As high as these numbers are, they are certainly an undercount given that the number of students enrolled does not capture those who were never identified; school-aged children and youth who experience homelessness during the summer only; those who dropped out of school; or young children who are not enrolled in preschool programs administered by Local Educational Agencies.

**The National Picture**

The number of students identified as homeless in the United States has increased over 50% since 2008–2009.

[Graph showing the increase in the number of students identified as homeless from 2008–09 to 2017–18.]

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**8,471**

Students in Kansas’s public schools were identified as homeless

**1.7%**

Of all Kansas students enrolled in public school were identified as homeless

Kansas public schools have identified 18.4% fewer homeless students since 2013–2014.

All data for SY 2017–2018. Source: National Center for Education Statistics

About 3 in every 10 extremely poor 6–17 year-olds* were homeless in Kansas.

*Extremely poor 6-17 year-olds are measured as those living at or below 50% of the Federal Poverty Level.

Students may experience homelessness at any point during their life, from Pre-K all the way through postsecondary education.

4.0%
Of children under age 6 experience homelessness in Kansas
Estimate based on the number of school-age children experiencing homelessness each year.
Source: Administration for Children & Families, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

320
FAFSA applicants in Kansas were determined to be (or at risk of becoming) an unaccompanied homeless youth
Source: NCHE, Homelessness Reported for Federal Student Aid Applicants

How Is Homelessness Defined?
According to federal early care and education law (the McKinney-Vento Act), a student is considered homeless who “lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate night-time residence.” This definition specifically includes children and youth living in emergency shelters and transitional housing; cars, campgrounds, and other places not meant for human habitation; hotels or motels due to lack of adequate alternative arrangements; and sharing the housing of others temporarily due to loss of housing, economic hardships, or similar reasons.

81.1%
Of homeless students in Kansas’s public schools stayed with others while homeless
Source: NCHE, Consolidated State Profiles Education Statistics

Graduation Rate Data

Launched in 2018, Education Leads Home is a national campaign to improve educational outcomes for children and youth who experience homelessness. The campaign seeks to increase school readiness, close the high school graduation gap, and create more pathways to postsecondary attainment so that today’s homeless students will not become tomorrow’s homeless adults. Education Leads Homes is spearheaded by four national organizations—America’s Promise Alliance, Civic, the Institute for Children, Poverty and Homelessness, and SchoolHouse Connection—and guided by the perspectives of the families and students at the heart of this campaign. To learn more visit, www.educationleadshome.org.