

Opportunity Zones: Digest

The OZ Digest is a monthly update from the Polsinelli Opportunity Zones team. Our goal is to share everything opportunity zone (OZ) related from our team including firm and regulatory updates, events and thought leadership from our attorneys on the practical application of these evolving regulations.



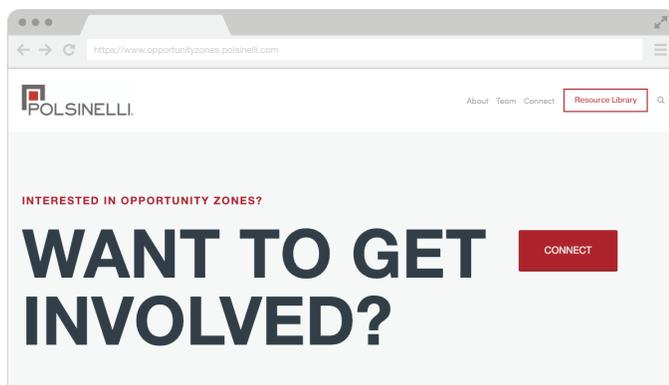
Debbie Klis
Shareholder

An update from the IRS public hearing on qualified opportunity zones attended by Shareholder, Debbie Klis

On February 14, more than 200 interested parties turned out at IRS' invitation to give input on Treasury's Proposed Regulations, issued in October 2018, governing the wildly popular Qualified Opportunity Zones (QOZ) program. The five-hour hearing (originally scheduled for January but rescheduled due to the government shutdown) included approximately 23 speakers representing think tanks, investment funds, small businesses, accounting firms, a bar association, community coalitions, economic development groups and technology funds. Notwithstanding the diversity among the speakers, common themes among their messages included appeals to IRS to (i) create clarity whether QOZ funds may sell assets without incurring tax provided the proceeds are reinvested in QOZ projects (the so called interim gains issue); (ii) create flexibility for QOZ funds investing in operating businesses, and (iii) required transparency and reporting on the progress of the QOZ program so interested parties can determine whether it is achieving its goals.

Polsinelli OZ Website Launch

We are pleased to announce the launch of Polsinelli Opportunity Zones – a platform for facilitating opportunity zone deals. The platform will bring together investors, fund sponsors and those deploying capital into Qualified Opportunity Zones to take advantage of this new investment class and join with others looking to close their next deal.



[Connect](#) with us and plug into a network of likeminded individuals that share the goal of sourcing deals in a fast and more efficient environment. You will also receive access to Polsinelli's Opportunity Zone resources.

Our team will push content and information on the database to those who are registered in the weeks and months to come.

OPPORTUNITY ZONES: Dealmaker Forum

Recently, Polsinelli hosted the Opportunity Zones Dealmaker Forum in the Kansas City office bringing together over 175 attendees from the investment, development and fund management markets. Attendees were able to connect with others in the OZ space and have meaningful discussion with investors and developers on their OZ perspectives and types of deals that are emerging in the market.

The presentation from the Kansas City event is linked [here](#).

OPPORTUNITY ZONES: By the Numbers



+150

Using opportunity zones can increase investment yields by 150%



All types of businesses can benefit from opportunity zones, including real estate developers and operating companies.



Investors can maximize their return with ten-year investments, but still receive tax benefits with shorter investments.



Buying and leasing buildings in opportunity zones are both options for investors.

OPPORTUNITY ZONES: Thought Leadership

[Dan Flanigan](#), Shareholder and Managing Partner of the New York office, is the author to “The Wizard of OZ” column that is featured in the *New York Real Estate Journal*. Every two weeks, a new article will be published. Please see below for the first few articles.

- [Opportunity Zones: What questions did the U.S. Treasury answer on October 19, 2018?](#)
- [The Wizard of OZ – \(that’s “Opportunity Zones”\): Dorothy still has some questions](#)
- [The Wizard of OZ – \(that’s “Opportunity Zones”\): Down in the Boondocks](#)



Dan Flanigan
Office Managing Partner
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New York Real Estate Journal

THE COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE MEDIA SOURCE

Reprint nyrej.com Tuesday, January 22, 2019

The Wizard of OZ – (that’s “Opportunity Zones”) Dorothy still has some questions

Dan Flanigan
Polsinelli

The previous two articles (published December 19th and January 7th) discussed some important issues that the U.S. Treasury resolved in its proposed regulations issued on October 19, 2018.¹ I promised in the last column that my next article would discuss important unanswered questions where additional Treasury guidance would be welcome if not essential. There are several important ones. Here are some of the most important.

Cash-Out Financing
Return of Capital From
Operating Profit Distributions

Capital gains invested in opportunity zones are required to remain at risk for 10 years. Traditionally, real estate investors can extract invested capital and even profits tied to their property structured financing transactions before the ultimate sale of the property. Will qualified opportunity funds (QOFs) or qualified opportunity zone businesses (QOZBs) be allowed to refinance their portfolio properties before expiration of the 10-year period and distribute the proceeds to investors without jeopardizing opportunity zone benefits?

The answer is unclear today. If investors in effect extract all or part of their equity investments when the project refinances or obtains additional financing, the IRS may argue that the investors have withdrawn their investments or converted their equity investments to debt. Thus, the IRS could deny investors Opportunity Zone benefits and try to tax the invested deferred capital gains at that time. The proposed regulations expressly allow investors to do this individually but deny the same opportunity to the fund itself, especially since financing of hard assets,

not equity interests, is the norm in the real estate world.

If QOFs/QOZBs cannot return equity with financing proceeds, can it do so with operating profits from the investment? This issue is too complicated for extended discussion here, but it is critical, as its resolution may significantly affect the overall value to returns of investors.

Active Conduct Of Trade Or Business:

Sales Outside The Zone

The proposed regulations mandate that at least 50% of the gross income of a QOZB must derive from the active conduct of a trade or business “in the qualified Opportunity Zone.” The proposed regulations added the words “within” question marks, although perhaps intended to clarify an ambiguity, the language created or exacerbated others, including these—

What about sales of goods or services to customers outside the zone?

If Treasury follows international tax “source of income” rules, which may be analogous to performing services from an office in the Opportunity Zone should qualify, regardless of where customers are physically located. The source of income for the performance of services is where the services are performed.

Concerning the sale of goods, the rule is that the income source is generally where the goods are manufactured. Based on this rule, if adopted by final Opportunity Zone regulations, sales of goods outside the zone that are manufactured inside the zone should qualify, especially if no sales activities occur outside the zone (or, possibly, if they are undertaken on a commission basis by distributors). But what if some sales activities do occur outside the Opportunity Zone? The same international tax rules indicate that soliciting orders, advertising, and even broadcasting radio advertisements into an area can constitute conducting business in that area.

More broadly, what about a business that establishes itself initially in the Opportunity Zone but then branches out from there, perhaps developing many operations outside the zone but keeping its headquarters there? Will all

those satellite operations need to be established as separate entities, requiring complex intercompany contractual arrangements and accounting? If so, will the IRS accept that solution or, instead, assert a “substance over form” argument to vitiate it?

There will likely be many more issues generated by the “active conduct” requirement in the context of successful and growing businesses. Hopefully, Treasury will establish a generous and flexible framework for dealing with these questions as they arise. Once again, the issue is whether a merely physical will inhibit the influx of operating businesses into the Opportunity Zones or result in a premature exit once it appears that the business has trapped itself in an iron cage (that off to Max Weber).

Interim Gain Issue:

Sale By Fund Before 10 Years Followed By Qualified

Reinvestment Of Sale Proceeds

The statute and current regulations allow an investor to sell its complete interest in a QOZB and reinvest the proceeds in another qualified investment within 180 days without recognizing gain (although it is not clear whether the investors’ 10-year holding period restarts). However, neither the statute nor the proposed regulations indicate whether a fund or QOZB can, in a similar vein, sell Opportunity Zone business property (or whether a fund can sell the stock or membership interest in a QOZB), and reinvest the proceeds without paying tax on any gain. The statute and proposed regulations do state that a fund should have a reasonable time to reinvest the proceeds without violating the 90-second test but are silent on the “interim gain” issue. The resolution will have significant consequences since investors, once the investment is stabilized, often will want to “cash in” their winnings and redeploy into the next project rather than waiting out the 10 years.

Generally, Will We Be Burdened By Having To Sell Equity Interests, Not The Real Estate Or Other Assets Themselves To Qualify For Various Benefits?

Throughout the statute an arguably artificial distinction is made between the sale or pledge of QOF stock or a partnership interest vs. the sale or mortgaging of real estate or other assets held by the QOF or a QOZB. The statute provided that the 10-year exemption function is only realized when an investor sells the investment in the QOF and not when the QOF sells its property or investment in a QOZB. Why should the investors, in order to qualify for the tax exemption after 10 years, be required to sell QOF stock or partnership interests rather than cause their QOFs to sell the underlying assets, especially when the sale of an equity interest rather than a direct asset sale generally both limits the pool of interested buyers and the amount those buyers are willing to pay, given that they must assume existing liabilities in an equity purchase. Since it does not serve a legitimate policy purpose but undermines the legislative goal, perhaps the Treasury will eliminate this artificial distinction.

These and other questions cry out for answers as soon as possible. But as of this writing, on the 18th day of the government shutdown, the halls and offices of the U.S. Treasury are dark and the pencils are down. No, Dorothy, we’re not in Kansas anymore. Thanks again to the real wizards, my tax lawyer colleague Jeff Goldman of our Chicago office and Pat O’Byran of our Kansas City office, for their help in developing this article.

This article assumes readers’ knowledge of the basic Opportunity Zone statutory provisions. For a summary of the basic provisions, please see [polsinelli.com/intelligence/cipz](#).

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Debbie Klis
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Shareholder [Debbie Klis](#) was a featured speaker at the Opportunity Zone Expo in Los Angeles on January 25, 2019, co-presenting “Qualified Opportunity Fund” and “Opportunity Fund Capital.”

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Upcoming Events

- 3/12/2019 IMN: The Inaugural Opportunity Zones Forum – NYC
- 4/16/2019 Opportunity Zones DealMaker Forum – Denver
- 4/25/2019 Opportunity Zones DealMaker Forum – Chicago



If you have questions or would like additional information, please contact Regan Lemke at rlmke@polsinelli.com