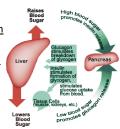
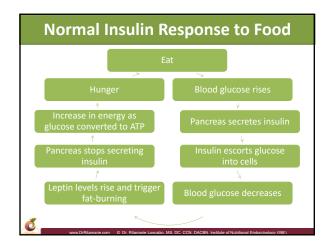


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Normal Blood Sugar Management

- ✓ Involves pancreas, liver, adrenals, and brain
- ✓ When <u>blood sugar gets too high</u>
 insulin released
- ✓ When <u>blood sugar gets too low</u> – glucagon released
- ✓ Influenced by genetics
- ✓ Impacted by stress
- √ Affected by diet
- √ Shaped by lifestyle









Steps to Follow in Working with Your Clients

- 1. Assessments
- 2. Supplements, foods, and herbs to increase sensitivity of insulin receptors
- 3. Attitude and stress adjustments
- 4. Movement
- 5. Timing guidelines to optimize hormones
- 6. Improve quality and quantity of sleep
- and herbs to increase 7. Phase out foods that increase sensitivity of insulin insulin requirements
 - 8. 30-Day metabolic reset
 - 9. Transition period
 - 10. Maintenance



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Assessments

- ✓ Insulin Resistance Assessment
- √ Short Lifestyle Assessments
- ✓ Lab Testing
- ✓ Measurements
- √ Glucose Testing and Tracking



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Supplements and Foods to Increase Sensitivity of Insulin Receptors



Attitude and Stress

- ✓ Power of appreciation, mini-vacations
- √ Visions and goals
- ✓ De-stress breaks



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Movement

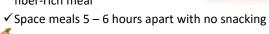
- ✓ Bursts
- √ Walking and aerobics
- √ Stretching



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Timing Guidelines

- ✓ Stop eating at least 3 hours before bedtime
- ✓ Allow at least 12 hours between dinner and breakfast
- ✓ Eat as close to within an hour of getting up as possible: a low-carbohydrate, moderate protein meal, omega-3-rich, fiber-rich meal



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Improve Quality and Quantity of Sleep

- ➤ Bed by 11:00 p.m.
- ▶7 to 9 hours sleep
- >Turn down the activity intensity starting a couple of hours before bedtime:
 - Turn off the TV
 - Dim the lights
 - Get away from the computer
 - Take a warm bath
 - Listen to soft music





Phase Out Foods That Increase Insulin Requirements

- √ High sugar/glycemic index foods
- √ Common allergens
- ✓ Inflammatory foods
- ✓ Nutrient depleted processed foods
- ✓ Heated and processed fats







Putting It All In Action

- ✓30-Day metabolic reset
- √ Transition period
- ✓ Maintenance



