Isaiah

Intro: Historical Context

1. The Geography and Terms

- a. Israel's kings: Saul, David, Solomon... then the split 1 Kings 11:11
- b. North = Israel, 10 tribes, Samaria, Ephraim. South = Judah, 2 tribes, Jerusalem.
- c. Assyria/Damascus to the north. Babylon/Media/Persia to the east. Egypt to the south.
- d. Israel's exile scattered through Assyria Judah's exile to Babylon.

2. History of Kings

- a. Isaiah lived in the center of certain histories: 240yrs since the split, 700 yrs til Christ.
- b. Isa 1:1 "in the days of Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz, Hezekiah", kings of Judah
- c. Uzziah ruled over 50 yrs of peace. In the next 50 Israel would be gone, in 75 Judah
- d. Israel's kings: Jeroboam II, Zechariah, Shallum, Menahem, Pekah, Hoshea.
- e. Gentile rulers (enemies/neighbors): Assyrian, Damascus, Egypt, Babylon, Persia.

3. Dispensational Context

- a. The glory of the Lord had left Israel and Judah (i.e Ichabod)
- b. The fifth curse of punishment: God walking in fury against them Lev 26:27-40
- c. The written prophets are taking record of these most severe punishments.
- d. He lives during the fall of kings and nations but writes about a future glory.
- e. Israel's captivity –1st 2 Ki 15:14-20, 16:5-9, 2nd 2 Ki 17:5-6, 18:9-11, 1Chr 5:26
- f. Judah's captivity 2 Chron 36:4-7, 17-20... ends with hope 2Chr 36:21-23

4. Prophecies and History

- a. A big part of the study of prophecy is understanding the time, history, context.
- b. Prophecy is not merely prediction, guess, history, it is speaking for God.
- c. Moses (Pentateuch), Isaiah, Daniel attacked greatly because of their clear prophecies.
- d. He foretold the Messiah in detail: Isa 7:14, 9:6-7, 53
- e. Major prophecies also include:
 - i. Fall of nations Samaria, Judah, Damscus, Tyre, Assyria, Babylon
 - ii. Rise of nations Assyria, Babylon, Persia, Israel
 - iii. Names of kings Immanuel, Cyrus (45:1-4) (cf 1Ki 13:1, Acts 9)
 - iv. Return of Israel and their future til Jesus and beyond.
- f. Prophecy causes problems for people who do not accept divine inspiration.

5. Authorship Doubts

- a. Denial due to the history so well recorded, and the prophecies so well detailed
- b. They say, "at least 2 authors" because of writing style and the author's perspective
- c. Isaiah is the sole author for many reasons, but most important
 - i. Common themes throughout: Holy One 12x/14x, highway/remnant, and more
 - ii. NT: John 12:28-41 (Isa 53:1, 6:9); Lk 4:17, Isa 61:1-2; Rom 10:20, Isa 65:1,2
 - iii. If he is not, then the Bible is untrue and God a liar Isa 1:1, Rom 3:4

Isaiah's Timeline

Isaiah	Judah's Kings	Israel's Kings	Gentile Kings	Event	Dates?
	Amaziah	Jeroboam II			
Born	Uzziah*	Zechariah Shallum			~765 BC
Ministry begins		Menahem Pekahiah	Pul (Assyria)		740 BC
	Jotham*	Pekah	Tiglath Pileser (Assyria) Rezin (Syria)	1st captives Gilead, Galilee, Kadesh	734 BC
	Ahaz	Hoshea			
	Hezekiah*	Israel in exile	Shalmaneser Sennacherib	Samaria falls	722 BC 686 BC
Died	Manasseh*			•	~680 BC
	Amon Josiah Jehoahaz		Necho (Egypt)		
	Jehoiakim		Nebuchadnezzar (Babylon)	1st captives, Daniel	608 BC
	Jehoiachin Zedekiah			Jerusalem falls	587 BC
	Judah in exile		Belshazzar (Babylon)	Jerusalem Tans	307 50
	Remnant returns		Cyrus (Persia)	Cyrus decree	538 BC

The dates column is given to reference span of time between events. The dates themselves are the mainstream dates for these events in part from non-Biblical sources. The true dates may be different.

517 BC

Map of Palestine in the Time of Isaiah

