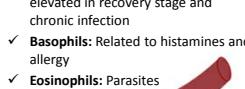


The logo for the Institute of Nutritional Endocrinology (INE) is displayed. It features a stylized graphic of an apple with a bite taken out of it, overlaid on an open book. To the right of the graphic, the letters 'INE' are written in a large, bold, serif font. A vertical line separates 'INE' from the words 'INSTITUTE OF NUTRITIONAL ENDOCRINOLOGY', which are written in a smaller, all-caps serif font.

Blood Chemistry: CBC - Complete Blood Count and Anemia

Dr. Ritamarie Loscalzo

Medical Disclaimer: The information in this presentation is not intended to replace a one-on-one relationship with a qualified health care professional and is not intended as medical advice. It is intended as a sharing of knowledge and information from the research and experience of Dr. Ritamarie Loscalzo, drritamarie.com, and the experts who have contributed. We encourage you to make your own health care decisions based upon your research and in partnership with a qualified health care professional.

<h1>CBC - Complete Blood Count</h1>	
<h2>Anemia Markers</h2> <ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ RBC: Red blood cells - carry oxygen✓ Hemoglobin: Transports oxygen and gives the red color to blood✓ Hematocrit: Percentage of blood made up of red blood cells✓ MCV: Mean Corpuscular Volume - Red blood cell size, as volume✓ MCH: Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin - the average amount of hemoglobin in red blood cells✓ MCHC: Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin Concentration - the average hemoglobin concentration in red blood cells✓ RDW: Variation in the size of the RBC's	<h2>Immune System Markers</h2> <ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ WBC: White blood cells - primary defense against disease✓ Neutrophils: Often elevated in bacterial infection✓ Lymphocytes: Often elevated in viral infection✓ Monocytes: Second line of defense - elevated in recovery stage and chronic infection✓ Basophils: Related to histamines and allergy✓ Eosinophils: Parasites and allergies
<h2>Platelets:</h2> <p>Blood cell particles involved with the forming of blood clots</p>	 <p>A diagram of a cross-section of a blood vessel. The vessel wall is labeled with 'Blood vessel' at the top. Inside, a red blood cell is shown with its biconcave disc shape. A white blood cell is also present. A platelet is shown as a small, irregularly shaped cell. The fluid surrounding the cells is labeled 'Plasma'. The inner lining of the vessel is labeled 'Tunica intima' and the middle layer is labeled 'Tunica media'.</p>
<p>www.DrBlaauw.com</p>	<p>© Dr. Riaanouw Leusink, MS, DC, CCH, DA(CB), Institute of Functional Endocrinology (IEF)</p>

Symptoms of Anemia

- ✓ Fatigue
- ✓ Weakness
- ✓ Headache
- ✓ Shortness of breath after exercise
- ✓ Chest pain
- ✓ Pounding in ears
- ✓ Brittle nails
- ✓ Pallor
- ✓ Palpitations
- ✓ Dizziness
- ✓ Cold hands and feet

SYMPTOMS OF ANEMIA

Respiratory
Shortness of breath

Digestion
Change in stool color

Muscle
Pain

Skin
Yellowing

Heart
Fainting and fatigue
Angina and heart attack

Spleen
Enlargement

Causes of Anemia

- ✓ Insufficient dietary iron
- ✓ Insufficient dietary folate
- ✓ Insufficient dietary B12 or autoimmune disease resulting in poor absorption
- ✓ Malabsorption
- ✓ Essential fatty acid deficiency
- ✓ Low stomach acid
- ✓ Heavy menstrual bleeding
- ✓ Internal bleeding - ulcers, polyps, hemorrhoids, inflammatory bowel disease, cancer
- ✓ Pregnancy
- ✓ Worms and parasites
- ✓ Autoimmune disease
- ✓ Heart disease
- ✓ Chronic viral or bacterial infections
- ✓ Medications, i.e. NSAIDS
- ✓ Kidney disease
- ✓ Serious illness



Types of Anemia

- ✓ Iron deficiency
- ✓ B12 deficiency/pernicious
- ✓ Folate deficiency
- ✓ Vitamin B6 deficiency
- ✓ **Serious disease**
- needs to be evaluated
- ✓ Chronic disease
- ✓ **Internal bleeding (iron)**
- ✓ Hemolytic anemia
- ✓ Aplastic anemia
- ✓ Protein depletion
- ✓ Liver disease
- ✓ Polycythemia
- ✓ Hemochromatosis



Normal red blood cell (RBC)

Blood vessel



Sickle-Cell Anemia

Normal red blood cell section

Abnormal sickle red blood cell section

Blood vessel

Sticky sickle cells

Sickle cells blocking blood flow



Normal hemoglobin



Abnormal hemoglobin

Abnormal sickle shape

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Anemia Blood Markers #1

- ✓ **RBC:** (3.9 - 4.5 female, 4.2 - 4.9 male)
- ✓ **Hemoglobin:** (13.5 - 14.5 female, 14 - 15 male)
- ✓ **Hematocrit:** (37 - 44 female, 40 - 48 male) % of RBCs in plasma
- ✓ **MCV:** (82 - 89.9 microns)
- ✓ **MCH:** (27 - 32) Average weight of Hb in RBC (hemoglobin*10/RBC)
- ✓ **MCHC:** (32 - 35) Average hemoglobin in RBC (hemoglobin /hematocrit)
- ✓ **RDW:** Possibly earliest sign (11.7 - 13)
- ✓ **Reticulocyte Count:** Immature RBCs (.5 - 2.5 female, .5 - 1.5 male)



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Anemia Blood Markers #2

- ✓ **Iron:** (85 - 130 ug/dl)
- ✓ **Ferritin:** (40 - 70 ng/ml)
 - protein-bound form of iron
- ✓ **Transferrin:** main protein in the blood that binds to iron and transports it throughout the body.
- ✓ **Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC):**
 - (250 - 350) - available transferrin to bind iron
- ✓ **Transferrin Saturation:** (12 - 45 female, 15 - 50 male) Iron/TIBC * 100 – how much iron is actually bound to



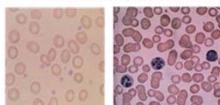
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Stages of Iron Deficiency Anemia

1: Decreased Iron Stores

- ✓ Decreased Ferritin
- ✓ Normal Serum Iron
- ✓ Normal Transferrin
- ✓ Normal MCV
- ✓ Normal Hemoglobin

Iron Deficiency Anemia



2: Decreased Iron

- ✓ Decreased Ferritin
- ✓ Decreased Serum Iron
- ✓ Increased Transferrin
- ✓ Normal MCV
- ✓ Normal or low Hemoglobin

Stages of Iron Deficiency Anemia

3: Iron Deficiency Anemia

- ✓ Decreased Hemoglobin
- ✓ Decreased Hematocrit
- ✓ Decreased RBC
- ✓ Decreased MCV
- ✓ Decreased MCH
- ✓ Decreased MCHC
- ✓ Decreased Iron, Serum
- ✓ Decreased Ferritin
- ✓ Decreased to Normal Iron Saturation
- ✓ Increased TIBC
- ✓ Increased Transferrin



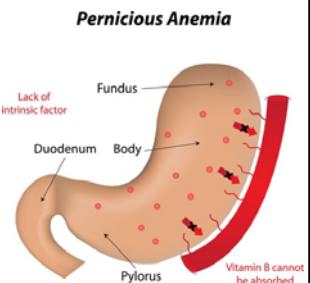
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B12 /Folate & Pernicious Anemia

- ✓ Decreased Hemoglobin
- ✓ Decreased Hematocrit
- ✓ Decreased RBC
- ✓ Increased MCV
- ✓ Increased MCH
- ✓ Increased MCHC
- ✓ Normal Iron, Serum
(or low if co-existing iron deficiency)
- ✓ Normal TIBC
- ✓ Normal Transferrin
- ✓ Normal Intrinsic Factor Antibody *(+ = Pernicious)





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Anemia in Serious Illness

Similar pattern to Iron Deficiency Anemia except:

- **TIBC and Transferrin** may be normal to increased
- Distinguished by symptoms and other findings
- Includes
 - Chronic disease
 - Internal bleeding (iron)
 - Hemolytic anemia
 - Protein depletion
 - Liver disease
 - Kidney failure



SERIOUS and NEEDS to be Diagnosed by a Medical Practitioner

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INE: Blood Chemistry - CBC: Complete Blood Count and Anemia

Anemias of Excess	
Serious conditions requiring attention from a health care provider	
Polycythemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ RBC = Increased ✓ HCT = Increased ✓ HGB = Increased ✓ MCV = Normal to Decreased ✓ MCH = Normal to Decreased ✓ MCHC = Normal to Decreased ✓ Serum Iron = Normal to Decreased ✓ Total Bilirubin = Increased ✓ Alkaline Phosphatase = Elevated ✓ Basophils = Increased ✓ Total WBC = Increased ✓ Uric Acid = Increased <p><i>**Slightly elevated RBC in absence of other signs is probably due to dehydration</i></p>	Hemochromatosis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ RBC = Normal ✓ HCT = Normal ✓ HGB = Normal ✓ MCV = Decreased ✓ MCH = Decreased ✓ MCHC = Decreased ✓ Serum Iron = Increased ✓ Iron Saturation = Significantly Increased ✓ TIBC = Decreased ✓ Ferritin = Significantly Increased ✓ Transferrin = Normal or Decreased Slightly ✓ SGOT = Normal or Increased
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CBC Anemia Case 1: Iron Deficiency																																																																																																																			
Follow-up Testing 	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">48 CBC MARKERS</th><th style="text-align: right;">4.0</th><th style="text-align: right;">10.5</th><th style="text-align: right;">5.0</th><th style="text-align: right;">8.0</th><th style="text-align: right;">5.6</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>49 WBC</td><td style="text-align: right;">-</td><td style="text-align: right;">3.9</td><td style="text-align: right;">5.1</td><td style="text-align: right;">3.9</td><td style="text-align: right;">4.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>50 RBC (Female)</td><td style="text-align: right;">-</td><td style="text-align: right;">3.9</td><td style="text-align: right;">5.1</td><td style="text-align: right;">4.2</td><td style="text-align: right;">4.9</td></tr> <tr> <td>51 RBC (Male)</td><td style="text-align: right;">-</td><td style="text-align: right;">3.9</td><td style="text-align: right;">5.1</td><td style="text-align: right;">4.2</td><td style="text-align: right;">4.9</td></tr> <tr> <td>52 Hemoglobin (Female)</td><td style="text-align: right;">gm/dl</td><td style="text-align: right;">12.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">16.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">11.1</td><td style="text-align: right;">11</td></tr> <tr> <td>53 Hemoglobin (Male)</td><td style="text-align: right;">gm/dl</td><td style="text-align: right;">12.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">16.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">14.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">15.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>54 Hematocrit (Female)</td><td style="text-align: right;">%</td><td style="text-align: right;">36.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">48.2</td><td style="text-align: right;">37.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">44.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>55 Hematocrit (Male)</td><td style="text-align: right;">%</td><td style="text-align: right;">36.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">48.2</td><td style="text-align: right;">40.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">48.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>56 MCV</td><td style="text-align: right;">cu microns</td><td style="text-align: right;">82.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">103.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">85.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">92.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>57 MCH</td><td style="text-align: right;">g/cu microns</td><td style="text-align: right;">27.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">34.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">27.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">35.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>58 MCHC</td><td style="text-align: right;">g/cu microns</td><td style="text-align: right;">30.9</td><td style="text-align: right;">35.4</td><td style="text-align: right;">32.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">35.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>59 RDW</td><td style="text-align: right;">%</td><td style="text-align: right;">10.8</td><td style="text-align: right;">14.8</td><td style="text-align: right;">10.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">14.4</td></tr> <tr> <td>60 Iron, serum</td><td style="text-align: right;">ug/dl</td><td style="text-align: right;">40.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">180.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">85.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">170.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>61 Iron Saturation (calc) - Female</td><td style="text-align: right;">iron serum/TIBC</td><td style="text-align: right;">12.0</td><td style="text-align: right;">45.0</td><td colspan="2" style="text-align: right; 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36 RDW	%	10.8-14.8	<13	16.2																																																																													
37 Platelets	-	150,000-400,000	150,000-450,000	238,000																																																																													
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INE: Blood Chemistry - CBC: Complete Blood Count and Anemia

3 4 CATEGORIES	Units	PATHOLOGICAL RANGE		FUNCTIONAL RANGE		CURRENT XX/XX/10
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
48 CBC MARKERS						
49 WBC		4.0	10.5	5.0	8.0	3.5
50 RBC (Female)	-	3.9	5.1	3.9	4.5	4.49
51 RBC (Male)	-	3.9	5.1	4.2	4.9	
52 Hemoglobin (Female)	gm/dl	12.0	16.0	13.5	14.5	14.2
53 Hemoglobin (Male)	gm/dl	12.0	16.0	14.0	15.0	
54 Hematocrit (Female)	%	36.0	48.2	37.0	44.0	39.6
55 Hematocrit (Male)	%	36.0	48.2	40.0	48.0	
56 MCV	cu microns	82.0	103.0	85.0	92.0	89
57 MCH	g/cu microns	27.0	34.0	27.0	32.0	31.6
58 MCHC	g/cu microns	30.9	35.4	32.0	35.0	35.7
59 RDW	%	10.8	14.8	0.0	13.0	13.2
60 Platelets	(K)	150.0	400.0	150.0	450.0	190
30 Iron, serum	ug/dl	40.0	180.0	85.0	130.0	125

❖ Monitor RDW and check serum ferritin.



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48 49 CATEGORIES	Units	PATHOLOGICAL RANGE		FUNCTIONAL RANGE		CURRENT XX/XX/10
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
48 CBC MARKERS						
49 WBC		4.0	10.5	5.0	8.0	3.3
50 RBC (Female)	-	3.9	5.1	3.9	4.5	4.41
51 RBC (Male)	-	3.9	5.1	4.2	4.9	
52 Hemoglobin (Female)	gm/dl	12.0	16.0	13.5	14.5	14.3
53 Hemoglobin (Male)	gm/dl	12.0	16.0	14.0	15.0	
54 Hematocrit (Female)	%	36.0	48.2	37.0	44.0	41.1
55 Hematocrit (Male)	%	36.0	48.2	40.0	48.0	
56 MCV	cu microns	82.0	103.0	85.0	92.0	93
57 MCH	g/cu microns	27.0	34.0	27.0	32.0	32.3
58 MCHC	g/cu microns	30.9	35.4	32.0	35.0	34.7
59 RDW	%	10.8	14.8	0.0	13.0	13.2
60 Platelets	(K)	150.0	400.0	150.0	450.0	200
30 Iron, serum	ug/dl	40.0	180.0	85.0	130.0	169

❖ Probable B12 anemia.

❖ Iron excess with possible immune impairment.



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