ORDINANCE NO. 04-72 AC CMS

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 1357 OF THE CODIFIED ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF OBERLIN RELATING TO SITE PLAN REVIEW PROCEDURES TO ADD SPECIFIC SITE PLAN AND DESIGN REVIEW STANDARDS FOR COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS OTHER THAN IN THE C-1/CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT

WHEREAS, the Oberlin Planning Commission has reviewed and considered the potential for commercial developmental impacts in the City of Oberlin and the need for enhanced design standards and guidelines relating thereto; and

WHEREAS, the Oberlin Planning Commission, upon due deliberation and review, has recommended that Oberlin City Council enact certain additional site plan and design review guidelines for commercially-zoned areas of the City other than in the C-1/Central Business District; and

WHEREAS, Oberlin City Council has received the report and recommendation of the Oberlin Planning Commission concerning the matter and held a public hearing thereon on October 18, 2004.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Council of the City of Oberlin, County of Lorain, State of Ohio, a majority of all members elected thereto concurring:

SECTION 1. That Chapter 1357 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Oberlin relating to Development Site Plan Review procedures is hereby amended to add enhanced Site Plan & Design Review standards for Commercial Districts other than in the C-1/Central Business District, a copy of said Site Plan and Design Standards being attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

SECTION 2. It is hereby found and determined that all formal actions of this Council concerning or relating to the adoption of this ordinance were adopted in an open meeting of this Council, and that all deliberations of this Council and of any of its committees that related in such formal action, were in meetings open to the public in compliance with all legal requirements, including Section 121.22 of the Ohio Revised Code.

SECTION 3. That this Ordinance shall take effect at the earliest date allowed by law.

PASSED:

1st Reading – October 18, 2004

2nd Reading – November 1, 2004

3rd Reading – November 15, 2004 (E)

ATTEST:

CLERK OF COUNCIL

CHAIR OF COUNCIL

POSTED: November 16, 2004

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 16, 2004

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SITE PLAN AND DESIGN STANDARDS FOR COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS LOCATED OUTSIDE THE C-1/CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT

DESIGN STANDARDS

The following design standards are applicable to development within any commercial zoning district other than in the "C-1"/Central Business District as defined in Section 1349.01(d) of the Code.

In all cases, proposed developments will be required to comply with the application and review requirements mandated for all developments in the City. The Planning Commission and the Design Review Subcommittee will utilize the current standards found in Chapter 1357 of the Zoning Code for site plan and design review in addition to the special design standards established herein. Where the term "approved" is used herein, it means as approved by the Planning Commission in site plan and design review.

EXCEPTIONS

The Planning Commission is authorized to grant exceptions to the design guidelines. Exceptions must be supported by findings of fact which demonstrate that the exception meets the purpose and intent of these guidelines.

DESIGN STANDARDS FOR COMMERCIAL AREAS

The following design standards will apply to all commercial developments other than in the "downtown business district" as defined above:

• Buildings and Outdoor Uses

Building Facades:

- <u>General Design</u>: All facades of a building shall be designed with consistent architectural treatment of style, detail, trim features, and roof treatments.
- <u>Materials</u>: Only high quality, durable building materials shall be used, including such materials as brick, wood, sandstone, other native stone, tinted/textured concrete masonry units. Smooth faced block, concrete panels, pre-fab metal panels are prohibited as predominant building materials.
- <u>Colors</u>: Façade colors shall be subtle, neutral or earth tone, and of low reflectance. Brighter colors may be used on building trim. High intensity colors, metallic colors, black, or fluorescent colors are prohibited on facades. Repeating patterns of color, texture, and materials should be encouraged.

• Windows:

- Facades facing lot lines collinear with public or private streets shall contain not less than 25% transparent glass windows.
- Required window areas shall not be obstructed by shelves or displays or otherwise covered over from the inside or outside, except by approved window treatments.
- The lowest part of windows shall be not more than 3 feet above grade.
- Facades greater than 100 feet in horizontal length shall incorporate wall plane projections or recesses having a depth equal to at least 3% of the length of the façade and extending at least 20% of the length of the façade. No part of a façade shall extend unbroken by such projection or recess for a distance of more than 100 feet.
- <u>Flat roofs</u> shall only be permitted for structures 2 stories or greater, except that a flat roof may be permitted on a structure containing 10,000 square feet or more on a single floor and if the roof is concealed by a parapet extending at least 3 but not more than 10 feet above the roof, capped with a three dimensional cornice treatment.
- Service docks and loading areas shall not be located on facades facing or otherwise visible from public roads, except where approved with screening using materials consistent with and integral to the architecture of the

building.

- Mechanical equipment shall be screened from view from the public streets. Any material used to screen equipment, whether roof-mounted or ground-mounted, shall be designed to be compatible with the design of the building.
- Outdoor display, sales, or storage, including waste storage, shall only be permitted in locations approved in the site plan. Such outdoor uses must be screened from view by a solid wall or fence which shall be a minimum five (5) feet in height and designed integral with the architecture and materials of the main

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Example of screened storage And loading areas

Public Street System

Where proposed public streets are indicated on any thoroughfare plan adopted by the Planning Commission, or any comprehensive or land use plan adopted by City Council, or otherwise indicated by the Planning Commission to be in the public interest for the purposes of creating a safe, complete and functional public street system, property owners shall be required to dedicate and develop public rights-of-way. The Planning Commission may approve alternative means for satisfying the public interest.

Parking and Access.

• Parking shall not exceed 5 spaces per 1000 square feet of net floor area. Joint use of parking lots shall be encouraged.

- In all areas, the Planning Commission should be authorized to permit the construction of less parking than required, provided that the applicant demonstrates that parking demand is less than required, that space is available and reserved on the site to permit construction of parking in compliance with the requirement, and that the applicant commits to constructing such parking when required by the Planning Commission. This authority would be exercised consistent with the provisions of Section 1349.01(e) of the Zoning Code.
- Requests by developer for construction of more parking than required would require an
 application to the Planning Commission with justification from the developer regarding
 past practices, industry standards and experience.
- Parking areas are encouraged to be designed in other than just a rectilinear manner.
- Fifty percent (50%) of all handicap accessible parking should be located so that users do not have to cross lanes of traffic on-site. The remaining fifty percent (50%) of handicap accessible parking should be located in close proximity to the entrance of the structure.

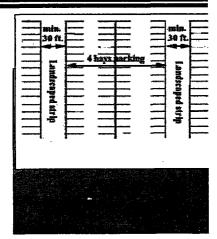
Parking Lot Access:

- Parking lots shall only be accessed from approved public or private streets.
- All parking lots shall be established with approved easements providing for cross traffic from abutting properties.
- Joint curb cuts shall be strongly encouraged to reduce points of traffic conflict on public and private streets. Alternatively a developer must demonstrate why they cannot do this.
- Where access to a major thoroughfare or high traffic street or roadway is the only
 feasible access at the time of construction, such access may be approved as temporary
 access provided that the parking and drives are designed for adaptation to a planned
 future street or common drive, and that the property is deed restricted (or guaranteed
 by bond) to require that the temporary access will be removed when the planned
 access becomes available.
- Access drives and service drives may be located in the front setbacks, provided they do not exceed 16 feet in width and are not closer than 20 feet to the right-of-way. Any access or service drive located in the front setback shall be screened with a continuous double hedge (shrubs arranged in triangular spacing) maintained at a height of 3-4 feet. Loading areas, storage areas, service windows, and similar facilities must be located on the side or rear of the building.
- All paved vehicular areas, including but not limited to access drives and parking areas, shall be edged with concrete curbs.

• Parking Lot Landscaping:

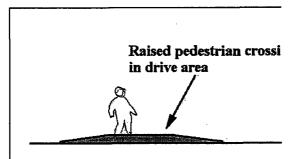
- Parking lot visible to the public street: 1 tree per 30 feet of exposed side; 1 evergreen shrub (minimum 3 feet in height at time of planting) per 3 feet of exposed side. The Planning Commission may approve an alternative perimeter landscape plan which incorporates a combination of trees, shrubs, earth mounds, fences, or walls.
- Interior parking lot landscaping shall be required as follows:
 - Minimum 1 tree per 10 parking space. (This does not include the trees required for the landscape strips below)

A landscaped strip not less than 30 feet in width (which may include required bike routes or sidewalks) shall separate each 4 bays (rows) of parking and drives. The landscape strip may include required pedestrian/bike facilities eight (8) feet wide if required by the Planning Commission and shall include a minimum of 1 shade tree per 1500 square feet.



Pedestrian Facilities.

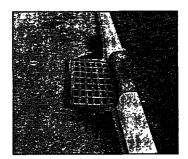
- On-site pedestrian facilities shall be provided as approved in the site plan, designed with the purpose of encouraging pedestrian access between the main use and the highways and between sites.
- Sidewalks shall be constructed along all public street frontages as required by City ordinance.
- On each lot, a sidewalk shall be constructed from every street frontage to the main entrance of the building.
 Where the street frontage of a lot exceeds 400 feet, one additional sidewalk shall be provided for each additional 200 feet of frontage or part thereof.
- There shall be a sidewalk along the full length of each façade at least eight (8) feet wide having a customer entrance or along which customers must walk to access the entrance from a parking area.
- A pedestrian walkway shall be provided from any area of parking located further than 200 feet from the main entry of the building it serves.
- A landscaped seating area shall be provided for each sidewalk (outside of the public right-of-way) having a length of 200 feet or more.
- As directed by the Planning Commission, where a
 pedestrian walkway crosses a main drive or private road,
 pedestrian crossing signs shall be installed and the walkway
 shall be raised and paved in a manner which clearly
 distinguishes the walkway from the vehicle way.
- All sidewalks shall be a minimum 5 feet in width.





Bicycle Facilities.

- Sites shall be designed to encourage bicycle access and connection to nearby bicycle facilities.
- At least 1 bicycle storage rack shall be installed for each business exceeding 50,000 square feet of floor area. Businesses shall install at least 1 bicycle rack for each 30,000 square feet of floor area. Each bicycle storage rack shall have spaces for at least 5 bicycles. When more than one business on the same parcel exceeds a combined floor area of 50,000 square feet, these standards shall apply.



- Bike route signs shall be installed as directed by the Planning Commission.
- All storm water inlet grates shall be of approved bike-safe design (example at right).

Special Requirements for Large Buildings.

Structures exceeding 100,000 square feet in floor area shall provide the following:

- <u>Bicycle Access</u>: A bikeway or bike lanes must be installed connecting the main entrance of the building to the public street frontage(s) of the lot.
- <u>Public Transit</u>: A public transit access route and transit shelter shall be provided near the main entrance when required by Lorain County Transit System.

Storm Water Management.

- Each development shall provide on-site or off-site storm water management facilities as required by City ordinance.
- Underground storage, and the use of "best management practices" such as rain gardens, infiltration trenches, and similar methods are preferred.
- Dry basins are prohibited. Wet basins shall be professionally designed and landscaped to provide an attractive appearance and shall be aerated as necessary to prevent stagnation.

Utilities.

All utilities shall be installed below ground.

Lighting.

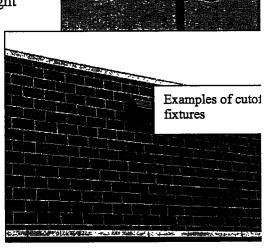
- Lighting shall be limited to the amount necessary to support the uses on the site and to promote safety and security.
- Only approved down lights and cutoff fixtures shall be permitted.
- All lighting under canopies shall be designed as full cut off or down lights designed to light the canopy area only and to prevent external glare.

No light fixture shall be installed at a height exceeding 16 feet if located nearer than 200 feet to a state highway. In other areas, light fixtures shall not exceed a height of 25 feet.

- All exterior lighting shall be indicated on a site lighting plan submitted for approval. The site lighting plan shall indicate the location of each fixture, the fixture type, the height of the fixture, and a numeric grid of lighting levels, in footcandles, that the fixtures will produce on the ground (photometric report). The lighting plan shall indicate those fixtures which will be operated for security purposes during non-business hours and shall indicate the non-business hours.
- Exterior lighting (except public street lighting) shall comply with the following standards:

• Parking areas: max. 2.0 footcandles

• All other areas: max 1.0 footcandles



Landscaping.

- Landscape trees shall only be those listed on the City of Oberlin street tree list or approved alternatives. Trees shall be minimum 2" caliper and 8 feet in height at time of planting.
- Evergreen shrubs shall be minimum 24" in height at time of planting.
- Earth berms shall be varied in setback, height, width, and depth. Unless supported by a wall, rocks, or other approved support, slopes shall not exceed 3:1
- Landscaped areas wider than 10 feet shall be cut or filled to provide variations in topography.
- Foundation landscaping shall be required for at least fifty percent (50%) of the façade length having customer entry and 30% of all other facades.
- Foundation landscaping shall be installed in planter beds extending a minimum of six (6) feet from the wall.
- Screened equipment and storage areas shall be landscaped as approved by the Planning Commission.

Buffers for Abutting Residential Areas

- Buffers shall be provided to mitigate the impacts of non-residential districts upon abutting residential districts.
- No building, parking, or other outdoor use shall be permitted in the buffer yard. A minimum
 of 1 tree shall be planted for every 50 feet of the side or rear yard line abutting the residential
 district.

- A buffer shall be one of the following yards arranged and landscaped as approved by the Planning Commission. Buffer #1, #2, or #3 shall be provided on commercial properties.
 - Buffer #1: A yard, at least 100 feet in width to include approved landscape materials.
 - Buffer #2: A yard, at least 50 feet in width, with a solid fence, 6 feet in height, installed abutting the property line or within the yard, and including approved landscape materials.
 - Buffer #3: A yard, at least 25 feet in width, with a solid masonry wall, 6 feet in height, installed abutting the property line or within the yard, and including approved landscape materials.

Signs.

- Wall signs shall be permitted on each building façade which faces and is parallel to a lot line (on which the building is located) collinear with a public right of way.
- For each applicable façade of a building containing 15,000 square feet of gross floor area or less, wall signs mounted thereon shall not exceed 2 square feet per linear foot of facade or a total of 50 square feet, whichever is smaller. Wall signs shall not be mounted at a height greater than 12 feet.
- For each applicable façade of a building containing more than 15,000 square feet of gross floor area, wall signs shall not exceed a total calculated as either 1 square foot per linear foot of façade length or 5% of the area of the wall, whichever is smaller. The highest point of a wall sign shall not be greater than 20 feet above grade.
- Signs shall not be internally lighted.

Special Standards for Filling Stations, Canopies

- Gas stations shall only be approved subject to a conditional use permit.
- A canopy shall comply with the following standards:
 - Must have a pitched roof compatible in design with the roof of the building to which it is accessory.
 - Shall not exceed 25 feet in height.
 - Must be set back at least 60 feet from the right-of-way
 - Signs shall only be mounted on a canopy in compliance with the requirements of these standards.
 - Canopy lighting shall be designed and installed in a manner which provides illumination for the area under the canopy and which prevents glare outside of the canopy.
 - Fuel pumps and the fueling area shall be screened from view of the public right-of-way by construction of brick or stone walls not less than 5 feet in height and landscape material is to be installed to soften the appearance of the wall.