Chrysler Historical Timeline

- **1875** Walter P. Chrysler is born in Wamego, Kansas, on April 2, 1875.
- 1892 Starts work as an 'oil wiper' at the Union Pacific Railroad Shops in Ellis, Kansas.
- Marries Della V. Forker and over the years has four children, Thelma, Bernice, Walter Jr. and Jack.
- 1908 Walter Chrysler, while working for the Chicago and Great Western Railroad, buys his first car, the Locomobile Phaeton. He does not know how to drive and disassembles and reassembles the car several times to learn how it functions.
- 1911 A varied railroad career reaches a peak as Walter Chrysler is made works manager of the American Locomotive Company in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
- 1912 Walter Chrysler becomes works manager for Buick Motor Company in Flint, Michigan. He takes a pay cut to be part of what he believes will be a growth industry for him. He works for Charles Nash, who later leaves GM to form his own car company.
- **1917** Buick names Walter Chrysler president and general manager.
- 1919 Walter Chrysler becomes first vice president of General Motors Corporation in charge of all manufacturing, in addition to his responsibilities with Buick.
- **1919** In December, Walter Chrysler retires from General Motors at age 45.
- In February, Willys-Overland Company woos Chrysler out of retirement to become executive vice president of the company and he saves it from bankruptcy.
- 1921 Walter Chrysler also assumes control over Maxwell Motors to save it from bankruptcy.
- 1924 Walter Chrysler introduces his new car, the Chrysler Six, at the New York Auto Show.
- **1925** Maxwell Motors becomes Chrysler Corporation with Walter Chrysler as president on June 6, 1925.

On June 6, the Maxwell Motor Company, whose shares are now worth \$400 million, is transferred with all rights and obligations to the new Chrysler Corporation, which at the end of the year can already post a net profit of more than \$4 million. Later that month, Chrysler Canada is established.

K.T. Keller, who worked with Walter P. Chrysler at Buick as head of manufacturing, joins Walter Chrysler at the new Chrysler Corporation.

Chrysler presents the new 1926 Model Four, Series 58, one of the first automobiles to use rubber mounts as part of a system to dampen engine vibrations.

A Chrysler Six enters the Le Mans 24 Hours and reaches the finish, although it does not place.

At the end of the year, there are 3,800 Chrysler dealers in America. Chrysler is the first U.S. automaker to introduce crankshaft vibration dampers.

- 1928 Walter Chrysler negotiates the purchase of Dodge Brothers Inc. and begins production of the DeSoto and Plymouth cars. The purchase of Dodge effectively triples the size of Chrysler Corporation.
- 1929 Chrysler is the first American car manufacturer to use a downdraft carburetor in a production vehicle.
- 1930 Walter Chrysler builds the 77-story Chrysler building in New York City. The Chrysler building and Chrysler Corporation are separate ventures of Walter Chrysler.
 - All Chrysler models get steel bodies and fuel pumps (replacing gravity-feed gasoline tanks).
- 1931 The first Chrysler eight-cylinder premiers in the Chrysler Eight and Imperial.
 - An eight-cylinder Chrysler wins the over-three-liter category at the 24-hour SPA race in Belgium.
- 1932 Chrysler engineers develop "Oilite," a revolutionary new kind of large-pore metal material for leaf springs and joints. Oilite is able to absorb 30% of its own weight in oil in its pores, release additional greasing volume under pressure and reabsorb it when the pressure declines again.
- 1933 Chrysler Corporation grows to become second of the Big Three automotive companies and remains in second place from 1936 to 1949.
 - Chrysler introduces safety glass that crumbles instead of splinters.

- 1934 Chrysler launches the revolutionary streamlined automobiles, Chrysler Airflow and DeSoto Airflow. The Airflow Imperial is the first American car with a curved, single-part windshield. Airflow models are also offered for the first time with the optional Chrysler automatic overdrive transmission.
- 1935 On June 22, 1935, Walter Chrysler resigns from the Chrysler Corporation presidency, but remains chairman of the board.

The Airstream is introduced. This vehicle is more conventionally styled than the Airflow.

- **1936** A new automatic overdrive is available as an option.
- 1937 All Chrysler models are restyled with a rounded theme, sporting barrel-shaped grilles.
- The New Yorker Special is introduced. The name New Yorker will be used on all top-of-the-line Chrysler models until 1996.
- 1939 Chrysler presents the first semi-automatic transmissions with fluid coupling (Fluid Drive).

The Chrysler line is now comprised of the New Yorker, Windsor and Saratoga series.

1940 Walter Chrysler dies on August 18, 1940.

Chrysler builds its first two "idea cars." These vehicles were built for both show and experimental use. The Chrysler Thunderbolt and the Chrysler Newport dual cowl phaeton. Six Thunderbolts and six Newports were constructed.

1941 Chrysler launches the Town & Country, the company's first highly styled station wagon, with a wood and steel body and visible wood ribbing.

Chrysler combines its fluid coupling transmission (Fluid Drive) with the semi-automatic "Vacamatic." Vacamatic is a four-speed transmission that automatically shifts itself between the two lower gears or between the two higher gears when the driver lifts off the accelerator pedal. The transmission would have to be shifted with a clutch when moving between the low and high gears, however.

A Chrysler Newport idea car paces the Indianapolis 500.

1942 Chrysler stops civilian vehicle production in favor of war production in late February.

- **1942-45** At Chrysler's Jefferson Avenue Plant in Detroit, Chrysler builds ten different defense related products using its six cylinder passenger car engine. These items included marine engines, air raid sirens, fire fighting equipment and smoke screen apparatus.
 - The Highland Park Plant would produce almost 330,000 rockets for the military.
- 1946 Chrysler resumes vehicle production, producing slightly modified prewar models. There are new sedan, coupe and convertible versions of the Chrysler Town & Country.
- The new Travel long-wheelbase sedan makes its debut. This stylish model sported a factory roof rack and was favored by the travel industry.
- 1948 Town & Country models now wear Di-Noc decals rather than genuine mahogany veneer.
- The first all-new Chrysler models since the war are presented. Chrysler invests \$90 million in new tools and equipment.
 - Chrysler introduces padded dashboards for safety reasons.
 - Chrysler is the first American automaker to use combined ignition-starter locks.
 - Famed car designer Virgil Exner departs Studebaker and joins Chrysler.
- 1950 Chrysler introduces four-wheel self-energizing hydraulic disc brakes and becomes the first American manufacturer to offer electric windows.
- 1951 Chrysler engineers design the famous HEMI® V-8 engine with hemispherical combustion chambers, which established American high-performance standards in the '50s and '60s. The HEMI, which took six years to develop, is Chrysler's first V-8 engine. With its 180 horsepower, it is immediately recognized as the peak of American automotive achievement.
 - Chrysler offers "Hydraglide" full-time power steering.
 - Briggs Cunningham purchases Chrysler HEMI engines for use in his C-2 race cars, designed to race at LeMans. One of three cars finishes in 18th place.
 - The Town & Country once again becomes a wagon, minus the wood sides.
 - The Chrysler New Yorker paces the Indianapolis 500 race.
- **1952** The Chrysler C-200 concept car is unveiled.

1953 The innovative PowerFlite two-gear automatic transmission premieres at Chrysler.

First widely available automotive air conditioner offered in 1953 Chrysler New Yorker.

1954 Chrysler opens its test track in Chelsea, Michigan, near Ann Arbor. To honor the new proving grounds, Chrysler test drivers set a new American 24-hour speed record of an average of 118.18 mph (just under 190 km/h) for 2,836 miles.

Chrysler begins testing a revolutionary gas turbine engine.

Lee Petty drives a HEMI-powered Chrysler to seven wins and an additional 17 top-five finishes in NASCAR racing.

1955 Chrysler debuts the "forward look" styling of Virgil Exner.

Chrysler ushers in the performance car era with the introduction of the C-300, the first in a long line of Chrysler "letter series" cars.

A Chrysler C-300 wins a NASCAR Grand National race for the first time with an average speed of 92 mph (just under 150 km/h). Carl Kiekaefer, of Mercury Outboard Marine Company, forms a racing team using Chrysler C-300 HEMI-powered cars. The team wins an amazing 20 out of 40 NASCAR races.

Chrysler introduces fully transistorized radios in passenger cars.

1956 Chrysler introduces a push-button fully automatic transmission, Magic Touch.

A Highway Hi-Fi record player is offered as an option.

1957 Chrysler offers a newly designed automatic transmission as series standard, the legendary TorqueFlite.

The Chrysler product range comprises four model lines: Windsor, Saratoga, New Yorker and 300C.

- **1958** Chrysler introduces automatic speed control, an industry first.
- **1959** Chrysler introduces cruise control and power locks as options.
- 1960 Chrysler becomes the first American automaker to offer a car record player for 45 rpm discs, with a capacity of 19 small records.

1961 This is the last year for fins on Chrysler models. 1962 Production begins on 55 turbine-powered cars. 1963 Chrysler introduces a new guarantee: five years or 50,000 miles on the drivetrain. A Chrysler 300J paces the Indianapolis 500. Chrysler Turbine cars are loaned to 200 families throughout the country for real world evaluation. Chrysler begins a 30-year partnership with the PGA by being the primary sponsor. 1964 The Walter P. Chrysler Freeway opens in Detroit. Tools from Chrysler's original toolbox are used to cut the ribbon. 1965 The Chrysler 300L is the final Letter Series model. 1966 Sales soar for the non-letter 300 series. The 300X show car with lever-operated steering is introduced. 1967 Innovations include a reversable front seatback on the passenger side and a combination front center armrest and writing table. 1968 Chrysler models receive a light makeover with new grilles. 1969 The all-new "fuselage-styled" Chrysler vehicles are available. 1970 A Hurst Performance Chrysler 300H is introduced. 1971 Chrysler introduces a brake-slip control system, Four-Wheel Sure-Brake, optional on the Imperial model. 1972 A new solid state ignition system is offered on all Chrysler models. 1973 The entire Chrysler line is redesigned and grows in length. 1974 For the third year in a row, the Chrysler line is completely redesigned. 1975 The new Cordoba personal-luxury coupe is introduced and is the smallest post-war

Chrysler ever.

- 1976 An electric Lean Burn System is fitted to Chrysler's V-8 engines for cleaner exhaust.
- 1977 The luxury midsize LeBaron is introduced. The new model is available in two- and four-door versions.
- 1978 A station wagon is added to the LeBaron lineup. The Town & Country features faux woodgrain like the Town & Country models of the early 1940s.
- 1979 Based on the Cordoba, Chrysler offers a 300, which is introduced mid-year. The vehicle features a cross-bar grill with a 300 emblem in the center.
- **1980** The second-generation Cordoba is introduced.
- The Imperial name is revived. This new version's wheelbase is nearly a foot shorter than previous Imperials.
- The front-wheel-drive LeBaron is introduced. It is significantly smaller than its predecessor and is based on the K-Car platform.
 - A LeBaron convertible is now offered. This is the first convertible to be offered in the North America automotive market since 1976.
- The E-Class is introduced. Based on the K platform, this vehicle has a longer wheelbase than any other vehicle on the platform.
 - First minious rolls off the line at Windsor Assembly Plant on November 2, 1983, as a 1984 model, the first of more than 15 million minious sold by the company to date.
 - Stellantis minivans are the first mass-produced vehicles with modern cupholders
- **1984** The front-wheel-drive Chrysler Laser sport coupe is introduced.
 - The rear-wheel-drive Fifth Avenue replaces the New Yorker, which has switched to front-wheel drive.
 - The Chrysler Executive Sedan and Limousine are introduced.
- A stretched K platform LeBaron GTS becomes available. With a turbocharged 2.2L engine, firmer suspension and gas-pressurized struts/shocks, the GTS is aimed at performance enthusiasts.

1986 Chrysler introduces the seven-year/70,000-mile warranty for the drivetrain of Chrysler automobiles and a seven-year/100,000-mile warranty against corrosion.

A new 2.5-liter four-cylinder engine using counter balanced shafts is introduced.

1987 Chrysler Corporation acquires American Motors Corporation (AMC), which includes the Jeep® brand.

After a nine-year interruption, Chrysler resumes exports to Europe with the Chrysler LeBaron Convertible, Chrysler Voyager and Chrysler Daytona models.

The Portofino Concept is unveiled. Designed by an international design team that includes Lamborghini employees, the vehicle features doors that pivot upward and no B pillar. This vehicle inspires the "cab-forward" design featured on production cars in the 1990s.

- **1988** A redesigned New Yorker is now available with a new 3.0-liter V-6.
- 1989 Chrysler becomes the first American automaker to offer airbags as standard equipment.

The last rear-wheel-drive Fifth Avenue is produced. All Chrysler products are now front-wheel drive.

1990 Town & Country once again becomes a standalone nameplate as Chrysler introduces the first luxury minivan.

Driver's side airbags become standard equipment.

1991 Chrysler begins the process of moving its corporate headquarters from its 1925 founding location in Highland Park, Michigan, to nearby Auburn Hills. The move is complete by 1993.

The Town & Country is redesigned and now offers standard drivers-side airbags.

- **1992** Anti-lock brakes are a new and popular item.
- 1993 Chrysler introduces a new line of family cars built on the new LH platform, with an innovative and ergonomically favorable cab-forward design, the Chrysler Concorde. The LH cars feature longitudinally mounted V-6 engines with a front-wheel-drive drivetrain.
- 1994 Introduced in May 1993 for the 1994 model year, the Chrysler LHS is the top-of-the- line model for the division, as well as the most expensive of the Chrysler LH platform cars.

The four-door notchback midsize sedan Chrysler Cirrus is introduced. The vehicle is based on the JA platform.

The first-generation Sebring coupe was introduced in April 1995, built on a Mitsubishi Motors platform shared by the Eagle Talon, Mitsubishi Eclipse, Mitsubishi Galant, and Dodge Avenger.

Chrysler's hybrid-electric car, the Patriot, wins the Discover Award for technological innovation.

The Chrysler Atlantic, a retro concept car created by Chrysler and fabricated by Gaffoglio Family Metalcrafters in California, makes its debut. The Atlantic is designed by Bob Hubbach and inspired by the Bugatti Atlantique. The idea for this car begins as a sketch on a napkin by Chrysler's president Bob Lutz in early 1993 and also involves the automaker's chief designer, Tom Gale.

- **1996** A new Sebring convertible replaces the LeBaron ragtop.
- 1997 Drawing much of its inspiration from the 1941 Chrysler Newport, the Phaeton concept was a four-door hardtop.
- **1998** Chrysler and Mercedes-Benz form DaimlerChrysler.
- 1998 Chrysler introduces the 1999 Chrysler LHS and Chrysler 300M sedans. The 300M continues the legacy of the famous "letter series" cars made from 1955 to 1965.

The Chronos Concept is introduced, inspired by the timeless 1950 designs of Virgil Exner. Powered by a Viper V-10 engine, the Chronos has the power to match its style.

- The 300 nameplate returns to the Chrysler brand with the introduction of the 300M. This full-size luxury car was based on the LH platform.
- **2000** Chrysler reveals the Chrysler 300 HEMI[®] C concept vehicle at the North American International Auto Show.
- 2001 Chrysler introduces the power sliding door obstacle system for opening and closing the doors on the minivan.

Chrysler introduces the Chrysler Crossfire concept car.

Chrysler unveils the PT Cruiser. Inspired by designs from the '30s and '40s, this retro-styled small vehicle is available at launch as a five-door hatchback with modern, highly functional interior with a high roof and flexible cargo area.

Chrysler introduces the new Sebring sedan, which is built on the JR platform.

With the end of the Plymouth brand the previous year, the Prowler is now sold as a Chrysler for one year.

Chrysler Pacifica three-row crossover is introduced at the 2002 New York International Auto Show for the 2003 model year. It is among the first crossover vehicles in the U.S. market.

- 2003 First introduced at the 2003 Geneva Auto Show, the Chrysler Airflite concept is a combination of sporty design, stylish looks and some of the design cues from another one of Chrysler's cars, the Crossfire.
- 2004 Chrysler exhibits its engineering and design prowess with the release of the Chrysler ME-412 concept vehicle at the North American International Auto Show.

The introduction of the 2005 Chrysler 300 marks the return of the great American sedan. The Chrysler 300 is named Car of the Year by Motor Trend Magazine. The rear-wheel-drive 2005 Chrysler 300C and Dodge Magnum R/T become the first modern volume-production vehicles produced in North America to feature the 5.7-liter HEMI engine with cylinder deactivation.

Chrysler Crossfire rear-wheel-drive, two-seat sports coupé and roadster, based on a Mercedes SLK Platform, are introduced.

Chrysler brand's groundbreaking Stow 'n Go seating and storage system debuts for 2005 model-year Chrysler minivans, giving families all the space they need to load up for fun and adventure.

2005 Chrysler 300 is named North American Car of the Year.

Chrysler launches a two-door convertible version of the popular PT Cruiser for the 2005 model year.

The Firepower grand tourer concept car, which made its debut at the 2005 North American International Auto Show, exudes Chrysler brand attributes of elegance and performance with high customer value.

2006 300C earns a spot on Car and Driver's 10Best Cars list for both 2005 and 2006.

2007 Chrysler unveils the all-new 2008 Chrysler Town & Country minivan at the North American International Auto Show.

Using new Chrysler design language and many styling cues from the 2003 Chrysler Airflite concept. Chrysler introduces the Sebring sedan on the new JS platform.

The Chrysler Aspen SUV is launched. The Aspen is the first truck-based SUV commercialized under the Chrysler brand.

Chrysler introduces the new 2008 Chrysler Sebring Convertible at the 2007 Los Angeles Auto Show. The new convertible offers both a soft-top and a retractable hardtop.

- The company launches its first hybrids, the Chrysler Aspen and Dodge Durango.

 Both deliver a 25% overall improvement in fuel economy without sacrificing performance or towing capabilities.
- **2009** The Chrysler 200C concept is introduced at the North American International Auto Show in Detroit.
- **2010** Chrysler ends production of the PT Cruiser.
- 2011 Chrysler 200 is introduced to replace the Chrysler Sebring. The midsize vehicle is available as a four-door or two-door convertible.

The Chrysler 200 is featured in a two-minute Super Bowl ad featuring rapper Eminem.

The Chrysler 300 SRT, powered by a 6.4-liter HEMI V-8, is introduced at the New York International Auto Show.

- 2012 Chrysler celebrates Mopar's 75th anniversary with the Chrysler 300 Mopar '12, featuring thin Mopar Blue stripes, black 20-inch forged aluminum wheels, black grille and front fascia inserts, black-trimmed headlights and Mopar 75 badges.
- 2013 Chrysler celebrates 30 years of the minioun segment it invented. Since introducing the segment in 1983, Chrysler miniouns sold 13.5 million units up to that point, dominating minioun sales.

In October, Fiat SpA and Chrysler Group LLC merge to form Fiat Chrysler Automobiles N.V. (FCA).

Chrysler brand debuts the all-new-from-the-ground-up Chrysler 200 midsize sedan in 2014 as a 2015 model-year vehicle, the first midsize sedan to offer a nine-speed automatic transmission as standard equipment.

- 2015 marks the 90th anniversary of Chrysler, which was founded on June 6, 1925, by Walter P. Chrysler.
- 2016 Chrysler introduces the Chrysler Pacifica and Pacifica Hybrid at the 2016 North American International Auto Show in Detroit., Production begins as 2017 model-year vehicles, revolutionizing the minivan segment and representing the next-gen evolution of the Chrysler brand's minivan lineup.
- 2017 Chrysler introduces the Chrysler Portal concept, leveraging ideas from millennials working inside the company's design and engineering functions to collaborate on ideas about the future of family transportation.

Chrysler Pacifica is named the 2017 North American Utility Vehicle of the Year.

The popular S Appearance Package debuts on Chrysler Pacifica and Pacifica Hybrid, delivering a sporty look, featuring black accents inside and out; S Appearance Package is chosen by one of every three Pacifica owners.

- Thousands of Chrysler Pacifica Hybrid minivans are used by Waymo to support the launch of the world's first driverless ride-hailing service.
 - Chrysler Pacifica is named Family Car of the Year by Cars.com.
- 2019 Chrysler celebrates 15 million minivans sold and counting since the very first minivan rolled off the line at the Windsor Assembly Plant on November 2, 1983, as the first company to introduce the minivan.
 - Chrysler minion lineup expands with the addition of the Chrysler Voyager, designed with budget-friendly family and fleet customers in mind.
- 2020 Chrysler unveils refreshed Chrysler Pacifica, with available all-wheel-drive capability, a refreshed exterior and interior design and new features, including a new FamCAM interior camera that provides a view of rear-facing child seat occupants.

- FCA and PSA merge to create Stellantis, a company with 14 brands, including Chrysler, with a focus on global innovation and efficiency.
 - Chrysler Pacifica is named Car and Driver Editors' Choice: The Best New Minivans.
- 2022 Chrysler Airflow concept is unveiled at CES 2022, giving a glimpse at potential fully connected customer experiences and advanced mobility features.
 - Chrysler brand commemorates the nearly 70-year legacy of the Chrysler 300 with the 2023 Chrysler 300C, powered by a 6.4L HEMI engine with 485 horsepower; only 2,000 2023 Chrysler 300C vehicles are produced for the United States.
- The 100,000th Chrysler Pacifica Plug-In Hybrid rolls off the production line amid a gathering of employees at the Windsor Assembly Plant to celebrate the milestone model of the first, and still the only, plug-in hybrid in the segment.
- Chrysler unveils the Chrysler Halcyon concept, exemplifying a fully electrified future of the Chrysler brand that embraces sustainability-driven exterior and interior design, full autonomy paired with personalized driving experiences and futuristic technology that expands on the brand's Harmony in Motion ethos of customer-focused seamless connectivity.
- 2025 Chrysler marks its 100th anniversary in 2025, honoring Walter P. Chrysler's legacy of innovation, engineering excellence and beautiful, affordable designs. As the brand celebrates this milestone, the future looks bright with exciting new releases: a refreshed Chrysler Pacifica in 2026, a new crossover soon after and a third product inspired by the Halcyon concept.

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