

# **CENTERRA GOLD INC.**

## **BOARD MANDATE**

### **1. GENERAL**

The Board of Directors (the “Board”) believes that sound corporate governance practices are essential to the well-being of the Corporation and the promotion and protection of its shareholders’ interests as owners of the Corporation. The Board oversees the functioning of the Corporation’s governance system, in part, through the work of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

The Board has adopted this mandate to assist it in supervising the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation as required under applicable legislation and stock exchange rules.

The Board will revise this mandate from time to time based on its assessment of the Corporation’s needs, legal and regulatory developments and best practices. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will review this mandate annually, or more often if warranted, and recommend to the Board such changes as it deems necessary and appropriate.

### **2. THE BOARD’S RESPONSIBILITIES**

The fundamental responsibility of the Board is to supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation with a view to sustainable value creation for all shareholders. The Board discharges this responsibility by developing and determining policy by which the business and affairs of the Corporation are to be managed and by overseeing management of the Corporation. The Board promotes fair reporting, including financial reporting, to shareholders of the Corporation and other interested persons as well as ethical and legal corporate conduct through an appropriate system of corporate governance, internal controls and disclosure controls.

### **3. DIRECTORS’ RESPONSIBILITIES**

The primary responsibility of individual directors is to act in good faith and to exercise their business judgment in what they reasonably believe to be the best interests of the Corporation. In order to fulfill this responsibility, each director is expected to:

- develop and maintain a thorough understanding of the markets in which the Corporation conducts business, its strategy and business operations and its financial position and performance;
- diligently prepare for each meeting, including reviewing all meeting materials distributed in advance;

- actively and constructively participate in each meeting, including seeking clarification from management and outside advisors where necessary to fully understand the issues under consideration;
- engage in continuing education programs for directors, as appropriate; and
- attend all meetings of the Board and any committee of which he or she is a member.

#### **4. BOARD COMPOSITION**

##### **(a) Board Membership Criteria**

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for establishing the competencies and skills that the Board considers to be necessary for the Board as a whole to possess; the competencies and skills that the Board considers each existing director to possess; and the competencies and skills each new nominee will bring to the Board. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identifies candidates for Board membership based on their character, integrity, judgment and record of achievement and any skills and talents they possess which would add to the Board's decision-making process and enhance the overall management of the business and affairs of the Corporation. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee will also take into consideration the representation of women in the director identification and selection process

Directors who change their principal occupation are expected to advise the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and, if determined appropriate by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, resign from the Board.

##### **(b) Director Independence**

The Board believes that, except during periods of temporary vacancies, the majority of its members should be independent. For the purposes of this mandate, "independent" means the standard of independence applicable to audit committee members as set out in National Instrument 52-110 – *Audit Committees*, as amended from time to time.

In all cases, the determination of whether a director is independent must be made by the Board in accordance with applicable securities laws and stock exchange rules. Generally, an independent director means a director who has no direct or indirect material relationship with the Corporation. For these purposes, "material relationship" means a relationship which could, in the view of the Board, reasonably interfere with the exercise of a member's independent judgment.

In making a determination regarding a director's independence, the Board will consider all relevant facts and circumstances, including the director's commercial, industrial, banking, consulting, legal, accounting, charitable and familial

relationships, and such other criteria as the Board may determine from time to time.

The Board will review the independence of all directors on an annual basis and will disclose its determinations annually. To facilitate this review, directors will be asked to provide the Board with full information regarding their business and other relationships with the Corporation and its affiliates and with senior management and their affiliates. Directors have an ongoing obligation to inform the Board of any material changes in their circumstances or relationships which may affect the Board's determination as to their independence.

(c) **Board Size**

The Board is of the view that a size of between 9 and 12 members is conducive to effective decision-making and committee work.

(d) **Retirement**

Directors may serve on the Board until the annual meeting of the Corporation next following their 75th birthday, and may not be re-elected after reaching age 75, unless this requirement has been waived by the Board, or the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, for a valid reason.

(e) **Term**

All directors are elected at the annual meeting of shareholders of the Corporation for a term of one year.

(f) **Board Succession**

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for maintaining a Board succession plan that is responsive to the Corporation's needs and the interests of its shareholders.

(g) **Service on Other Boards**

The Board does not believe that its members should be prohibited from serving on the boards of other public companies so long as these commitments do not materially interfere with and are not incompatible with their ability to fulfill their duties as a member of the Board. Directors must advise the Chair in advance of accepting an invitation to serve on the board of another public company.

## 5. **BOARD DUTIES**

In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Board is, among other matters, responsible for the following matters:

- (a) selection, appointment, evaluation and, if necessary, termination of the Chief Executive Officer;

- (b) satisfying itself as to the integrity of the Chief Executive Officer and other senior officers of the Corporation and as to the culture of integrity throughout the Corporation;
- (c) succession planning, including appointing, counseling and monitoring the performance of executive officers;
- (d) human resources policies of the Corporation in general, including in particular the approval of the compensation of executive officers;
- (e) adoption of a strategic planning process, approval of strategic plans and monitoring corporate performance against those plans;
- (f) approval of periodic capital and operating plans and monitoring corporate performance against those plans;
- (g) policies and processes to identify the Corporation's principal business risks, including hedging policies for the Corporation, and to confirm that systems are in place to mitigate these risks where prudent to do so;
- (h) policies to confirm ethical behaviour of the Corporation and its employees, and compliance with laws and regulations;
- (i) policies and processes to satisfy itself as to the integrity of the Corporation's internal control and management information systems and its financial reporting;
- (j) assessment of the effectiveness of the Board and its committees;
- (k) confirming that an appropriate orientation program is in place for new directors and that continuing education opportunities are available for all directors;
- (l) definition of the duties and the limits of authority of senior management, including approving a position description for the Chief Executive Officer;
- (m) communications policy of the Corporation;
- (n) health and safety and environmental policies and ensuring the implementation of systems to comply with these policies and all relevant laws and regulations;
- (o) policies on corporate social responsibility and sustainable development and oversight of management's efforts to implement the policies in the jurisdictions where it operates;
- (p) oversight of the estimation of reserves by management;
- (q) corporate governance including the relationship of the Board to management and confirming that the Corporation has appropriate structures and procedures in place to permit the Board to effectively discharge its duties and responsibilities;

- (r) calling meetings of shareholders and submission to the shareholders of any question or matter requiring approval of the shareholders;
- (s) approval of directors for nomination and election and recommendation of the auditors to be appointed at shareholders' meetings and filling a vacancy among the directors or in the office of the auditor;
- (t) issuance of securities of the Corporation;
- (u) declaration of dividends and establishment of the dividend policy for the Corporation;
- (v) approval of the annual audited financial statements, management proxy circulars, takeover bid circulars, directors' circulars, prospectuses, annual information forms and other disclosure documents required to be approved by the directors of a corporation under securities laws, regulations or rules of any applicable stock exchange;
- (w) adoption, amendment or repeal of by-laws of the Corporation;
- (x) review and approval of material transactions not in the ordinary course of business; and
- (y) other corporate decisions required to be made by the Board, or as may be reserved by the Board, to be made by itself, from time to time and not otherwise delegated to a committee of the Board or to the management of the Corporation.

## **6. DELEGATION TO MANAGEMENT**

The Board may delegate by resolution, from time to time, financial authority to the Chief Executive Officer (who may sub-delegate such authority to others within the Corporation as appropriate).

## **7. CHAIR**

### **(a) Appointment**

The Board will in each year appoint from among its members a Chair. The Chair of the Board shall be an independent director unless the Board concludes that the best interests of the Corporation would be otherwise better served. If such Chair is not independent, then the independent directors shall appoint a Lead Director who shall be independent.

### **(b) General**

The Chair is principally responsible for overseeing the operations and affairs of the Board.

(c) **Specific Role and Responsibilities**

The Chair will (subject to the responsibilities of the Lead Director as set out in Section 8, if Chair is not independent):

- lead, manage and organize the Board, consistent with the approach to corporate governance adopted by the Board from time to time;
- preside as chair at all meetings of the Board and shareholders;
- set the agenda of the board and shareholders' meetings, in consultation with the Corporate Secretary and the Chief Executive Officer;
- confirm that appropriate procedures are in place to allow the Board to work effectively and efficiently and to function independently from management;
- confirm that Board functions are delegated to appropriate committees and that the functions are carried out and the results reported to the Board;
- together with the Chief Executive Officer, approach potential candidates for Board membership, once candidates have been identified and selected by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, to explore their interest in joining the Board;
- serve as an *ex officio* member of all Board committees, provided that if the Chair is not independent, he or she will not serve as a member of any committee required to be composed entirely of independent directors;
- act as a liaison between the Board and senior management, encouraging effective communication between the Board and the Chief Executive Officer;
- consistent with encouraging effective communication between the Board and the Chief Executive Officer, confirm that the Board and senior management understand their respective responsibilities and respect the boundary between them;
- chair Board meetings, including requiring appropriate briefing materials to be delivered in a timely fashion, stimulating debate, providing adequate time for discussion of issues, facilitating consensus, encouraging full participation and discussion by individual directors and confirming that clarity regarding decisions is reached and accurately recorded;
- confirm proper and timely documentary filings and fulfillment of disclosure requirements to statutory authorities under applicable legislation, including working with the Corporation's external counsel and other outside advisors when necessary;

- confirm that the Board and its committees have the necessary resources to carry out their responsibilities, in particular, timely and relevant information;
- work with the Chief Executive Officer, the chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Corporate Secretary to further the creation of a healthy governance culture within the Corporation;
- at the request of the Chief Executive Officer, represent the Corporation to shareholders and external stakeholders, including local community groups, aboriginals, government, and non-governmental organizations; and
- perform additional duties requested by the Board.

## **8. LEAD DIRECTOR**

### **(a) Appointment**

A Lead Director appointed pursuant to Section 7(a), shall have the responsibilities outlined in Section 8 (b) below.

### **(b) Specific Role and Responsibilities**

- coordinate the activities of the independent directors;
- preside at all meetings of the Board at which the Chair is not present, including meetings of independent directors and communicate the results of such meetings to the Chair and Chief Executive Officer as appropriate;
- call meetings of the independent directors, as appropriate;
- serve as liaison between the Chair, Chief Executive Officer and the independent directors;
- review the agenda for Board meetings to ensure that the agenda enables the Board to successfully carry out its duties and that the Board has sufficient time for discussion of all agenda matters;
- serve as an independent leadership contact for all independent directors consistent with the approach to corporate governance adopted by the Board from time to time;
- correspond or meet, if needed, with shareholders or other stakeholders regarding communications directed to the independent directors of the Board and coordinate with others as appropriate with respect to independent directors matters;
- provide support to the Chair, Chief Executive Officer, the Chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Corporate

Secretary, as needed, to further the creation of a healthy governance culture within the Corporation; and

- perform such other duties as the Board may from time to time delegate to assist the Board in the fulfillment of its responsibilities.

(c) **General**

If the Lead Director has a conflict of interest, the Chair of Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall serve as the Lead Director with respect to matters concerning any conflict of interest.

**9. CORPORATE SECRETARY**

(a) **Appointment**

The Board will appoint an individual to act as the Corporate Secretary.

(b) **General**

The Corporate Secretary is responsible for assisting the Chair in managing the operations and affairs of the Board and for performing additional duties requested by the Chair or the Board or any of its committees.

(c) **Specific Role and Responsibilities**

The Corporate Secretary will:

- oversee the preparation of all materials for shareholders which relate to the election of directors or the matters discussed in these guidelines;
- confirm that all notices and materials are delivered to shareholders and directors in a timely manner;
- confirm that all minutes of meetings of shareholders, the Board and committees are accurately recorded;
- confirm proper and timely documentary filings and fulfilment of disclosure requirements to statutory authorities under applicable legislation, including working with the Corporation's external counsel and other outside advisors, when necessary;
- maintain the Corporation's books and records and oversee the security and application of the corporate seal;
- administer the operations of the Board and its committees;
- monitor compliance with the governance policies of the Board, including those regarding frequency and conduct of Board meetings, reporting information and other policies relating to the Board's business; and

- perform additional duties requested by the Chair or the Board or any of its committees.

## 10. BOARD COMMITTEES

### (a) General

The Board carries out its responsibilities directly and through the following committees and such other committees as it may establish from time to time: the Audit Committee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Human Resources and Compensation Committee, the Operations and Sustainability Committee and the Risk Committee.

### (b) Chair

The Audit Committee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Human Resources and Compensation Committee, the Sustainable Operations Committee and the Risk Committee are each chaired by a director who is selected by the Board on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and is responsible for determining the agenda and the frequency and conduct of meetings.

### (c) Charters

Each committee has its own charter which sets out its responsibilities and duties, qualifications for membership, procedures for committee member removal and appointment and reporting to the Board. On an annual basis, each committee's charter is reviewed by both the committee itself and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and is also reviewed and approved by the Board. Copies of each charter are posted on the Corporation's website and printed copies will be made available to any shareholder upon request. Below is a brief description of the responsibilities of each committee.

#### *Audit Committee*

The Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation to the integrity of the Corporation's financial statements; the Corporation's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements (other than with respect to health, safety and the environment); compliance with the Code of Ethics Policy; the qualifications and independence of the Corporation's external auditors; the design and implementation of internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls; management of financial risks as delegated by the Board; related party transactions; the performance of the Corporation's internal audit function; and any additional matters delegated to the Audit Committee by the Board.

*Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee*

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation to the Corporation's overall approach to corporate governance; the size, composition and structure of the Board and its committees; the identification and recommendation to the Board of qualified individuals for appointment to the Board and its committees; orientation and continuing education for directors; matters involving conflicts of interest of directors; and any additional matters delegated to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee by the Board.

*Human Resources and Compensation Committee*

The Human Resources and Compensation Committee is responsible for supporting the Board in making recommendations in regard to its oversight responsibilities and to review and, at its discretion, approve certain recommendations proposed by management. The Human Resources and Compensation Committee reviews and recommends to the Board the selection and appointment of officers of the Corporation; the compensation philosophy, competitive positioning and competitive objectives in the market all of which drive the design of components and administration; the compensation and employment agreement of the CEO as recommended by the Chairman of the Board and by the Human Resources and Compensation Committee; grants of stock options to eligible participants; succession planning pertaining to all executive officers, based on recommendations of the chair of the board and the CEO; and any additional matters delegated to the Human Resources and Compensation Committee by the Board. The Human Resources and Compensation Committee oversees and approves the compensation and employment agreements of the direct reports to the CEO as reviewed and recommended by the Chairman of the Board; the objectives and design of the compensation program of the company consistent with the compensation philosophy, competitive positioning and competitive objectives approved by the Board (these objectives and designs, along with their components and descriptions/plans, will satisfy the goal of providing sufficient competitive compensation to attract, retain and motivate senior management to maximize shareholder value); major human resources policies recommended by the CEO; management's recommendation on annual merit increases consistent with the budget approved by the Board; special recognition payments under the CEO Awards Program which are recommended to be \$50,000 or greater; and the administration of all equity-based compensation plans, subject to reporting to the Board.

*Operations and Sustainability Sustainable Operations*

The Sustainable Operations Committee is responsible for assisting the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities on matters

relating to safety, health, environment, corporate social responsibility and reserves including the establishment of, and review of compliance with, appropriate safety, health and environment and corporate social responsibility policies and programs, receiving reports from management and reviewing budgets, reviewing the Corporation's designated qualified persons for estimation of reserves and resources, receiving updates from management on key operational and technical issues, reviewing the Corporation's publication of new reserve and resource information and annual reserve statements, and reviewing annual reconciliation of reserve and resource information to mine production.

#### *Risk Committee*

The Risk Committee is responsible for assisting the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in relation to the policies, processes and systems for the identification, assessment and management of the Corporation's principal strategic, financial, and operational risks including: (i) overseeing that the executive team has in place a process designed to identify and assess the key risks that the organization faces and has established an appropriate mechanism designed to address those risks; (ii) overseeing, in conjunction with other Board-level committees or the full Board, significant or critical risks, including strategic, financial and operational risks; and (iii) overseeing the division of risk-related responsibilities to each Board committee as clearly as possible and analyze to determine that the oversight of any significant or critical risks is not overlooked.

## **11. BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

### **(a) Scheduling**

Board meetings are scheduled in advance at appropriate intervals throughout the year. In addition to regularly scheduled Board meetings, additional Board meetings may be called upon proper notice at any time to address specific needs of the Corporation. The Board may also take action from time to time by unanimous written consent. A Board meeting may be called by the Chair, the Chief Executive Officer or any two directors.

Each committee meets as often as it determines is necessary to fulfill its responsibilities. A meeting of any committee may be called by the committee chair, the Chair, the Chief Executive Officer or any two committee members.

Board meetings are held at a location determined by the Chair and meetings of each committee are held at a location determined by the committee chair.

### **(b) Notice**

Notice of the time and place of each meeting of the Board or any committee must be given to each director either by personal delivery, electronic mail, facsimile or

other electronic means not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting or by mail not less than 96 hours before the date of the meeting. Board or committee meetings may be held at any time without notice if all of the directors or committee members have waived or are deemed to have waived notice of the meeting. A director participating in a Board or committee meeting is deemed to have waived notice of the meeting.

(c) **Agenda**

The Chair establishes the agenda for each Board meeting in consultation with the Corporate Secretary and the Chief Executive Officer. Any director may propose the inclusion of items on the agenda, request the presence of or a report by any member of senior management, or at any Board meeting raise subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.

Committee chairs establish the agenda for each committee meeting. Any committee member may propose the inclusion of items on the agenda, request the presence of or a report by any member of senior management, or at any committee meeting raise subjects that are not on the agenda for the meeting.

The Corporate Secretary distributes an agenda and meeting materials in advance of each Board or committee meeting to allow Board or committee members, as the case may be, sufficient time to review and consider the matters to be discussed.

(d) **Non-Management Sessions**

Non-management directors meet separately at every Board meeting without management present. The Chair informs management of the substance of these meetings to the extent that action is required by them.

(e) **Distribution of Information**

The Board regularly receives reports on the financial results and operating activities of the Corporation, as well as periodic reports on certain non-operational matters, including, corporate governance, insurance, pensions and treasury matters and safety, health and environmental matters.

(f) **Attendance and Participation**

Each director is expected to attend all meetings of the Board and any committee of which he or she is a member. A director who is unable to attend a Board or committee meeting in person may participate by telephone or teleconference.

(g) **Quorum**

A quorum for any Board meeting is a majority of directors.

A quorum for any committee meeting is a majority of its members.

(h) **Voting and Approval**

At Board or committee meetings, each director or member, as applicable, is entitled to one vote and questions are decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chair of the meeting does not have a second or casting vote.

(i) **Procedures**

Procedures for Board meetings are determined by the Chair unless otherwise determined by the by-laws of the Corporation or a resolution of the Board.

Procedures for committee meetings are determined by the chair of the committee unless otherwise determined by the by-laws of the Corporation or a resolution of the committee or the Board.

(j) **Corporate Secretary**

The Corporate Secretary acts as secretary to the Board and each of its committees. In the absence of the Corporate Secretary, or at the election of the Board or committee, as the case may be, the Board or a committee may appoint any other person to act as secretary.

(k) **Minutes of Meetings**

The Corporate Secretary keeps minutes of the proceedings of the Board and each of its committees, and circulates copies of the minutes to each Board or committee member, as the case may be, on a timely basis.

**12. DIRECTOR COMPENSATION**

The Board believes that compensation for directors should be competitive with the compensation paid to directors of comparable companies. The Human Resources and Compensation Committee reviews directors' compensation annually with this criterion in mind and makes recommendations to the Board.

Directors who are employees of the Corporation or any of its affiliates do not receive any compensation for service as directors.

To further align the interests of directors with those of other shareholders, directors are paid a portion of their fees in deferred share units and restricted share units.

Directors are reimbursed by the Corporation for reasonable travel expenses incurred in connection with their duties as directors.

**13. SHARE OWNERSHIP REQUIREMENTS**

Directors are required, within five years of their initial appointment to the Board, to acquire and hold deferred share units, restricted share units, common shares or any other equity-based awards of the Corporation designated by the Board from time to time, with

a value equal to at least three times the amount of their annual retainer for service as a director (excluding travel, meeting and committee chair fees) such value to be determined at the greater of cost or market value of such securities.

#### **14. DIRECTOR ORIENTATION AND CONTINUING EDUCATION**

New directors receive orientation materials describing the Corporation's business and its corporate governance policies and procedures. New directors also have meetings with the Chair, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for confirming that procedures are in place and resources are made available to provide directors with appropriate continuing education opportunities.

#### **15. BOARD ACCESS TO MANAGEMENT AND ADVISORS**

Directors have access to members of management and are encouraged to raise any questions or concerns directly with management. The Board and its committees may invite any member of management, outside advisor or other person to attend any of their meetings.

The Board and any of its committees may retain an outside advisor at the expense of the Corporation at any time and have the authority to determine the advisor's fees and other retention terms. Individual directors may retain an outside advisor at the expense of the Corporation with the approval of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

#### **16. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT OF THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES**

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee annually reviews the effectiveness of the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities and duties as set out in these guidelines.

In addition, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee annually reviews the effectiveness of all Board committees in fulfilling their responsibilities and duties as set out in their charter and in a manner consistent with these guidelines.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee evaluates individual directors to assess their suitability for nomination for re-election.

#### **17. CODES OF ETHICS**

The Board expects all directors, officers and employees of the Corporation to conduct themselves in accordance with the highest ethical standards.

The Board has adopted a Code of Ethics for employees which addresses, among other things, avoidance of conflicts of interest, protection of confidential information, compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, adherence to good disclosure practices and procedures for employees and third parties to report concerns with respect to accounting and auditing matters. As set out in the Code, an employee who, in good faith, reports a concern regarding accounting matters or a suspected breach of the Code is

protected from reprisal, such as dismissal, demotion, suspension, threats, harassment or discrimination.

The Board has also adopted a Code of Ethics for directors which sets out the ethical standards that apply to directors in the exercise of their duties.

Both Codes are posted on the Corporation's website and are available in print to any shareholder who requests a copy.

## **18. INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE**

In accordance with the by-laws of the Corporation, directors and officers are each indemnified by the Corporation against all liability and costs arising out of any action or suit against them from the execution of their duties, provided that they have carried out their duties honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation and have otherwise complied with the provisions of applicable corporate law.

The Corporation maintains insurance for the benefit of its directors and officers against any liability incurred by them for which they would be indemnified. The amount and terms of the insurance coverage are dependent upon prevailing market conditions and practices with the objective of adequately protecting directors and officers from such liability.

## **19. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

Each director is required to inform the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of any conflict of interest he or she may have with the Corporation. If a director has a personal interest in a matter before the Board or a committee, he or she must not participate in any vote on the matter except where the Board or the committee has expressly determined that it is appropriate for him or her to do so.

## **20. CONTACT BOARD AND COMMITTEES**

The Board welcomes input and comments from shareholders of the Corporation. You may contact one or more members of the Board or its committees, by writing to the Corporate Secretary at:

Board of Directors of Centerra Gold Inc.  
c/o Corporate Secretary  
Centerra Gold Inc.  
Suite1500 – 1 University Avenue  
Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5J 2P1