



GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: Part #5025 Drying Addictive Accelerator

FIBRE GLAST DEVELOPMENTS CORP.
385 CARR DRIVE
BROOKVILLE, OH 45309

TELEPHONE: (937) 833-5200
FAX: (937) 833-6555
**FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY
CALL (801) 629-0667 24 HRS.**

RECOMMENDED USE: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION

Flammable liquids : Category 3
Acute Toxicity(oral) : Category 4
Acute Toxicity(dermal) : Category 3
Acute Toxicity(inhalation) : Category 3
Toxic To Reproduction(Fertility) : Category 1B
Toxic To Reproduction(Unborn Child) : Category 1B

GHS Label Element

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable Liquid and vapor.
Toxic in contact with skin or inhaled.
Harmful if swallowed.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : MEDIUM DRY ADDICTIVE

Hazardous components

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration (%)
123-54-6	Pentane-2,4-dione	≥90
77-58-7	Dibutyltin Dilaurate	<1.0

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Toxic in contact with skin.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin Contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Reduced fetal weight
Increase in fetal deaths
Skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Reduced fetal weight
Increase in fetal deaths
Skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No Specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing Media** : Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large Spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in a container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and

protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage,

Including any incompatibilities : Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient Name	Exposure limits
Pentane-2,4-dione	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25ppm 8 hours.
dibutyltin dilaurate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 0.1mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn)

Key to abbreviations

- | | | | |
|--------------|--|-------------|------------------------------------|
| A | = Acceptable Maximum Peak | S | = Potential skin absorption |
| ACGIH | = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. | SR | = Respiratory sensitization |
| C | = Ceiling Limit | SS | = Skin sensitization |
| F | = Fume | STEL | = Short term Exposure limit values |
| IPEL | = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit | TD | = Total dust |
| OSHA | = Occupational Safety and Health Administration | TLV | = Threshold Limit Value |
| R | = Respirable | TWA | = Time Weighted Average |
| Z | = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z – Toxic and Hazardous Substances | | |

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring Procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering Controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure
Controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fumescrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state

: Liquid

Color

: Not available.

Odor

: Not available.

Odor Threshold

: Not available.

pH

: Not available.

Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling Point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid,gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.7%
Evaporation rate	: 0 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapor pressure	: 0.39 kPa (2.9 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.98
Density (lbs/gal)	: 8.18
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: Noctanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm ² /s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 99% (v/v), 99.16% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 0.84

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
pentane-2,4-dione	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1225 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	787.4 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	55 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	175 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Category</u>
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Category</u>
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs:
mucous membranes, brain,.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs:
the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS).

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Toxic if inhaled

Skin contact : Toxic in contact with skin.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary : There is no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : There is no data available on the mixture itself.
- Potential delayed effects** : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : There is no data available on the mixture itself.
- Potential delayed effects** : There is no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : May damage the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : May damage fertility

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	506.8mg/kg
Dermal	798.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	3.041 mg/l

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
pentane-2, 4-dione	0.4	-	low
dibutyltin dilaurate	3.12	-	low

Mobility in soil:

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

Coefficient (K_{oc})**SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with the applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental measures

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	2310	2310	2310
UN proper shipping name	PENTANE-2,4-DIONE	PENTANE-2,4-DIONE	PENTANE-2,4-DIONE
Transport hazard class (es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT : None identified.
IMDG : None identified.
IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations :

United States – TSCA 5(a)2 – Proposed significant new use rules:
pentane-2,4-dione Listed

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard
Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Pentane-2,4-dione	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
dibutyltin dilaurate	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date

August 29, 2019

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * **Flammability** : 3 **Physical hazards** : 0

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 **Flammability** : 3 **Instability** : 0

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be, whether originating with **Fibre Glast Developments Corporation** or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.