

Techniques for Oscilloscope Calibration

Using either dedicated or multiproduct calibrators

Teleconference:

US & Canada Toll Free Dial-In Number: 1-(866) 230-5936

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Conference Code: 1010759559



Welcome



Greetings from –
Fluke Corporation
Everett, Washington, USA

We are very pleased to bring you
this presentation on techniques for
oscilloscope calibration.

Welcome and Thanks!



This presentation is based on Fluke's extensive experience with:

- Use and design of calibration instruments and oscilloscopes
- Our experience and understanding of the problems faced when performing calibration of oscilloscopes

Thanks for your time, we hope you find it both valuable and useful.

Presented by



Fluke's Precision Measurement
Business Unit

and Jack Somppi

Electrical Calibration Instruments
Product Line Manager

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Fluke Precision Measurement Web Seminar Series

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Our Seminar Topics Include:

- Precision Measurement Techniques
- Oscilloscope Calibration
- General Metrology
- Temperature Calibration
- Metrology Software
- RF Calibration



Fluke Precision Measurement Seminar Series

The FPM Seminar Series is a series of free seminars on topics of interest to calibration professionals. Seminars are most often offered as web seminars, so they are easy to attend - you don't even have to leave your office.

Seminar schedules and registration

Course descriptions

<p>Precision Measurement Techniques</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Improving calibration test ratios using a reference multimeter > Replacing analog null detecting meters in voltage reference intercomparisons > The reference multimeter and ratio measurements 	<p>Temperature Calibration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Introduction to temperature calibration > Secondary temperature calibration equipment requirements and financial justification > Temperature uncertainty budgets and how to use them
<p>Oscilloscope Calibration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Techniques for Oscilloscope Calibration using dedicated or Multiproduct Calibrators 	<p>General Metrology and Business Topics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Applying measurement uncertainty to digital multimeter calibration > Tools to financially justify calibration equipment
<p>Metrology Software</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Managing your MET/CAL files with the Quick Sort utility program > Understanding and using MET/CAL sub-procedures and procedure flow statements 	<p>RF Calibration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Precision RF sourcing: How to cut RF calibration time in half for spectrum analyzers and RF measurement instrumentation

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Web seminar etiquette

- Choice of Audio – VOIP or Teleconference
 - **VOIP receives audio only while teleconference is two way sound**
- Don't mute your phone if you have background music enabled
- Use Q&A or chat to send me questions or request clarification
- There will be an opportunity throughout the discussion to pause and ask questions.
- You can view the material using either full screen or multi window methods

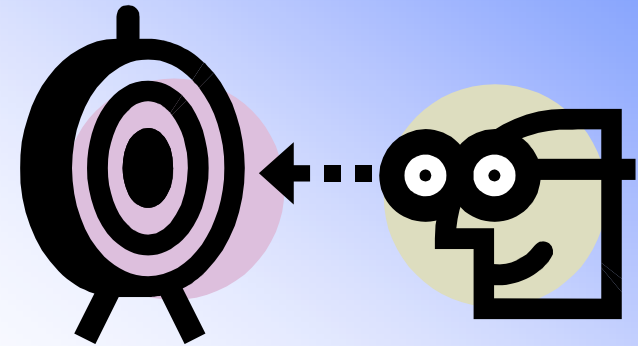
Techniques for Oscilloscope Calibration

Using either dedicated or multiproduct calibrators



Objectives for today's session

- Review the calibration requirements of oscilloscopes
- Examine the basic calibration techniques for scope calibration
- Study scope calibration instrumentation alternatives
- Consider automation and its benefits
- Identify additional reference sources for further study



Benefits with modern scope calibration

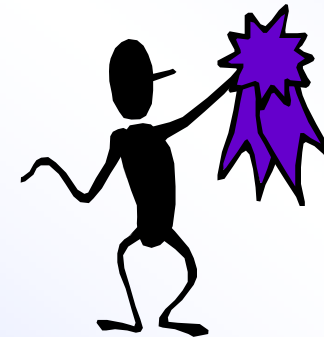
◆ Simplify oscilloscope calibration

- Allow for full automation
- All signals should be through single output
- Make procedures available

◆ Reduce calibration times

◆ Reduce cost of ownership

- All functions integrated in a single unit
- Allow for upgradeability (workload keeps changing)
- Simplify calibrator support



An Introduction to Oscilloscope Calibration



Oscilloscope calibration trends

- Perceived as complex
 - Modular based calibration systems
 - Multiple outputs means many lead changes
 - High skill level required
 - Time consuming to calibrate
 - Automated systems still require manual intervention
- ISO9000 driven manufacturing systems
- Newer measurement functions & accuracy require formal calibration
- Increasing bandwidth to 1GHz and beyond

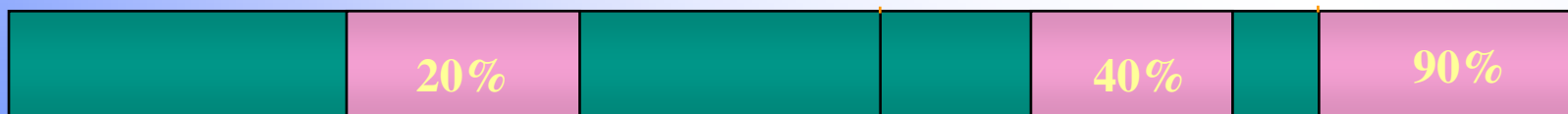
Oscilloscope calibration workload

(The Bandwidth Perspective)

Installed Base (% Units)



Cal' Workload (% of Base)



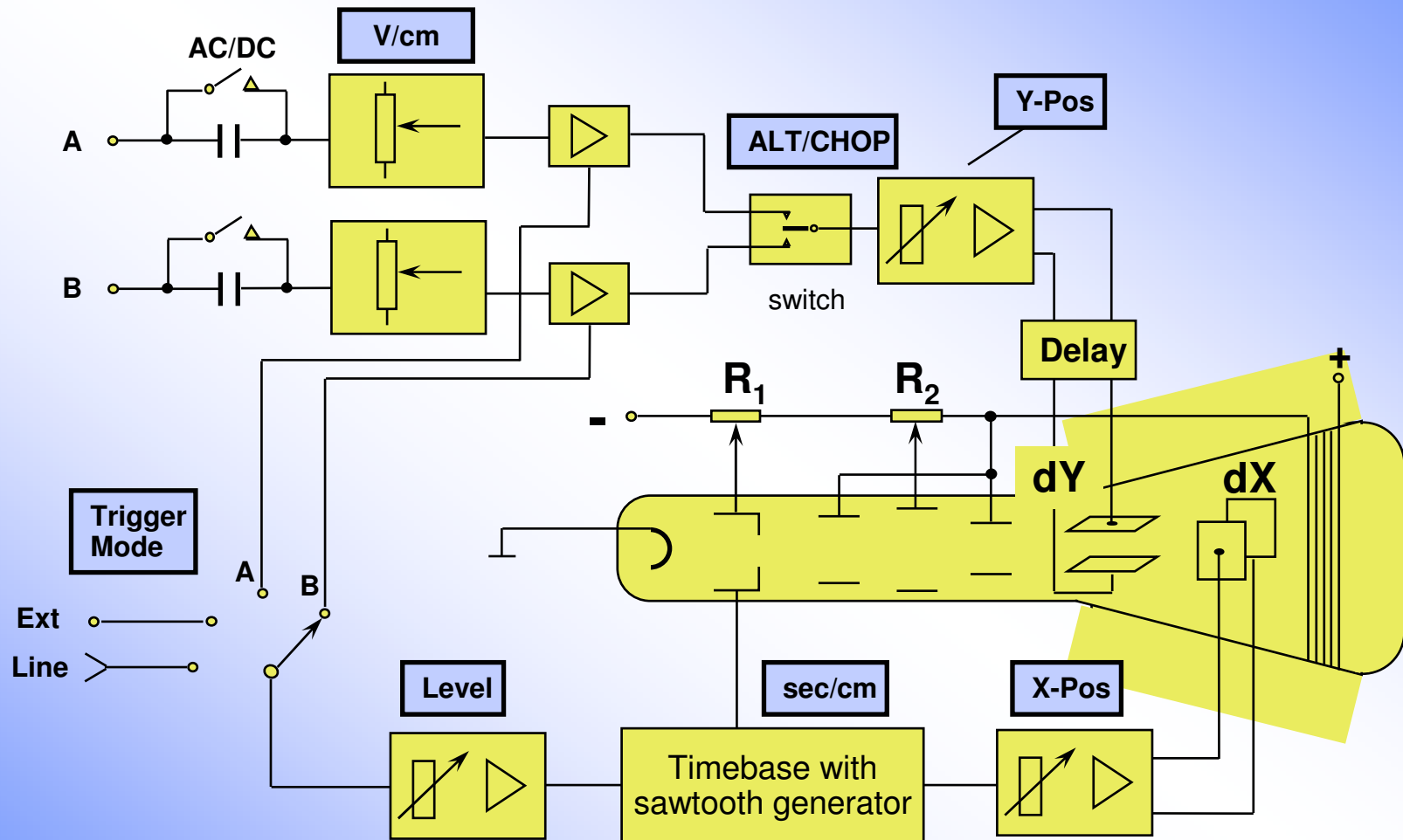


The image features seven PicoScope oscilloscopes arranged in two rows against a blue background with a white geometric pattern. The top row contains four units, and the bottom row contains three. Each oscilloscope has a yellow and black casing and a color LCD screen. The screens display various waveforms: a sine wave, a complex digital signal, a large voltage measurement of 2866mV, a square wave, a multi-colored sine wave, a list of measurement statistics, and a high-frequency digital signal. The text 'Oscilloscope Architectures' is overlaid in a yellow banner across the top row of oscilloscopes.

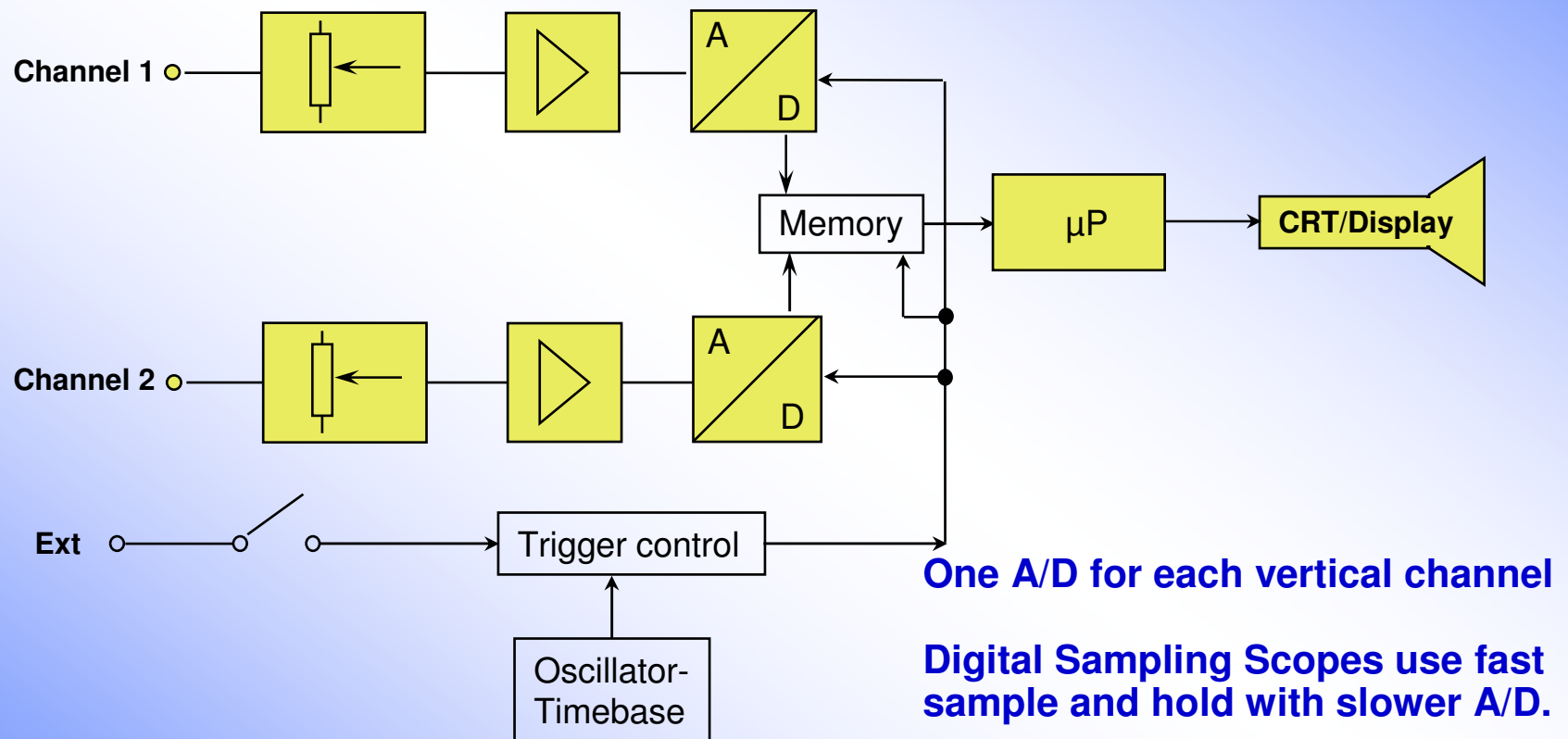
Oscilloscope Architectures

... and what needs to be calibrated

Analog oscilloscope



Digital storage oscilloscope (DSO)

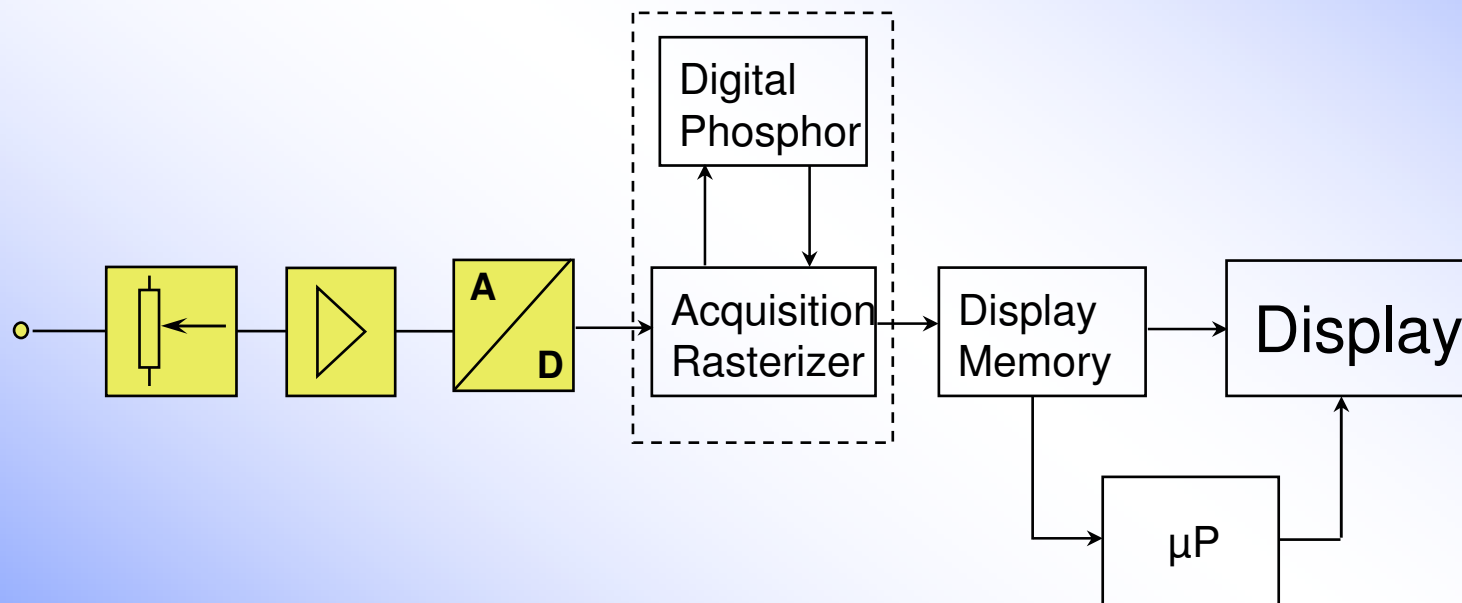


One A/D for each vertical channel

Digital Sampling Scopes use fast sample and hold with slower A/D.

- no ALT/CHOP mode
- channel skew is a common test

Digital phosphor oscilloscope (DPO)

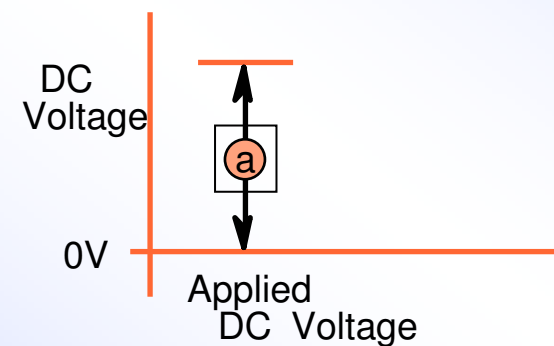
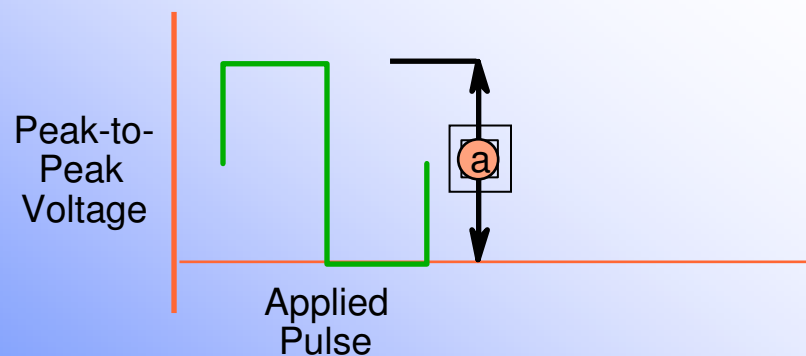
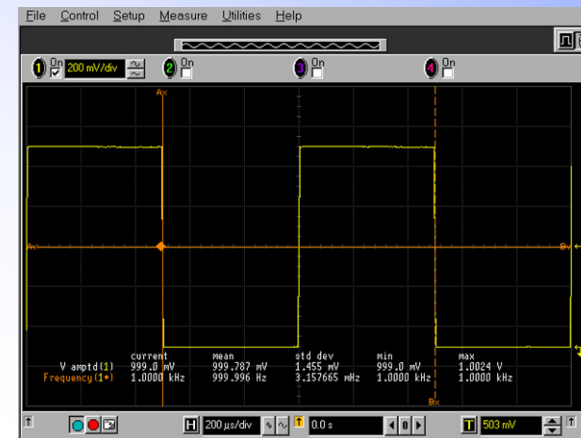


What to calibrate?

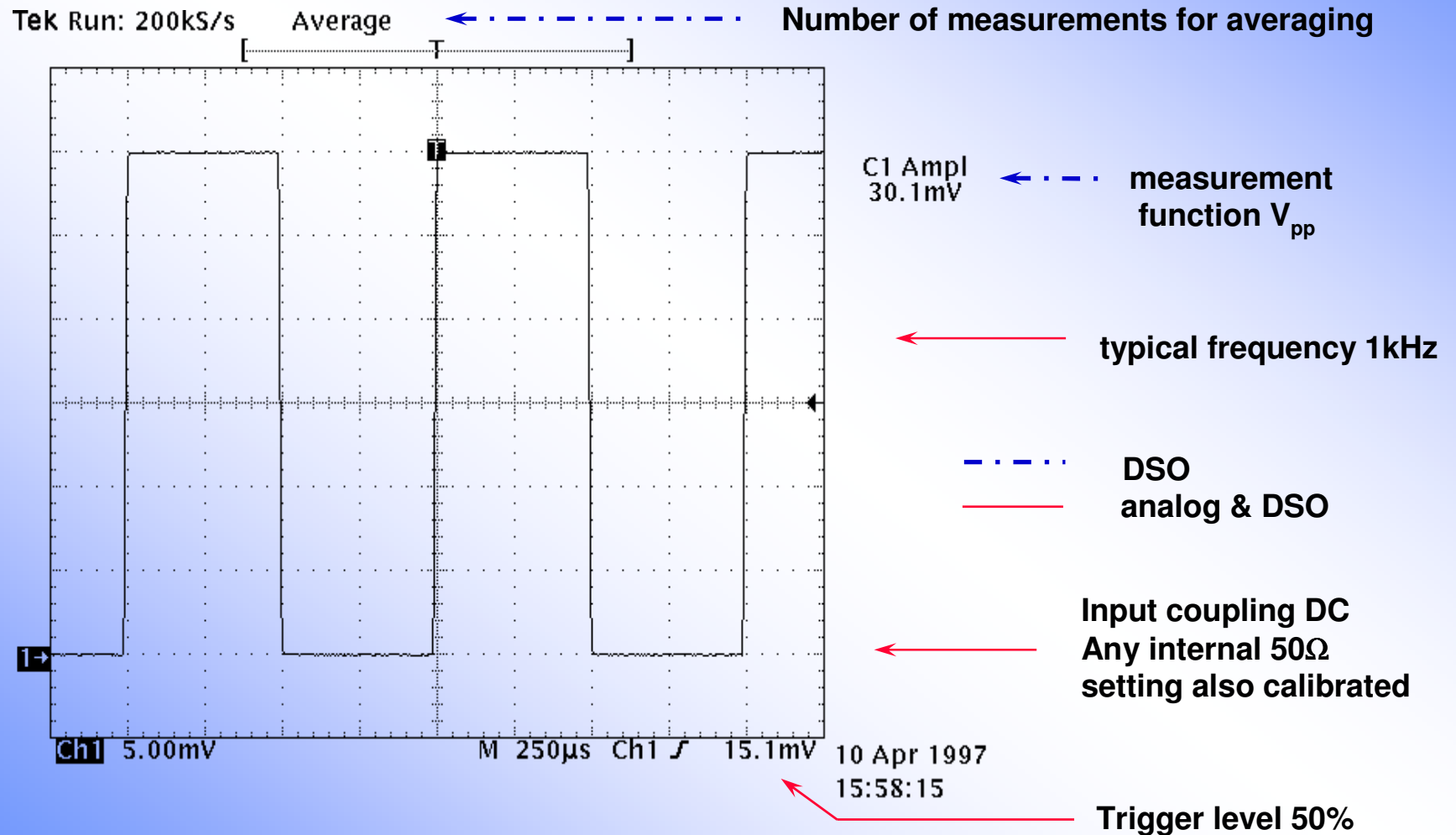
- **Vertical Channels**
 - Channel switching
 - Deflection range and accuracy
 - Bandwidth, pulse response and risetime
- **Horizontal Channels**
 - Timebase accuracy including delay, magnification and jitter
 - Trigger functions
 - X-Axis deflection accuracy and X-Y phasing
- **Internal calibration signals**
- **Cursors and measurement readouts**
- **Z-Axis bandwidth**

Vertical channel accuracy

- ◆ Insure the voltage amplitude is measured & displayed properly

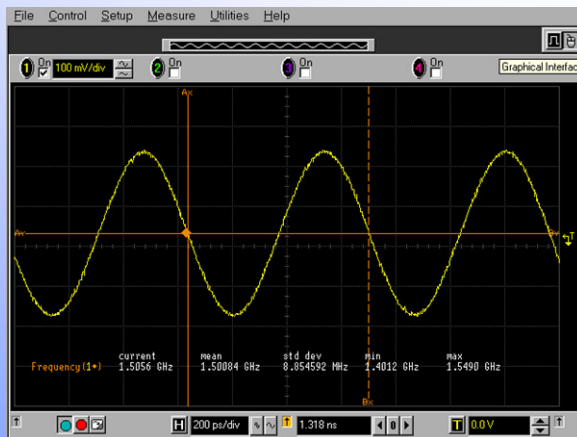
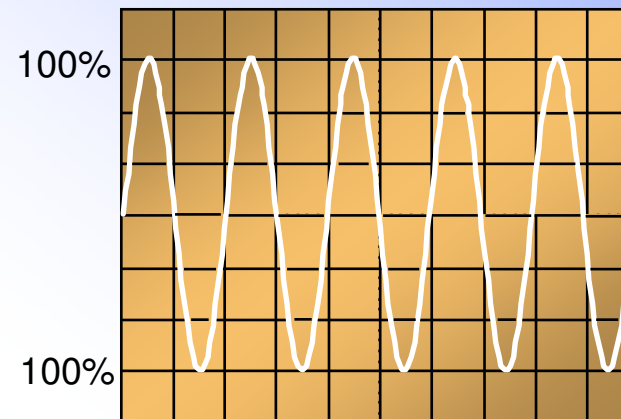


Vertical channels verification

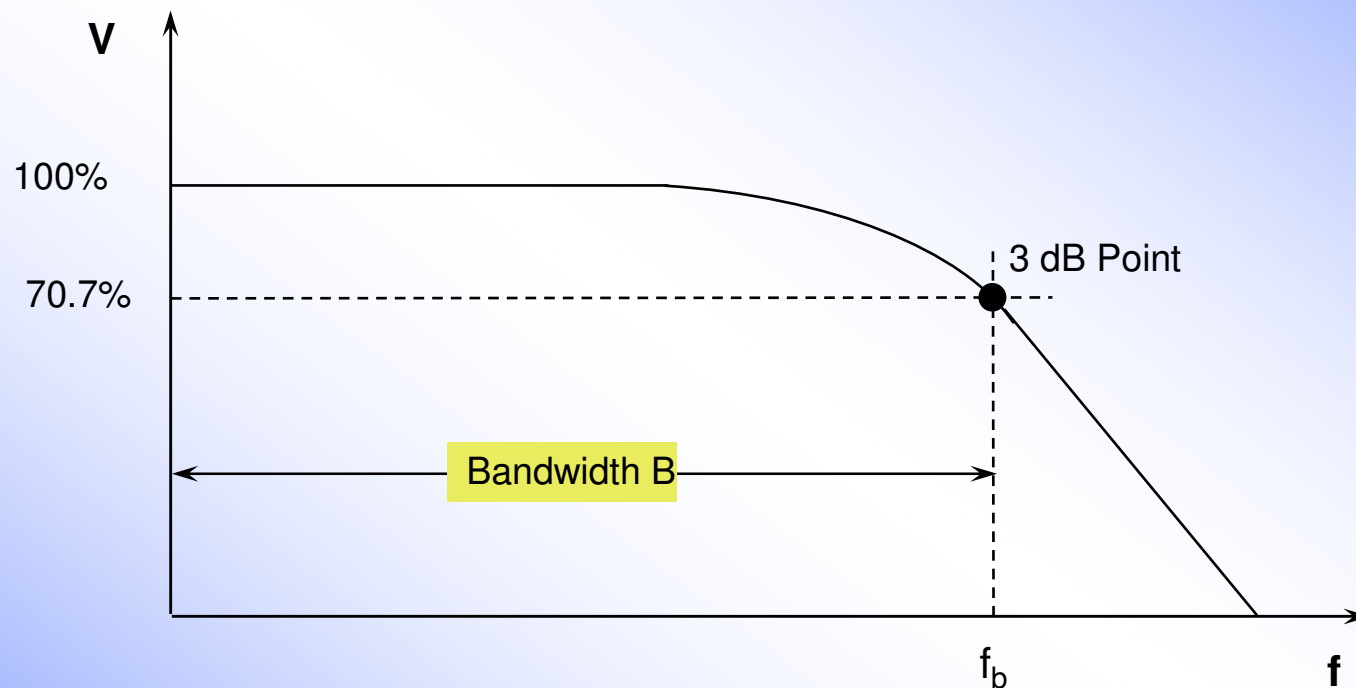


Vertical channel bandwidth

- ◆ Insure all measurable frequencies respond properly



Test response to the 3 dB freq.

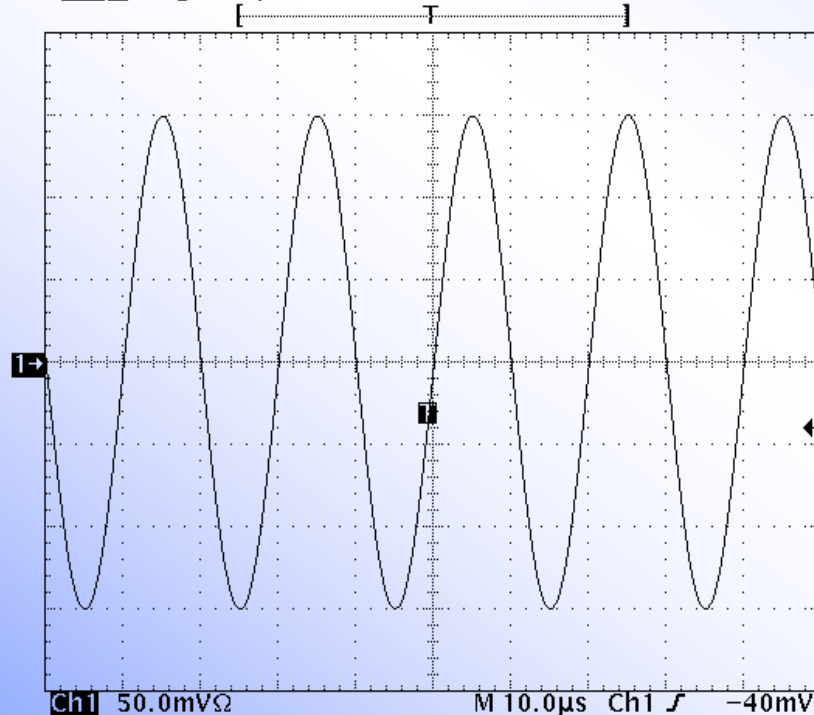


Definition of -3dB Point:

$$-3dB = 20 \log_{10} \frac{V_{BwFreq}}{V_{Ref}}$$

Bandwidth calibration: LF Reference

Tek **Stop** Single Seq 5.00MS/s



C1 Freq
50.000kHz

← Adjust for 6 Div
at ~50 kHz
= Reference level

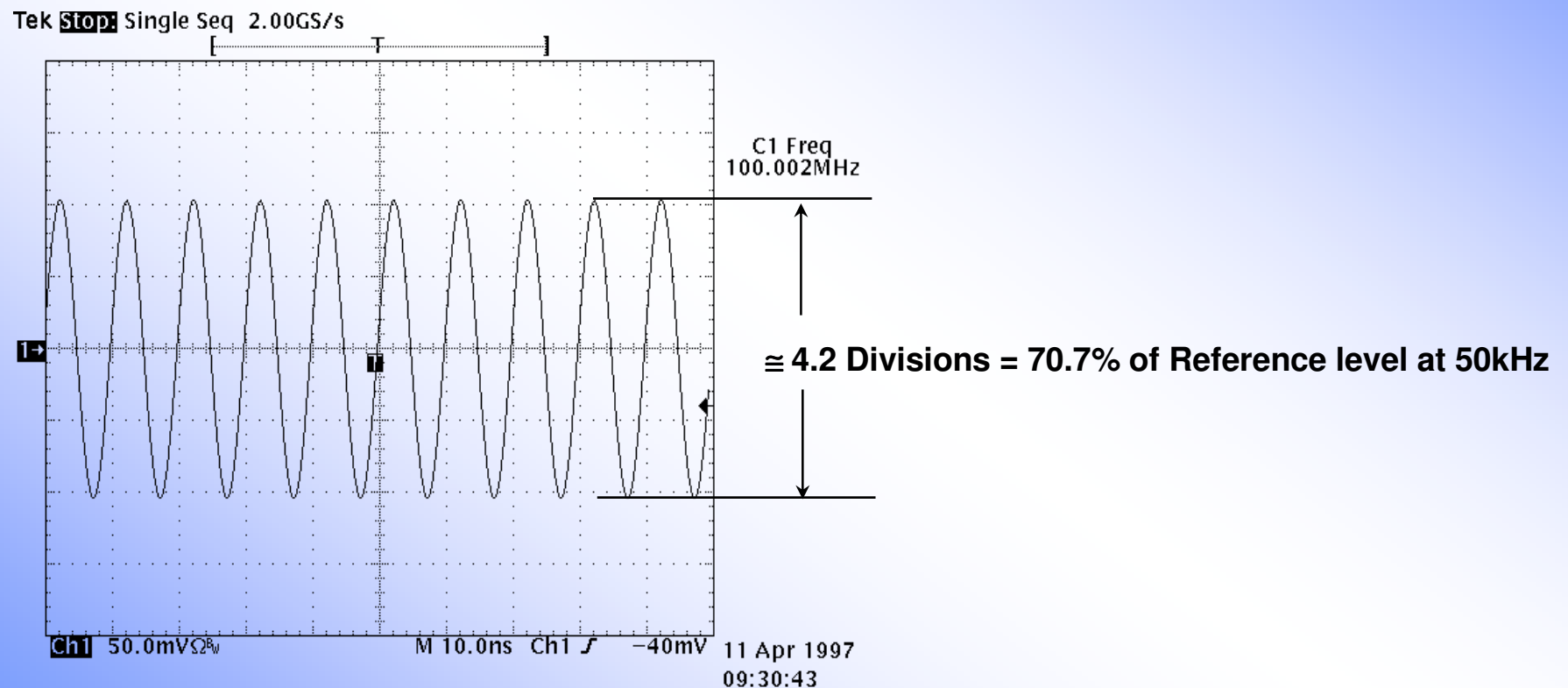
Scopes with selectable
internal 50Ω
termination calibrated
for bandwidth using
 50Ω setting and a 50Ω
signal source. Good
matching is important.

Ch1 50.0mV/div

M 10.0µs Ch1 50.0mV/div 11 Apr 1997
09:27:01

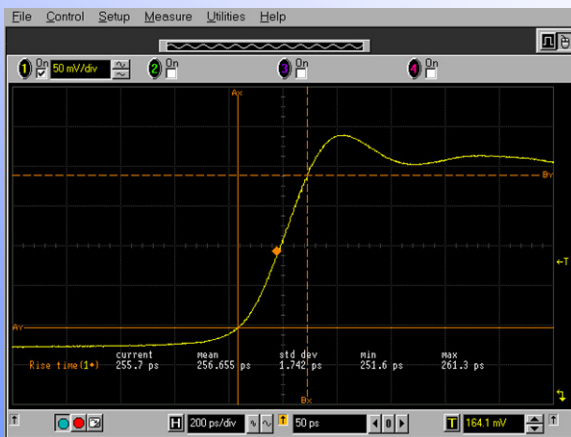
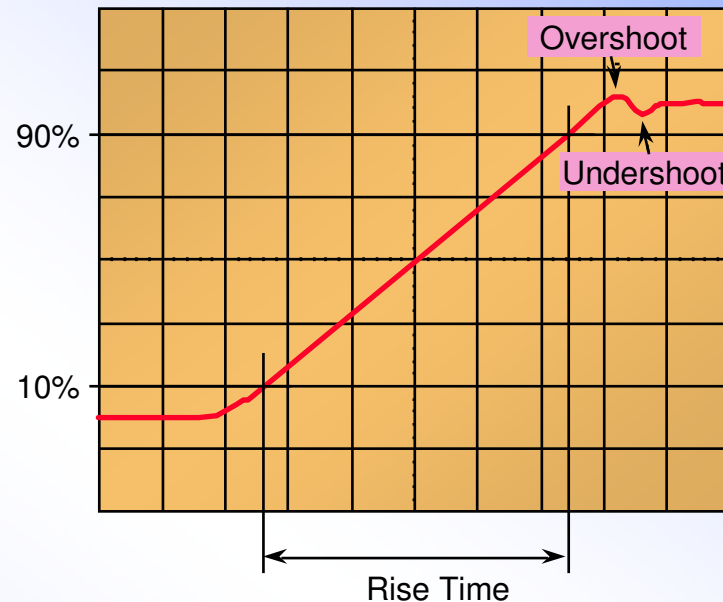
High bandwidth scopes can have
selectable or fixed internal 50Ω
termination

Bandwidth calibration: verify the -3dB point



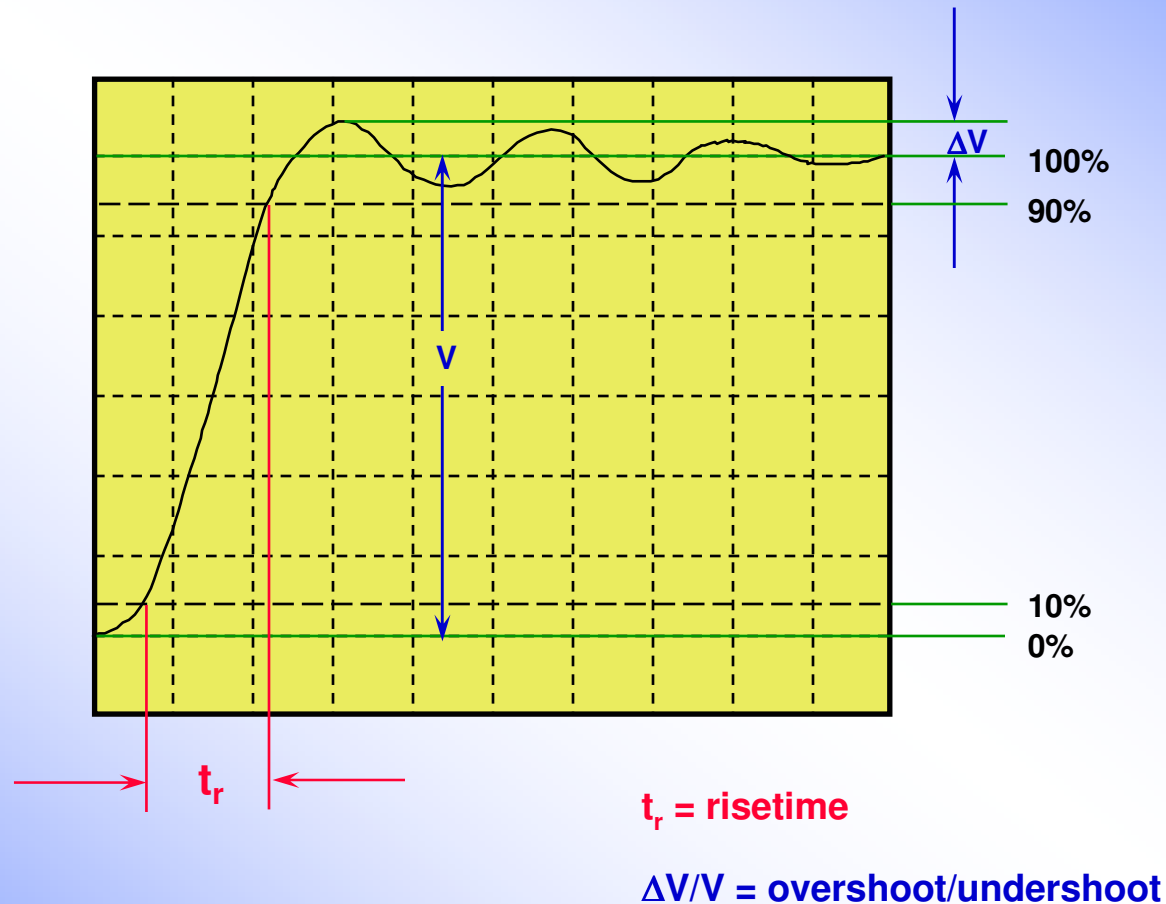
Vertical Channel risetime and pulse response

- ◆ Verify vertical channel risetime, aberration distortion, and additionally the maximum bandwidth

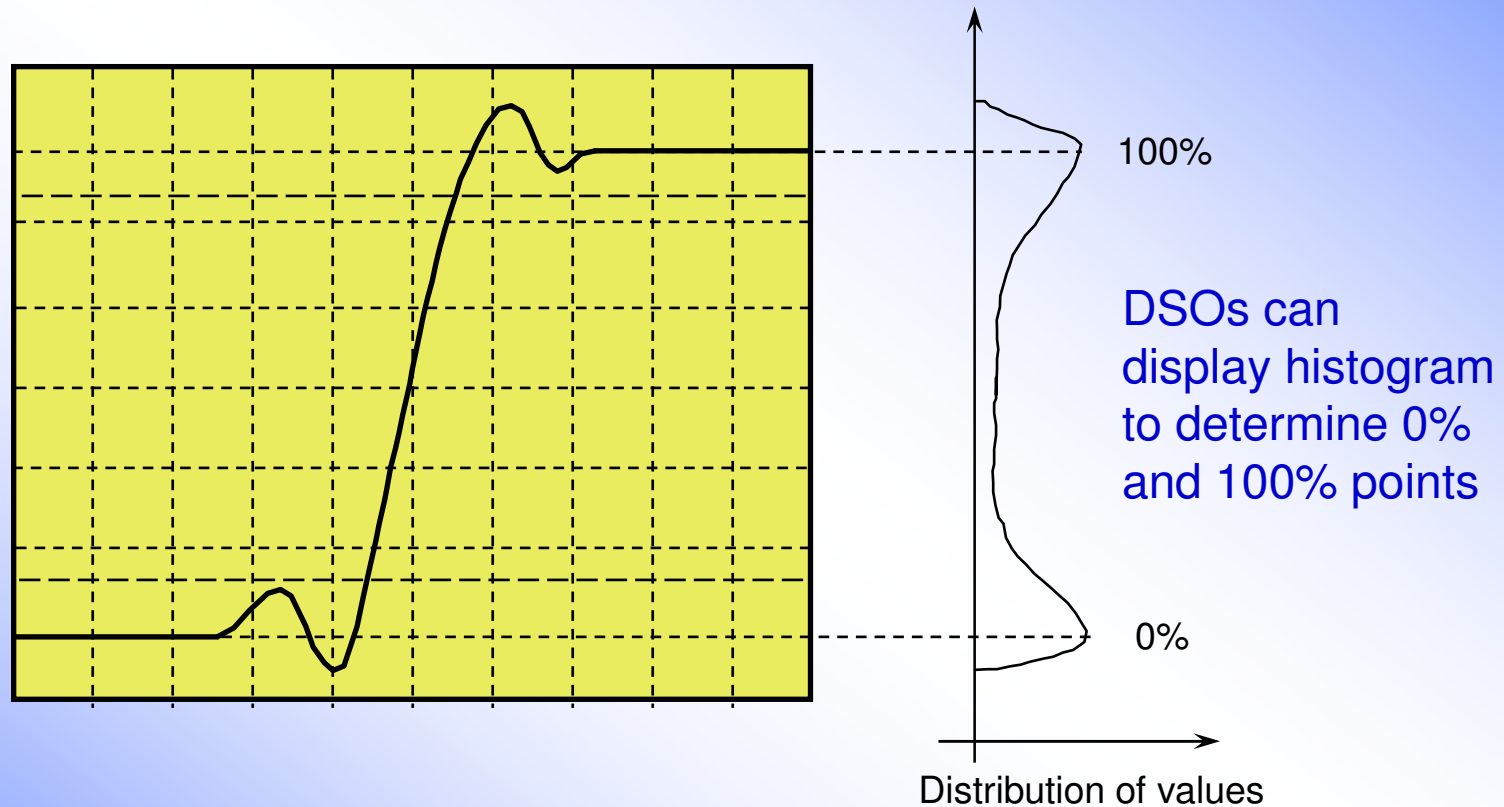


Generally:
 $\text{Rise Time (ns)} = 350/\text{BW(MHz)}$

Risetime and pulse response

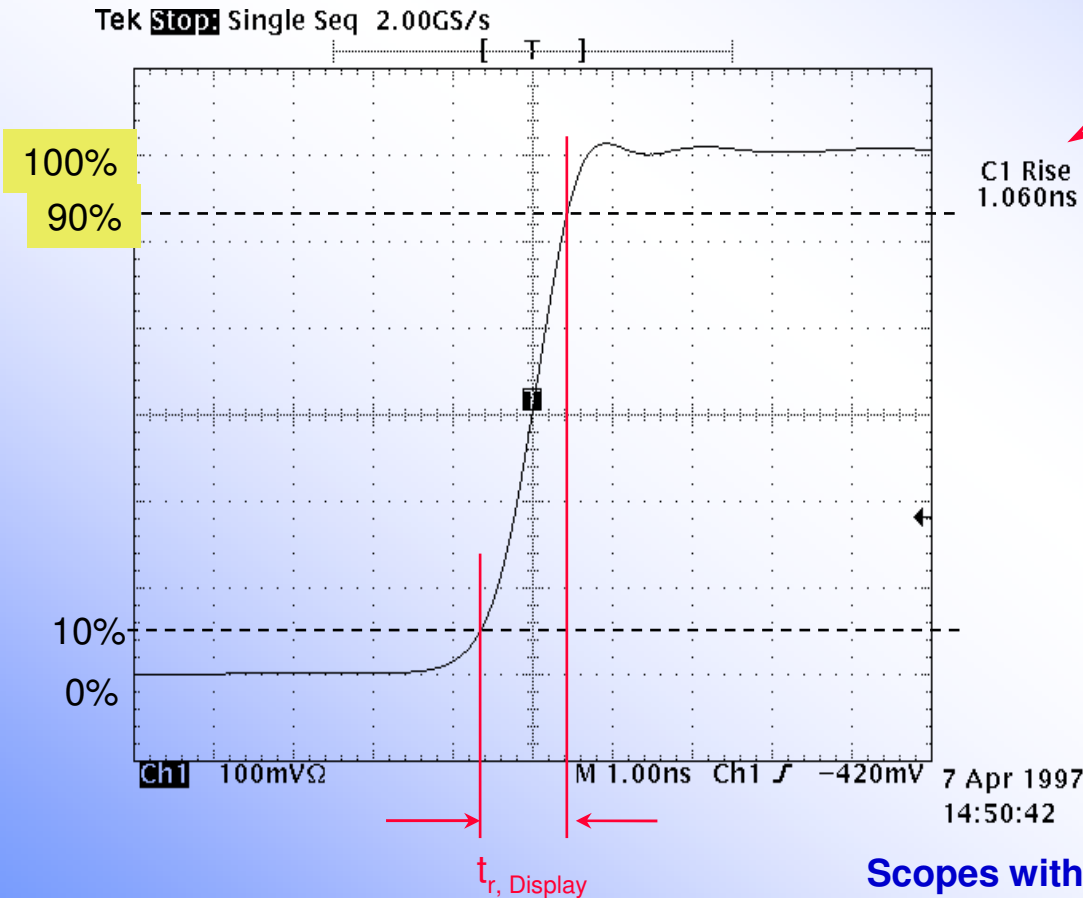


Determining 0% and 100% points



Risetime calibration

Signal = fast pulse 100kHz to 10MHz



Risetime measurement readout

Risetime displayed consists of two components

- risetime of signal (calibration source)
- risetime of oscilloscope

$$t_{r,UUT} = \sqrt{(t_{r,Display})^2 - (t_{r,Calibrator})^2}$$

$t_{r,UUT}$ = real risetime of oscilloscope

$t_{r,Display}$ = risetime shown on screen

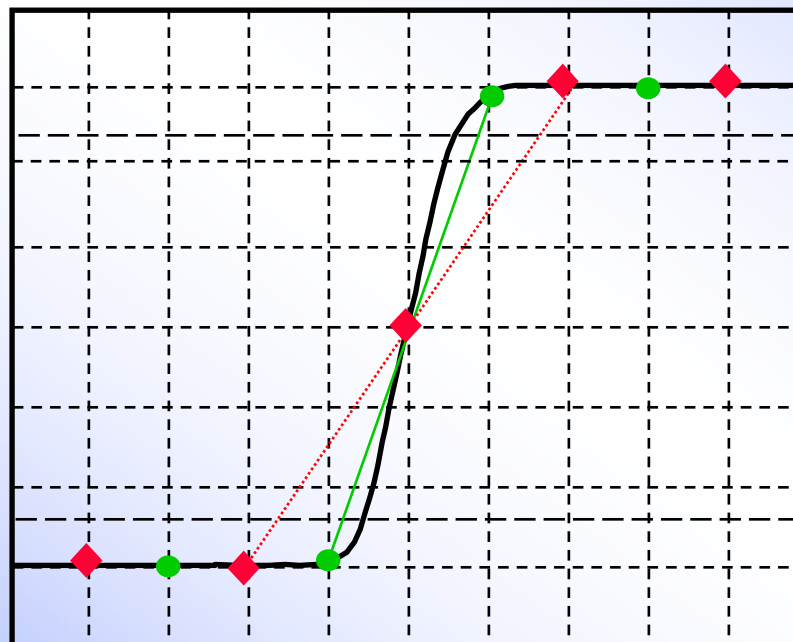
$t_{r,Calibrator}$ = risetime of calibration source

$t_{r,UUT} = t_{r,Display}$ if $t_{r,UUT} > 4t_{r,Calibrator}$

Scope risetime depends on V/div setting.

Scopes with selectable internal 50Ω termination calibrated for bandwidth using 50Ω setting and a 50Ω signal source. Good matching is important.

Scope sampling rate and risetime considerations



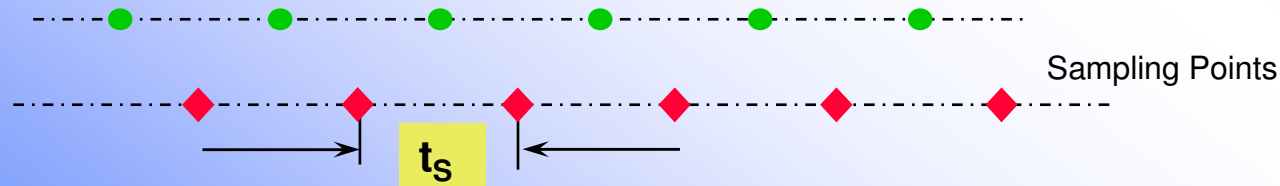
— Input signal

— reconstructed
Signals

Rise-Time t_r

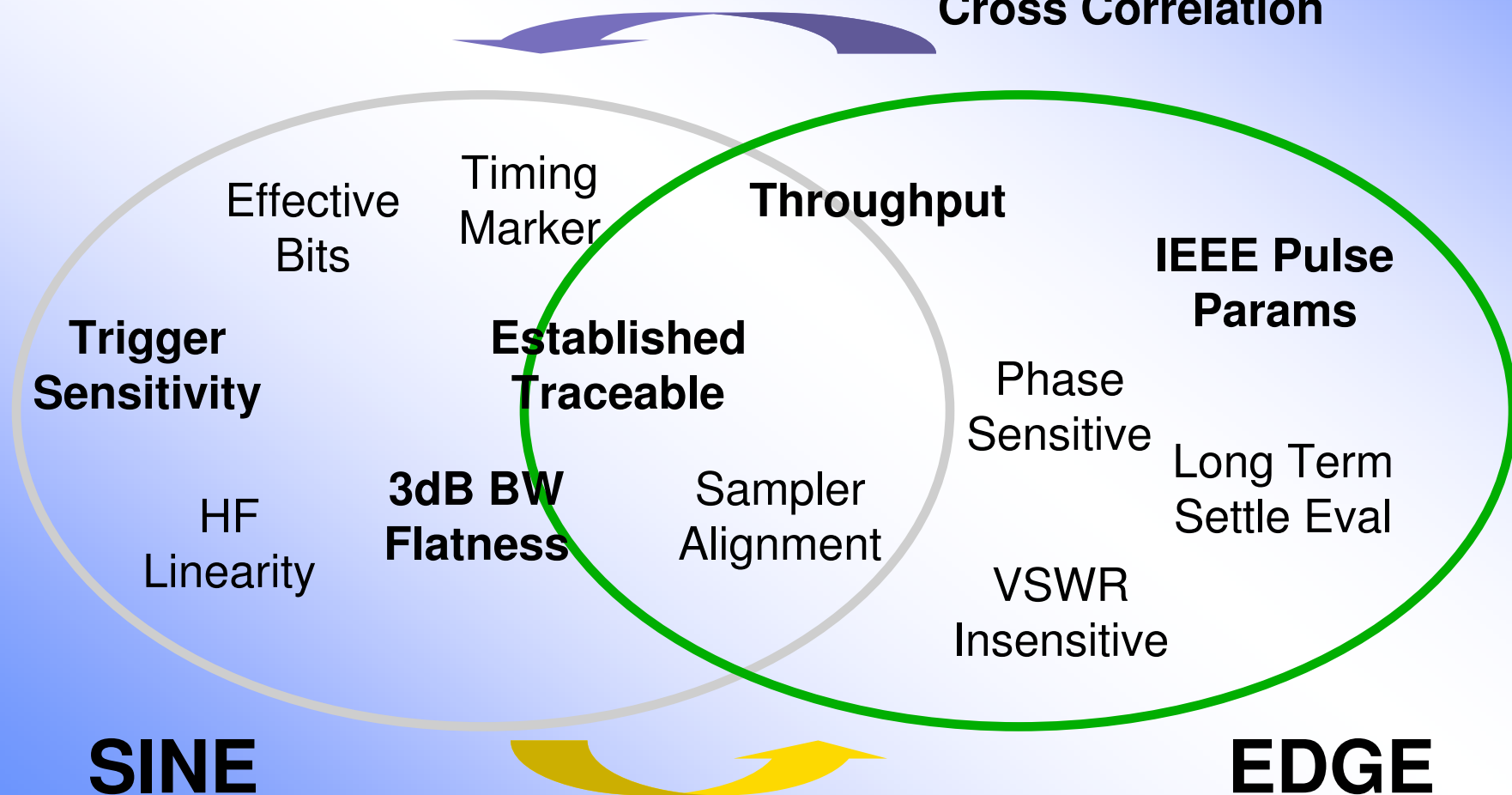
min: $0.8 t_r$

max: $1.6 t_r$



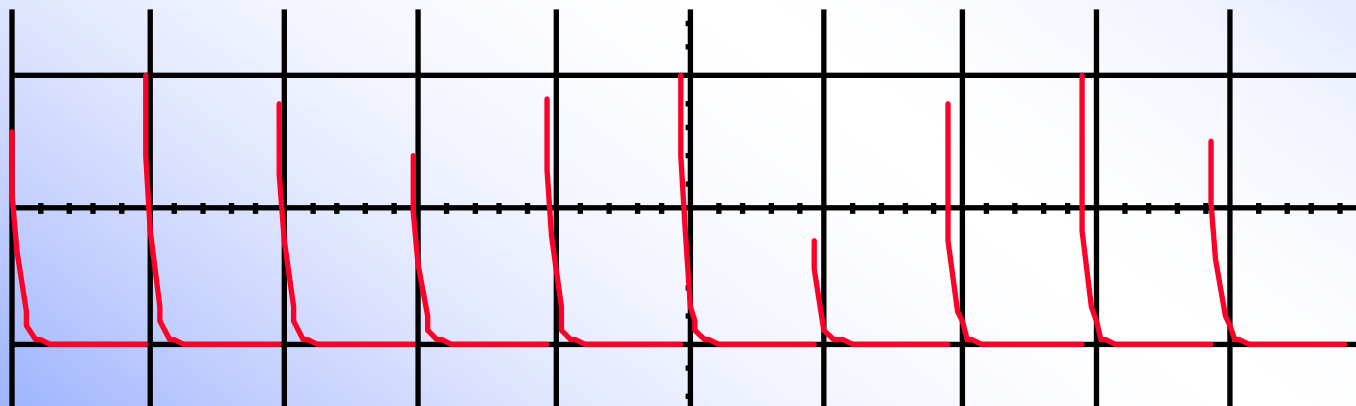
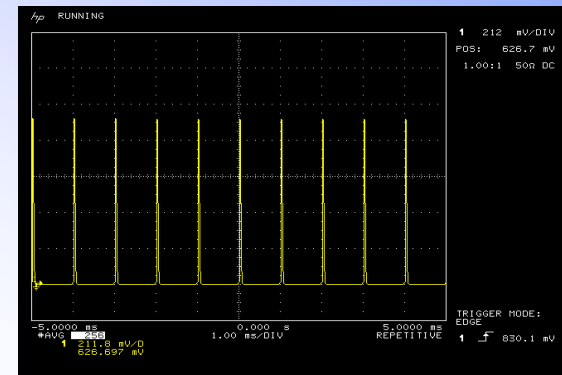
Importance of sine and edge

Some overlap in the Calibration Application but both required
Cross Correlation



Timebase (horizontal) calibration

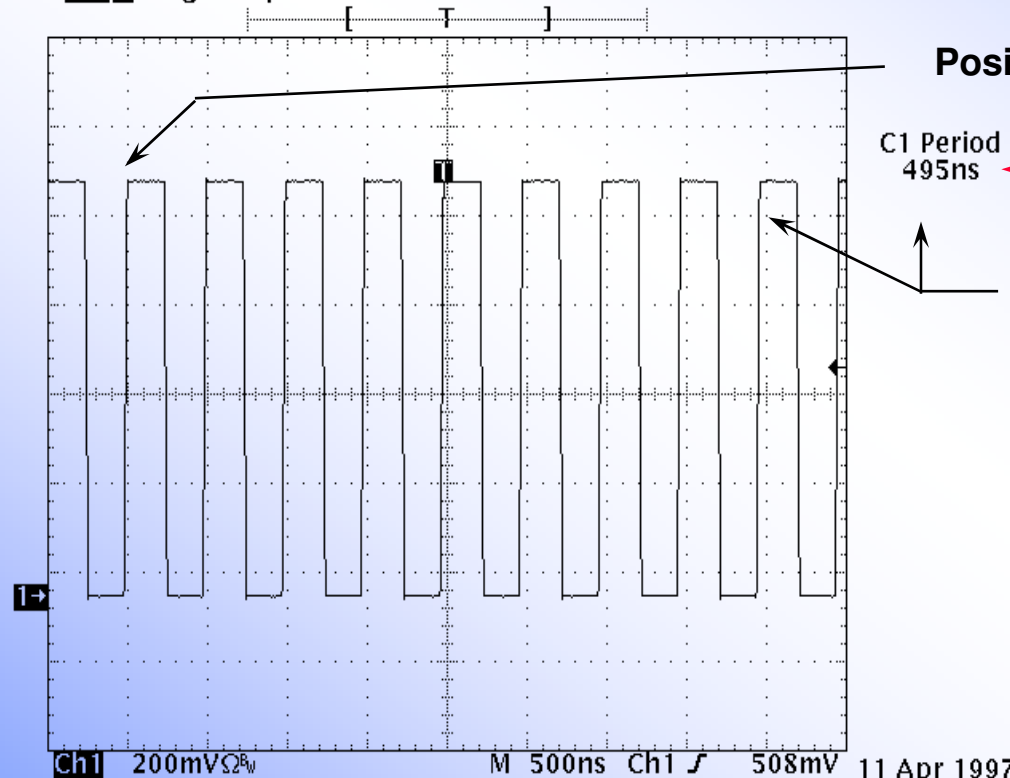
- ◆ Evaluate accuracy of the horizontal time scale



Comb or triangle waveforms are usually used with analog oscilloscopes

Timebase calibration (1)

Tek **Stop:** Single Seq 100MS/s



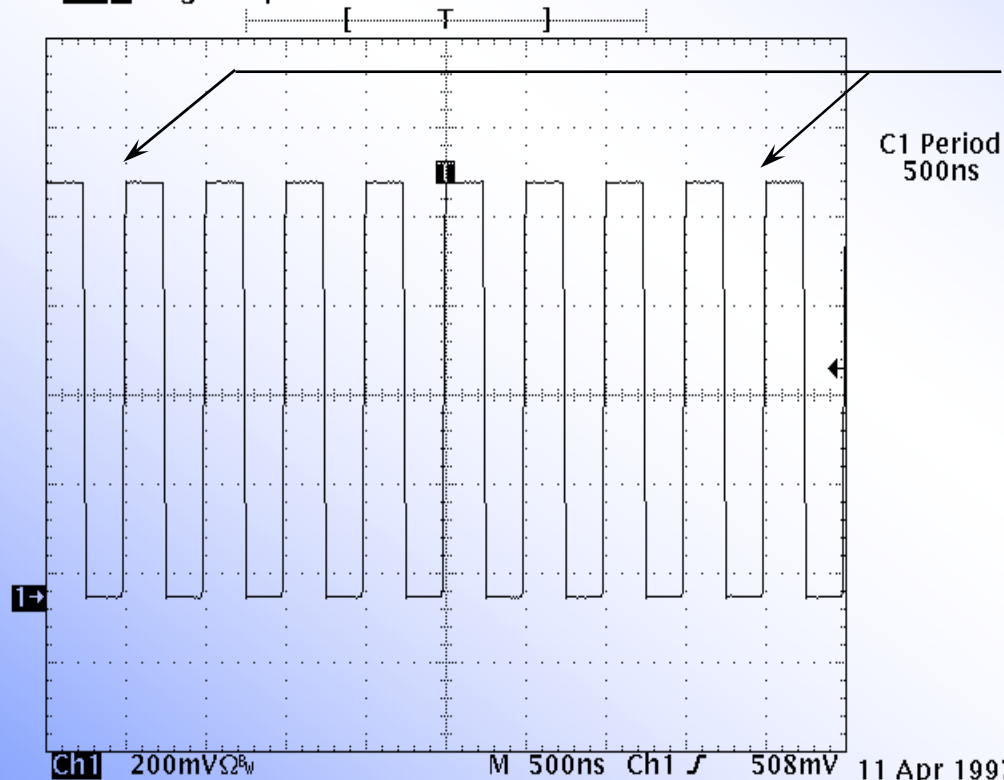
11 Apr 1997
09:37:54

Scopes with dual (delayed) timebases require calibration of both timebases and delay function

Triangle waveform signals used for analog scopes. Square and pulse waveforms avoid edge sampling problems on DSOs.

Timebase calibration (2)

Tek **Stop** Single Seq 100MS/s



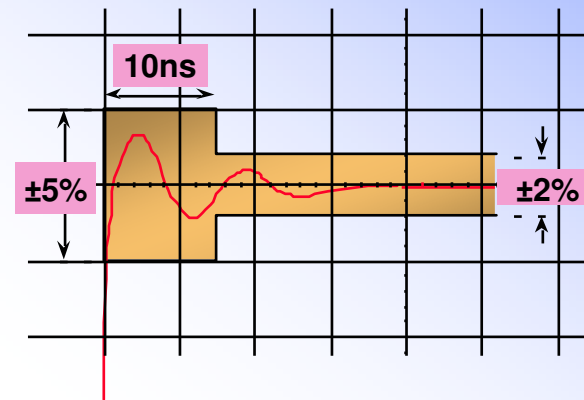
2nd and 10th rising edges aligned with according graticule lines

Period = 500ns; Error : 0%

11 Apr 1997
09:40:35

Other functions & tests

- ◆ **Fast edge $\leq 25\text{ps}$ pulse**
 - Used for Rise Time Pulse Response Tests @ 50Ω
 - Tests BW to 14 GHz
- ◆ **Other important scope calibrator capabilities:**
 - External trigger for all functions
 - Built-in pulse generator with pulse width control
 - Video trigger in NTSC, SECAM, PAL and PAL-M formats with selectable line marker
 - Measure input impedance (resistance & capacitance)
 - Input Overload testing



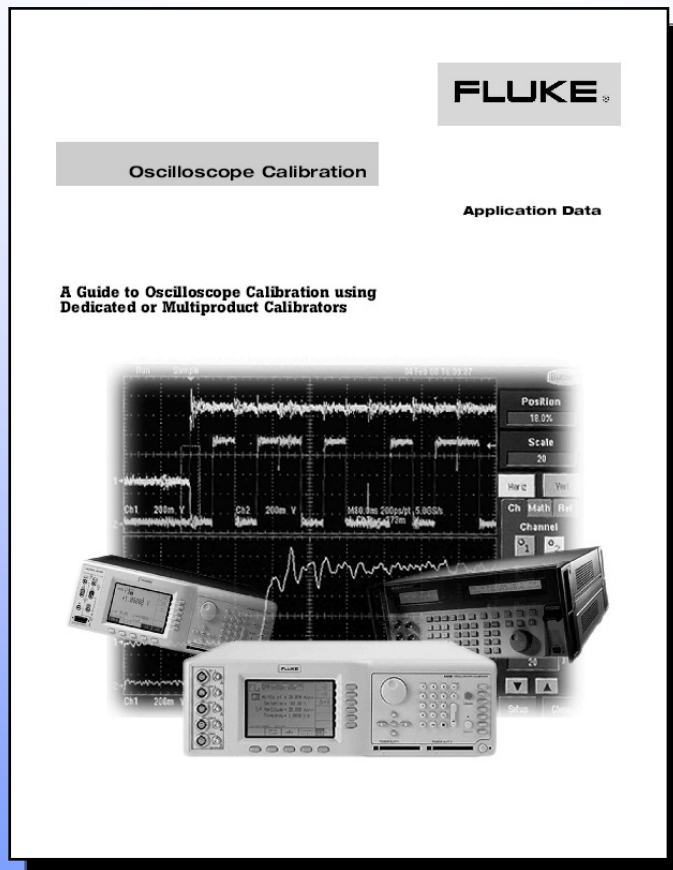
Generic test plan considerations (used in routine calibration)

- Have any Problems been Reported?
- Functional Checks:- Operation of All Controls, Air Filter, Line Voltage, Connectors, Display.
- Measure each vertical channel:
- Measure All Ranges:- Amplitude accuracy, bandwidth, pulse response, 1M ohm and 50 ohm inputs, including cursor and measurement features.
- Measure horizontal channel, including delay and dual timebase features, X-Y mode, cursor and measurement features.
- Check trigger operation and sensitivity.
- Include internal calibrator and any other specific requirements.

Summary and recommendations

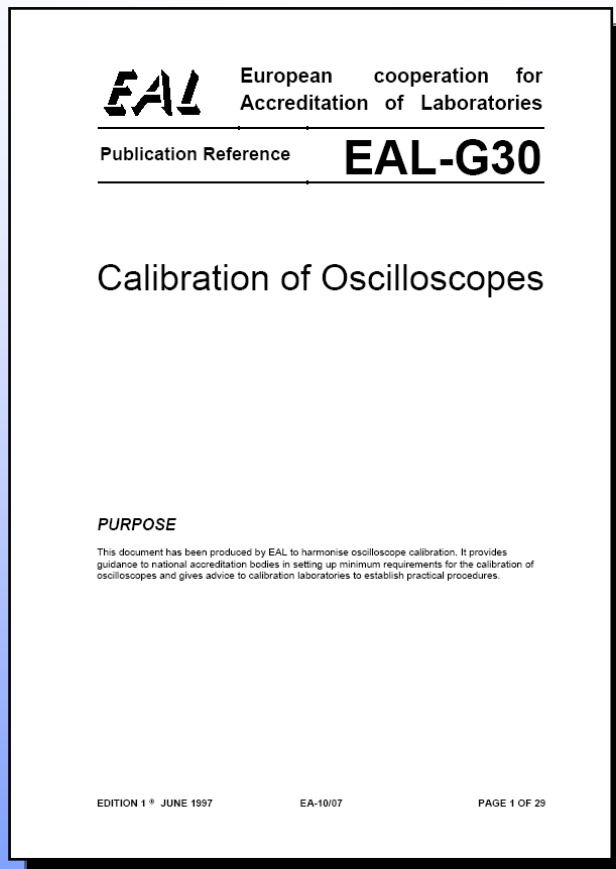
- Think Carefully about the Test Plan and User Requirements
- Are appropriate calibration sources available?
- Follow Manufacturer's Recommendations

For more detailed information



- Guide Describes
 - Need for Calibration
 - Calibration Requirements
 - Aberration
 - Trigger Operation
 -and more.
- For your copy –
 - Contact your Fluke sales representative
 - Find it with the scope calibration information on www.fluke.com

More information



- A European document to harmonize oscilloscope calibration
- Presently named EA-10/07
 - Originally published as EAL-G30 in 1997
 - Now under revision
- For a copy –
 - Search the web for “EAL-G30”
 - www.euromet.org/docs/calguides/

Questions?



Instrumenting Scope Calibration



Traditional calibration system



- Calibration Generator
- Time Mark Generator
- DC Calibrator
- AF Signal Generator
- Fast Pulse Generator
- RF Signal Generator & Power Meter
- Multiplexers
- Frequency Standard
- Multimeter
- Video Generator, Power Supply and more !!!

Problems with traditional systems

- Complex software to drive many instruments
- Multiplexer and cabling adds errors that need compensation
 - Frequency response
 - Pulse dribble up
 - Signal generator needs characterizing
 - * Poor flatness
 - * Poor VSWR
 - Can still require manual intervention!!
- Cost of calibration

Alternative calibrators

Multi-Product Platforms



**BW < 1.1 GHz
> 300 ps**

Dedicated Scope Cal Platforms



**BW < 14 GHz
> 25 ps**

Integrated Multi Product Calibrator Solutions

Multi-Product Platforms



**BW < 1.1 GHz
>300 ps**

- An easy solution for labs with supporting fewer instruments
- Share total meter & scope work on one calibrator
- Limited bandwidth and edge performance
 - Bandwidths from 250MHz to 1.1GHz
 - Limited edge amplitudes and polarities
- Limited secondary calibration functions
- Not easily or economically expandable as workload grows beyond 1GHz

For more information -

- Refer to brochures with extended specifications
- Download the operators manuals for the calibrators of interest
- Refer to technical articles and white papers
- All available from:
 - www.fluke.com



FLUKE®



Dedicated Scope Calibrator Platforms



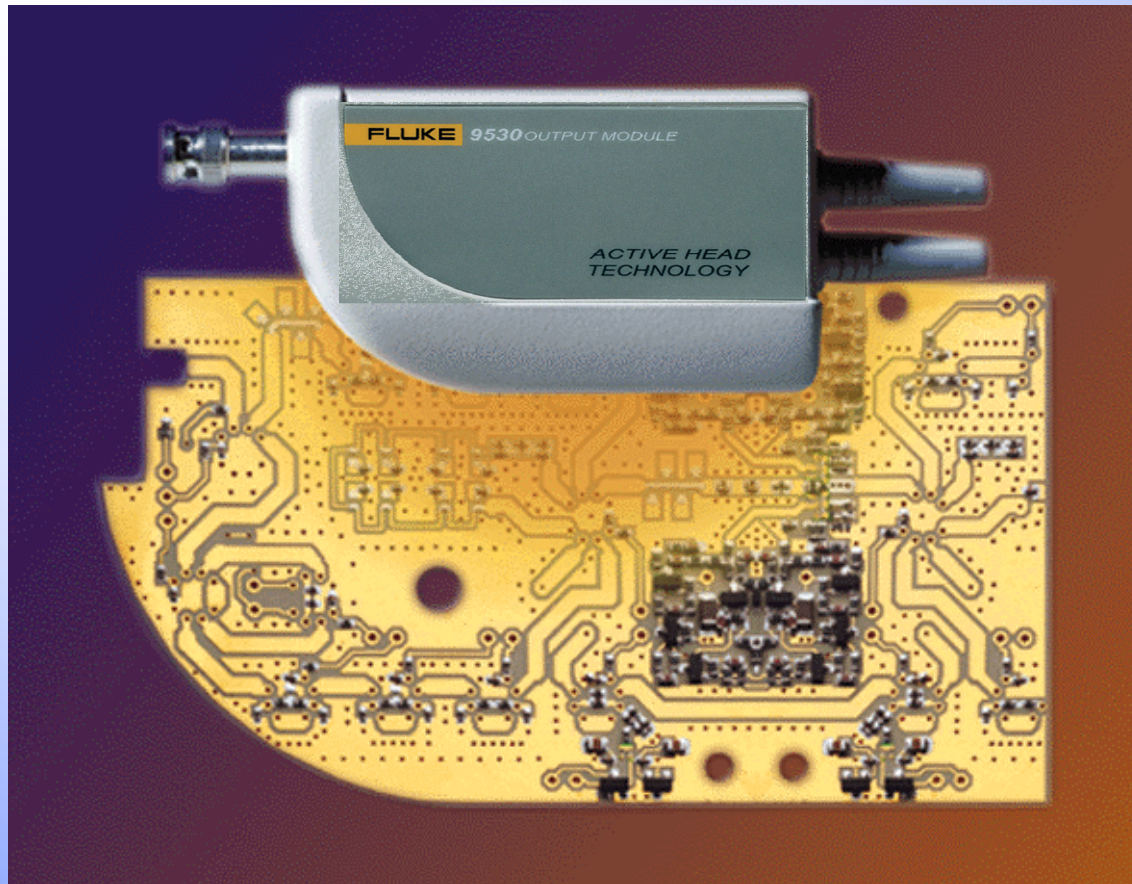
Alternatives for Maximum Capabilities

9500B Oscilloscope Calibrator

- Calibration of Analog and Digital scopes with bandwidths to 6.4 GHz (edge/pulse to 25ps, 14GHz)
- All signals routed through output module / head
- Multiple heads allow for full “hands free” automation
 - 5 heads from a single 9500B
- Wide range of test signals
- Single instrument solution to oscilloscope calibration and documentation

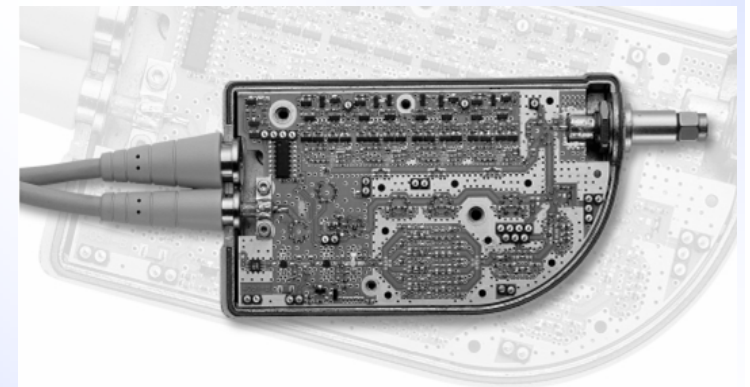


Active Head Technology™



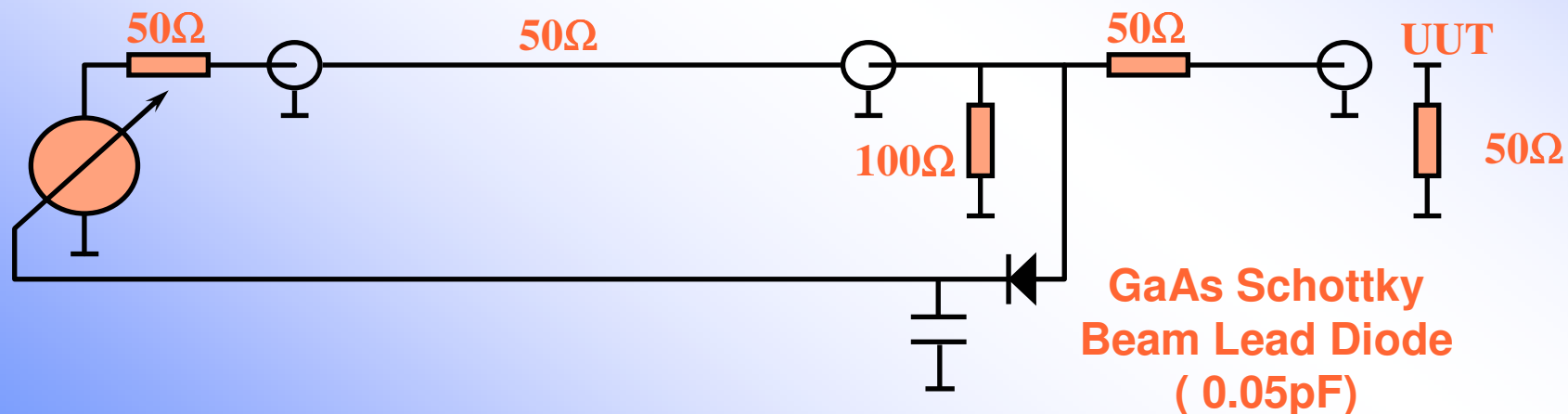
Active Head Technology™

- Integrates all functions into a single output
- A leveled sine wave frequencies
 - 600MHz
 - 1.1GHz
 - 3.2GHz
 - 6.4 GHz
- Generates and delivers 500ps, 150ps and 25ps wide dynamic range pulses
- Precision attenuation of HF signals
- Ensures specifications are at oscilloscope terminals
- Full automation, as up to 5 heads can connect simultaneously to UUT
- Rugged construction
 - Inclusive of 3 year Active Plus Careplan



Sine leveling at the load

- ◆ Peak Detect Leveling close to UUT
- ◆ Well defined VSWR at the signal frequency
- ◆ Traceability via RF Power Measurement
 - High Sine Purity ($> -35\text{dBc}$) necessary



Plus a repeatable, tightly specified edge -

- Two primary and distinct applications
 - Determine UUT Step Settling Characteristic
 - * Overshoot, undershoot, pre-shoot
 - Determine UUT Transition Time
 - * Rise and Fall (often different)
 - * Alternate assessment of UUT Band Width
- Requirements of the Edge are:
 - Edge of both polarities
 - Minimal source aberrations
 - * Return to Ground assures minimal long term aberrations
 - Speed to exercise the whole UUT Bandwidth
 - Accurately known (stable) Transition Time

Summary – The 9500B

The worlds highest performance, fully automated upgradeable oscilloscope calibration workstation.

- A fully automated scope calibration system to 6.4 GHz (pulse to 25ps, 14GHz)
- Active Head Technology™
 - Elimination of cables and switches
 - Unrivalled performance
- High Accuracy - Up to ten times better accuracy than other scope calibrators on the market
- Upgradeable, modular architecture
- Fully supported procedures
- Dramatic increase in throughput
 - Achieves 5-10 fold reduction in cal times
- Simplified support philosophy

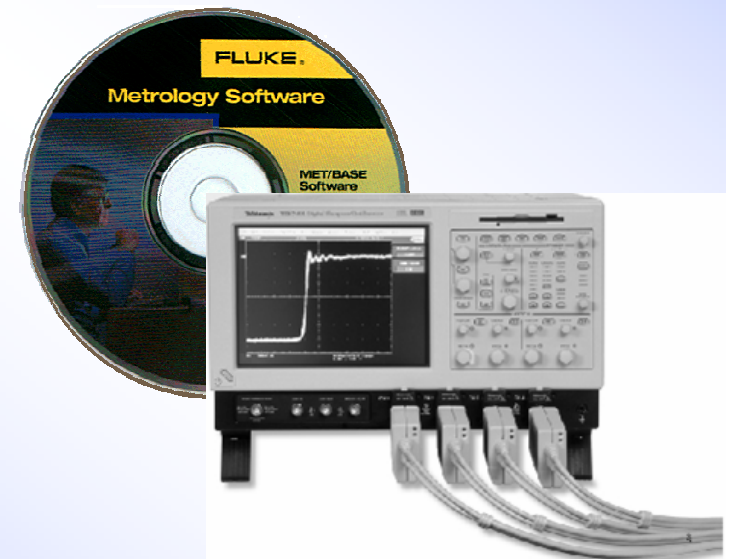


Automation



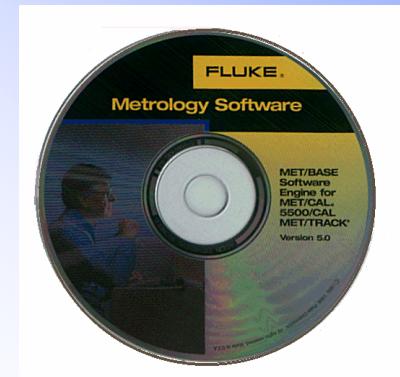
Benefits Of Automation

- Simplify oscilloscope calibration on all calibrator platforms (9100, 55XX, 9500B)
 - Allow for full automation
 - All signals should be through single connection
 - Hundreds of scope procedures available
 - Fluke Warranted procedures also available
- Significant reduction in calibration times
- Connect and Go approach - Full automation provides hands free oscilloscope calibration
- Reduce cost of ownership
 - Integrated into a single unit
 - Simplify calibrator traceability support
 - Allow for upgradeability as workload changes



Automated 9500B Scope Calibration Workstations

- A complete integrated solution to managed scope calibration
 - Model 9500B Oscilloscope calibrator
 - MET/CAL Plus Metrology Software
- The only fully automated system available
 - Multi channel & high bandwidth
- Configurations to suit all budgets and workloads
- Fully upgradeable workstations



Return On Your Investment

- Small to moderate sized scope calibration workloads can justify an investment in a dedicated scope calibration system
- An ROI analysis shows excellent payback, often in just 1 to 2 years compared to using third party calibration providers
- An Excel spreadsheet tool can simplify ROI calculations for individual situations
- This spreadsheet is available for download as a follow up to this seminar.

Date: 8/16/2007

FLUKE.

RETURN ON INVESTMENT CALCULATOR

Oscilloscope Calibration

General Information

Current Year	2007
Currency	\$
Annual Co. Growth	5%
Annual Inflation	3%
Hours/Year	1980

Enter your data into the [blue] cells to customize. Place your mouse icon over the [blue] cells for instructions

Internal Labor / Overhead Rates

Labor Rate	\$ 30
Overhead Rate	\$ 20
Admin Rate	\$ 20

Third Party Costs

	Cost	Admin Time	Total Cal
Simple	\$ 100	1.00	\$ 140
Moderate	\$ 250	1.00	\$ 290
Complex	\$ 500	1.25	\$ 550

Calibrator

	Cal Instrumentation	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Annual Depreciation	20%	\$ 6,400	\$ 6,400	\$ 6,400	\$ 6,400	\$ 6,400
Calibrator Cal Cost	725	\$ 725	\$ 747	\$ 769	\$ 792	\$ 816
Annual Calibrator Cost		\$ 7,125	\$ 7,147	\$ 7,169	\$ 7,192	\$ 7,216
Cost/Cal Hour		\$ 86	\$ 83	\$ 79	\$ 75	\$ 72

Calibration Workload Inventory

	Cals/Yr	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Simple	1	25	26	28	29	30
Moderate	1	60	63	66	69	73
Complex	1	20	21	22	23	24

Calibration Time

	Cal	Admin	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Simple	0.25	0.25	12.50	13.13	13.75	14.47	15.19
Moderate	0.50	0.25	45.00	47.25	49.61	52.00	54.70
Complex	1.00	0.25	25.00	26.25	27.56	28.94	30.39
Total Hours/Year			82.50	86.63	90.96	95.50	100.28

Third Party Cal Cost

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Simple	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,785	\$ 3,975	\$ 4,173	\$ 4,382
Moderate	\$ 17,400	\$ 18,818	\$ 19,759	\$ 20,747	\$ 21,784
Complex	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,897	\$ 12,491	\$ 13,116	\$ 13,772
Total	\$ 31,900	\$ 34,500	\$ 36,225	\$ 38,036	\$ 39,938

Total In-House Cal Cost using Model 9500

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Simple	\$ 563	\$ 595	\$ 624	\$ 656	\$ 688
Moderate	\$ 2,100	\$ 2,214	\$ 2,325	\$ 2,441	\$ 2,564
Complex	\$ 1,200	\$ 1,263	\$ 1,326	\$ 1,393	\$ 1,462
Total Operational Cost	\$ 3,863	\$ 4,072	\$ 4,276	\$ 4,490	\$ 4,714
Annual Calibrator Cost	\$ 7,125	\$ 7,147	\$ 7,169	\$ 7,192	\$ 7,216
Total In-house Calibration Cost	\$ 10,988	\$ 11,219	\$ 11,445	\$ 11,682	\$ 11,930

Savings (Deficit)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Savings (Deficit)	\$ 20,913	\$ 23,281	\$ 24,780	\$ 26,354	\$ 28,008

Equipment Utilization

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Equipment Utilization	4%	4%	5%	5%	5%

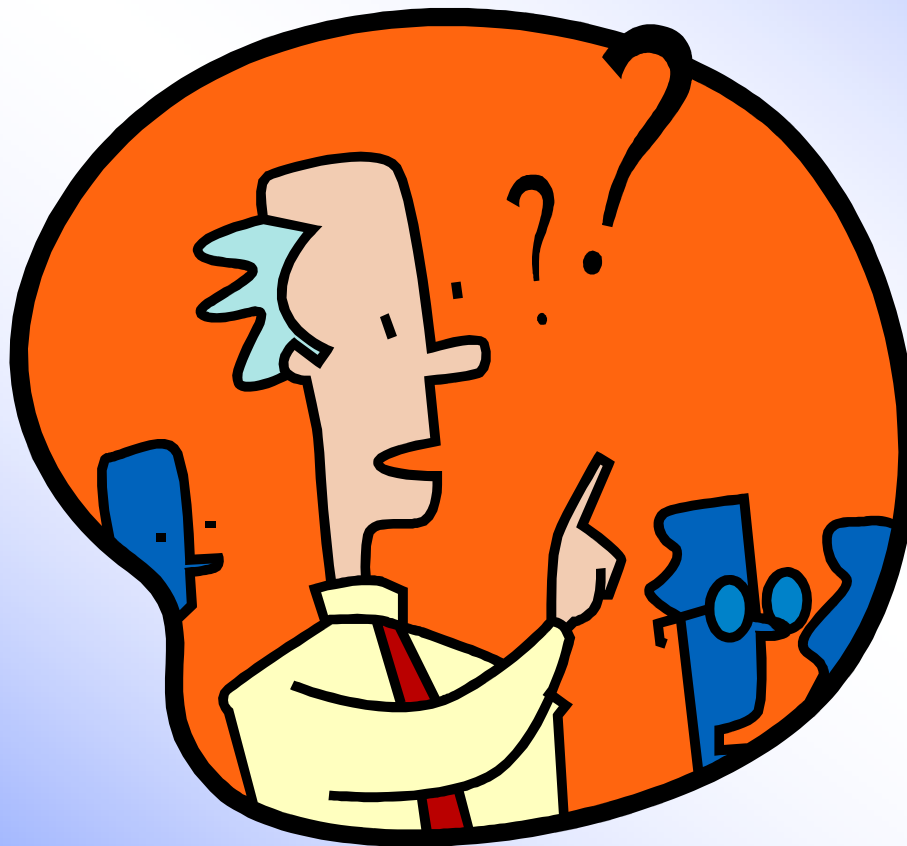
The Resulting Payback Period is

1.3 Years

Conclusion & Review – What have we done?

- Topics
 - Reviewed basic scope calibration technical requirements
 - Provided technical references for scope calibration
 - Examined calibration instrumentation alternatives
 - Introduced the benefits of automation
 - Offered an ROI analysis tool to assist in analyzing and justifying a scope calibrator
- In Conclusion
 - Scope calibration is better understood
 - Instrumentation alternatives can be evaluated in a better manner

Questions about oscilloscope calibration?



Calibration and metrology training from Fluke

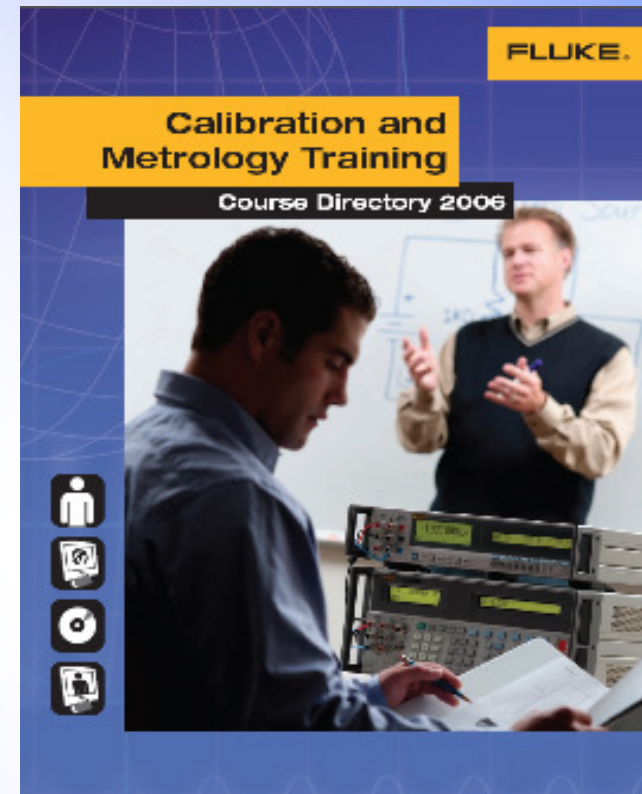
- Fluke calibration and metrology training helps you get the most from your investment in calibration instruments and software
- Multiple ways to learn:
 - Instructor-led classroom sessions
 - Instructor-led web-based courses
 - Self-paced web-based training
 - Self-paced CD-ROM training
- Multiple locations
 - United States and Canada
 - Europe
 - Singapore



Members of the MET/SUPPORT Gold and Priority Gold CarePlan support programs receive a 20 % discount off any Fluke calibration training course

Calibration and metrology training

- **Instructor-Led Classroom Training**
 - **MET-101 Basic Hands-on Metrology** (new in 2007)
 - **MET-301 Advanced Hands-on Metrology** (new in 2007)
 - Cal Lab Management for the 21st Century
 - Metrology for Cal Lab Personnel (A CCT prep course)
 - MET/CAL Database and Reports
 - MET/CAL Procedure Writing
 - MET/CAL Advanced Programming Techniques
 - On-Site Training
 - Product Specific Training
- **Instructor-Led Web-Based Training**
 - MET/CAL Database Web-Based Training
 - MET/CAL Procedure Development Web-Based Training
- **Self-Paced Web-Based Training**
 - Introduction to Measurement and Calibration
 - Precision Electrical Measurement
 - Measurement Uncertainty
 - AC/DC Calibration and Metrology
 - Metrology for Cal Lab Personnel (A CCT prep course)
- **Self-Paced Training Tools**
 - MET/CAL-CBT7 Computer Based Training
 - **MET/CAL-CBT/PW Computer-Based Training** (new in 2007)
 - Cal-Book: Philosophy in Practice textbook



More information:
www.fluke.com/fluketraining

THANK YOU !

For material related to this session, visit our
web site:

<http://www.fluke.com>

For any questions or copies of this presentation:
email inquiries to: fpmseminars@fluke.com