EFFICIENCY REPORT FOR THE PARK DISTRICT OF LA GRANGE

APPROVED BY THE PARK DISTRICT'S

COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY

ON MARCH 11, 2024



I. Purpose

The **Park District of La Grange** ("Park District") formed its Committee on Local Government Efficiency on May 8th, 2023, to study efficiencies and report recommendations regarding those efficiencies and increased accountability pursuant to 50 ILCS 70/1, *et seq.* (the "Committee").

II. Committee Membership

The Committee consisted of the following individuals:

Brian Opyd, President
Robert Vear, Vice President
Lynn Lacey, Second Vice President
Stephanie Posey, Commissioner
Michael Chvatal, Commissioner
William Lanspeary, La Grange Resident
Todd Vancleave, La Grange Resident
Eric Weirab, La Grange Resident
Jennifer Bechtold, Executive Director

III. Committee Meetings

The Committee met as follows:

Meeting Date	Meeting Time and Place		
November 13, 2023	5:30 PM, 536 East Ave, La Grange, IL		
February 12, 2024	5:30 PM, 536 East Ave, La Grange, IL		
March 11, 2024	6:00 PM, 536 East Ave, La Grange, IL		

Minutes of these meetings are available on the Park District's website or upon request at the Park District's administrative office.

IV.General Overview of Governing Statutes, Ordinances, Rules, Procedures, Powers, Jurisdiction

The Park District was established by a referendum initiated and approved by the voters of the Park District in 1929. All Illinois park districts, including the Park District of La Grange, are governed by the Park District Code, 70 ILCS 1205/1 et seq.

Operating with a separate and distinct taxing body for parks, recreation, and conservation within the local community, which functions apart from general purpose governments, is extremely beneficial to the community for many reasons, as detailed further in this report.

- Elected, non-partisan, non-compensated board. The Park District is governed by a board of five commissioners. Commissioners must reside within the boundaries of the park district and are elected at the Consolidated Election in odd-numbered years. Pursuant to state law, commissioners are non-partisan and serve without compensation.
- Accessible and focused representation. Having a dedicated board to oversee
 these essential facilities, programs, and services provides the community with
 increased access to their elected representatives and allows those elected
 representatives to remain focused solely on those facilities, programs, and services.
 This is contrasted with general purpose governments where elected representatives
 are responsible for broad oversight on a wide range of issues. This special purpose
 benefit is particularly advantageous when it comes to budget and finance oversight.
- Increased transparency. A dedicated unit of local government to provide park and recreation services also improves the relationship between the Park District and its residents due to the transparency and openness related to the board and Park District operations. The District's detailed agenda and action items allows taxpayers to be better informed about the inner workings of their local government. When individual units of government are responsible for providing specified services as park districts do, transparency is increased because action items and budget procedures are provided in greater detail. Additionally, these items and budgetary decisions are subject to increased scrutiny by locally elected officials than is the case with larger, multi-purpose governments with a multitude of departments.
- Protection of revenues. Because the Park District is a separate unit of local
 government, the revenues it generates can only be used for Park District purposes.
 This assurance is contrasted with general purpose governments including cities,
 villages, and counties that provide a multitude of services such as fire, police, public
 works, economic development, etc., where revenues that are generated specifically
 for parks and recreation can be expended on these other services with limited, if
 any, input from voters.

- Protection of assets. Public parks and other real property owned by the Park
 District is held in trust for the residents of the Park District, and, subject to very
 limited exceptions, can only be sold or transferred if residents approve of the sale or
 transfer by a referendum. This is contrasted with general purpose units of
 government, which have authority to sell or dispose of property by a vote of the
 governing board.
- Providing the Community More with Less. The Park District does more with
 considerably fewer funding options. Unlike other units of local government that
 receive direct state funding, and income, sales, use, hotel/motel, motor fuel and
 other numerous taxes, the Park District's only tax revenues come from a modest
 portion of a resident's overall property tax bill. In fact, despite its limited funding
 options, the Park District share is only 4.68% of the local tax bill.

As part of good governance and implementing best practices in the management of day-to-day operations, the Park District has also adopted the following ordinances, rules, policies, and procedures:

- Board Policies and Procedures Manual
- Operations Manual
- Administrative Policies and Procedures Manual
- General Conduct Ordinances
- Personnel Policies/Employee Manual or Handbook
- Safety and Risk Management Policies
- Comprehensive Master Plan

V. List of Shared Services and Partnerships

The Park District works diligently to provide the best possible programs, services, and facilities to our community at the lowest possible cost. One of the many ways the Park District achieves this goal is by partnering with neighboring park districts, school districts, other units of local government within or near the community, the State, non-profit organizations, and for-profit corporations. Below is a comprehensive list of the current partnerships, agreements, and other relationships that assist the Park District's mission of delivering the best possible services at the lowest possible cost to our community.

1. Membership in SRA if Any

The Park District is part of the South East Association for Special Recreation Association ("SRA"). Special recreation associations are a form of intergovernmental cooperation among units of local government that are authorized under the Illinois Constitution, the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act, the Park District Code, and the Municipal Code. Their formation is rooted in a fundamental belief and recognition that "Recreation is for Everyone." They are shining examples of local government efficiency.

Through partnerships local communities are able to effectively and efficiently deliver increased successful program opportunities to community members who have special needs. Furthermore, by participating in the SRA, the Park District networks with **eleven** other participating local governments to provide many more program opportunities for our community members who have special needs and offers a choice between participating in the SRA's programs or in programs that are provided by the Park District.

The Park District and the SRA also achieve efficiency by utilizing existing facilities that are owned and operated by the SRA's members, including the Park District. Utilizing these existing facilities allows the SRA to deliver services to its member communities at a lower cost. Currently the Park District provides the SRA access to the following facilities for their program offerings:

- The Recreation Center
- The Community Center

The SRA also provides the support needed for participants with special needs who choose to register for Park District programs or inclusive programming. The SRA collects information on the registered participant and determines what support is needed for that participant to be successful in this inclusive setting or the Park District program. This may include additional training of the supervisory staff, additional support staff, the use of adaptive equipment, behavior management, and/or other measures that will assist in the successful participation of this individual in the Park District program. Although success may not look the same for everyone, the SRA works with the Park

District's staff to ensure the best possible results for all the participants in the program. The Park District's cost of providing these services would be much greater without its participation and partnership in the SRA.

In 2023, SEASPAR successfully served 29 Park District of La Grange residents in 130 programs. The SRA also supported 3 participants in inclusive programs that were provided by the Park District.

The Park District is proud of the ongoing collaboration with the SRA. By working cooperatively with other local governments, not only are we better able to collectively serve all citizens within our communities, including persons with disabilities, but we are able to do so in the most efficient and effective manner possible.

- 2. Other intergovernmental agreements with other park districts, forest preserve districts, conservation districts, or municipal recreation agencies
 - Co-Op recreation programs with the Community Park District (La Grange Park), the Western Springs Park District and the Hinsdale Parks & Recreation Dept.
 - The Village of Hinsdale offers La Grange residents a discounted pool pass rate
 - PDLG utilizes LTHS South Campus for gymnastics classes
- 3. Intergovernmental agreements with other units of local government
 - School District 102
 - The City of Countryside
- 4. Intergovernmental agreements with the State of Illinois
 - Central Management Services (CMS) Joint Purchasing Program
- 5. Partnerships or agreements with athletic or similar affiliate organizations that operate sports or other leagues
 - La Grange Little League
 - Babe Ruth Baseball
 - AYSO (American Youth Soccer Organization)
 - Celtics
 - Lyons Township
- 6. Partnerships or other interrelationships with non-profits

- LeaderShop
- Interfaith Community Partners
- IPRA
- La Grange Business Association

7. Partnerships with for-profit organizations

- Meadowbrook Manor
- White Sox
- 8. Informal cooperation with other units of local government which save taxpayer dollars by eliminating redundancy
 - The Village of La Grange has stored vehicles/equipment at PDLG, i.e., vac truck, firetruck, etc.
 - Village of La Grange Public Works has assisted with general maintenance tasks

VI. Other Examples of Efficient Operations

Use of volunteers. One way in which the Park District reduces the burden on taxpayers is through the use of volunteers. Last year, 200 individuals volunteered 5,000 hours of service to the Park District.

Youth employment. The Park District is a major employer of youth in the community. Last year, the Park District employed 17 youth. Not only is this an efficient way to deliver services, but youth employment serves as a valuable training tool for the future workforce.

Joint purchasing. The Park District participates in joint purchasing cooperatives pursuant to the Governmental Joint Purchasing Act (30 ILCS 525/0.01 *et seq.*) thereby saving taxpayer dollars through economies of scale. These include:

- Sourcewell
- Suburban Purchasing Cooperative (SPC)

Collaboration with other park districts on best practices. Because park districts are not in competition with one another, they are more willing than the private sector to share best practices. These best practices help to avoid unnecessary costs and deliver services more effectively and efficiently.

Reliance on Non-Tax Revenue. Unlike most local governments that rely on a wide range of sales, use, and income taxes, the Park District is not permitted to assess these types of taxes. Additionally, although the Park District is an economic engine for the community and generates much revenue for the state and our community in the form of hotel/motel, sales, and motor fuel taxes, our Park District does not receive any of these revenues. Also, unlike Illinois cities, villages, counties, and school districts that received billions of dollars in direct financial assistance from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), our Park District did not receive any such direct federal aid. Our Park District also does not receive state funding under the Local Government Distributive Fund (LGDF) or General State Aid (GSA) that these same cities, villages, counties, and school districts receive through the State budget.

Instead, the Park District provides all of the programs, facilities, and services to the community with a very modest amount of funding from property taxes and from **non-tax sources** such as memberships, program registrations, and other user fees as well as private donations and grants.

VII. Transparency to the Community

The following information about the Park District may be obtained by citizens in the location listed.

	Document	Location(s) Available (website, administrative offices, county clerk, state website, etc.)
•	Annual tax levy	https://pdlg.org/about-us/district-publications
•	Annual budget and appropriation ordinance	https://pdlg.org/about-us/budget-financial-information
•	Agenda and minutes	https://pdlg.org/about-us/meetings-minutes-agendas- monthly-board-packets
•	Comptroller's annual finance report (AFR)	https://pdlg.org/about-us/budget-financial-information
•	Annual audit	https://pdlg.org/about-us/budget-financial-information
•	Statement of Receipts and Disbursements	https://pdlg.org/about-us/meetings-minutes-agendas- monthly-board-packets
•	Conduct Ordinances	https://pdlg.org/about-us/district-publications
•	Comprehensive Master Plan	https://pdlg.org/about-us/mission-statement

The Park District offers residents many opportunities to provide feedback. These include:

- The Board of Commissioners meets the second Monday of each month.
 Meetings sometimes fall on the third or fourth Monday of the month due to
 holidays or special events. Please visit our website at https://pdlg.org/about-us/meetings-minutes-agendas-monthly-board-packets for our annual board
 meeting listings. Residents may provide public comment at every meeting.
- The Park District's annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinance is available in tentative form at least 30 days prior to its adoption at an open meeting of the Park District board. Additionally, at least one public hearing is held prior to final action, and notice of the hearing is published in the newspaper at least one week prior to the hearing.
- The Park District's annual property tax levy is approved at an open meeting of the Park District board in accordance with the Open Meetings Act. The Park District follows all public notice and hearing requirements under the Truth in Taxation Law prior to the adoption of this annual tax levy. The Park District's annual levy is also subject to the limitations of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

- Residents may contact or request information from the Park District by phone at (708)352-1762 or email at pdlginfo@pdlg.org.
- In 2022 the Park District of La Grange shaped its future through the development of a Comprehensive Master Plan and conducted public and stakeholder meetings to gather public input. The key objectives were inclusivity, to ensure everyone's voices were heard, a needs assessment and public input guided future plans and transparency. Frequent updates kept the community informed. We hosted multiple meetings, both in person and online with skilled facilitators to ensure all voices were heard. Community participation was sought through surveys, forums and social media. The community actively participated in shaping our Comprehensive Master Plan and future.
- Surveys are collected throughout the year for programs, events and more.

VII. District Awards and Recognition

The District's achievements have been recognized in numerous ways.

Best of the Best Suburban Life 2020 Readers Choice - Best Park District

Best Indoor Playground Kids List

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting GFOA (Government Finance Officers Association)

PDRMA Accredited Annually

OSLAD Grant 2024, \$600,000 matching grant for Waiola Park Improvements

Staff Recognition

Director of Recreation

SSPRP Young Professional of the Year (2014)

Staff Credentials

- Certified Park and Recreational Professional (CPRP) 3 Staff
- PDRMA H.E.L.P Essentials of Human Resources Curriculum 2 Staff
- Medic First Aid/AED/CPR Certified Instructors 2 Staff
- IPRA Leadership Academy 2 Staff
- Professional Development School 1 Staff Graduate, 1 Currently Attending
- Director School 1 Staff
- Certified Playground Safety Inspector 1 Staff
- On-Site Notary 1 Staff
- Certified Personal Trainers 6 Staff
- Certification in Exercise Nutrition 3 Staff

VIII. Benefits and Services

The Park District serves the entire community from the youngest child to the oldest adult and all ages in between. It does so in a variety of ways.

1. Facilities

The Park District offered the following facilities to the community last year:

- The Recreation Center
- La Grange Fitness
- Gilbert Park & Activity Center
- Sedwick Park & Activity Center
- Stone Park
- Spring Park
- Elm Park
- Community Center Park & Facility
- Meadowbrook Manor Park
- Rotary Centennial Park
- Denning Park
- Waiola Park
- Gordon Park

2. Programs

The Park District offered the following programs last year.

3-on-3 Recreational Basketball
7th-8th Grade Basketball – Games Only
Adorable Christmas Puppies
Adult/Teen Jujitsu
Advanced Beginner Pickleball
Amazing race
American Girl Summertime Fun

American Girl Valentine's Day

Angry Birds

Animation Workshop

Artists Dream

Awesome Adventure Robotics

Back to School in Style

Ballet Fitness for All

Ballet/Hip Hop

Ballet/Tap Combo

Barre Sculpt & Core

Basketball Skills

Beach Volleyball Camp

Beach Volleyball League

Beginner Engineering

Beginner Guitar

Beginner Pickleball

Beginner Voice

Beginners Lacrosse Camp

Boys Beginner Gymnastics

Breakfast with the Easter Bunny

Brick Art & Design Camp

Bullseye Archery Camp

By-Gym-Mini

Camp Apollo

Camp Little Explorers

Camp Mighty Munchkins

Camp Quest

Castles, Kingdoms & Wizards Camp

Chair Yoga, Strength & Stretch

Challenger International Soccer Camp

Chess

Chess Camp

Chicago White Sox Baseball Camp

Chicago White Sox Baseball Camps

Combat Robots/Games

Commit Dance Fitness

Community Garden Plots

Core 360 Workout

Crazy Messy Art Camp

Creature Creations Robotics Camp

Cycle, Sculpt & Yoga

Dad & Me Fun w/ Football

Daddy and Me Sweets & Treats

Dance Parties

Dinosaur Dig

Discover Dance Kids

Discover Dance Tots

Discover Dance w/ Me

Dog Obedience – Beginner

Dog Obedience – Intermediate

Doggie Egg Hunt

Donuts with Santa

Double the Fun Drawing

Double the Fun Drawing Camp

Drop-In Class Pass

East Ave. Lacrosse Camp

Easter Egg Crawl

Easter Egg Hunt

Energy Medicine

Fall Fest Sweets & Treats

Family Archery

Family Bingo Night

Father & Kids 1st Flight

Fiesta Time- Make Your Own Pinata

Flag Football Skills

Floor Hockey

Flow Yoga

Fun w/ Stardust the Unicorn

Game Exploration Week

Gentle Yoga

Girls Beginner Gymnastics

GNO Get Pampered Spa Divas

GNO Pajama Summer Spa Night

Golden Barre Above

Grandparent/Grandchild Bingo

Green Ball Tennis

Gymnastics 101

Gymnastics 102

Halloween Hunt

Harry Potter Science Camp

Hip/Hop Jazz Combo

Holiday Etiquette

Holiday Reindeer

Holiday Social

Holiday Time w/ your American Girl

Holiday Train

I Speak Spanish

Improv Comedy: Character Development

Improv Comedy: Scene Work

Jingle Bell Time w/ Tiny Toes Music

Jujitsu Juniors

Jujitsu Juniors Advanced

Jujitsu Mighty Mites

Junior Golf Camp

Junior Hoops

Junior Lacrosse

Junior Multi Sports

Junior Soccer

Junior T-Ball

Junior Tennis

Kid Rock

Kid Rock III

Kiddie Kollege

Kidnastics

Kids First Basketball

Kids First Basketball Camp

Kids First Flag Football

Kids First Flag Football 7-on-7 Camp

Kids First Flag Football Camp

Kids First Multi Sports

Kids First Multi-Sports Camp

Kids First Soccer

Kids First Soccer Camp

Kids First Track & Field

Kids First Track & Field Camp

Kids Karate Club

La Grange Endless Summerfest

La Grange Lions Basketball Camp

La Grange Lions Travel Basketball

Lego Engineering

Lego Engineering Camp

Lego Masters: Extreme Sports

Lego Masters: Structures & Creative

Challenges Let's Code It

Lions Jrs. Skills Camp

Lions Jrs./1st Alliance Volleyball

Little Actors Club

LOL Improv

Magic Class

Mahjong

Manners Matter-Boot Camp

Masquerade Glam Night

Mega Machines Robotics Camp

Minecraft Camp

Model Ship Building

Move, Tone & Stretch

Movie in the Park

Music Together w/ Tiny Toes Music

Nerf Wars

Orange Ball Tennis

Parent & Child Dance

Parent & Child Golf

Parent & Tot Gymnastics

Parent & Tot Olympics

Parent & Tot Pumpkin Carving

Parent & Tot Sports

Parent/Child Dance

Parent/Child Holiday Gift Boutique

Parent/Child Karate

Pee Wee Tennis

Pickleball for Kids

Pilates, Strength & Stretch

Pinochle Tuesdays

Pokemania Camp

Pre-Karate

Preschool Sports

Racquet Sports Camps

Real World Robotics

Restorative Gentle Jujitsu

Restorative Yoga Workshop

Santa Paws

Santa's Little Helper

Scratch Coding: Art

Scratch Coding: Storytelling

Senior Hawaiian Social

Skyhawks Baseball Camp

Skyhawks Beg. Golf Camp

Skyhawks Cheerleading Camp

Skyhawks Flag Football Camp

Skyhawks Mini-Hawk Camp

Skyhawks Multi-Sport Camp

Slime Time

Smart Start Art

Smart Start Art

Smart Start Art Camp

Smart Start Golf

Soccer Made in America Camp

Sound Journey & Gong Wash Meditation

St. Patrick's Day Social

STEP Aerobics for All

Summer Dance Combo A, B, I

Super Slime & Gooey Chemistry Camp

Superheroes Camp

Tae Kwon Do

Tie Dye Art Camp

Tiny Tot Tennis

Tiny Tot Triathlon

Toddler Playtime

Tot Rock

Tot Track, Field & Fitness

Touch a Truck

Trunk or Treat

Tumbling for Beginners

Tumbling for Cheerleading

Tumbling On

Tween Flashlight Egg Hunt

Unplug Illinois Day

Up, Up, & Away – Building Flying Models

Vamonos Youth Spanish

Vet Science Camp

Virtual Class Pass

Voice

Volleykidz Outdoors

Volleykidz USA

Wonder Robotics: Create & Code

Writers Workshop

Yoga

Yoga Fundamentals

Yoga Nidra

Young Actors Club

Youth Archery

Youth Developmental Basketball League

Youth Pickleball

Youth Tennis

Youth/Adult Karate

Zombie Candy Hunt

Zumba Gold

Zumba Toning & Abs

Other Benefits

While the Park District is a special purpose entity, its impact to the community is multi-faceted and far reaching. For example, the Park District's parks, recreational programming, and other opportunities improve the community's overall physical and mental health and wellness, thereby reducing health care costs. Before and after school and summer programs offer safe, convenient, and affordable childcare options for working families during critical times when school is not in session. These opportunities also help reduce juvenile crime. The Park District's open space and trees help improve air and water quality and mitigate flooding. Additional benefits are listed below.

- Recreation and Fitness: We offer fitness programs, sports leagues, and recreational activities that promote physical health and well-being.
- Community Events: The Park District often hosts community events and gatherings that bring residents together and foster a sense of community.
- Environmental Conservation: Parks and facilities can contribute to the conservation of green spaces and natural habitats, benefiting the environment.
- Cultural and Educational Programs: Cultural and educational programs are offered, such as art classes, workshops, and nature programs, enriching residents' lives.
- Social Interaction: Parks and facilities create opportunities for social interaction and networking among community members.
- Mental Health and Stress Relief: Green spaces and recreational activities can improve mental health and offer stress relief for individuals.
- Economic Benefits: Well-maintained parks and facilities can enhance property values and stimulate local businesses.

•	 Quality of Life: Overall, the park district enhances the quality of life for La Grange residents by providing recreational, social, and environmental benefits. 						

IX. Recommendations for Increased Accountability and Efficiency

1. Intergovernmental Fees and Charges

One opportunity for efficiency would be the elimination of fees and charges assessed by other units of government. By way of example, below are amounts that other units of local government charge the Park District even though the Park District's taxpayers are also taxpayers of these other units of local government. Such fees and charges, and the bureaucracy that accompanies them, inhibit the Park District's ability to deliver programs, facilities, and services at the least possible cost.

- Village of La Grange, Permits & Third Party Fees
- Village of La Grange ESF Police/Fire
- ISP Background Checks
- Splashpad Permits
- Annual Liquor License

Other units of local government should recognize that intergovernmental fees often lead to inefficiency in the expenditure of taxpayer dollars through extra bureaucracy and administrative costs. In many cases, the unit of government assessing the fee ultimately benefits from the project or event, meaning it can recoup its costs through the extra sales tax or other revenue that will be generated. Where such fees are absolutely necessary, general purpose units of government should offset the fee by crediting the Park District for all benefits they will receive from a project, event, or property. For example, open space that is protected and maintained by the Park District helps mitigate stormwater management costs, so assessing stormwater management fees on the Park District not only leads to inefficiency, but it is also shortsighted.

Governmental units should be discouraged or prohibited from charging more than their out-of-pocket costs associated with the activities covered by a fee that is assessed to another unit of local government with the same taxpayers. In other words, one unit of local government should not profit by taxing another. Eliminating local permit fees is a way to reduce administrative costs without impacting overall public revenue. Local government best serves the people when it cooperates and works together. Some communities recognize this and do not charge fees to other units. All communities should be encouraged to follow that model to receive the best results for local taxpayers and to promote governmental efficiency.

2. Inefficiency of Other Governments

The Park District is also negatively impacted by the inefficiency of the state and other units of local government.

- Cook County has delayed the second installment property tax payments due to transitioning to a new finance software. This puts pressure on the District to utilize fund balances to cover missing revenue until it is received.
- La Grange Fitness PARC Grant was delayed.

3. Unfunded Mandates

Unfunded state mandates are another cost driver. While the Park District recognizes that there are benefits to some of these mandates, modifications could help alleviate some of the burden to the Park District.

a) Non-resident FOIA Requests. Last year, the park district spent \$407.25 in staff time and legal fees to fulfill FOIA requests. Often the individuals/businesses submitting the FOIA requests are from outside of the Park District boundaries, and they appear to be serving a specific agenda, rather than assuring better local government.

Under current law, resident taxpayers end up footing the bill for these non-resident or commercial requests. In order to help alleviate the burden for these non-resident requests the law could be amended to: (1) add a requirement that non-residents identify/explain the purpose of the request for information; (2) add a time limit on how far back a non-resident can request information; (3) staff time and costs could be included in the amount that is reimbursable for non-resident and commercial requests; (4) move back the deadline for non-resident requests 10 business days so that the Park District does not have to delay services to its residents in order to comply with a non-resident request.

Sunshine laws are supposed to protect taxpayers by allowing them to shed light on any issue that is not exempt from FOIA. Since local residents ultimately bear the expense of complying with FOIA, treating resident and non-resident requests differently would be justified.

b) Criminal Background Checks. All park districts are statutorily required to conduct criminal background checks on all employees pursuant to Section 8-23 of the Park District Code. The background checks must be done through the Illinois State Police (ISP). Last year, the park district spent \$1,845 for criminal background checks. The Park District does not recommend eliminating this mandate because it is necessary to ensure the safety and well-being of children and other park district patrons. However, the State should explore ways in which it could improve the current system and make it less costly for park districts to comply with the law.

The Park District recommends studying whether there is a more efficient background check process implemented through the ISP to reduce the time and expense it takes for background checks. Another suggestion is for ISP to waive the fee for checks on minors or waive all fees for name checks. If there is a "hit"

from a name check, the fee could be charged for the more costly fingerprint check. Since it is a state mandate, the fee structure for park districts should also be reviewed to determine whether the fee being charged exceeds the actual cost of doing the check and, if so, the ISP could consider reducing its cost to local governments.

- c) Prevailing Wage. One way to reduce the burden on local government staff is to limit the prevailing wage requirement to larger capital contracts. This would free up tracking of the paperwork on small repairs and projects. One reason for creating a threshold requirement is the cost of the administrative burden relative to the cost of the actual project. For example, eliminating prevailing wage on smaller projects, e.g., those less than \$50,000, will result in more local bids and decrease the overall cost for these smaller public works projects.
- d) Newspaper Publication. The newspaper is no longer the most effective way to provide notice. Websites are cheaper and reach more people. Permitting the Park District to post the information on its website in lieu of newspaper publications would reduce costs.
- e) Paid Leave Act Ordinance Cook County. As of December 31, 2023, employees in Cook County can earn at least one (1) hour of paid leave for every forty (40) hours worked. This ordinance requires that all employers with employees in Cook County provide those employees with paid leave to be used for any reason.

There is currently an amendment that will be presented at the Cook County board meeting, February 29, 2024, to exempt park districts and school districts. If the amendment does not pass, this could cost the District approximately \$20,000 the first year, with increased costs ongoing.

- f) Prevailing Wages. The Prevailing Wage Act governs the wages that a contractor or subcontractor is required to pay to all laborers, workers and mechanics who perform work on public works projects. The Act also sets forth the record keeping requirements for a contractor or subcontractor and sets forth the obligations of municipalities and other public bodies to establish the prevailing wage as well as, to notify in writing all contractors and subcontractors regarding the Prevailing Wage Act when bidding and awarding contracts, as well as on work orders.
- g) Minimum Wage. The minimum Wage Law guarantees a minimum wage of \$14.00 per hour for workers 18 years and older by January 1, 2024, and \$15.00 per hour by January 1, 2025. Youth (under 18, working less than 650 hours per calendar year) are guaranteed a minimum wage of \$12 per hour by January 1, 2024 and \$13 per hour by January 1, 2025.
- h) Competitive Bidding. Illinois Park District Code requires competitive bidding for contracts for supplies, materials, or work at \$30,000 or more. This process can add costs to have the bids prepared, delay projects, and limit flexibility.

- i) Annual Audit and Annual Financial Report. An annual audit and report must be complied with by an independent certified public accounting firm. The cost for our upcoming audit is \$14,300 and increases approximately \$500 annually. In addition to the cost of the audit, there is a cost for time spent by staff preparing the documents for the audit.
- j) Local Records Act. This act requires the District to maintain records in accordance with the Act. It requires staff time to maintain records, as well as an annual charge to hire a company to come in and shred the large number of documents once a certificate of destruction is obtained.

4. Opportunities for Increased Transparency

As illustrated above, the Park District is very transparent in its operations. The following are opportunities for increased transparency:

• Explore our website for opportunities

5. Opportunities for Other Intergovernmental Agreements

School District D105

Chair Signature: BRIAN OPYD BOKED PRESIDENT