Maternal mortality rates in the United States are rising. The U.S. has the highest rate of maternal death among developed nations with significant racial disparities and large differences in rates between states. The Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine (SMFM) has identified four important ways that states are addressing the rising rates of maternal mortality: 1.) the establishment of maternal mortality review committees; 2.) the establishment of perinatal quality collaboratives; 3.) the expansion of Medicaid; and 4.) reporting of data stratified by race/ethnicity. This fact sheet details the progress Alaska has made towards reducing maternal mortality. To view other state fact sheets, visit SMFM.org/USA.

State Activities Aimed at Reducing Maternal Deaths

✓ Maternal Mortality Review Committee
✓ Perinatal Quality Collaborative
✓ Medicaid Expansion

X Reports Maternal Mortality Data by Race

Exists in the State   Does Not Yet Exist   In Progress

Local Resources

Alaska Perinatal Quality Collaborative
ashnha.com/alaska-perinatal-quality-collaborative/

Alaska Medicaid
dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx

Rate of Maternal Mortality per 100,000 Live Births

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>Alaska</th>
<th>USA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>47.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>12.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>20.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Black women are nearly three times more likely to die from pregnancy-related causes than white women in the U.S. Alaska is just one of two states that does not report maternal mortality data.

Medicaid Coverage for Pregnant Women

Alaska’s Medicaid program will cover pregnant women up to 205% of the federal poverty level (FLP). In 2018, the FPL for a family of three is $20,780.

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