Romans 5:12-14

Adam's Sin

1. 5:12 - Wherefore...

- a. Why did a man (Jesus Christ) bring righteousness, atonement, life without the law?
- b. Our problem bigger than breaking law, blessing Israel, obeying commands 2Tim 1:9-10
- c. Christ solves not only Israel's covenant woes, but the problem of all going back to Adam
- d. Paul explains Adam Outside Gen 2-5, 'Adam' only mentioned 3x OT, 9x NT, 7x by Paul.

2. By One Man's Sin

- a. "by one man" Man is unlike the angels created all at once, we are genealogical.
 - i. Speaks to creation, In the beginning, male and female Matt 19:4, Mk 10:6
 - ii. Paul speaks more of Adam/creation than others Rom 5:12, Col 1:16, Eph 3:9
 - iii. It was Adam's sin (not Eve's) 1 Tim 2:13-14, why?
 - 1. He was given the command and he hid it Job 31:33
 - iv. All humanity is from the same man, there is no Jew/Gentile in Adam.
- b. "sin entered" from Adam, not pre-Adam race, evolution & gap theory fails the gaps.
 - i. Sin affects all of us: mind, body, heart, thoughts, philosophy, etc.
 - ii. Sin is the reason for death, pain, suffering, judgment, injustice, poverty, etc.
- c. "and death by sin" Death is universal, the cause/solution is beyond law/Israel.

3. Death Passed Upon All Men

- a. "death passed upon all" All born in Adam's image die because of sin (corrupted life)
- b. How did Adam die? Gen 2:17, 3:3-4, Eze 18:4 His death not just physical, but spiritual.
 - i. Adam had communion with God, then sin entered, death = no access to life.
 - ii. (In Christ, we have now the atonement, we are reconciled Rom 5:9-11)
- c. "for that all have sinned" Death because we sin? No. We sinned with Adam? No.
 - i. We are not sinners only because of we sin (sin making people sinners)
 - ii. We are not sinners, because we are guilty of sinning in Adam. (His sin is ours.)
 - iii. True \rightarrow We sin because we are sinners. For us, spiritual death results in sin.
- d. Original sin what is it? Adam made sinners due to his sin (not ours), now sinners sin.
 - i. We inherit Adam's depraved, moral, corrupt, broken, cursed, nature of sin.
 - ii. Consequences and effects of Adam's sin are passed on. (ex. child w/bad father)
 - iii. We are under a curse of Adam's sin, because his sin brought death to us.
 - iv. Our (spiritual) death brings sin, due to our being corrupted, flawed, broken.
 - 1. Ps 14:1-3, 39:5, Jer 17:9, 1 Cor 2:14, Rom 3:10, Rom 7:24. v. God does not hold us responsible for Adam's sin or accountable to law.

4. 5:13-14 - From Adam to Moses

- a. "until the law" Adam to Moses, this period is distinct for being without the law
- b. "sin was in the world" evidenced by the accounts of sin in Genesis
- c. "sin is not imputed" Not that God is blind, but that man was to sin Rom 3:20
 - i. Not that all forgiven, but there is no judgment for law transgression 2:12-15

- d. "nevertheless death reigned" All were dead (2 Cor 5:14), and all died.
 - i. Death was not due to a lack of law obedience, but sin, lack of life (spirits dead)
 - ii. The wages of sin is death with or without the law.
- e. "similitude of Adam's" In that he was sinless, and was given a command
 - i. We did not break the law (Adam did), our spirit is broke (spiritually dead)
 - ii. Life (soul) from Adam leads to death, life from Christ is eternal 1Cor 15:45
 - iii. Our current clothing is lacking (dying), we look for better clothing -2 Cor 5:4
 - iv. Babies? Die due to inherited mortality. Not judged for sin not theirs.

5. 5:14 - The Figure of Jesus Christ

- a. "who is the figure" Biblical types are explicit Jer 18:6, Isa 5:7, Heb 9:24, 10:1
- b. The 'as-so' formula for types in the Bible Matt 12:40, Heb 11:19, Acts 7:51
- c. Adam's figure transcends any shadow within the law, meats, drinks, days Col 2:17
- d. Adam's sin brought death without our work, Christ's blood brings life without our work
- e. As all have sinned by one (Adam), so in one all shall live (Christ) 5:12 & 5:18
- f. "By one man" sin/death enters, and by one righteousness/ life 1 Cor 15:21-22, 44-47

Figure of Christ in Adam (Rom 5:14)

- 1. Both were men (though Christ was also God manifest in the flesh)
- 2. Both had God as their father
- 3. Both were made without sin
- 4. Both had bodies of flesh and blood
- 5. Both were named by God
- 6. Both bore God's image
- 7. Both could live forever
- 8. Both were offered dominion over the world
- 9. Both were given a choice of obedience
- 10. Both talked to God in a garden
- 11. Both were made under a law
- 12. Both chose death, to be made sin
- 13. Both performed one act for all humanity
- 14. Both were cursed
- 15. Both bore thorns
- 16. Both died because of sin
- 17. Both willingly died by a tree
- 18. Both brought imputation upon all
- 19. Both brought something to reign over the world
- 20. Both obtained something that others could not