

Segment Results, Q3/YTD September 2014 vs Q3/YTD September 2013 (\$ millions)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Project income (loss)				
East	\$(9.7)	\$(29.4)	\$17.7	\$13.9
West	(53.1)	41.8	(51.7)	42.5
Wind	(3.5)	(3.5)	(11.1)	11.9
Un-allocated Corporate	(2.3)	(4.5)	(7.1)	(11.9)
Total	(68.6)	4.4	(52.2)	56.4
Project Adjusted EBITDA				
East	\$32.7	\$33.5	\$116.5	\$112.1
West	28.3	32.7	62.3	67.3
Wind	14.1	12.9	49.0	43.4
Un-allocated Corporate	(2.9)	(4.1)	(6.2)	(11.4)
Total	72.2	75.0	221.6	211.4

Note: Project Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized measure under GAAP and does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP; therefore, this measure may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Please refer to Slide 45 for a reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to a GAAP measure.

The Company has not reconciled non-GAAP financial measures relating to individual project segments to the directly comparable GAAP measure due to the difficulty in making the relevant adjustments on a segment basis.

Q3 2014 Operational Performance: *Improved Availability; Lower Dispatch*

Weighted Average Availability

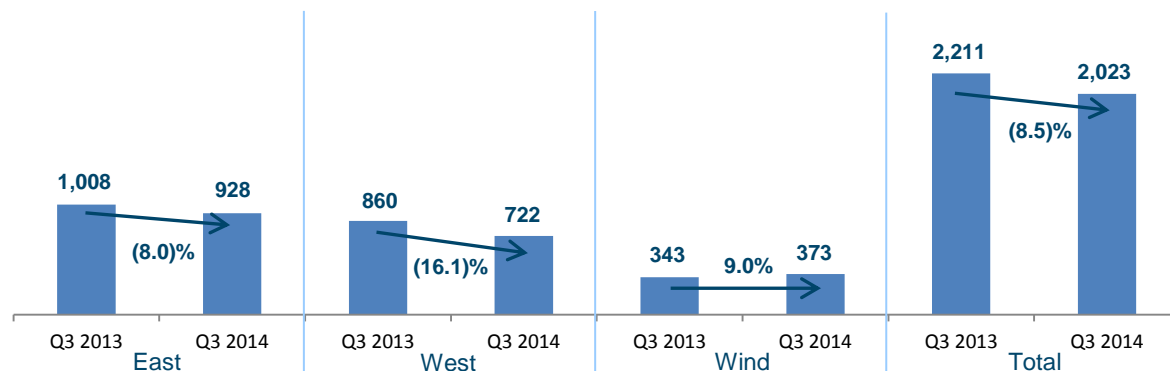
	Q3 2014	Q3 2013
East	94.0%	95.8%
West	96.3%	91.3%
Wind	97.3%	98.9%
Total	95.0%	94.8%

Availability factor of 95% vs. 94.8% in Q3 2013 and improved vs. 92% in first half 2014

- + Favorable outage comparisons vs 2013: Mamquam, Moresby Lake, Koma Kulshan and Morris
- Scheduled maintenance outage at Nipigon

Most projects earned their expected level of capacity payments during the quarter (96% of total; impact of reduced availability on capacity payments was \$1.8 million)

Aggregate Power Generation Q3 2014 vs. Q3 2013 (thousands, Net MWh)



Generation across our portfolio decreased 8.5% for the quarter, driven by:

- reduced dispatch at Manchief, Williams Lake and Selkirk, primarily due to mild summer weather
- scheduled maintenance at Chambers
- + increased generation in the Wind segment, primarily due to favorable winds at Canadian Hills

Business recap:

- Wind – Wind generation up 9.0%, with Canadian Hills up 22% (vs Q3 2013)
- Hydro – Curtis Palmer and Mamquam generation reduced 10% and 5%, respectively (vs Q3 2013)
- Thermal – Increased waste heat levels at Ontario projects (vs Q3 2013); Kapuskasing and North Bay generation up 29% and 11%, respectively

YTD September 2014 Operational Highlights

Weighted Average Availability

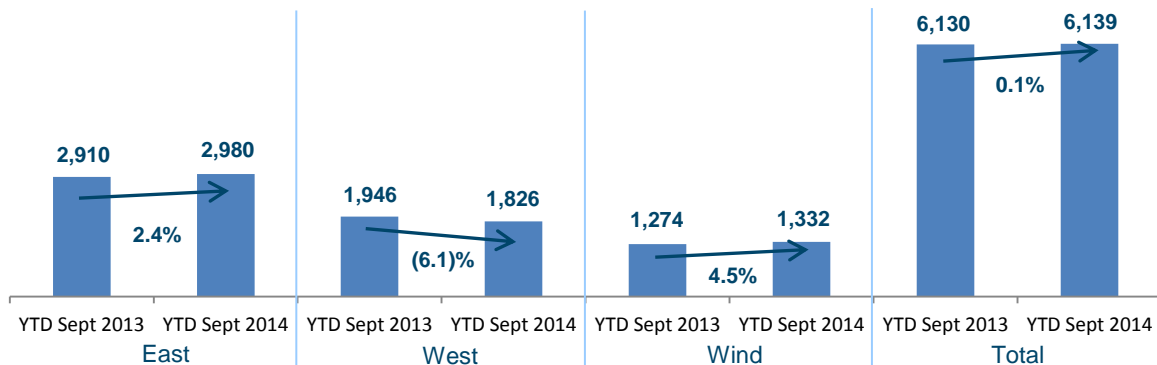
	YTD Sept 2014	YTD Sept 2013
East	92.8%	95.2%
West	92.3%	90.8%
Wind	96.3%	98.6%
Total	93.0%	94.2%

Extreme weather and several forced outages, mostly in 1H, affected results

- Ontario projects – unplanned outages due to weather and other factors in Q1
- Piedmont – several forced outages earlier this year, most recent in July
 - o Improved availability in August (99.5%) and September (98%)
- Improved availability overall in Q3

YTD, reduced availability resulted in capacity payments being \$8.4 million lower than their expected level (Ontario, Piedmont, Cadillac and Morris); still represented 94% of expected total

Aggregate Power Generation YTD Sept 2014 vs. YTD Sept 2013 (thousands, Net MWh)



Generation increased 0.1%:

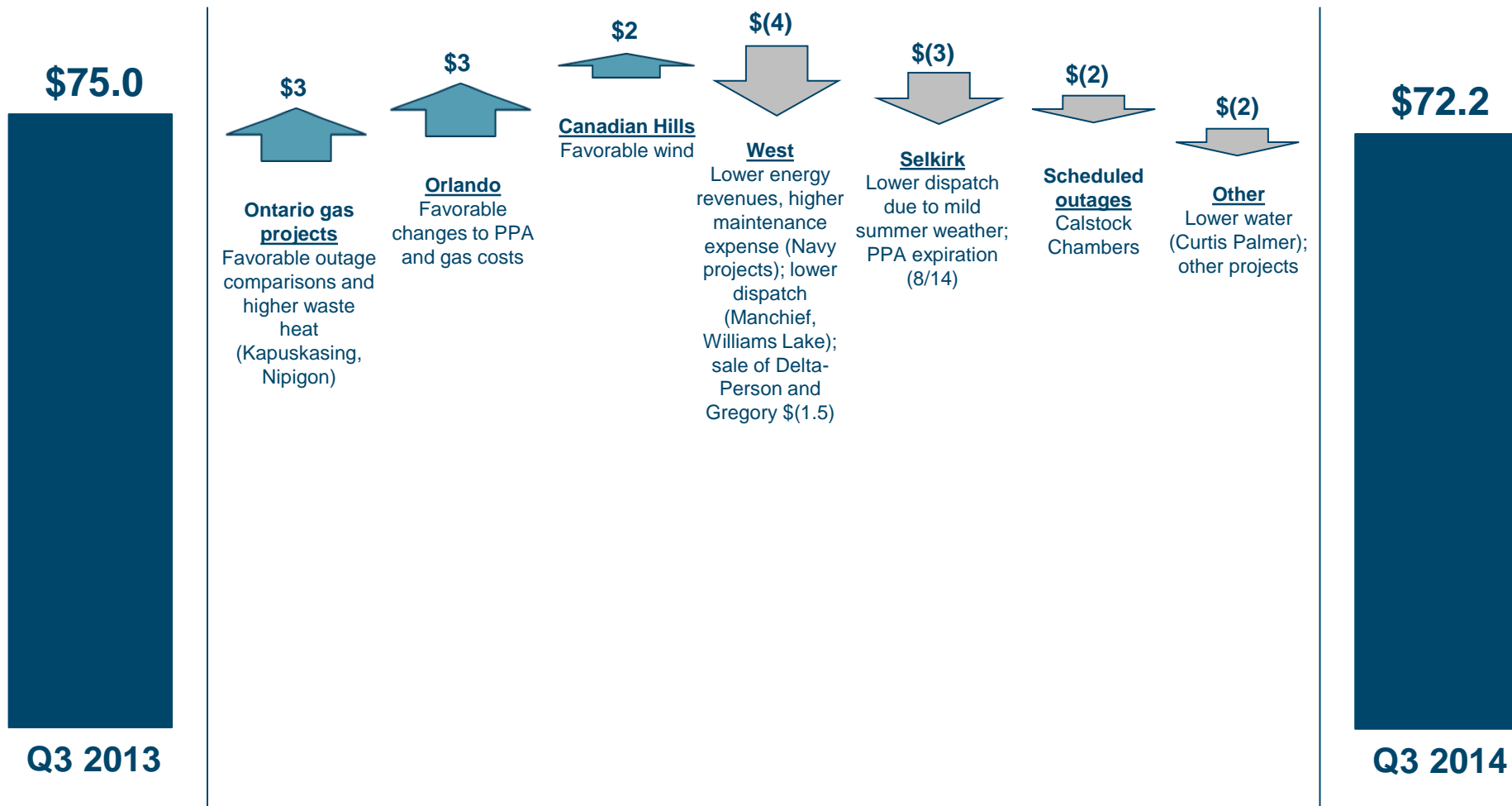
- + Piedmont added in April 2013 (additional quarter in 2014)
- + higher dispatch at Frederickson
- + improved wind conditions in Idaho (Meadow Creek)
- reduced dispatch at Manchief and Williams Lake
- reduced generation at Selkirk (mild summer weather)
- reduced generation at Tunis (scheduled turbine maintenance in 2014)

Business recap:

- Wind – Ahead of budget; generation from Idaho wind projects up 11% vs YTD Sept 2013, more than offsetting relatively flat results from Canadian Hills due to a weather-related outage in Q1
- Hydro – Curtis Palmer generation up 4% YTD vs YTD Sept 2013; other hydro projects also up for year
- Thermal – Below budget due to Q1 outages and \$6.8 million capacity payment shortfall, partially offset by higher Ontario waste heat levels

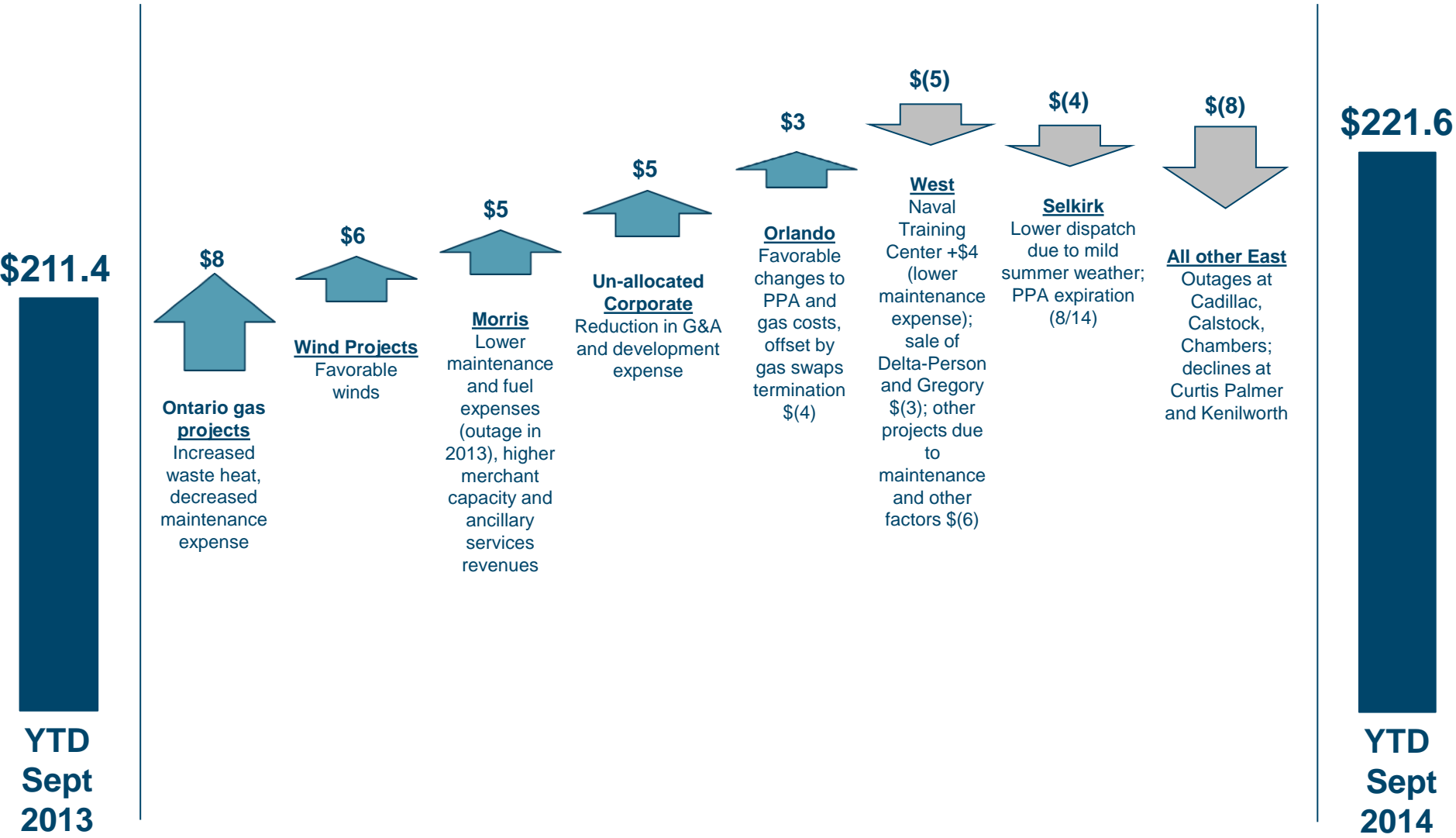
Project Adjusted EBITDA

Bridge of Q3 2013 to Q3 2014 – Significant factors (\$ millions)



Project Adjusted EBITDA (\$ millions)

Bridge of YTD September 2013 to YTD September 2014 – Significant factors



YTD Sept 2013

YTD Sept 2014



Other Developments in Q3

- Completed event-driven goodwill impairment analysis in Q3
 - Full impairments of Kenilworth and Manchief; partial impairment of Williams Lake
 - Total impairment charge recorded in Q3 of \$91.8 million (\$106.6 million YTD)
 - Still required to conduct annual impairment assessment in Q4
- Piedmont is not in compliance with its debt service coverage ratio, which went in to effect in February 2014 at term conversion
 - Expect no distributions from the project for at least the next 18 months
 - Previous expectation had been through mid-2015
- 9.0% senior unsecured notes fixed charge coverage ratio/restricted payments basket update
 - \$29.3 million of dividends declared through August 2014 dividend
 - Expect to be back in compliance in the first half of 2015, assuming no additional prepayment charges recorded

Year-end 2014 Projected Debt Levels

Expect to reduce total debt by approximately \$85 million in 2014 (excluding F/X impacts)

Unaudited	APC	APLP	Project-level (consolidated)	Project-level (equity method)	Total
December 31, 2013	\$865	\$612	\$399	\$119	\$1,995
Issuance of APLP term loan		600			600
Redemption of Curtis Palmer		(190)			(190)
Redemption of USGP notes		(225)			(225)
Repurchase of high-yield notes	(140)				(140)
Amortization of APLP term loan (1% and 50% cash sweep)		(47)			(47)
Paydown of Piedmont debt			(8)		(8)
Other project debt amortization			(12)	(1)	(13)
Sale of Delta-Person				(6)	(6)
F/X impact	(14)	(10)			(24)
September 30, 2014	\$711	\$740	\$379	\$112	\$1,942
Projected Year-End Adjustments:					
Repayment of convertible debentures (ATP.DB) on October 31	(41)				(41)
Amortization of APLP term loan (1% and 50% cash sweep)		(6)			(6)
Repayment of project-level debt			(7)	(1)	(8)
Projected Year-End 2014 Debt ⁽¹⁾	\$670	\$734	\$372	\$111	\$1,887

- Amortization of APLP term loan reduces interest expense by another \$3 million annually on average
- Reported interest expense to decline less because of amortization of deferred financing costs associated with the refinancing (~\$5 million/year)

⁽¹⁾ Does not include possible purchases of the Company's convertible debentures under the Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") the Company expects to commence on November 11, 2014, and that will run through November 10, 2015 unless otherwise terminated. Please see the Company's news release dated November 6, 2014 for details concerning the NCIB.



Capitalization (\$ millions)

Presented on a consolidated basis and excludes equity method projects

	June 30, 2014		September 30, 2014		Projected December 31, 2014 ⁽¹⁾	
Long-term debt (incl. current portion)						
APC revolving credit facility	-		-		-	
APC High-yield Notes	\$320		\$320		\$320	
APLP Medium-Term Notes ⁽²⁾	197		188		188	
APLP revolving credit facility	0		0		0	
APLP Term Loan	562		553		547	
Project-level debt (non-recourse)	383		378		371	
Convertible debentures ⁽²⁾	408		391		350	
Total long-term debt	\$1,870	72%	\$1,830	75%	\$1,776	74%
Preferred shares	221	8%	221	9%	221	10%
Common equity ⁽³⁾	509	20%	390	16%	390	16%
Total shareholders equity	730	28%	611	25%	611	26%
Total capitalization	\$2,600	100%	\$2,441	100%	\$2,387	100%

(1) Accounts for: repayment on October 31st of \$41 (Cdn\$44.8) million convertible debentures (ATP.DB); 1% mandatory amortization and 50% cash sweep on APLP's term loan (expected to be approximately \$6 million in the fourth quarter of 2014); and project-level debt repayments of \$6.6 million in the fourth quarter of 2014.

(2) Quarter-over-quarter change due to F/X impacts, except change from September 30 to December 31 projected, which accounts for \$41 million repayment of October 2014 convertible debentures.

(3) Common equity includes other comprehensive income and retained deficit. Year-end projection does not reflect changes to retained deficit.

Liquidity (\$ millions)

Unaudited	June 30, 2014	September 30, 2014	Pro Forma
Revolver capacity	\$210.0	\$210.0	\$210
Letters of credit outstanding	(107.0)	(106.0)	(106)
Unused borrowing capacity	103.0	104.0	104
Unrestricted cash ⁽¹⁾	157.6	167.6	127
Total Liquidity	260.6	\$271.6	\$231

⁽¹⁾ Includes project-level cash for working capital needs of \$16.3 million at September 30, 2014 and \$16.4 million at June 30, 2014. Pro forma unrestricted cash reflects repayment of \$41 million (Cdn\$44.8 million) of convertible debentures (ATP.DB) on October 31, 2014 at maturity.

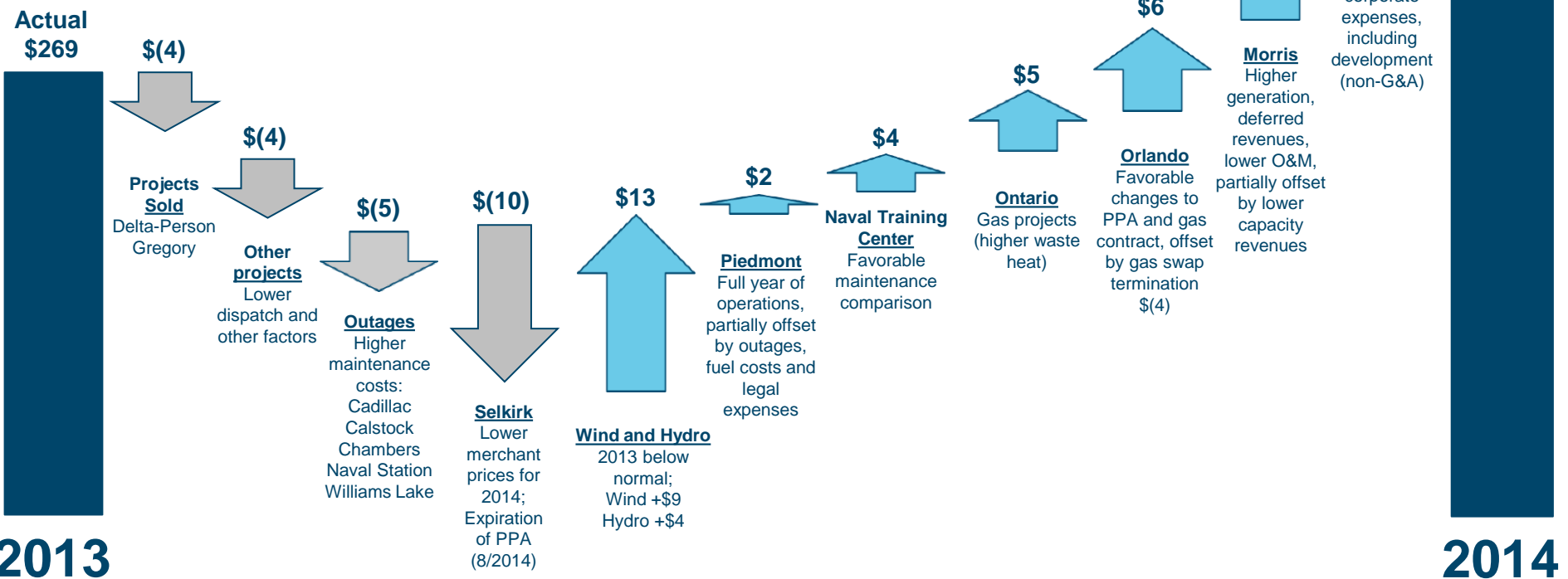
- Used \$41 million of cash to repay Cdn\$44.8 million convertible debentures at maturity in October 2014
- Planned cash reserve needed for the working capital needs of the business is approximately \$80 to \$100 million

Project Adjusted EBITDA

Bridge of 2013 Actual to 2014 Guidance (\$ millions)

Changes since Q2 2014 presentation:

Morris	\$(1)
Piedmont	\$(1)
Selkirk	\$(1)
Outages	\$(1)
Wind and hydro	\$ 2
Other, net	\$ 2





2014 Guidance (\$ millions)

Narrowing 2014 Project Adjusted EBITDA Range; Lowering Free Cash Flow Guidance

	2014 Guidance 2/27/14	2014 Guidance 11/6/14	YTD Sept 2014 Actual
Project Adjusted EBITDA	\$280 - \$305	\$285 - \$300	\$221.6
Adjustment for equity method projects ⁽¹⁾	(11)	(5)	(10.0)
Corporate G&A expense	(33)	(35)	(26.7)
Interest expense ⁽²⁾	(165) – (170)	(170)	(147.1)
Cash taxes and changes in working capital	(10)	(14)	8.1
Cash flows from operating activities ⁽²⁾	\$60 – \$85	\$60 – \$70	\$45.9
Maintenance capex and optimization investments (capitalized portion) ⁽³⁾	(16)	(16)	(10.0)
Repayment of project-level debt	(26)	(26)	(19.6)
APLP: 1% mandatory term loan amortization and estimate of 50% cash sweep	(52) – (55)	(53)	(47.1)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests ⁽⁴⁾ and dividends on preferred shares	(23)	(23)	(17.6)
Free Cash Flow (Reported)	\$(60) – \$(35)	\$(58) – \$(48)	\$(48.4)
Add back:			
Make-whole payments, premiums and accrued interest expenses associated with refinancing ⁽²⁾	49	49	49.4
Principal payment of Piedmont construction debt at term loan conversion	8	8	8.1
Free Cash Flow (Guidance/Adjusted)	\$0 – \$25	\$0 – \$10	\$9.1

Footnotes:

(1) Represents difference between Project Adjusted EBITDA and cash distributions from equity method projects; (2) See slide 40 for detail of transaction costs included herein; (3) Includes optimization capex of \$15 million; (4) Primarily tax equity investors (Canadian Hills) and minority interest (Rockland).

Sharpening Our Cost Focus

Corporate G&A and Development Expense (\$ millions)

Includes:

- Operations & Asset Management
- Environmental, Health & Safety
- Ridgeline
- Project Accounting

Includes:

- Executive & Financial Management
- Treasury, Tax, Legal, HR, IT
- Corporate Accounting
- Office & administrative costs
- Public company costs
- One-time costs (mostly severance)

	2014 Guidance (11/6/14)	2013 Actual
<i>Included in Project Adjusted EBITDA:</i>		
Development ⁽¹⁾	\$5	\$7.2
Project G&A and other	4	11.4
Unallocated corporate	9	18.6
<i>Excluded from Project Adjusted EBITDA:</i>		
Administration expense (Corporate G&A)	35	35.2
Total	\$44	\$53.8

Includes ~\$6 severance charges not expected to recur in 2015, most of which is in corporate G&A line

Have already taken steps to achieve at least \$15 million annual savings in 2015 relative to 2013

(1) Includes approximately \$3 million annual contractual obligation related to Ridgeline acquisition that will terminate in the first quarter of 2015.

Calculation of APLP Cash Sweep (\$ millions)

2014 APLP Project Adjusted EBITDA (\$165 - \$175)

Less:

Capitalized portion of major maintenance and capex

= Cash flow before debt service

Less:

Interest expense on revolving credit facility

Interest expense on term loan

Interest expense on medium-term notes

Term loan 1% fixed mandatory amortization

= Cash flow before 50% cash sweep ⁽¹⁾

50% applied to amortize
term loan at APLP

50% retained at APLP

Less:

Preferred share dividends

= Distributions to APC ⁽¹⁾

(1) The cash sweep and distributions to the Company from APLP occur at each quarter end.

Major Maintenance and Capex (\$ millions)

Unaudited	2014 Guidance
Total major maintenance and capex	\$35
<i>Expensed (included in EBITDA)</i>	20
<i>Capitalized</i>	16
Optimization investments (\$[15] million of which is included above)	\$18

Curtis Palmer Unit 5 repowering	\$2
Nipigon steam generator replacement and upgrade	\$8
North Island increased interconnection capacity	\$1
Morris investment to boost energy output	\$3
Morris water treatment upgrade	\$1
Other	\$3

- On track to invest approximately \$27 million in optimization initiatives in 2013 - 2014
 - Expected run-rate cash flow contribution of at least \$8 million annually in 2015, at least half of which has already been realized in 2014
- Expected recurring major maintenance expense ~ \$25 million/year
- In addition, targeting \$5 to \$10 million/year of ongoing optimization investments, on average
- 2015 major maintenance and capex expected to be approximately \$30 to \$35 million, including approximately \$5 to \$10 million of discretionary capex

Q1 2014 Costs Associated with Refinancing and Debt Repurchase Transactions (\$ millions)

Make-whole payments and other premiums (US GPs, 9.0% senior unsecured notes)	\$(34)
Accrued interest (US GPs, Curtis Palmer, 9.0% senior unsecured notes)	(12)
Termination of interest-rate swaps (EPP)	(3)
Total included in interest expense	\$(49)
Termination of Orlando gas swaps (included in fuel expense)	(4)
Total included in Operating and Free Cash Flow	\$(54)
Financing expenses and fees	\$(40)
Amendment to Piedmont interest-rate swap	(1)
Total deferred financing costs (included in Financing Cash Flow) ⁽¹⁾	\$(41)
Total cash costs	\$(94)
Non-cash write-off of deferred financing costs (included in interest expense)	(6)
Total all costs	\$(100)

Amount excluded from 2014 Free Cash Flow guidance

(1) Amortized over the life of the financing.



Regulation G Disclosures

Project Adjusted EBITDA, Cash Distributions from Projects and Free Cash Flow are not measures recognized under GAAP and do not have standardized meanings prescribed by GAAP. Management believes that Free Cash Flow and Cash Distributions from Projects are relevant supplemental measures of the Company's ability to earn and distribute cash returns to investors. Reconciliations of Free Cash Flow to cash flows from operating activities and of Cash Distributions from Projects to Project income (loss) are provided below. Investors are cautioned that the Company may calculate these measures in a manner that is different from other companies.

Free Cash Flow is defined as cash flows from operating activities less capex; project-level debt repayments, including amortization of the new term loan; and distributions to non-controlling interests, including preferred share dividends.

Project Adjusted EBITDA is defined as project income (loss) plus interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (including non-cash impairment charges) and changes in fair value of derivative instruments. Project Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure recognized under GAAP and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP. Management uses Project Adjusted EBITDA at the project level to provide comparative information about project performance and believes such information is helpful to investors. A reconciliation of Project Adjusted EBITDA to project income (loss) and a bridge to Cash Distributions from Projects are provided below. Investors are cautioned that the Company may calculate this measure in a manner that is different from other companies.

(Unaudited)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Cash Distributions from Projects	\$51.2	\$65.7	\$187.0	\$169.7
Repayment of long-term debt	(4.5)	(5.6)	(22.5)	(22.5)
Interest expense, net	(7.5)	(10.6)	(26.2)	(30.4)
Capital expenditures	(7.4)	(2.1)	(10.4)	(8.6)
Other, including changes in working capital	(1.6)	9.0	24.5	19.8
Project Adjusted EBITDA	\$72.2	\$75.0	\$221.6	\$211.4
Depreciation and amortization	50.4	51.1	154.8	153.5
Interest expense, net	7.6	10.7	32.4	30.5
Change in the fair value of derivative instruments	(0.4)	3.6	(11.5)	(34.8)
Other (income) expense	83.2	5.2	98.1	5.8
Project (loss) income	\$(68.6)	\$4.4	\$(52.2)	\$56.4
Administrative and other expenses (income)	16.9	45.0	125.0	84.8
Income tax (benefit) expense	5.6	-	(7.4)	(1.9)
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	-	-	(0.1)	(5.2)
Net (loss) income	\$(91.1)	\$(40.6)	\$(169.9)	\$(31.7)
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operating activities	118.9	57.2	209.6	123.7
Change in other operating balances	14.1	29.8	6.2	51.3
Cash flows from operating activities	\$40.4	\$46.4	\$45.9	\$143.3
Term loan facility repayments ⁽¹⁾	(9.6)	-	(47.1)	-
Project-level debt repayments	(4.2)	(1.7)	(19.6)	(12.2)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment ⁽²⁾	(7.5)	(1.5)	(10.0)	(4.2)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests ⁽³⁾	(3.6)	(1.4)	(8.8)	(4.4)
Dividends on preferred shares of a subsidiary company	(2.9)	(3.2)	(8.8)	(9.5)
Free Cash Flow	\$12.6	\$38.6	\$(48.4)	\$113.0

⁽¹⁾ Includes mandatory 1% annual amortization and 50% excess cash flow repayments by the Partnership.

⁽²⁾ Excludes construction costs related to our Canadian Hills project in 2014 and 2013 and our Piedmont and Meadow Creek projects in 2013.

⁽³⁾ Distributions to noncontrolling interests primarily include distributions, if any, to the tax equity investors at Canadian Hills and to the other 50% owner of Rockland.

Note: Cash Distributions from Projects, Project Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow are not recognized measures under GAAP and do not have any standardized meanings prescribed by GAAP; therefore, these measures may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.