

Teacher's Manual

Complete Stain Kit

IS5018

Vital Stain Set

The microscopic observation of living organisms such as protists can be both fascinating and informative. Viewing the organisms in a living state can provide additional insight into functions, such as motility or the organism's ingestion processes, that cannot be obtained from prepared microscope slides. One drawback of viewing these organisms in their living state is that the organisms themselves transmit light relatively uniformly, making the identification of cellular organelles and other structures somewhat frustrating when using light microscopy. To overcome this issue, vital stains are often applied to the organisms.

Vital stains are stains that can enhance contrast in the organisms while the organisms remain in a living state. While any stain, given enough time, can prove lethal to the organism, vital stains provide the benefits of staining while still allowing the organisms to carry on life functions for some period of time. There are a variety of vital stains commonly employed. Some are general, providing an overall contrast of the organism against the viewing background, and some are more specific, enhancing specific cellular structures.

Vital stains are usually prepared and stored as concentrated stock solutions in either water or alcohol, which must then be diluted prior to use. This is critical, especially in the case of alcohol-based stains, as the level of alcohol in the stock solution may be quickly lethal to the organism(s) being viewed.

Procedure

There are two primary methods of performing vital staining – direct and dry-film. With the direct technique, a drop of the medium containing the protists is added to the surface of a microscope slide. A drop of the diluted vital stain is then added directly to the drop containing the specimens.

For the dry-film technique, a drop of the diluted vital stain is added to the surface of a microscope slide, which is then set aside until the drop of stain completely dries, leaving a film of stain on the surface of the microscope slide. Once the stain has completely dried, a drop of medium containing the organisms is placed on the film of stain. Once the organism-containing medium is placed on the film, the stain in the film will slowly dissolve into the medium, exposing the organisms to the vital stain. Several dry-film slides can be prepared in advance and stored in a microscope slide storage box for use when needed.

Vital Stains

Note: *Vital stains can be used on a wide variety of microscopic organisms at a wide variety of concentrations, depending on desired results. The following are general guidelines but dilutions may need to be adjusted higher or lower depending on desired result.*

- **Bismarck brown** – Dilute to 0.1% for dry-film staining, dilute from 0.01% to 0.001% for direct staining. Use for staining cytoplasmic inclusions in protists.
- **Brilliant cresyl blue** – Dilute to 0.1% for dry-film staining, dilute from 0.01% to 0.001% for direct staining. Use for staining nucleoli in protists.
- **Janus green** – Dilute to 0.05% for dry-film staining, dilute from 0.01% to 0.001% for direct staining. Use for staining mitochondria and the Golgi apparatus of protists.
- **Neutral red** – Dilute to 0.1% for dry-film staining, dilute from 0.01% to 0.001% for direct staining. Use for staining the nucleus and food vacuoles of protists. Neutral red is a pH indicator which is red under mildly acidic conditions, turning yellow in a more alkaline environment. This allows for the observation of digestive processes as newly-formed food vacuoles will stain red and then gradually change to yellow as the environment in the food vacuoles becomes more alkaline as the result of digestive processes.
- **Methylene blue chloride** – Dilute to 0.1% for dry-film staining, dilute from 0.01% to 0.001% for direct staining. This is a good general vital stain, staining the nucleus, cytoplasm, and cytoplasmic granules of protists. Methylene blue chloride may also be used to demonstrate the discharge of trichocysts in Paramecia. Prepare a slide

Procedure

There are two primary methods of performing vital staining – direct and dry-film. With the direct technique, a drop of the medium containing the protists is added to the surface of a microscope slide. A drop of the diluted vital stain is then added directly to the drop containing the specimens.

For the dry-film technique, a drop of the diluted vital stain is added to the surface of a microscope slide, which is then set aside until the drop of stain completely dries, leaving a film of stain on the surface of the microscope slide. Once the stain has completely dried, a drop of medium containing the organisms is placed on the film of stain. Once the organism-containing medium is placed on the film, the stain in the film will slowly dissolve into the medium, exposing the organisms to the vital stain. Several dry-film slides can be prepared in advance and stored in a microscope slide storage box for use when needed.

Vital Stains

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containing a drop of medium containing Paramecia on a microscope slide and place a coverslip on the sample. Place on a microscope and add one drop of 0.1% methylene blue to one side of the coverslip and observe as the Paramecia encounter the stain diffusing into the medium under the coverslip.

- **Copper (II) acetate and copper (II) sulfate** - Use at prepared strength, no need for dilution. Neither copper (II) acetate or copper (II) sulfate are vital stains. These solutions are used to immobilize fast-moving ciliates, without altering their body form, to facilitate observation. Apply one drop of either solution directly to one drop of medium containing ciliates on a microscope slide. Apply the desired vital stain.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	BISMARCK BROWN Y, 1% ALCOHOL SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Bismarck Brown Y, Alcohol Solution
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER**Pictograms:** GHS02 / GHS08 / GHS06**Target organs:** Eyes, Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 3)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Eye irritation (Category 2B)

STOT-SE (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 3)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

Precautionary statement:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Ethyl alcohol, denatured	64-17-5	99.00%	200-578-6
Bismarck brown Y	10114-58-6	1.00%	233-314-3
Denaturants:			
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	--	200-661-7
Water	7732-18-5	--	231-791-2
Methanol	67-56-1	--	200-659-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	--	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm / 1880 mg/m ³ (A3)	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, red liquid.	Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1): Ca 2*	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Low Pow: -.32*
Odor: Mild characteristic odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: 400°C (752°F)*
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 4.0%(V) / 20.0%(V)*	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available.	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): Ca 50 @ 20°C*	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: -114°C (-173°F)*	Vapor density (Air = 1): Ca 1.5*	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: 74-80°C (165.2-176°F)*	Relative density (Specific gravity): 0.7919-0.7955°C @ 60/60°F*	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: 5°C (41°F)*	Solubility(ies): Soluble in water.	

*[Ethanol]

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers, inorganic acids and halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 7060 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4hours [Ethanol]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Severe irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. [Isopropanol]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ WARNING! : This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes dizziness, drowsiness, decreased reaction, euphoria, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait and coma.

Skin: Contact with skin causes irritation defatting on prolonged contact.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause blindness.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: KQ6300000 [Ethanol]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacia), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available **Bioaccumulative potential:** No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available **PBT and vPvB assessment:** No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1170 **Shipping name:** Ethanol solution

Hazard class: 3

Packing group: II

Reportable Quantity: 5,000 lbs (2270 kg)

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 1 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERCLA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Methanol	Listed	5,000 lbs.	U154	Listed	Not listed	
Isopropanol	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	BRILLIANT CRESYL BLUE, 1% ALCOHOL SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Brilliant Cresyl Blue, Alcohol Solution
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER**Pictograms:** GHS02 / GHS08 / GHS06**Target organs:** Eyes, Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 3)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Eye irritation (Category 2B)

STOT-SE (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 3)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

Precautionary statement:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Ethyl alcohol, denatured	64-17-5	99.00%	200-578-6
Brilliant cresyl blue	81029-05-2	1.00%	279-675-0
Denaturants:			
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	--	200-661-7
Water	7732-18-5	--	231-791-2
Methanol	67-56-1	--	200-659-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	--	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm / 1880 mg/m ³ (A3)	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, blue liquid.	Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1): Ca 2*	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Low Pow: -.32*
Odor: Mild characteristic odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: 400°C (752°F)*
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 4.0%(V) / 20.0%(V)*	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available.	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): Ca 50 @ 20°C*	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: -114°C (-173°F)*	Vapor density (Air = 1): Ca 1.5*	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: 74-80°C (165.2-176°F)*	Relative density (Specific gravity): 0.7919-0.7955°C @ 60/60°F*	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: 5°C (41°F)*	Solubility(ies): Soluble in water.	*[200 Proof Ethanol]

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers, inorganic acids and halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 7060 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4hours [Ethanol]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Severe irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. [Isopropanol]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ WARNING! : This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes dizziness, drowsiness, decreased reaction, euphoria, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait and coma.

Skin: Contact with skin causes irritation defatting on prolonged contact.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause blindness.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: KQ6300000 [Ethanol]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacia), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available **Bioaccumulative potential:** No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available **PBT and vPvB assessment:** No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1170 **Shipping name:** Ethanol solution

Hazard class: 3

Packing group: II

Reportable Quantity: 5,000 lbs (2270 kg)

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 1 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERCLA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Methanol	Listed	5,000 lbs.	U154	Listed	Not listed	
Isopropanol	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	COPPER(II) ACETATE, 3% AQUEOUS SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Cupric Acetate, Water Solution
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: WARNING**Pictograms:** GHS09**Target organs:** Respiratory system, Skin, Liver, Kidneys**GHS Classification:**

Acute toxicity, oral (Category 5)

Aquatic acute toxicity (Category 1)

Aquatic chronic toxicity (Category 1)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H303: May be harmful if swallowed.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement:

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P391: Collect spillage.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	97.0%	231-791-2
Cupric acetate	6046-93-1	3.0%	205-553-3 {CAS # 142-71-2}

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use any media suitable for extinguishing supporting fire.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: In fire conditions, water may evaporate from this solution which may cause hazardous decomposition products to be formed as dust or fume.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Copper, dusts and mists, as Cu	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, blue-green liquid.	Evaporation rate (Water = 1): <1	Partition coefficient: Data not available
Odor: No odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: Data not available
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: Data not available	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available.	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 (water)	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: Approximately 0°C (32°F) (water)	Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 (water)	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: Approximately 100°C (212°F) (water)	Relative density (Specific gravity): Approximately 1.0 (water)	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: Data not available	Solubility(ies): Complete in water.	

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures which cause evaporation.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers, acetylene, hydrazine, reducing agents, nitromethane.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 710 mg/kg [Copper acetate]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Data not available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Data not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Ca Prop 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: Data not available

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin: Contact may cause irritation.

Eyes: Contact may cause irritation.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: Copper salts impart a metallic taste in the mouth. Damage to the kidneys may occur in person's with Wilson's disease. High concentrations in contact with skin may result in burns. Chronic exposure may also lead to liver damage, anemia and other blood cell abnormalities.

Additional information: RTECS #: AG3500000 [Copper acetate]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0.39 mg/l - 96.0 h [Copper acetate]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: Not applicable

Shipping name: Not Regulated

Hazard class: Not applicable

Packing group: Not applicable

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Not applicable

2020 ERG Guide # Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Cupric acetate	Listed	100 lbs (45.4 kg)	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	COPPER(II) SULFATE, 1% SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Cupric Sulfate, Water Solution
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: WARNING**Pictograms:** GHS09**Target organs:** Liver, Kidneys, Lungs, Spleen.**GHS Classification:**

Skin irritation (Category 3)

Eye irritation (Category 2B)

Aquatic acute toxicity (Category 1)

Aquatic chronic toxicity (Category 1)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H316: Causes mild skin irritation.

H320: Causes eye irritation.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement:

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P391: Collect spillage.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	98.41%	231-791-2
Cupric sulfate, pentahydrate	7758-99-8	1.59%	231-847-6 (anhydrous)

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use any media suitable for extinguishing supporting fire.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Copper, dusts and mists, as Cu	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, blue liquid.	Evaporation rate (Water = 1): <1	Partition coefficient: Data not available
Odor: No odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: Data not available
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: Data not available	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available.	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 (water)	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: Approximately 0°C (32°F) (water)	Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 (water)	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: Approximately 100°C (212°F) (water)	Relative density (Specific gravity): Approximately 1.0 (water)	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: Data not available	Solubility(ies): Complete in water.	

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures which cause evaporation.

Incompatible materials: Reducing agents, acetylene or nitromethane, magnesium, strong bases, alkalines, phosphates, hydrazine, zirconium. Can corrode aluminum, steel and iron.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of sulfur and copper fumes.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 300 mg/kg [Copper sulfate anhydrous]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Data not available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Data not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Ca Prop 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: Data not available

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Ingestion can cause irritation to the digestive tract and abdominal pain.

Skin: Contact with skin causes slight irritation. Excessive exposure may cause allergic dermatitis. May cause irritation or burns on wet skin.

Eyes: Can cause severe irritation and may result in irreversible eye damage.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: *Note to physician:* Probable mucosal damage may contradict the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsions may be needed. Wilson's disease can be aggravated by excessive exposure. Symptoms include nausea, vomiting, gastrointestinal pain, diarrhea, dizziness, jaundice, and general debility.

Additional information: RTECS #: GL8900000 [Copper sulfate pentahydrate]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: *Salmo gairdneri* (fish, estuary, fresh water), LC50 = < 0.75-0.84 mg/L [Copper sulfate anhydrous]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: Not applicable

Shipping name: Not Regulated

Hazard class: Not applicable

Packing group: Not applicable

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Not applicable

2020 ERG Guide # Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Cupric sulfate	Listed	10 lbs (4.54 kg)	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	JANUS GREEN, 1% ALCOHOL SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Janus Green, Alcohol Solution
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER**Pictograms:** GHS02 / GHS08 / GHS06**Target organs:** Eyes, Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 3)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Eye irritation (Category 2B)

STOT-SE (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 3)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

Precautionary statement:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Ethyl alcohol, denatured	64-17-5	99.00%	200-578-6
Janus green	2869-83-2	1.00%	220-695-6
Denaturants:			
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	--	200-661-7
Water	7732-18-5	--	231-791-2
Methanol	67-56-1	--	200-659-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	--	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm / 1880 mg/m ³ (A3)	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, green liquid.	Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1): Ca 2*	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Low Pow: -.32*
Odor: Mild characteristic odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: 400°C (752°F)*
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 4.0%(V) / 20.0%(V)*	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available.	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): Ca 50 @ 20°C*	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: -114°C (-173°F)*	Vapor density (Air = 1): Ca 1.5*	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: 74-80°C (165.2-176°F)*	Relative density (Specific gravity): 0.7919-0.7955°C @ 60/60°F*	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: 5°C (41°F)*	Solubility(ies): Soluble in water.	*[200 Proof Ethanol]

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers, inorganic acids and halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 7060 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4hours [Ethanol]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Severe irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. [Isopropanol]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ **WARNING!** : This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes dizziness, drowsiness, decreased reaction, euphoria, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait and coma.

Skin: Contact with skin causes irritation defatting on prolonged contact.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause blindness.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: KQ6300000 [Ethanol]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacia), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available **Bioaccumulative potential:** No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available **PBT and vPvB assessment:** No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1170 **Shipping name:** Ethanol solution

Hazard class: 3

Packing group: II

Reportable Quantity: 5,000 lbs (2270 kg)

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 1 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERCLA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Methanol	Listed	5,000 lbs.	U154	Listed	Not listed	
Isopropanol	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product METHYLENE BLUE CHLORIDE, 1% AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Synonyms Methylene Blue Chloride, Water Solution

Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: WARNING

Pictograms: No symbol required

Target organs: None known

GHS Classification:

Acute toxicity, oral (Category 5)

GHS Label information:

Hazard statement(s):

H303: May be harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statement(s):

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	98.8%	231-791-2
Methylene blue chloride	61-73-4	1.0%	200-515-2
Sodium benzoate, as preservative	532-32-1	0.2%	208-534-8

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: MAY CAUSE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use any media suitable for extinguishing supporting fire.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Methylene blue chloride	None established.	None established.	None established.

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Dark blue liquid. Odor: No odor. Odor threshold: Data not available. pH: Data not available. Melting / Freezing point: ~0°C (32°F) (water) Boiling point: ~100°C (212°F) (water) Flash point: Data not available.	Evaporation rate (Water = 1): <1 Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available. Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: Data not available. Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 (water) Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 (water) Relative density (Specific gravity): Approximately 1.1 Solubility(ies): Complete in water.	Partition coefficient: Data not available. Auto-ignition temperature: Data not available. Decomposition temperature: Data not available. Viscosity: Data not available. Molecular formula: Mixture Molecular weight: Mixture
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Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable
Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures which cause evaporation. Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Incompatibilities with other materials: Strong oxidizing materials and reducers.
Hazardous decomposition products: Sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen chloride gas.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 1180 mg/kg [Methylene blue chloride] / Oral-rat LD50: 2100 mg/kg [Sodium benzoate]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Data not available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Data not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Ca Prop 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: Data not available

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Specific data is not available. Exercise appropriate procedures to minimize potential hazards.

Additional information: RTECS #: SP5740000 [Methylene blue chloride] / DH6650000 [Sodium benzoate]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: Not applicable

Shipping name: Not Regulated

Hazard class: Not applicable

Packing group: Not applicable

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Not applicable

2020 ERG Guide # Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERCLA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Methylene blue chloride	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.
Sodium benzoate	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	NEUTRAL RED, 1% ALCOHOL SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Neutral Red, Alcohol Solution
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER**Pictograms:** GHS02 / GHS08 / GHS06**Target organs:** Eyes, Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 3)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Eye irritation (Category 2B)

STOT-SE (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 3)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

Precautionary statement:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Ethyl alcohol, denatured	64-17-5	99.00%	200-578-6
Neutral red	553-24-2	1.00%	209-035-8
Denaturants:			
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	--	200-661-7
Water	7732-18-5	--	231-791-2
Methanol	67-56-1	--	200-659-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	--	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm / 1880 mg/m ³ (A3)	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, red liquid. Odor: Mild characteristic odor. Odor threshold: Data not available. pH: Data not available. Melting / Freezing point: -114°C (-173°F)* Boiling point: 74-80°C (165.2-176°F)* Flash point: 5°C (41°F)*	Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1): Ca 2* Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available. Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 4.0%(V) / 20.0%(V)* Vapor pressure (mm Hg): Ca 50 @ 20°C* Vapor density (Air = 1): Ca 1.5* Relative density (Specific gravity): 0.7919-0.7955°C @ 60/60°F* Solubility(ies): Soluble in water.	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Low Pow: -.32* Auto-ignition temperature: 400°C (752°F)* Decomposition temperature: Data not available. Viscosity: Data not available. Molecular formula: Mixture Molecular weight: Mixture *[200 Proof Ethanol]
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Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers, inorganic acids and halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 7060 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4hours [Ethanol]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Severe irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. [Isopropanol]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ **WARNING!** : This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes dizziness, drowsiness, decreased reaction, euphoria, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait and coma.

Skin: Contact with skin causes irritation defatting on prolonged contact.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause blindness.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: KQ6300000 [Ethanol]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacia), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1170

Shipping name: Ethanol solution

Hazard class: 3

Packing group: II

Reportable Quantity: 5,000 lbs (2270 kg)

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 1 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Methanol	Listed	5,000 lbs.	U154	Listed	Not listed	
Isopropanol	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

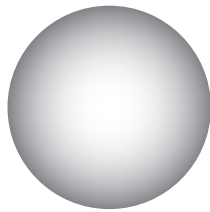
Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Bacteria Stain Set

Bacteria Structure/Morphology

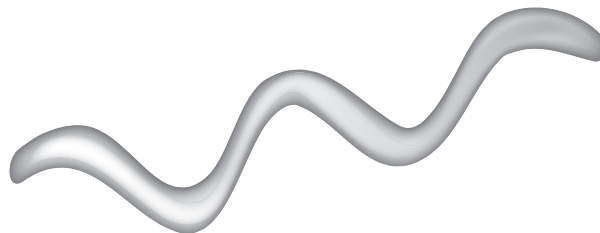
When trying to identify bacteria, one of the first steps is to identify the morphology, or shape, of the bacterial cells. Most bacterial cells fall into one of three basic shapes: cocci (singular coccus), bacilli (singular bacillus), and spirilla (singular spirillum). Cocci are spherical shaped, bacilli are rod shaped, and spirilla are spiral shaped.



Coccus



Bacillus



Spirillum

After identifying the morphology of the single cells, the bacteria can be further classified based on looking at multiple cells. Bacteria tend to grow in groups, or colonies. How the individual cells arrange themselves in the group can further aid in identification. For example, some cells may grow in chains and when they are found in this form the prefix strepto- is often applied followed by suffix to indicate the shape of the individual cells. For example, a chain of bacterial cells in which each cell is rod shaped may be referred to as streptobacillus. Some cells may grow in clusters and in this form the prefix staphylo- may be applied and again will be followed by a suffix to reference cell shape. A cluster of spherical cells may be termed staphylococcus.

Procedure

Slide Preparation

Prior to performing a staining technique, some steps are required to prepare the bacterial cells for the staining procedure. First, the bacterial cells must be placed on the microscope slide. The cells are collected using an implement such as a swab and spread in a thin layer on the surface of the microscope slide. The sample must be spread properly. If the cell layer is too thick, there will be too many cells and it will be difficult to view individual cells. If the cell layer is too thin, it will be difficult to find cells under the microscope. Often times, a drop of water is placed on the microscope slide and the sample and water are spread together to help evenly distribute the cells.

After the cell spread is prepared, another technique may be performed to help the cells adhere, or stick, to the surface of the microscope slide. The most common method of accomplishing this is called heat-fixing. Heat-fixing is accomplished by briefly passing the microscope slide through a heat source, such as a flame, a few times (when heat-fixing always hold the end of the slide with a clothespin, forceps, test tube holder, or similar, not with your fingers). During the heat-fixing process, proteins in the cell wall of the bacteria coagulate (clot) and help the cells stick to the microscope slide. If the sample is not heat-fixed, the cells may wash off the microscope slide during the staining and/or rinsing process leaving nothing to observe under the microscope. Like preparing the cell spread, heat-fixing must be performed properly. If the cells are not heated enough they will not adhere to the microscope slide very well. On the other hand, if the cells are heated too much, it will essentially “cook” the bacteria which may at best change the structure of the cells (providing inaccurate observations) and at worse completely destroy the cells (providing no observations). During heat-fixing, the sample is usually passed through the heat source briefly and allowed to cool. The process is repeated a few times, being sure the sample is allowed to cool after each pass.

Stains

Note: *There are many variables (such as number of bacteria, type of bacteria being stained, slide preparation technique, etc.) that can affect the final appearance of the stained cells. Bacterial staining requires some experimentation to achieve desired results. It is recommended that more than one slide be prepared. Typically, bacterial cells are stained for anywhere from 30-60 seconds and then rinsed but the amount of time may need to be adjusted based on preference.*

- **Methylene blue, Loeffler’s** – A very commonly used simple stain used to determine morphology/arrangement. Loeffler’s methylene blue is not as concentrated as saturated methylene blue and contains a small amount of potassium hydroxide. Heat-fixed cells on a slide are stained for the desired amount of time and then the cells are rinsed with water. Loeffler’s methylene blue is also commonly used as

a counterstain for the Ziehl-Neelsen method for differential staining of acid-fast bacteria.

- **Methylene blue, saturated** – A similar stain to Loeffler's methylene blue but more concentrated. Saturated methylene blue provides excellent staining for morphology but, depending on the amount of time the cells are stained may obscure arrangement. Heat-fixed cells on a slide are stained for the desired amount of time and then the cells are rinsed with water.
- **Carbol fuchsin** – A stain that can be used as a simple stain for determining morphology/arrangement. Heat-fixed cells on a slide are stained for the desired amount of time and then the cells are rinsed with water. Carbol fuchsin contains a small amount of phenol and is useful for staining the waxy lipid layer of acid-fast bacteria when heat is applied. It is the primary stain used in the Ziehl-Neelsen method for differential staining of acid-fast bacteria. Carbol fuchsin is sometimes used as an alternative to safranin as a counterstain during Gram's staining.
- **Carbol rose bengal** – A more specialized stain, carbol rose bengal is a simple stain employed when examining slime-producing bacteria. Carbol rose bengal has a high affinity for the bacteria cells but a low affinity for the slime some bacteria produce, allowing staining of the cells but not the surrounding slime/debris produced by some organisms. Heat-fixed cells on a slide are stained for the desired amount of time and then the cells are rinsed with water.
- **Crystal violet** – Like methylene blue, crystal violet is a very commonly used stain for simple staining to determine morphology/arrangement. Heat-fixed cells on a slide are stained for the desired amount of time and then the cells are rinsed with water. Crystal violet is also used, along with the mordant Gram's iodine, as the primary stain for the Gram's staining procedure to differentiate Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	METHYLENE BLUE SOLUTION (LOEFFLER'S)
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Synonyms	Loeffler's Methylene Blue Stain
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER**Pictograms:** GHS02 / GHS08 / GHS06**Target organs:** Eyes, Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 2)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 3)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Eye irritation (Category 2B)

STOT-SE (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 3)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

Precautionary statement:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Ethyl alcohol, 95% denatured*	64-17-5	99.45%	200-578-6
Methylene blue chloride	61-73-4	0.5%	200-515-2
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	0.04%	215-181-3
Water	7732-18-5	Balance	231-791-2
*Denaturants:			
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	--	200-661-7
Methanol	67-56-1	--	200-659-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	--	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.**Protective Actions for Fire-fighters:** In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.**Specific Hazards:** During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.**Environmental Precautions:** Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.**Containment and Cleanup:** Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources. Protect from light.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm / 1880 mg/m ³ (A3)	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, blue liquid.	Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1): Ca 2*	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Low Pow: -.32*
Odor: Mild characteristic odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: 400°C (752°F)*
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 4.0%(V) / 20.0%(V)*	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available.	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): Ca 50 @ 20°C*	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: -114°C (-173°F)*	Vapor density (Air = 1): Ca 1.5*	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: 74-80°C (165.2-176°F)*	Relative density (Specific gravity): 0.7919-0.7955°C @ 60/60°F*	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: 5°C (41°F)*	Solubility(ies): Soluble in water.	*[Ethanol]

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers, inorganic acids and halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 7060 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4hours [Ethanol]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Severe irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. [Isopropanol]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ WARNING! : This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes dizziness, drowsiness, decreased reaction, euphoria, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait and coma.

Skin: Contact with skin causes irritation defatting on prolonged contact.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause blindness.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: KQ6300000 [Ethanol]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacia), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available **Bioaccumulative potential:** No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available **PBT and vPvB assessment:** No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1170 **Shipping name:** Ethanol solution

Hazard class: 3

Packing group: II

Reportable Quantity: 5,000 lbs (2270 kg)

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 1 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Methanol	Listed	5,000 lbs.	U154	Listed	Not listed	
Isopropanol	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	METHYLENE BLUE CHLORIDE, 1% ALCOHOLIC SOLUTION
Synonyms	Methylene Blue Solution, 1% Alcoholic / Methylene Blue Alcohol/Water Solution

Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER**Pictograms:** GHS02 / GHS07**Target organs:** Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 2)

Eye irritation (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 3)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement(s):

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement(s):

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or water spray to extinguish.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	50.0%	200-661-7
Water	7732-18-5	48.8%	231-791-2
Methylene blue chloride (C.I. No. 52015)	61-73-4	1.0%	200-515-2
Sodium benzoate	532-32-1	0.2%	208-534-8

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Isopropanol	TWA: 200 ppm / STEL: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm / 980 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm / STEL: 500 ppm

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid. Odor: Aromatic odor. Odor threshold: Data not available. pH: Data not available. Melting / Freezing point: Approximately -21.6°C (-7°F) Boiling point: 80°C (176°F) Flash point: 23.9°C (75.5°F) TCC	Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1): >1 Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available. Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 2% / 12% [Pure IPA] Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 33 mm @20°C [Pure IPA] Vapor density (Air = 1): 2.1 [Pure IPA] Relative density (Specific gravity): 0.8 Solubility(ies): Complete in water.	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Data not available Auto-ignition temperature: 399°C (750°F) ASTM-E659-78 [Pure IPA] Decomposition temperature: Data not available. Viscosity: Data not available. Molecular formula: Mixture Molecular weight: Mixture
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Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing materials, caustics, aluminums, metals, nitroform, oleum, chlorinated compounds can react vigorously with this alcohol.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 4396 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 72.6 mg/L/4 hours ; Dermal-rat LD50: 12,000 mg/kg [Isopropanol]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Ca Prop 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

Ingestion: Aspiration hazard. Liquid can directly enter the lungs (aspirated) when swallowed or vomited. Serious lung damage and possible fatal chemical pneumonia can develop if this occurs.

Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause irritation and drying, cracking and defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis.

Eyes: Contact causes burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: NT8050000 [Isopropanol]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Pimephales promelas (Fish, fresh water) LC50: 9640 mg/L/96 hours [Isopropanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Artemia salina (Crustacea), EC50 = >10,000 mg/L/24 hours [Isopropanol]

Toxicity to algae: Scenedesmus quadricauda (Algae), LOEC50 = 1,800 mg/L/7 days [Isopropanol]

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1987

Shipping name: Alcohols, n.o.s., (Isopropanol)

Hazard class: 3

Packing group: III

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 5 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Isopropyl alcohol	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product CARBOL FUCHSIN SOLUTION (ZIEHL-NEELSEN)

Synonyms None

Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER

Pictograms: GHS02 / GHS05 / GHS07 / GHS08

Target organs: Eyes, Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.

**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 3)

Skin irritation (Category 2)

Eye damage (Category 1)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 4)

Mutagenicity (Category 2)

Carcinogenicity (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 3)

STOT-SE (Category 2)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Vesicant

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Precautionary statement:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or water spray to extinguish.

P403+P233+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	85.81%	231-791-2
Ethyl alcohol, denatured*	64-17-5	9.51%	200-578-6
Phenol	108-95-2	4.39%	203-632-7
Basic fuchsin (Magenta)	632-99-5	0.29%	211-189-6
*Denaturants:			
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	0.813%	200-661-7
Water	7732-18-5	0.47%	231-791-2
Methanol	67-56-1	0.36-0.46%	200-659-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.08-0.09%	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION/DAMAGE. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm / 1880 mg/m ³ (A3)	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, red liquid.	Evaporation rate (Water = 1): >1	Partition coefficient: Data not available
Odor: Mild characteristic odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: Data not available
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 4.0%(V) / 20.0%(V)*	Decomposition temperature: Data not available
pH: 4.7	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 [water]	Viscosity: Data not available
Melting / Freezing point: 0°C (32°F) [water]	Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 [water]	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: 100°C (212°F) [water]	Relative density (Specific gravity): Approximately 1.0	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: 49°C (120°F) [10% ethanol]	Solubility(ies): Completely soluble in water.	*[Ethanol]

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, halogens and calcium hypochlorite. Hot phenol attacks aluminum, lead, magnesium and zinc and the phenol is discolored. The discoloration of phenol is catalyzed by iron and copper.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 7060 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4hours [Ethanol]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Severe irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans. [Magenta]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ WARNING! : This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes dizziness, drowsiness, decreased reaction, euphoria, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait and coma.

Skin: Contact with skin causes irritation defatting on prolonged contact.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause corneal damage.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: KQ6300000 [Ethanol]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacia), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1992

Shipping name: Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s., (Ethyl alcohol, Phenol solution)

Hazard class: 3, (6.1)

Packing group: III

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 5 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Phenol	Listed	Not listed	U188	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	CARBOL ROSE BENGAL SOLUTION
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Synonyms	None
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER

Pictograms: GHS02 / GHS05 / GHS06 / GHS08

Target organs: Kidneys, Liver, Central nervous system, Eyes

**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 3)

Acute toxicity, oral (Category 4)

Acute toxicity, dermal (Category 4)

Skin corrosivity (Category 1B)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 3)

Mutagenicity (Category 2)

STOT-SE (Category 2)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Vesicant, rapidly absorbed through skin

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Precautionary statement:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P314: Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam to extinguish.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	86.42%	231-791-2
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	7.31 - 7.38%	200-578-6
Phenol	108-95-2	4.43 - 4.53%	203-632-7
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	0.77%	200-661-7
Rose bengal	632-69-9	0.45%	211-183-3
Methanol	67-56-1	0.34 - 0.37%	200-659-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.08 - 0.09%	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: TOXIC IF INHALED. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES SEVERE EYE DAMAGE. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: TOXIC IN CONTACT WITH SKIN. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam to extinguish.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Yields flammable and toxic vapors when heated. Water containing phenol may cause severe chemical burns. Above 79°C explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Phenol	TWA: 5 ppm / 19 mg/m ³ (A4)	TWA: 5 ppm / 19 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm / 19 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: Use only in well ventilated area. Work in fume hood and wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Liquid. Red color.	Evaporation rate (Water = 1): >1	Partition coefficient: Data not available
Odor: Phenol odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: Data not available
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower: 4% (V) Upper: 20% (V)	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 (water)	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: Approximately 0°C (32°F) (water)	Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 (water)	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: Approximately 100°C (212°F) (water)	Relative density (Specific gravity): Approximately 1.0 (water)	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: 49°C (120°F) 10% Ethanol	Solubility(ies): Complete in water	

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid overheating. Vapors flammable and toxic. Discolors upon prolonged heating.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers, halogens and calcium hypochlorite. Hot phenol attacks aluminum, lead, magnesium and zinc and the phenol is discolored. The discolorization of phenol is catalyzed by iron and copper.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides and phenol fumes.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Phenol: Oral-rat LD50: 317 mg/kg ; Dermal-rat LD50: 669 mg/kg **Ethanol:** Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4 hours

Skin corrosion/irritation: Data not available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Data not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. [Phenol]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ **WARNING!** : This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: Data not available

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects: AVOID ALL CONTACT!

Inhalation: Inhalation causes sore throat, burning sensation, cough, dizziness, headache, nausea, vomiting, shortness of breath, labored breathing, unconsciousness. Symptoms may be delayed.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes abdominal pain, convulsions, diarrhea, shock or collapse, sore throat.

Skin: EASILY ABSORBED! Contact causes serious skin burns, numbness, convulsions, collapse, unconsciousness.

Eyes: Contact causes pain, redness, loss of vision, severe deep burns.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: Phenol has been found to cause cancer in laboratory animals. May cause adverse mutagenic or teratogenic effects. Exercise appropriate procedures to minimize potential hazards.

Additional information: RTECS #: Phenol: SJ3325000 **Ethanol:** KQ6300000

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacea), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1992

Shipping name: Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s., (Ethyl alcohol, Phenol solution)

Hazard class: 3, (6.1)

Packing group: III

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 5 Lt

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Phenol	Listed	1,000 lbs (454 kg)	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	CRYSTAL VIOLET, 1% ALCOHOL SOLUTION
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Synonyms	None
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: DANGER

Pictograms: GHS02 / GHS08 / GHS06

Target organs: Eyes, Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.

**GHS Classification:**

Flammable liquid (Category 2)
 Acute toxicity, oral (Category 3)
 Acute toxicity, dermal (Category 3)
 Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 3)
 Eye irritation (Category 2B)
 STOT-SE (Category 2)
 STOT-SE (Category 3)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H301: Toxic if swallowed.
 H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
 H331: Toxic if inhaled.
 H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H371: May cause damage to organs.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known
 Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Precautionary statement:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
 P233+P235: Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
 P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
 P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
 P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
 P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
 P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
 P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P308+P311: IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
 P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
 P361+P364: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P370+P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or water spray to extinguish.
 P403+P405: Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.
 P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	84.15 - 84.94%	200-578-6
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	8.91%	200-661-7
Methanol	67-56-1	3.96 - 4.26%	200-659-6
Crystal violet, biological stain and/or pH indicator	548-62-9	1.0%	208-953-6
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.89 - 0.99%	203-550-1

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: TOXIC IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: TOXIC IN CONTACT WITH SKIN. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol foam.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Vapors formed from this product are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition and flash back instantly. Flame may not be visible in daylight.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm / 1880 mg/m ³ (A3)	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm / 1900 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid.	Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1): Ca 2	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Low Pow: -.32
Odor: Mild characteristic odor.	Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.	Auto-ignition temperature: 363°C (685°F)
Odor threshold: Data not available.	Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: 3.3% / 19.0%	Decomposition temperature: Data not available.
pH: Data not available.	Vapor pressure (mm Hg): Ca 50 @ 20°C	Viscosity: Data not available.
Melting / Freezing point: -114°C (-173°F)	Vapor density (Air = 1): Ca 1.5	Molecular formula: Mixture
Boiling point: 74-80°C (165.2-176°F)	Relative density (Specific gravity): 0.7919-0.7955°C @ 60/60°F	Molecular weight: Mixture
Flash point: 13°C (55°F) CC	Solubility(ies): Soluble in water.	[Ethanol]

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable **Hazardous polymerization:** Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures, heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers, inorganic acids and halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 7060 mg/kg ; Inhalation-rat LC50: 124.7 mg/l/4hours

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin-rabbit - Slight irritant.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes-rabbit - Severe irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC classified: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. [Isopropanol]

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ **WARNING!** : This product can expose you to chemicals including Crystal Violet, Methanol, and Methyl isobutyl ketone, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, inability to concentrate and irritation of the throat.

Ingestion: Ingestion causes dizziness, drowsiness, decreased reaction, euphoria, nausea, vomiting, staggering gait and coma.

Skin: Contact with skin causes irritation defatting on prolonged contact.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause blindness.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: See Potential health effects above.

Additional information: RTECS #: KQ6300000 [Ethyl alcohol], B09000000 [Crystal violet]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish, fresh water), LC50 = 11,200 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol]

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Daphnia magna (Crustacia), EC50 = 10,800 mg/l/24 hours [Ethanol, 99.8% pure]

Toxicity to algae: Chlorella pyrenoidosa (Algae), EC50 = 9,310 mg/l/growth rate [Ethanol, absolute]

Persistence and degradability: No data available **Bioaccumulative potential:** No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available **PBT and vPvB assessment:** No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: UN1170 **Shipping name:** Ethanol solution

Hazard class: 3

Packing group: II

Reportable Quantity: 5,000 lbs (2270 kg)

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Limited quantity equal to or less than 1 L

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Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERCLA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Ethanol	Listed	Not listed	D001	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Methanol	Listed	5,000 lbs.	U154	Listed	Not listed	
Isopropanol	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Gram Staining Kit

INSTRUCTIONS

The Gram stain (named after the Danish microbiologist Hans Christian Gram, the scientist that developed the technique in the late 1800s) is one of the most important differential staining techniques used by microbiologists.

The Gram staining procedure involves multiple steps. The first step is the application of the stain crystal violet to bacterial cells. After a couple of minutes the excess stain is poured off and a specialized iodine solution, Gram's iodine, is placed on the cells. Gram's iodine acts as a mordant. A mordant is something that helps a stain attach to a substance. Gram's iodine helps the crystal violet dye molecules attach to certain bacterial cells. After a short period the excess Gram's iodine is poured off and the cells are rinsed with alcohol. Some cells may have crystal violet dye molecules strongly attached due to the action of the Gram's iodine while some cells may not. The alcohol will wash away any crystal violet or Gram's iodine from the latter while not affecting the cells that have attached dye molecules. The bacteria are briefly rinsed with water to remove any excess alcohol and another stain, safranin, is placed on the cells. The safranin will stain any cells that do not have crystal violet attached to them a pink to light red color. After exposing the cells to the second stain, the excess safranin is rinsed away and the bacteria can be examined under a microscope.

The end result of the Gram staining technique is that some bacterial cells may appear dark purple due to the fact that the crystal violet/iodine is attached to them. These cells are referred to as Gram-positive. Cells that do not have crystal violet/iodine attached will be pink to light red from the safranin. These cells are termed Gram-negative. The reason for this is due to differences in the structure of the cell walls. Some bacterial cells have a large amount of a substance called peptidoglycan in their cell walls. The high amount of peptidoglycan allows the cells to retain the crystal violet/iodine. Cells with less peptidoglycan do not retain the crystal violet/iodine and it is washed away by the alcohol. These cells are then stained by the safranin.

Materials Included

Gram's iodine solution
Crystal violet, 1%
Safranin O, 1%
Ethyl alcohol, 95% denatured

Additional Materials Required

Microscope slides
Inoculating loops (or similar)
Distilled or deionized water
Immersion oil
Bunsen burner or other flame source
Microscope w/100X oil-immersion objective

Procedure

1. Place one drop of distilled or deionized water in the center of a microscope slide.
2. Using an inoculating loop (or similar, e.g. cotton swab or toothpick) collect a small sample of bacteria.
3. Place the loop with the bacteria sample in the drop of water on the microscope slide and smear the bacteria/water mixture in a thin layer across the center of the surface of the microscope slide. You want to create a thin layer of bacteria in the center of the microscope slide for staining.
4. Hold the end of one of the microscope slides with forceps or a clothespin (do not hold it with your fingers) and pass the slide over the flame from a lit Bunsen burner or alcohol lamp. Do not put the microscope slide directly in the flame and do not allow it to remain over the flame. Pass it over and allow it to cool. Repeat a few more times, until the water completely evaporates. The water should evaporate and the bacteria should adhere to the surface of the microscope slide. The goal is to heat-fix the bacteria to the microscope slide, not "cook" the bacteria. Allow the microscope slide to cool before proceeding.
5. Place several layers of paper towels down on a flat surface. Place the prepared microscope slide in the center of the paper towels.
6. Add several drops of crystal violet stain to the center of the microscope slide. Add enough stain to completely cover the heat-fixed bacteria.
7. Allow the crystal violet to stain the bacteria for about 60 seconds.

8. After 60 seconds, tilt the slide over an appropriate waste container to pour off excess crystal violet.
9. Rinse the slide with water to remove any residual stain from the bacterial cells. Rinse the slide using either water running from a tap or a wash bottle with water. When rinsing, tilt the slide at an angle and apply a gentle flow of water above the stained cells so the water runs down the surface of the slide, over the stained cells, and drains from the bottom of the slide. DO NOT apply the flow of water directly to the stained cells as it will wash the cells off of the slide. Be sure the flow of water is gentle as too much force, even above the heat-fixed bacteria, will also wash the cells off of the slide.
10. Lay the slide back on the paper towels and add enough Gram's iodine to completely cover the heat-fixed bacteria. Allow the Gram's iodine to remain on the bacteria for about 60 seconds.
11. After 60 seconds, tilt the slide over a waste container to pour off excess Gram's iodine and rinse the slide with water.
12. Continuing to hold a slide at an angle, add drops of 95% ethanol to the slide above the stained bacteria. Continue to add alcohol until the alcohol runs clear after passing over the stained bacteria.
13. Rinse the slide with water again to remove excess ethanol.
14. Lay the slide back on the paper towels and add enough safranin O stain to completely cover the heat-fixed bacteria. Allow the safranin O to stain the bacteria for about 60 seconds.
15. After 60 seconds, tilt the slide over an appropriate waste container to pour off excess safranin O.
16. Rinse the slide with water again to remove excess safranin O. Using paper towels, blot away excess water and allow to dry.
17. Place the slide on a microscope and examine the stained cells using oil-immersion microscopy. Gram-positive cells will appear violet/dark purple and Gram-negative cells will appear pink/light red.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	CRYSTAL VIOLET, 1% AQUEOUS SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Crystal Violet Ammonium Oxalate Solution
-----------------	--

Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: WARNING

Pictograms: GHS08 / GHS09

Target organs: None known.

**GHS Classification:**

Acute toxicity, oral (Category 5)

Eye irritation (Category 2B)

Carcinogenicity (Category 2)

Aquatic acute (Category 2)

Aquatic chronic (Category 2)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement(s):

H303: May be harmful if swallowed.

H320: Causes eye irritation.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H401: Toxic to aquatic life.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s):

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P391: Collect spillage.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	98.9%	231-791-2
Crystal violet	548-62-9	1.0%	208-953-6
Ammonium oxalate	1113-38-8	0.1%	214-202-3

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use any media suitable for extinguishing supporting fire

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	None applicable	None established	None established	None established

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Dark, violet-blue liquid.

Odor: No odor.

Odor threshold: Data not available.

pH: Data not available.

Melting / Freezing point: Approximately 0°C (32°F) (water)

Boiling point: Approximately 100°C (212°F) (water)

Flash point: Data not available

Evaporation rate (Water = 1): <1

Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.

Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: Data not available

Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 (water)

Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 (water)

Relative density (Specific gravity): Approximately 1.0 (water)

Solubility(ies): Complete in water.

Partition coefficient: Data not available

Auto-ignition temperature: Data not available

Decomposition temperature: Data not available.

Viscosity: Data not available.

Molecular formula: Mixture

Molecular weight: Mixture

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures which cause evaporation.

Incompatibilities with other materials: Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxide, nitrogen oxides.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-rat LD50: 420 mg/kg [Crystal violet]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Data not available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Data not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CA Prop 65: ⚠️ WARNING! :This product can expose you to Crystal violet, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: Data not available

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin: Contact may cause irritation.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Specific data is not available. Exercise appropriate procedures to minimize potential hazards.

Additional information: RTECS #: B09000000 [Crystal violet]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: Not applicable

Shipping name: Not Regulated

Hazard class: Not applicable

Packing group: Not applicable

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Not applicable

2020 ERG Guide #: Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Crystal violet	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	⚠️ WARNING -Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	SAFRANIN O, 1% AQUEOUS SOLUTION
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Synonyms	Safranin O, Water Solution
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Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: WARNING
Pictograms: None assigned
Target organs: None known

GHS Classification:
 Eye irritation (Category 2B)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement(s):
 H320: Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s):

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known
 Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	98.9%	231-791-2
Safranin O, biological stain (C.I. #50240)	477-73-6	1.0%	207-518-8
Sodium benzoate, preservative	532-32-1	0.2%	208-534-8

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: MAY CAUSE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use any media suitable for extinguishing supporting fire.

Protective Actions for Fire-fighters: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale vapors, spray or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Safranin O	None established.	None established.	None established.

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Dark red-brown liquid.

Odor: No odor.

Odor threshold: Data not available.

pH: Data not available.

Melting / Freezing point: ~0°C (32°F) (water)

Boiling point: ~100°C (212°F) (water)

Flash point: Data not available.

Evaporation rate (Water = 1): <1

Flammability (solid/gas): Data not available.

Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: Data not available.

Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 (water)

Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 (water)

Relative density (Specific gravity): Approximately 1.1

Solubility(ies): Complete in water.

Partition coefficient: Data not available.

Auto-ignition temperature: Data not available.

Decomposition temperature: Data not available.

Viscosity: Data not available.

Molecular formula: Mixture

Molecular weight: Mixture

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive temperatures which cause evaporation. Stable under recommended storage conditions. Protect from light.

Incompatibilities with other materials: Strong oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products: Nitrogen oxides, hydrogen chloride gas.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Data not available

Skin corrosion/irritation: Data not available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Data not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Data not available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Ca Prop 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: Data not available

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin: Contact with skin may cause irritation.

Eyes: Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Specific data is not available. Exercise appropriate procedures to minimize potential hazards.

Additional information: RTECS #: SG1623000 [Safranin O] / DH6650000 [Sodium benzoate]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: Not applicable

Shipping name: Not Regulated

Hazard class: Not applicable

Packing group: Not applicable

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Not applicable

2020 ERG Guide #: Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Safranin O	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.
Sodium benzoate	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.

Section 1 Identification

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Product	IODINE-POTASSIUM IODIDE SOLUTION
Synonyms	Iodine-Iodide / Iodine Solution / Iodine Lugol's Dilute / Gram's Iodine Solution / Dilute Lugol's Solution

Section 2 Hazards identification

Signal word: WARNING**Pictograms:** GHS07 / GHS09**Target organs:** Thyroid, kidneys, endocrine system, skin, eyes, reproductive system, central nervous system.**GHS Classification:**

Acute toxicity, dermal (Category 4)

Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 4)

Aquatic toxicity, acute (Category 1)

GHS Label information: Hazard statement(s):

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statement(s):

P261: Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P391: Collect spillage.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC) - Not Known

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC) - Not Known

Section 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%	EINECS
Water	7732-18-5	95.10%	231-791-2
Potassium iodide	7681-11-0	3.05%	231-659-4
Iodine	7553-56-2	1.85%	231-442-4

Section 4 First aid measures

INGESTION: MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by appropriate medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: HARMFUL IF INHALED. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention. Harmful if inhaled.

EYE CONTACT: MAY CAUSE IRRITATION. Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN ABSORPTION: HARMFUL IN CONTACT WITH SKIN. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush thoroughly with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention. Harmful in contact with skin.

Section 5 Fire fighting measures

Extinguishing Media: Use any media suitable for extinguishing supporting fire.

General information: In fire conditions, wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Specific Hazards: In fire conditions, water may evaporate from this solution which may cause hazardous decomposition products to be formed as dust or fume.

Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe area. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

Containment and Cleanup: Absorb with inert dry material, sweep or vacuum up and place in a suitable container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with soap and water.

Read label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of reach of children. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid ingestion. Do not inhale vapors, mist or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash clothing before reuse.

Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:	Chemical Name	ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)
	Iodine CAS # 7553-56-2	TWA: 0.01 ppm ^(FV) / STEL: 0.1 ppm ^(V)	STEL: C 0.1 ppm/C 1 mg/m ³	STEL: C 0.1 ppm/C 1 mg/m ³

Engineering controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower and fire extinguishing material. Personnel should wear safety glasses, goggles, or faceshield, lab coat or apron, appropriate protective gloves. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Respiratory protection: None should be needed in normal laboratory handling at room temperatures. If misty conditions prevail, work in fume hood or wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Deep amber liquid. Odor: Characteristic odor. Odor threshold: Not applicable. pH: Data not available. Melting / Freezing point: ~ 0°C (~ 32°F) [water] Boiling point: ~ 100°C (212°F) [water] Flash point: Not flammable.	Evaporation rate (Water = 1): < 1 Flammability (solid/gas): Not applicable. Explosion limits: Lower / Upper: Not applicable Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 14 [water] Vapor density (Air = 1): 0.7 [water] Relative density (Specific gravity): 1.0 [water] Solubility(ies): Complete in water.	Partition coefficient: (n-octanol / water): Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable Decomposition temperature: Data not available. Viscosity: Data not available. Molecular formula: Mixture Molecular weight: Mixture
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Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: Stable

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Stable under recommended storage conditions. Excessive temperatures which cause evaporation.

Incompatibilities with other materials: Metals or unsaturated organic compounds, ammonia solutions or alkaline solutions of ammonia salts. Will form explosive nitrogen iodides when reacted with gaseous ammonia.

Hazardous decomposition products: Toxic iodide fumes.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Oral-Rat LD50: 14,000 mg/kg [Iodine CAS # 7553-56-2]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Data not available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Data not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Inhalation-rat 3.1 mg/m³ / 24 hour / 13 weeks - continuous [Iodine CAS # 7553-56-2]

Germ cell mutagenicity: Data not available

Carcinogenicity: Data not available

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Ca Prop 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity: Data not available

STOT-single exposure: Data not available

STOT-repeated exposure: Data not available

Aspiration hazard: Data not available

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: Symptoms include cough, wheezing, and labored breathing. Symptoms may be delayed.

Ingestion: Causes abdominal pain, diarrhea, nausea, and vomiting. Ingestion of levels of 2-3 grams of iodine may cause death.

Skin: Contact may cause redness and pain.

Eyes: Contact causes watering of the eyes, redness and pain.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: Effects of short-term exposure: Lachrymator. The substance is severely irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, and is irritating to the skin. Inhalation of the vapor may cause asthma-like reactions. Inhalation of the vapor may cause lung edema. The effects may be delayed. Effects of long-term exposure: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin sensitization in rate cases. Repeated or prolonged inhalation exposure may cause asthma-like syndrome. The substance may have effects on the thyroid. Specific data not available for this mixture. Exercise appropriate procedures to minimize potential hazards.

Additional information: RTECS #: NN1575000 [Iodine CAS # 7553-56-2]

Section 12 Ecological information

Toxicity to fish: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: No data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Federal regulations may apply to empty container. State and/or local regulations may be different. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations or contract with a licensed chemical disposal agency.

Section 14 Transport information

UN/NA number: Not applicable

Shipping name: Not Regulated

Hazard class: Not applicable

Packing group: Not applicable

Reportable Quantity: No

Marine pollutant: No

Exceptions: Not applicable

2020 ERG Guide # Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

A chemical is considered to be listed if the CAS number for the anhydrous form is on the Inventory list.

Component	TSCA	CERLCA (RQ)	RCRA code	DSL	NDSL	CA Prop 65
Iodine	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.
Potassium iodide	Listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	

Section 16 Other information

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. NTP: National Toxicology Program, IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer, OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, SE: Single Exposure, RE: Repeated Exposure, ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook.