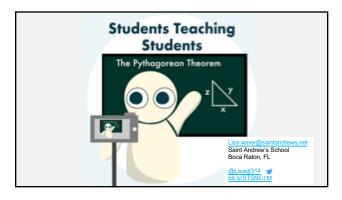
## Lisa Winer Saint Andrew's School lisa.winer@saintandrews.net #StudentsTeachingStudents bit.ly/STSNCTM

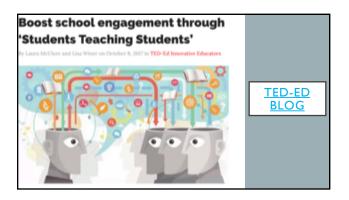




## TED-ED INNOVATIVE EDUCATOR (TIE) The TED-Ed innovative Educator program is a year-long professional development program that connects outstanding educators in K-12, university and non-traditional educational environments around the globe. During the year-long professional development program, TED-Ed Innovative Educators participate in two months of digital training in how to help people make the most of TED's free tools for teachers and students – including TED-Ed Animated Lessons, TED-Ed Clubs and the TED-Ed Platform – followed by 10 months of TED-Ed Innovation. Project coaching and support within a dynamic learning community. Are you an educator seeking an inspiring community of learners and innovators? Do you find creative ways to solve problems in your classroom, school or district? Are you passionate about sharing TED-Ed tools with your community of students and teachers? Then you might be one of the next TED-Ed Innovative Educators. Apply here.









Arithmetic Sequenc	Hist
Let's Begin  Here you are increased from to add the numbers 1 to 100 without heaving to go creaty adding up each number 1 in the case, you'll be no	
X=1+5+3+ 20.41/00	Watch
	Think
A STATE OF THE STA	Dig Deeper
5x=(01 + (01+101 x10)	Discuss
> 2x=10100 =	

#StudentsTeachingStudents Topics to select:
Completing the square (geometric interpretation as well as algebraic)
Solving radical equations (all types, including extraneous solutions)
· Graphing piecewise functions
Finding the domain and zeros of a function given its equation
Solving the max/min/zeros of a quadratic word problem
· Evaluating a difference quotient
Finding combinations of functions and their domains
<ul> <li>Finding intervals Increasing and decreasing, maximums, and minimums of a function</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Determining whether a function is even, odd, or neither given a graph or an equation and also symmetries</li> </ul>
Finding the inverse of a function algebraically and graphically
The horizontal line test and restricting inverses of functions that fail the HLT
Finding the vertex and x-intercepts of a parabola multiple ways
Long division of polynomials; remainder and factor theorems
Using the rational zero theorem to factor polynomials
Solving problems using inverse, direct, and joint variation
<ul> <li>Sketching rational functions by finding vertical &amp; horizontal asymptotes, zeros, and test points (part 1)</li> </ul>
Sketching rational functions by finding holes and slant asymptotes (part 2)
Finding the directrix, focus, and vertex of a parabola
Finding the equation of a parabola given certain features
Graphing an ellipse by completing the square and putting it in standard form
Finding the equation of an ellipse given certain features
Graphing a hyperbola by completing the square and putting it in standard form
Finding the equation of a hyperbola given certain features

## What makes a good student taught lesson??

## There are several things that make a good student-taught lesson:

- Dutline your lesson first. Think about the beginning (hook), middle (actual lesson), and end (necepandlor something humorous but pertinent) as well as the stretch problem at the end.
  - Start by stating the objective of the lesson. What are you planning to teach? This may be verbal
    but it should also be written out or animated.
  - Next, begin with a "hook" (something that frames the problem and gives it some background information that the viewer may already know or will make them want to care about it)
  - Do the problem on your own and check your answer. Do it until you feel comfortable enough
    explaining it. Can you solve the problem and check the answer in more than one way? The you
    feel comfortable explaining the process in more than one way? The of the tricklest parts of
    teaching is knowing how to adjust to your audience if they have a misconception.
  - BEFORE YOU MAKE YOUR VIDEO: Make sure there are no entural IT IS STRONGLY SUGGESTED THAT YOU GET YOUR WORK PEER REVIEWED OR REVIEWED IN THE MATH LAB TO ENSURE NO ERRORS. It is a REAL, PAIN to nedo a video after enturs are found...ask the class before you!

٠	<ul> <li>Be creative in your presentation. Just teaching the problem is not going to be int</li> </ul>	eresting for the
	viewer. What can you do to make your presentation stand out?	

- o Practice. Practice. Practice. Use the mirror or a peer or parent/guardian for practice.
- Decide what video creation tool you will be using and make sure you are proficient with it.
- Change the level of your voice. Keeping it monotone will not grab the viewer's attention
- Check the lighting if using iMovie and remove anything that could be distracting for the viewer.
   Before you film the ENTIRE video, check your lighting...it's helpful if you ask someone else to look, too, for an extra eye.
- Make transitions smooth with no lapses in between.
- Make sure that if you use markers, they are BRIGHT and full of ink.
- Make your visuals colorful. If using Explain Everything, decide what you want to be written on your slides before you begin. MAKE SURE YOUR WRITING IS <u>LARGE ENOUGH AND CLEAR</u>.
- Have some sort of an ending. Can you recap what you said? Add a funny anecdote?
- How is your pacing throughout? Are you going too fast? Too slow? Use the "Goldlocks Rule" and try to pace "just right." Do you think you are able to keep the viewer's attention throughout?

- Be sure to follow <u>copyright laws</u> and credit <u>allowable</u> media
  - For music use the YouTube sudo throny and for images search for those with creative commons license like <u>Operations</u>, <u>Wikimedia Commons</u>, <u>Plashau</u>, or <u>Flicin</u> (must say creative commons). Check <u>here</u> for a great resource from <u>your Next Vista con.</u>
- Time: Keep your lesson to under 9 minutes (credits may have an additional 20 seconds), (3-5 minutes is a good amount...you don't want to go to 9 unless you have to).
- Need examples? Click here for Bec Snider's lesson or here for Bisant's lesson or here for Alex Noblet's lesson or here for Daniels Dast's lesson or here for Hit's lesson; all of which make excellent use of Stop Motion and fining: Here is an excellent lesson by Daniels Garcia, which she made using English Everything, (Keep in mind that Daniels made this before the Thoot' and Treasy' was a requirement.) Also check out. Andreis, Coronatio, or Sudveyting for great ores that DONT involve Stop Motion, Look here for some video sets from Next/Valia, not necessarily mathematical, created by Reshino Hurley.
- If you are <u>castilly</u> into animation, check out this video (shortest film ever nominated for an Oscar) by PES: <u>Fresh Guacamois</u>, and you can Google a TON others. Here is a <u>Ted-Ed lessor on</u>, both animation basics and the art of <u>timing and spacing</u>. You can use clay, paper, and other objects from around the house.









Bahris for Creative Video #Students/TeachingStudents (based on http://www.nextvista.org/contests/flight17/scoring.phonil)	
Name Self-graded score:	
Lesson Basiff.  [7] Basics Did you have a unique idea that can hook your viewers?  [7] Basics Did you have a unique idea that can hook your viewers?  [7] Basics of the Explanation (middle): Concept to tought clearly and in such a way that students will be able to follow.  [4] Basic Did you have a unique way of recopping what you tought?	
Scher Associate  //16 Cwestwisty/MBHH-10 few find a never way to use digital video to help explain the consept? Does the rules appear rushed, set well edited or not well planned out? De does it seen published peptits. No sources with lighting, and hallowed victions, etc.  //2 Titles and Charleson. Did the video include the use of titles and citations properly and develop.	
Table Silesson. Click here for an exemple	
/1 This reflection form filled out and turned in on time.	
Deductions:  Time is ever 9 minutes (not including credits) (-Spoints)  10% off each day late, including days off	



