Maternal mortality rates in the United States are rising. The U.S. has the highest rate of maternal death among developed nations with significant racial disparities and large differences in rates between states. The Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine (SMFM) has identified five important ways that states are addressing the rising rates of maternal mortality: 1) the establishment of maternal mortality review committees, 2) the establishment of perinatal quality collaboratives, 3) the expansion of Medicaid, 4) reporting of maternal death data stratified by race/ethnicity, and 5) participation in the Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health program. This fact sheet details the progress Nevada has made toward reducing maternal mortality. To view other state fact sheets, visit SMFM.org/scorecard.

### Efforts by Nevada to Prevent Maternal Deaths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Maternal Mortality Review Committee</th>
<th>Perinatal Quality Collaborative</th>
<th>Medicaid Expansion</th>
<th>Reports Maternal Mortality Data by Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>✅</td>
<td>✕</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>✅</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- ☐: Exists in the State
- ☑: In Progress
- ✕: Does Not Yet Exist
- ✗: Not Measured in Past Years

### Pregnancy-Related Mortality Ratio (PRMR)

(number of pregnancy-related deaths per 100,000 live births)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>Nevada*</th>
<th>USA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td>~</td>
<td>28.3*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>~</td>
<td>13.8*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Hispanic Black</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>41.7*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>11.6</td>
<td>11.6*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Hispanic White</td>
<td>18.4</td>
<td>13.4*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>25.1</td>
<td>17.3**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Nevada includes American Indians, Alaska Natives and Asian Pacific Islanders into a single group. The PRMR for this group was 55.8 (2016-2017).

Black women in Nevada are **5.5 times more likely to die** from pregnancy-related causes than Hispanic women.

### Insurance Coverage for Reproductive-Aged Women and New Mothers in Nevada

- **15%** of women 15-44 years of age are without health insurance.
- Nevada's Medicaid program covers pregnant people up to **165%** of the federal poverty level.
- Pregnant people and new mothers with monthly incomes of **$2987** or less are eligible for Medicaid coverage (family of 3).
- Many new mothers lose Medicaid coverage **60 days after giving birth.**
Postpartum Medicaid Extension

SMFM recommends that states provide 12 months of comprehensive postpartum Medicaid coverage to all new mothers.

State Actions Aimed at Reducing Maternal Deaths

Maternal Mortality Review Committees
- Gather and analyze data and
- Make recommendations

Perinatal Quality Collaboratives
- Build the infrastructure for and advance system-wide quality improvement efforts

AIM
- Implement patient safety bundles

Policymakers
- Advance policy reforms, including expanding and extending Medicaid coverage

Does Most Recent Report Include Recommendations?
Yes

Companion Data Reports

Local Resources
Medicaid
https://www.medicaid.nv.gov

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Review data sources and methodology at https://www.smfm.org/scorecardmethodology.