

For Six Month Period Ending NOV 9
(Insert date)

Name of Registrant **Law Offices of John P. Sears** Registration No. **3584**

Business Address of Registrant **818 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006**

I-REGISTRANT

1. Has there been a change in the information previously furnished in connection with the following:

(a) If an individual:

- (1) Residence address Yes No
- (2) Citizenship Yes No
- (3) Occupation Yes No

(b) If an organization:

- (1) Name Yes No
- (2) Ownership or control Yes No
- (3) Branch offices Yes No

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INTERNAL SECURITY
SECTION
REGISTRATION UNIT

2. Explain fully all changes, if any, indicated in item 1.

N/A

IF THE REGISTRANT IS AN INDIVIDUAL, OMIT RESPONSE TO ITEMS 3, 4, and 5.

3. Have any persons ceased acting as partners, officers, directors or similar officials of the registrant during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Date Connection Ended</i>
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4. Have any persons become partners, officers, directors or similar officials during this 6 month reporting period?
Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Residence Address</i>	<i>Citizenship</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Date Assumed</i>
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5. Has any person named in Item 4 rendered services directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal?
Yes No

N/A

If yes, identify each such person and describe his services.

6. Have any employees or individuals other than officials, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their employment or connection with the registrant during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Position or connection</i>	<i>Date terminated</i>
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7. During this 6 month reporting period, have any persons been hired as employees or in any other capacity by the registrant who rendered services to the registrant directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal in other than a clerical or secretarial, or in a related or similar capacity? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Residence Address</i>	<i>Position or connection</i>	<i>Date connection began</i>
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II—FOREIGN PRINCIPAL

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8. Has your connection with any foreign principal ended during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name of foreign principal

Date of Termination

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9. Have you acquired any new foreign principal¹ during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

If yes, furnish following information:

Name and address of foreign principal

Date acquired

-
10. In addition to those named in Items 8 and 9, if any, list the foreign principals¹ whom you continued to represent during the 6 month reporting period.

1. Japan Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc.
2. City of Frankfurt
3. Japan Air Lines
4. Embassy of the Republic of South Africa

III—ACTIVITIES

11. During this 6 month reporting period, have you engaged in any activities for or rendered any services to any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9, and 10 of this statement? Yes No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal and describe in full detail your activities and services:

See Attachment "A"

¹The term "foreign principal" includes, in addition to those defined in section 1(b) of the Act, an individual or organization any of whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized in whole or in major part by a foreign government, foreign political party, foreign organization or foreign individual. (See Rule 100(a)(9)).

A registrant who represents more than one foreign principal is required to list in the statements he files under the Act only those foreign principals for whom he is not entitled to claim exemption under Section 3 of the Act. (See Rule 208.)

12. During this 6 month reporting period, have you on behalf of any foreign principal engaged in political activity² as defined below?
Yes No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal and describe in full detail all such political activity, indicating, among other things, the relations, interests and policies sought to be influenced and the means employed to achieve this purpose. If the registrant arranged, sponsored or delivered speeches, lectures or radio and TV broadcasts, give details as to dates, places of delivery, names of speakers and subject matter.

See Attachment "A", Section D, paragraphs 1,2,5,6 and 7.

13. In addition to the above described activities, if any, have you engaged in activity on your own behalf which benefits any or all of your foreign principals? Yes No

If yes, describe fully.

²The term "political activities" means the dissemination of political propaganda and any other activity which the person engaging therein believes will, or which he intends to, prevail upon, indoctrinate, convert, induce, persuade, or in any other way influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.

IV—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

14. (a) RECEIPTS—MONIES

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received from any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal, any contributions, income or money either as compensation or otherwise? Yes No

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies.³

<i>Date</i>	<i>From Whom</i>	<i>Purpose</i>	<i>Amount</i>
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See Attachment "B"

Total

(b) RECEIPTS—THINGS OF VALUE

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received any thing of value⁴ other than money from any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Name of foreign principal</i>	<i>Date received</i>	<i>Description of thing of value</i>	<i>Purpose</i>
Japan Air Lines	June 26	Round trip air fare U.S.-Japan	Attend meetings at Japan Air Lines offices in Japan

³A registrant is required to file an Exhibit D if he collects or receives contributions, loans, money, or other things of value for a foreign principal, as part of a fund raising campaign. See Rule 201(e).

⁴Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

15. (a) **DISBURSEMENTS—MONIES**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you

(1) disbursed or expended monies in connection with activity on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement? Yes No

(2) transmitted monies to any such foreign principal? Yes No

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies, including monies transmitted, if any, to each foreign principal.

<i>Date</i>	<i>To Whom</i>	<i>Purpose</i>	<i>Amount</i>
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See Attachment "C"

Total

15. (b) DISBURSEMENTS—THINGS OF VALUE

During this 6 month reporting period, have you disposed of anything of value⁵ other than money in furtherance of or in connection with activities on behalf of any foreign principal named in items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Date disposed</i>	<i>Name of person to whom given</i>	<i>On behalf of what foreign principal</i>	<i>Description of thing of value</i>	<i>Purpose</i>
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(c) DISBURSEMENTS—POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

During this 6 month reporting period, have you from your own funds and on your own behalf either directly or through any other person, made any contributions of money or other things of value⁵ in connection with an election to any political office, or in connection with any primary election, convention, or caucus held to select candidates for political office?

Yes No

If yes, furnish the following information:

<i>Date</i>	<i>Amount or thing of value</i>	<i>Name of political organization</i>	<i>Name of candidate</i>
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V—POLITICAL PROPAGANDA

(Section 1(j) of the Act defines "political propaganda" as including any oral, visual, graphic, written, pictorial, or other communication or expression by any person (1) which is reasonably adapted to, or which the person disseminating the same believes will, or which he intends to, prevail upon, indoctrinate, convert, induce, or in any other way influence a recipient or any section of the public within the United States with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party or with reference to the foreign policies of the United States or promote in the United States racial, religious, or social dissensions, or (2) which advocates, advises, instigates, or promotes any racial, social, political, or religious disorder, civil riot, or other conflict involving the use of force or violence in any other American republic or the overthrow of any government or political subdivision of any other American republic by any means involving the use of force or violence.)

16. During this 6 month reporting period, did you prepare, disseminate or cause to be disseminated any political propaganda as defined above? Yes No

IF YES, RESPOND TO THE REMAINING ITEMS IN THIS SECTION V.

17. Identify each such foreign principal.

Embassy of the Republic of South Africa

⁵Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

18. During this 6 month reporting period, has any foreign principal established a budget or allocated a specified sum of money to finance your activities in preparing or disseminating political propaganda? Yes No

If yes, identify each such foreign principal, specify amount, and indicate for what period of time.

19. During this 6 month reporting period, did your activities in preparing, disseminating or causing the dissemination of political propaganda include the use of any of the following:

- Radio or TV broadcasts
- Magazine or newspaper articles
- Motion picture films
- Letters or telegrams
- Advertising campaigns
- Press releases
- Pamphlets or other publications
- Lectures or speeches
- Other (specify) _____

20. During this 6 month reporting period, did you disseminate or cause to be disseminated political propaganda among any of the following groups:

- Public Officials
- Legislators
- Government agencies
- Other (specify) _____
- Newspapers
- Editors
- Civic groups or associations
- Libraries
- Educational institutions
- Nationality groups

21. What language was used in this political propaganda:

- English
- Other (specify) _____

22. Did you file with the Registration Section, U.S. Department of Justice, two copies of each item of political propaganda material disseminated or caused to be disseminated during this 6 month reporting period? Yes No

23. Did you label each item of such political propaganda material with the statement required by Section 4(b) of the Act? Yes No

24. Did you file with the Registration Section, U.S. Department of Justice, a Dissemination Report for each item of such political propaganda material as required by Rule 401 under the Act? Yes No Attached

VI—EXHIBITS AND ATTACHMENTS

25. EXHIBITS A AND B

(a) Have you filed for each of the newly acquired foreign principals in Item 9 the following:

- Exhibit A⁶ Yes No N/A
- Exhibit B⁷ Yes No

If no, please attach the required exhibit.

(b) Have there been any changes in the Exhibits A and B previously filed for any foreign principal whom you represented during this six month period? Yes No

If yes, have you filed an amendment to these exhibits? Yes No

If no, please attach the required amendment.

⁶The Exhibit A, which is filed on Form CRM-157 (Formerly OBD-67) sets forth the information required to be disclosed concerning each foreign principal.

⁷The Exhibit B, which is filed on Form CRM-155 (Formerly OBD-65) sets forth the information concerning the agreement or understanding between the registrant and the foreign principal.

26. EXHIBIT C

If you have previously filed an Exhibit C⁸, state whether any changes therein have occurred during this 6 month reporting period. Yes No

If yes, have you filed an amendment to the Exhibit C? Yes No

If no, please attach the required amendment.

27. SHORT FORM REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Have short form registration statements been filed by all of the persons named in Items 5 and 7 of the supplemental statement? Yes No

If no, list names of persons who have not filed the required statement.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this registration statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in attached Short Form Registration Statement, if any, insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

(Type or print name under each signature)

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths by the agent, if the registrant is an individual, or by a majority of those partners, officers, directors or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States, if the registrant is an organization.)

Robert K Kelley
Robert K Kelley

Philip J. Hare
Philip J. Hare

John P. Sears
John P. Sears

Subscribed and sworn to before me at Washington, D.C.

this 18th day of December, 19 85

My Commission Expires August 31, 1986

Esther C. Brown
(Signature of notary or other officer)

⁸The Exhibit C, for which no printed form is provided, consists of a true copy of the charter, articles of incorporation, association, constitution, and bylaws of a registrant that is an organization. (A waiver of the requirement to file an Exhibit C may be obtained for good cause upon written application to the Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, Internal Security Section, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530.)

11. During this 6-month reporting period, have you engaged in any activities for or rendered any services to any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement? Yes.

A. Japan Automobile Manufacturers Association

Monitored and advised principal regarding status and prospects for passage of trade bills in U.S. Congress; monitored and advised principal regarding U.S. trade policy.

B. City of Frankfurt

1. To promote creation of new jobs in the City of Frankfurt, and an increase in trade and tourism with the United States, registrant provided information on Frankfurt as an air and surface transportation hub for the Federal Republic of Germany, its banking and financial facilities for new investment, and its quality of life to several dozen U.S. businessmen, businesswomen and firms who contacted registrant for information on the City of Frankfurt.

2. In connection with the proposal for magazine article on the City of Frankfurt's architectural revival and quality of life that registrant submitted on April 8, 1985 to the editors of National Geographic Magazine (11 million subscribers), registrant met with the Editor for European Features of the National Geographic on September 18 to present additional explanation and background information on the City of Frankfurt.

3. To promote jobs and increased trade in Frankfurt, registrant provided information on a continuing basis to the following U.S. business and trade associations:

U.S. Chamber of Commerce
National Association of Manufacturers
Semiconductor Association
Industrial Biotechnology Association
Chemical Specialties Manufacturers Association
Scientific Apparatus Makers Association
Chemical Manufacturers Association
American Electronics Association
Bankers' Association for Foreign Trade

4. To assist in the preparation of an architectural study visit to Washington by the Planning Committee of the City Parliament of Frankfurt, registrant made appointments for and/or accompanied representative of principal to the following meetings and coordinated follow up:

October 21

Office of International Visitors

U.S. Information Agency

--Meeting with Lani Makhholm (U.S. Information Agency) and George Wynne of the Academy for State and Local Government.

City of Frankfurt Continued

(Item 4 con't.)

October 21 (con't.)

Washington Metropolitan Council of Governments
--Meeting with John Bosley, General Counsel, and John McClain,
Director of Metropolitan Development and President of the
Washington Chapter, American Planning Association.

David Schwartz Architectural Associates
--Meeting with Tom Green, Architect.

Office of the Deputy Mayor
--Meeting with Tom Downs, Deputy Mayor and City Administrator.

October 22

U.S. Conference of Mayors
--Meeting with John Gunther, Executive Director, U.S. Conference
of Mayors.

American Institute of Architects
--Meeting with Andrea Dean, Managing Editor, Architecture,
American Institute of Architects.

Provided briefing for representative of principal with
Mr. Arthur Cotton Moore, of Arthur Cotton Moore Architectural
Associates for visit to Washington Harbor project.

C. Japan Air Lines

Monitored and advised regarding U.S. international civil
aviation policy and U.S.-Japan civil aviation negotiations.

D. Republic of South Africa

1. Assisted in arranging appointments for Members of the
South African multi-racial President's Council -- Dr. W.R. Hoods,
Mr. F.G. Backman, Mr. T.L. Gounden and Mr. Chris Rencken -- to meet
with the following individuals and Members of the U.S. Congress:

Mr. Joel Himmelfarb, Associate Editor, HUMAN EVENTS
Mr. Eric Hansmeyer, Foreign Policy Advisor to Senator Grassley
Mr. Michael Frankel, Foreign Policy Advisor to Senator William Cohen
Mr. William Walsh, Foreign Policy Advisor to Senator Phil Gramm
Mr. Joel Lisker, Foreign Policy Advisor to Senator Denton
Senator Chic Hecht
Mr. John Hess, Foreign Policy Advisor to Senator Mathias
Ms. Mary Shallman, Foreign Policy Advisor to Senator Durenberger
Mr. Shawn Smeallie, Legislative Assistant to Senator D'Amato

Republic of South Africa Continued

2. Assisted in arranging appointments for Members of the South African multi-racial Parliament, listed below, to meet with the following individuals and Members of Congress.

Members of Parliament

Mr. L. Wessels
Mr. B.W.B. Page
Mr. J.N. Reddy
Mr. J. Rabie
Mr. CJ Van der Merwe
Mr. S. Abram
Mr. P.A.C. Hendrickse
Mr. I. Omar

Meetings Arranged With:

Mr. Casimir Yost, Foreign Policy Advisor to Senator Mathias
Senator Chic Hecht
Senator Dan Evans
Congressman Robert Dornan
Senator William Proxmire
Mr. Mark Albrecht, Legislative Aide to Senator Pete Wilson
Senator Jeremiah Denton
Congressman John McCain
Senator Mitch McConnell

3. Assisted in analyzing U.S. press articles and editorials on South Africa and provided research and drafts for response by the Embassy.

4. Advised regarding various legal matters.

5. On behalf of principal, registrant communicated during the reporting period the following arguments to the Members of Congress listed below in opposition to the various prohibitions on U.S. investment, trade and other economic relations between principal and the U.S. contained in pending bills:

1. Blacks and Their Families In South Africa Would Be Those Most Hurt By A Ban On New Investment. Over 100,000 Blacks are employed by American companies in South Africa. With their families, it is fair to say nearly 500,000 Blacks in South Africa depend on jobs with U.S. companies. Disinvestment would deprive them of their livelihood, and even a ban on only new U.S. company investments 00 which would give European and other competitors to U.S. companies a distinct business advantage -- would most likely start a process leading to a sharp reduction in jobs with U.S. business. As the U.S. National Foreign Trade Council has said, "A prohibition of new investment would have the effect of weakening many existing investments...would impair the ability of U.S. companies to remain viable in South Africa and to provide continued leadership in setting equal employment standards, and thus to be a force for constructive change."

2. The Growing Black Middle Class In South Africa -- A Prime Force For Reform -- Would Be Reduced. As Blacks in South Africa acquire economic influence they impel continued peaceful reform and change. U.S. companies do much to expand the Black middle class by providing not only jobs, but education, social programs (U.S. companies have spent nearly \$100 million on these programs in the past 7 years alone), and an integrated workplace through the Sullivan Principles. Bans on existing or new investment would undercut these positive forces.

3. A Ban On Bank Loans Would Hurt Social Projects for Blacks. The proposal to ban all U.S. bank loans would make it impossible for U.S. banks to assist in social projects of great help to Blacks, such as school, housing and hospital construction in South Africa.

4. A Ban On the Krugerrand Would Throw Black Miners -- Both South Africans and Thousands Who Come From Neighboring Countries -- Out Of Work and Would Hurt Thousands of U.S. Firms and Americans Who Sell and Hold the Coin. Not only Black South Africans, but also Black nations in the region, depend on jobs in South Africa's gold industry. A ban on the Krugerrand would increase poverty and promote instability in the region. It would also hurt 3,000 U.S. companies who sell the coin, as well as tens of thousands of Americans who invest in the coin, the most popular and best-selling gold coin in the U.S.

5. A Majority of Americans, According To the Harris Poll, Oppose Bans on U.S. Investment and Support Diplomacy Over Sanctions To Effect Change In South Africa. According to an article from Business Week U.S. public opinion, as shown in a 1985 Harris Poll, has shifted substantially from 1976 when a slim majority opposed disinvestment, to this year where 76% oppose disinvestment and 54% oppose bans on new investment (compared to 39% in favor). The Harris Poll also found that diplomacy rather than sanctions is favored 58% to 37% by Americans.

6. More U.S. Participation, Not Sanction, Will Promote Reform. Luct Mvubelo (President of the Black National Union of Clothing Workers: "Don't break off contact, and don't advocate disengagement and withdrawal of investments. Outsiders can influence change, but only through participation, not isolation."

Stephen S. Rosenfeld (Washington Post Deputy Editorial Page Editor): "It follows that measures like the House's latest batch of petty economic sanctions, meant to send a message, send the wrong message. The right message is that Americans find South Africa's racism hateful: so say it. But economic growth and interchange with the world are engines of progress. Why slow that engine down? (The Washington Post, Op-Ed page, March 23, 1984).

John F. Akers (President and CEO, I.B.M.): "We believe the right thing to do is to remain and to redouble our efforts to advance social equality...Pressure on apartheid will be increased by more corporate involvement, not less." (The New York Times, Op-Ed page, March 27, 1985).

In addition to these points, registrant also provided to the Members of Congress listed below excerpts from statements by the following individuals and organizations expressing their opposition to sanctions:

1. South Africa's Black and Opposition Leaders

Mangosuthu Gatsha Buthelezi (the elected Chief Minister of 5 million Zulu and elected President of Inkatha, the largest black South African political organization).

Helen Suzman (Civil Rights Spokeswoman for the opposition Progressive Federal Party in the South African Parliament).

Lucy Mvubelo (President of the National Union of Clothing Workers, which represents 24,000 black workers).

Trade Union Council of South Africa (largest trade union federation representing 430,000 members, including 350,000 black and colored workers).

Confederation of Metalworker and Construction Unions (170,000 members).

Black Municipality and Allied Workers Union (militant union of 20,000 blacks).

2. The U.S. Press

Stephen S. Rosenfeld (Washington Post Deputy Editorial Page Editor)

The Washington Post (Editorial, October 29, 1984).

The Wall Street Journal (Editorial, March 23, 1984)

Morton Kondracke (syndicated columnist)

Neil Ilman (Wall Street Journal, Senior International Correspondent)

3. American "Sullivan Principles" Companies

William D. Broderick of Ford Motor Company

National Foreign Trade Council (600 U.S. member companies)

The American Chamber of Commerce in South Africa (nearly 300 U.S. companies)

David P. Hauk (Senior Analyst, Investor Responsibility Research Center, Inc., testifying before the House Africa Subcommittee, January 31, 1985)

4. Others

Secretary of State Shultz (statement before Senate Foreign Relations Committee, January 31, 1985)

Members of Congress to which the above was communicated:

Bill Archer (TX)
Richard K. Armey (TX)
Robert E. Badham (CA)
Steve Bartlee (TX)
Joe Barton (TX)
Herbert H. Bateman (VA)
Helen Delich Bentley (MD)
Doug Bereuter (NE)
Michael Bilirakis (FL)
Thomas J. Bliley (VA)
Sherwood L. Boehlert (NY)
Beau Boulter (TX)
William S. Broomfield (MI)
Hank Brown (CO)
James Broyhill (NC)
Dan Burton (IN)
H.L. "Sonny" Callahan (AL)
Carroll A. Campbell, Jr. (SC)
William Carney (NY)
Rod Chandler (WA)
Eugene Chappie (CA)
Dick Cheney (WY)
William F. Clinger, Jr. (PA)
Daniel R. Coats (IN)
William B. Cobey, Jr. (NC)
Howard Coble (NC)
E. Thomas Coleman (MO)
Larry Combest (TX)
Silvio Conte (MA)
Lawrence Coughlin (PA)
James A. Courter (NJ)
Larry E. Craig (ID)
Philip M. Crane (IL)
William E. Dannemeyer (CA)
Hal Daub (NE)
Robert W. Davis (MI)
Thomas D. DeLay (TX)
Michael DeWine (OH)
William L. Dickinson (AL)
Joseph J. DioGuardi (NY)
Robert K. Dornan (CA)
David Dreier (CA)
John J. Duncan (TN)
Fred J. Eckert (NY)
Mickey Edwards (OK)
Bill Emerson (MO)
Cooper Evans (IA)
Harris W. Fawell (IL)
Bobbi Fiedler (CA)
Jack Fields (TX)
Hamilton Fish, Jr. (NY)
Webb Franklin (MS)
Bill Frenzel (MN)
Dean A. Gallo (NJ)

George W. Gekas (PA)
 Benjamin Gilman (NY)
 Newt Gingrich (GA)
 William F. Goodling (PA)
 Willis D. Gradison, Jr. (OH)
 Bill Green (NY)
 Judd Gregg (NH)
 John E. Grotberg (IL)
 Steven Gunderson (WI)
 John P. Hammerschmidt (AR)
 James V. Hansen (UT)
 William M. Hendon (NC)
 Paul B. Henry (MI)
 John P. Hiller (IN)
 Elwood Hillis (IN)

Marjorie Holt (MD)
 Larry J. Hopkins (KY)
 Frank Horton (NY)
 Duncan L. Hunter (CA)
 Henry J. Hyde (IL)
 Andy Ireland (FL)
 James M. Jeffords (VT)
 Nancy L. Johnson (CT)
 John R. Kasich (OH)
 Jack Kemp (NY)
 Thomas N. Kindness (OH)
 Jim Kolbe (AZ)
 Ken Kramer (CO)
 Robert J. Lagomarsino (CA)
 Delbert Latta (OH)
 Jim Leach (IA)
 Norman F. Lent (NY)
 Jerry Lewis (CA)
 Tom Lewis (FL)
 Jim Lightfoot (IA)
 Bob Livingston (LA)
 Tom Loeffler (TX)
 Trent Lott (MS)
 Bill Lowery (CA)
 Manuel Lujan, Jr. (NM)
 Dan Lungren (CA)
 John McCain (AZ)
 Al McCandless (CA)
 Bill McCollum (FL)
 Joseph M. McDade (PA)
 Bob McEwen (OH)
 Raymond J. McGrath (NY)
 John R. McKernan, Jr. (ME)
 Stewart B. McKinney (CT)
 J. Alex McMillan (NC)
 Connie Mack (FL)
 Edward R. Madigan (IL)
 Ron Marlenee (MT)

David O'B. Martin (NY)
 Lynn Martin (IL)
 Jan Meyers (KS)
 Robert H. Michel (IL)
 Clarence E. Miller (OH)
 John R. Miller (WA)
 Guy V. Molinari (NY)
 David S. Monson (UT)
 W. Henson Moore (LA)
 Carlos J. Moorhead (CA)
 Sid Morrison (WA)
 John T. Myers (IN)
 Howard C. Nielson (UT)
 George M. O'Brien (IL)
 Michael G. Oxley (OH)
 Ron Packard (CA)
 Stanford E. Parris (VA)
 Charles Pashayan, Jr. (CA)
 Tom Petri (WI)
 John E. Porter (IL)
 Carl D. Pursell (MI)
 James H. Quillen (TN)
 Ralph Regula (OH)
 Thomas J. Ridge (PA)
 Matthew J. Rinaldo (NJ)
 Don Ritter (PA)
 Pat Roberts (KS)
 Harold Rogers (KY)
 Toby Roth (WI)
 Marge Roukema (NJ)
 John G. Rowland (CT)

Eldon Rudd (AZ)
 Jom Saxton (NJ)
 Daniel L. Schaefer (CO)
 Claudine Schneider (RI)
 Bill Schuette (MI)
 Richard T. Schulze (PA)
 James Sensenbrenner (WI)
 E. Clay Shaw, Jr. (FL)
 Norman D. Shumway (CA)
 Bud Shuster (PA)
 Mark D. Siljander (MI)
 Joe Skeen (NM)
 D. French Slaughter, Jr. (VA)
 Christopher H. Smith (NJ)
 Denny Smith (OR)
 Robert C. Smith (NH)
 Robert F. Smith (OR)
 Virginia Smith (NE)
 Olympia J. Snowe (ME)
 Gene Snyder (KY)
 Gerald B. Solomon (NY)
 Floyd Spence (SC)

Rep. Stangeland
Rep. Michale Strang
Rep. Bob Stump
Rep. Don Sundquist
Rep. Mac Sweeney
Rep. Patrick Swindall
Rep. Thomas Tauke
Rep. Gene Taylor
Rep. William Thomas
Rep. Guy Vander Jagt
Rep. Barbara Vucanovich
Rep. Robert Walker
Rep. Vin Weber
Rep. G. William Whitehurst
Rep. Robert Whittaker
Rep. Frank Wvlf
Rep. George Wortley
Rep. Chalmers Wylie
Rep. Bill Young
Rep. Don Young
Rep. Ed Zschau
Senator Richard Lugar

6. On July 5, registrant met with Senator Robert Dole and presented the points described in paragraph 5(1)-(6) above and, in addition, pointed out that a ban or limitation on flights by principal's international air carrier to and from the U.S. would, like other proposed sanctions, be counterproductive by increasing costs and burden to U.S. businesses and retarding reform.

7. On July 7, registrant's article, titled "American Investments Help Minorities in South Africa," was published as one part of an opinion feature, along with an opposing view by the President of TransAfrica, in the Gannett Newspaper Syndicate. This article was requested of registrant by the Gannett Newspapers, (article attached).

8. On August 2, registrant spoke with staff members of the Senate Subcommittee on Security and Terrorism, and presented the points described in paragraph 5(1)-(6) above, with the view that full Senate consideration of the bill reported by the Foreign Relations Committee be deferred until a later date.

14. (a) Receipts-Monies

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received from any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal, any contributions, income or money either as compensation or otherwise? Yes.

<u>Date</u>	<u>From Whom</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
5-10-85	JAMA	Costs	\$ 211.74
6-11-85	JAMA	Costs	120.16
7-1-85	JAL	Fees	15,000.00
7-1-85	JAL	Costs	245.76
7-5-85	Rep. of South Africa	Costs	1,364.35
7-8-85	JAMA	Fees	25,000.00
7-16-85	JAMA	Costs	10.00
7-29-85	Rep. of South Africa	Fees	125,000.00
8-27-85	JAMA	Costs	208.51
9-16-85	JAMA	Costs	62.24
9-27-85	JAL	Fees	15,000.00
9-27-85	JAL	Costs	507.52
10-1-85	Rep. of South Africa	Fees	125,000.00
10-3-85	JAMA	Fees	25,000.00
10-3-85	City of Frankfurt	Fees	12,038.00
10-3-85	JAMA	Costs	135.55
		Total	344,903.83

15.(a) Disbursements-Monies

During this 6 month reporting period, have you (1) disbursed or expended monies in connection with activity on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 8, 9 and 10 of this statement? Yes.

If yes, set forth below in the required detail for each foreign principal an account of such monies, including monies transmitted, if any, to each foreign principal.

<u>Date</u>	<u>To Whom</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
May 9 - November 9, 1985			
	<u>Japan Air Lines</u>		
	American Express	Travel and Meals	\$ 686.28
	U.S. Treasury	Postage	.88
	C&P Telephone	Telephone	10.24
	Xerox	Copying	8.10
	Taxi	Transportation	19.00
	Messenger	Delivery	28.50
	Western Union	Telex	4.72
		Total	\$ 757.72
	<u>Japan Automobile</u>		
	<u>Manufacturers Association, Inc.</u>		
	American Express	Travel and Meals	613.50
	Xerox	Copying	5.60
	U.S. Treasury	Postage	.22
	Messenger	Delivery	45.00
	Taxi	Transportation	8.00
		Total	\$ 672.32
	<u>City of Frankfurt</u>		
	Messenger	Delivery	46.50
	American Express	Travel and Meals	398.24
	C&P Telephone	Telephone	91.93
	U.S. Treasury	Postage	12.04
	Western Union	Telex	67.53
	Xerox	Copying	28.60
	Taxi	Transportation	28.00
		Total	\$ 672.84

Continued ...

Republic of South Africa

American Express	Travel and Meals	\$ 1,592.27
U.S. Treasury	Postage	169.91
Taxi	Transportation	227.70
Messenger	Delivery	669.50
New York Times	Subscription	124.00
Hay Adams	Meals	235.49
C&P Telephone	Telephone	171.09
Rothschild, Barry & Morse	Legal fees	2,750.00
Xerox	Copying	<u>682.50</u>
	Total	\$ 6,622.46

July 7, 1985

SUNDAY

American investments help minorities in South Africa

By JOHN F. BEARS

Black voices in South Africa are expressing a different message to Americans than we are hearing from those who advocate disinvestment and sanctions in the political circles of Washington.

Here is one such voice, that of Lucy Mubelo, the black woman who heads the National Union of Clothing Workers and whose members work in American clothing plants in South Africa: "Don't break off contact and don't advocate disengagement and withdrawal of investments. Outsiders can influence change, but only through participation, not isolation."

Veteran opponents of apartheid in South Africa, like Helen Suzman, the civil rights spokeswoman for the Opposition Party in South Africa, also urge Americans not to disinvest for the simple reason that the economic power blacks are gaining through their jobs and training with U.S. companies are a vital force for reform.

She has said: "If reform is the objective, (disinvestment and sanctions) are not likely to be effective. The determining factor has been economic pressure from within South Africa: the steady upward movement into skilled occupations by blacks, eventually giving blacks the muscle with which to make demands for shifts in power and privilege."

Americans know from their own experience that a strong middle class and the possession of economic power is the surest road to political freedom. American companies in South Africa — with their integrated managements and work forces, their policies of equal pay for equal work, their non-segregated facilities, and training opportunities open to all — are creating a black middle class with economic power, a power that is making itself felt in the political arena.

More change has taken place over the last few years in South Africa than in the last several decades. The color line has been broken in South Africa's politics, with the three million Coloured and nearly one million Indian populations now voting for their own representatives in Parliament.

White radical elements to the far right join black radical elements to the far left in favoring disinvestment since both feel that the practical effect of disinvestment would be to disadvantage the political middle. The radical right feels that with America out of South Africa, whites would support more restricted measures to safeguard their security, and the radical left feels that disinvestment would force moderate blacks to support more radical positions in the jobless condition in which they would find themselves.

A majority of Americans don't want to withdraw our democratic

example of our private enterprise model — and thereby give up the struggle while pulling the rug out from under the blacks who hold jobs in U.S. companies and depend for their families' livelihood on those companies. A Business Week poll just this year showed that 78 percent of Americans oppose disinvestment.

Americans are right. To make change and reform happen in South Africa, we need to make more investment — not fewer, but more jobs for blacks — not less, and above all, more encouragement for those who stand up for change.

American companies have led the way to the legal recognition of black and multi-racial trade unions, which now bargain collectively for better wages and working conditions.

American companies have set up schools and health care facilities. They contribute funds and expertise to a wide range of social projects improving the life of not only their black employees, but the wider community as well.

American companies are a powerful force for change in South Africa — but not if they are not there.

Our choice is clear. We can pull out from one of the few places in the developing world where the people who need our help are imploring us to stay. Or we can continue to bring the American example to bear as a force for change.

