Maternal mortality rates in the United States are rising. The U.S. has the highest rate of maternal death among developed nations with significant racial disparities and large differences in rates between states. The Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine (SMFM) has identified four important ways that states are addressing the rising rates of maternal mortality: 1.) the establishment of maternal mortality review committees; 2.) the establishment of perinatal quality collaboratives; 3.) the expansion of Medicaid; and 4.) reporting of data stratified by race/ethnicity. This fact sheet details the progress New Mexico has made towards reducing maternal mortality. To view other state fact sheets, visit SMFM.org/USA.

**State Activities Aimed at Reducing Maternal Deaths**
- [✓] Maternal Mortality Review Committee
- [✓] Perinatal Quality Collaborative
- [✓] Medicaid Expansion
- [✓] Reports Maternal Mortality Data by Race

**Medicaid Coverage for Pregnant Women**
New Mexico’s Medicaid program will cover pregnant women up to 255% of the federal poverty level (FPL). In 2018, the FPL for a family of three is $20,780.

**SMFM State Liaison**
Kent Argubright, MD

**Rate of Maternal Mortality per 100,000 Live Births**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>USA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>47.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>24.6</td>
<td>12.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>25.6</td>
<td>20.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Black women are nearly three times more likely to die from pregnancy-related causes than white women in the U.S. New Mexico reports limited data stratified by race/ethnicity.

**Local Resources**
- New Mexico Perinatal and Neonatal Collaborative
  nmperinatalcollaborative.com
- New Mexico Medicaid
  hsd.state.nm.us/LookingForInformation/Federal_Poverty_Level_Guidelines.aspx

**Questions?** Contact Katie Schubert at kschubert@smfm.org.