

You are cordially invited  
to attend an Amgen

 **Repatha**<sup>®</sup>  
(evolocumab) injection  
140 mg/mL

# SPEAKER PROGRAM

## OPPORTUNITIES IN PRIMARY CARE: LOWERING LDL-C WITH REPATHA<sup>®</sup>

**PRESENTED BY**  
**Sangtae Kim, DO**  
Southlake, TX 76092

**LOCATION**  
**Las Brisas**  
Banquet Room  
4701 112th Street  
Lubbock, TX 79424  
(806) 687-6050

**RSVP**  
Kristin Munson  
(806) 777-8748  
kmunson@amgen.com

**DATE AND TIME**  
**6:30 PM Central**  
**Tuesday, January 20, 2026**



### INDICATION

**Repatha<sup>®</sup> is indicated:**

- To reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events (CV death, myocardial infarction, stroke, unstable angina requiring hospitalization, or coronary revascularization) in adults with established cardiovascular disease

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- **Contraindication:** Repatha<sup>®</sup> is contraindicated in patients with a history of a serious hypersensitivity reaction to evolocumab or any of the excipients in Repatha<sup>®</sup>. Serious hypersensitivity reactions including angioedema have occurred in patients treated with Repatha<sup>®</sup>.

**Please see additional Important Safety Information on the next page.**

USA-CCF-82842



**PhRMA guidance:** This event is conducted in accordance with the PhRMA Code on Interaction with Healthcare Professionals and is limited to invited healthcare professionals. Members of the Healthcare Community who attend an Amgen Speaker Program are expected to stay for the entire duration of the presentation. Repeat attendance at a Speaker Program on the same or substantially the same topic is generally not appropriate unless the attendee has a legitimate educational need to attend. Amgen has set the maximum at two (2) programs on the same or substantially the same topic per calendar year. Attendance by guests or spouse is not appropriate. Effective January 1, 2022, the PhRMA Code was revised to include certain new requirements for industry provided Speaker Programs. To comply with these new requirements, Amgen will no longer pay for or provide alcohol in connection with our Speaker Programs.

**State and Federal Laws:** Government employees are subject to state and federal laws and ethics rules that may limit your ability to receive any gifts, including meals, from pharmaceutical companies. If you are a state or federal employee, it is your responsibility to seek guidance and prior approval from your employer or site ethics counselor to attend this event. To comply with law and Amgen policies, Amgen is unable to offer food and beverages to (1) individuals with prescribing authority in Vermont or Minnesota; or (2) individuals employed by prescribers in Vermont who support the provision of healthcare. Please confirm the value of the meal with your Amgen representative before accepting the meal. You have the opportunity to opt-out of the meal and/or purchase your own meal, if applicable. Please note that Amgen exercises diligence in reviewing the licensure of attendees and asks that you cooperate by disclosing all licensures in the sign-in/registration process. We appreciate your understanding and support.

**Disclosure by Amgen:** Amgen reports payments and transfers of value made to healthcare professionals and other healthcare related entities in accordance with federal and state laws, regulations and other transparency obligations. Any items of value provided by Amgen at this event (including the provision of meals and refreshments) may be subject to public disclosure. If you have questions regarding this matter please contact Amgen at 805-447-7422 or [HCCSpendInquiry@amgen.com](mailto:HCCSpendInquiry@amgen.com).

## INDICATIONS

### Repatha® is indicated:

- To reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events (CV death, myocardial infarction, stroke, unstable angina requiring hospitalization, or coronary revascularization) in adults with established cardiovascular disease
- as an adjunct to diet, alone or in combination with other low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)-lowering therapies, in adults with primary hyperlipidemia, including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) to reduce LDL-C

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- **Contraindication:** Repatha® is contraindicated in patients with a history of a serious hypersensitivity reaction to evolocumab or any of the excipients in Repatha®. Serious hypersensitivity reactions including angioedema have occurred in patients treated with Repatha®.
- **Hypersensitivity Reactions:** Hypersensitivity reactions, including angioedema, have been reported in patients treated with Repatha®. If signs or symptoms of serious hypersensitivity reactions occur, discontinue treatment with Repatha®, treat according to the standard of care, and monitor until signs and symptoms resolve.
- **Adverse Reactions in Primary Hyperlipidemia:** The most common adverse reactions (>5% of patients treated with Repatha® and more frequently than placebo) were: nasopharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, influenza, back pain, and injection site reactions.

From a pool of the 52-week trial and seven 12-week trials: Local injection site reactions occurred in 3.2% and 3.0% of Repatha®-treated and placebo-treated patients, respectively. The most common injection site reactions were erythema, pain, and bruising. Hypersensitivity reactions occurred in 5.1% and 4.7% of Repatha®-treated and placebo-treated patients, respectively. The most common hypersensitivity reactions were rash (1.0% versus 0.5% for Repatha® and placebo, respectively), eczema (0.4% versus 0.2%), erythema (0.4% versus 0.2%), and urticaria (0.4% versus 0.1%).

- **Adverse Reactions in the Cardiovascular Outcomes Trial:** The most common adverse reactions (>5% of patients treated with Repatha® and more frequently than placebo) were: diabetes mellitus (8.8% Repatha®, 8.2% placebo), nasopharyngitis (7.8% Repatha®, 7.4% placebo), and upper respiratory tract infection (5.1% Repatha®, 4.8% placebo).

Among the 16,676 patients without diabetes mellitus at baseline, the incidence of new-onset diabetes mellitus during the trial was 8.1% in patients treated with Repatha® compared with 7.7% in patients that received placebo.

- **Immunogenicity:** Repatha® is a human monoclonal antibody. As with all therapeutic proteins, there is potential for immunogenicity with Repatha®.

Please see Repatha® [full Prescribing information](#).

**References:** Repatha® (evolocumab) prescribing information, Amgen.