



BLACK Native to: The Americas Flavor: Earthy;

mushroomlike

Best uses: Served with rice; added to soups; in bulked-up veggie burgers Cooking tip: Before cooking, most dry beans should be soaked in water for at least four hours, then drained.



GREAT NORTHERN

Native to: The Americas Flavor: Mild, nutty

Best uses: Classic baked beans; added to soups or

Cooking tip: To skip the soak, use a multicooker.

Also consider: Other white beans include navy beans and cannellini (a.k.a. white kidney beans)

KIDNEY

Native to:

The Americas

Flavor: Slightly



FAVA/BROAD

Native to: Mediterranean and Middle East

Flavor: Creamy mouthfeel, earthy, with a hint of sweetness

Best uses: Egyptian-style falafel: hummus: salads Cooking tip: Add baking soda to soaking water to loosen skins. Remove skins from water after cooking.



CHICKPEA/ **GARBANZO**

Native to: Mediterranean

and Middle East Flavor: Buttery

Best uses: Hummus: marinated: reserve can liquid/ cooking water for plantbased egg alternative Cooking tip: For hummus,

soak for 12 hours with baking soda. Boil without salt.



LIMA/BUTTER BEAN

Native to: The Americas Flavor: Lightly

sweet and mild

Best uses: Sott'olio (preserved in seasoned olive oil); salads; veggie burgers Cooking tip: Simmer fresh young beans, unsoaked, in

salted water. Also consider: Gigante, popular in Greek cuisine

sweeter than white beans

but very tender Best uses: Caribbean-style rice and peas; chili

Cooking tip: Want to use canned beans? Try to find "no salt added" versions.

Also consider: Red beans, popular in Creole dishes



PINTO

Native to: The Americas Flavor: Creamy,

slightly nutty and smooth in texture

Best uses: Chili; various beans and rice dishes Cooking tip: Skim any scum off cooking water. Also consider: Black-eyed peas (yes, they are beans), Anasazi and cranberry



ADZUKI

Native to: Asia Flavor: Noticeably sweet, nutty

Best uses: Salads; sweet applications such as plantbased brownies

Cooking tip: There's no need to soak beforehand. These cook up quickly. Simmer with a 1-4 ratio of beans to water.

-Kelsey Ogletree