Maternal mortality rates in the United States are rising. The U.S. has the highest rate of maternal death among developed nations with significant racial disparities and large differences in rates between states. The Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine (SMFM) has identified five important ways that states are addressing the rising rates of maternal mortality: 1) the establishment of maternal mortality review committees, 2) the establishment of perinatal quality collaboratives, 3) the expansion of Medicaid, 4) reporting of maternal death data stratified by race/ethnicity, and 5) participation in the Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health program. This fact sheet details the progress Utah has made toward reducing maternal mortality. To view other state fact sheets, visit SMFM.org/scorecard.

Efforts by Utah to Prevent Maternal Deaths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Maternal Mortality Review Committee</th>
<th>Perinatal Quality Collaborative</th>
<th>Medicaid Expansion</th>
<th>Reports Maternal Mortality Data by Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
<td>2019</td>
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<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
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<tr>
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<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Utah’s Medicaid program covers pregnant people up to 144% of the federal poverty level. Pregnant people and new mothers with monthly incomes of $2,606 or less are eligible for Medicaid coverage (family of 3).

Insurance Coverage for Reproductive-Aged Women and New Mothers in Utah

12% of women 15-44 years of age are without health insurance.

Pregnancy-Related Mortality Ratio
(number of pregnancy-related deaths per 100,000 live births)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>Utah*</th>
<th>USA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>28.3*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>13.8*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>41.7*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>11.6*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>13.4*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>23.3</td>
<td>17.3**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*2018 | **2017 | *2014-2017 | +data suppressed due to low numbers

Many new mothers lose Medicaid coverage 60 days after giving birth.
State Actions Aimed at Reducing Maternal Deaths

Maternal Mortality Review Committees
- Gather and analyze data and
- Make recommendations

Perinatal Quality Collaboratives
- Build the infrastructure for and advance system-wide quality improvement efforts

AIM
- Implement patient safety bundles

Policymakers
- Advance policy reforms, including expanding and extending Medicaid

Driving Action by

Local Resources

Perinatal Quality Collaborative
https://mihp.utah.gov/uwnqc

Medicaid
https://medicaid.utah.gov/pregnant-woman/

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Review data sources and methodology at https://www.smfm.org/scorecardmethodology.