









Arkansas Center for Nursing
Arkansas Association of Nurse Anesthetists
Arkansas Nurse Practitioner Association
Arkansas Nurses Association
Arkansas Pediatric Nurse Practitioners
Northeast Arkansas Advanced Practice Association

Allowing APRNs (with a PAC# and DEA#) To Prescribe Schedule II Controlled Substances

- 1. **20-year History of APRNs Prescribing:** Federal guidelines for APRNs prescribing Schedule II controlled substances have changed.
 - Need to *update Arkansas law* to reflect Federal guide for contemporary practice.
 - Hydrocodone-combination medications are now prescribed in Arkansas with a good safety record by APRNs.
 - **Prompt care for acute pain** is a priority in all care settings.
 - APRNs writing prescriptions *avoids delay of care and additional work* for physicians.
- 2. **Prescribing medications:** for Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder/Attention Deficit Disorder (ADHD/ADD):
 - APRNs receive *training on assessment and treatment* for ADHD/ADD in their APRN programs.
 - The *safest practice is for the provider to be the prescriber;* APRNs assess, diagnose and provide follow-up care for ADHD/ADD.
- 3. **Safety of Care:** APRNs should directly write and document the prescriptions for patients they are managing.
 - Involving a physician for a *signature alone does not improve safety*.
 - Additional physician signature *delays care*, *adds expense* and *additional work* for physicians.
- 4. Cost of Care: Inability of APRNs to prescribe and renew Schedule II medications-
 - Adds cost to see a second healthcare provider to simply write a prescription.
 - **Delays care** to wait for physician appointment.











Arkansas Center for Nursing
Arkansas Association of Nurse Anesthetists
Arkansas Nurse Practitioner Association
Arkansas Nurses Association
Arkansas Pediatric Nurse Practitioners
Northeast Arkansas Advanced Practice Association