Maternal mortality rates in the United States are rising. The U.S. has the highest rate of maternal death among developed nations with significant racial disparities and large differences in rates between states. The Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine (SMFM) has identified five important ways that states are addressing the rising rates of maternal mortality: 1) the establishment of maternal mortality review committees, 2) the establishment of perinatal quality collaboratives, 3) the expansion of Medicaid, 4) reporting of maternal death data stratified by race/ethnicity, and 5) participation in the Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health program. This fact sheet details the progress Virginia has made toward reducing maternal mortality. To view other state fact sheets, visit SMFM.org/scorecard.

Insurance Coverage for Reproductive-Aged Women and New Mothers in Virginia

10% of women 15-44 years of age are without health insurance.

Virginia's Medicaid program covers pregnant people up to 205% of the federal poverty level.

Pregnant people and new mothers with monthly incomes of $3,711 or less are eligible for Medicaid coverage (family of 3).

Most new mothers lose Medicaid coverage 60 days after giving birth.

Efforts by Virginia to Prevent Maternal Deaths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
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<td>✗</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Exists in the State | In Progress | Does Not Yet Exist | Not Measured in Past Years

Pregnancy-Related Mortality Ratio (number of pregnancy-related deaths per 100,000 live births)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>Virginia*</th>
<th>USA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>28.3*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>13.8*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Hispanic Black</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>41.7*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>11.6*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Hispanic White</td>
<td>3.16</td>
<td>13.4*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>17.3**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*2015 | **2017 | ^2014-2017
+Data suppressed due to low numbers. Virginia does calculate a combined PRMR for other racial and ethnic minorities. For 2015, the PRMR for this group was 5.8.
Postpartum Medicaid Extension
SMFM recommends that states provide 12 months of comprehensive postpartum Medicaid coverage to all new mothers.

No Extension | Enacted | Implementing Limited Coverage Extension | Implementing Full Coverage Extension

State Actions Aimed at Reducing Maternal Deaths

Maternal Mortality Review Committees
- Gather and analyze data and
- Make recommendations

Driving Action by

Perinatal Quality Collaboratives
- Build the infrastructure for and advance system-wide quality improvement efforts

AIM
- Implement patient safety bundles

Policymakers
- Advance policy reforms, including expanding and extending Medicaid coverage

Virginia’s Maternal Mortality Review Committee
Website

Most Recent Report

Year Most Recent Report Released
2019

Does Most Recent Report Include Recommendations?
Yes

Local Resources
Perinatal Quality Collaborative
https://virginianpc.org/

Medicaid

SMFM State Liaisons
Alfred Abuhamad, MD
Dana Block-Abraham, DO
Annelee Boyle, MD
Christian Chisholm, MD
James Christmas, MD
Donald Dudley, MD

Christopher Ennen, MD
Julianna Gevaerd Martins, MD
Alessandro Ghidini, MD
Tetsuya Kawakita, MD
Jeffrey King, MD
Lea Porche, MD

Questions? Contact Rebecca Abbott
(rabbott@smfm.org)

Review data sources and methodology at https://www.smfm.org/scorecardmethodology.

Last updated January 18, 2021.