# Responsible Relationships

### 1. Ephesians 6:1-3 – Children

- a. Ch. 5-6 is an application of what we learn about the mystery of Christ & the church
- b. Being reconciled becomes our responsibility 2 Cor 5:17-21, Col 1:21-22, Eph 2:16
- c. The relationships described are instructive for those in the Lord Eph 5:21
- d. Modern culture presents marriage as a bad choice, but children as a death sentence.
- e. In the Bible, children are a heritage, light, blessing, reward, sign, wonder, fruit, life
- f. "Children" Paul is not addressing parents here. This means children...
  - i. 1-can be saved; 2- can understand; 3- have responsibility; 4- obliged to obey
  - ii. How? "in the Lord" You obey, love, please the Lord Eph 5:1, Col 3:20
  - iii. Why? "for this is right" not "I said so", "I'm bigger", "b/c this is my house"
  - iv. The problem: no fear, no will Rom 3:18; Lev 19:3; Eph 5:21
- g. "Honour thy father and mother" esteem, dignity, reverence, privilege.
  - i. How to do it wrong: use God as an excuse not to Matt 15:4-6; 1 Tim 5:3-4
- h. "first commandment" Exo 20:12 The law is good but we are not under it
  - i. The promise was not made with us but Gal 6:7 is still true.
  - ii. Paul quotes prophecy and law many times you must know its place.

#### 2. Ephesians 6:4 – Fathers Raising Children

- a. "Fathers" where are the mothers? In submission to their husbands.
- b. "provoke not your children to wrath" discourage, contempt, abhor, anger Col 3:21
- c. Hypocritical, favorites, inconsistent, intemperate, unjust, neglect, abuse, no love, care.
- d. "bring them up" The goal is to make full grown adults not prolong childhood.
- e. "nurture and admonition" The purpose of the family unit.
  - i. Nurture is the expression of love in provision feed, nourish, educate, bring up.
  - ii. Admonition is the education of discipline, reproof, counsel, and instruction
- f. Qualifications of a good parent are simple 1Co 4:15; 2Co 1:12, 4:2; Ti 2:7; Gal 4:16-19
- g. A father's job looks a lot like a bishop's 1 Thess 2:11; 1 Tim 3:5; 2 Tim 4:2; 2 Tim 3:16
- h. "of the Lord" Once again our understanding of the mystery of Christ helps here.
- i. Father's exhort to do right not wrong, comfort with courage, charge with responsibility

#### 3. Ephesians 6:5-9 – Servants and Masters

- a. The opposite of service is to taking service and selfish are antonyms.
- b. "servants" the right word rather than the narrow modern definition of "slave"
- c. These instructions are for people in the Lord who find themselves ... 1 Cor 7:21-22
- d. "according to the flesh" masters in the flesh, are not masters of your soul
- e. "singleness of your heart" not duplicitous, nor murmuring Phil 2:12-14
- f. The purpose = to adorn the doctrine of God 1 Tim 6:1-2, Titus 2:9-10
- g. 6:7-8 "with good will doing service" remember 1 Cor 9:16-17, he receives a reward.
- h. 6:9 God is not a respecter of persons would you have God threaten you?

## 17 Things We Learn About Christ and the Church from Ephesians 5:22-33

Though Paul is addressing wives and husbands their relationship, he speaks concerning the great mystery of Christ and the church in Ephesians 5:22-32.

- 1. The church ought to submit itself to the Lord Jesus Christ.
- 2. Christ is the head of the church.
- 3. Christ is the Saviour of the body.
- 4. The church is subject to Christ in every thing.
- 5. Christ loved the church.
- 6. Christ gave himself for the church.
- 7. Christ sanctifies the church.
- 8. Christ cleanses the church with the washing of water by the word.
- 9. Christ presents the church glorious to himself.
- 10. Christ makes the church without spot.
- 11. Christ makes the church without blemish.
- 12. Christ makes us holy.
- 13. Christ nourishes the church.
- 14. Christ cherishes the church.
- 15. The church consists of members of Christ's body.
- 16. Christ and the church are one.
- 17. This relationship between Christ and the church is a great mystery.