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MITSUBISHI OUTLANDER

OCTOBER 2021 - MAY 2025 ALL ZM VARIANTS





VEHICLE TYPE Medium SUV **ENGINE TYPE** Petrol + Hybrid **BUILT FROM**

July 2021 (petrol) December 2021 (PHEV)

2022

ON SALE FROM October 2021 (petrol) February 2022 (PHEV)

SERIES

RATING YEAR

AIRBAGS Dual frontal, side chest,

side head, centre, knee

Petrol variants of the Mitsubishi Outlander were introduced in Australia and New Zealand from October 2021. PHEV variants were introduced from February 2022. This ANCAP safety rating applies to all petrol and PHEV variants.

In order to confirm integrity of the battery and safety of high voltage electrical systems, additional frontal offset (MPDB) and oblique pole tests were conducted on the Outlander PHEV. With these additional tests, this ANCAP Safety Rating is extended to all variants of the Mitsubishi Outlander.

Dual frontal, side chest-protecting, and side head-protecting (curtain) airbags are standard. A centre airbag which provides added protection to front seat occupants in side impact crashes, as well as a driver knee airbag, are also standard on all variants.

Autonomous emergency braking (Car-to-Car, Vulnerable Road User and Junction Assist), a lane support system with lane keep assist (LKA), lane departure warning (LDW) and emergency lane keeping (ELK), an advanced speed assistance system (SAS) and blind spot monitoring (BSM) are standard.









RATING APPLICABILITY

VARIANT	BODY TYPE	ENGINE	DRIVETRAIN	AUS	NZ
litsubishi Outlander ES 5 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	✓	-
fitsubishi Outlander ES 5 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander ES 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander LS 7 seat 🔷	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	✓	-
itsubishi Outlander LS 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander Black Edition 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander ASPIRE 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander ASPIRE 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	✓	-
itsubishi Outlander EXCEED 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	✓	✓
litsubishi Outlander EXCEED 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	✓	✓
litsubishi Outlander EXCEED TOURER 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander LS 5 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander XLS 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander VRX 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	-	✓
litsubishi Outlander LS 5 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander XLS 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander VRX 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	-	✓
litsubishi Outlander SPORT 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	2WD	-	✓
litsubishi Outlander SPORT 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.5 litre petrol	AWD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander PHEV ES 5 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	✓	-
itsubishi Outlander PHEV ASPIRE 5 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander PHEV EXCEED 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	✓	-
litsubishi Outlander PHEV EXCEED TOURER 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	✓	-
itsubishi Outlander PHEV LS 5 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander PHEV XLS 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander PHEV VRX 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	-	✓
tsubishi Outlander PHEV SPORT 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	-	✓
itsubishi Outlander PHEV EXCEED 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	-	✓
litsubishi Outlander PHEV GSR 7 seat	5 door SUV	2.4 litre petrol plug-in hybrid	AWD	✓	-

ADULT OCCUPANT PROTECTION



The passenger compartment of the Mitsubishi Outlander remained stable in the frontal offset (MPDB) test. Dummy readings indicated ADEQUATE protection for the driver's chest and lower legs, and MARGINAL protection for the upper legs. Protection of the front passenger dummy's upper legs was ADEQUATE with GOOD protection for all other critical body regions.

The front structure of the Mitsubishi Outlander presented a moderate risk to occupants of an oncoming vehicle in the MPDB test (which evaluates vehicle-to-vehicle compatibility), and a 1.75 point penalty was applied.

In the full width frontal test, protection of the driver dummy was GOOD for all critical body areas. Protection of the rear passenger head and chest was MARGINAL, while protection of the neck was ADEQUATE.

In the side impact and oblique pole tests, protection offered to all critical body regions was GOOD and the Mitsubishi Outlander scored maximum points in these tests.

The Mitsubishi Outlander is equipped with a centre airbag to protect against occupant-to-occupant interaction in side impacts, however it did not meet the ANCAP airbag coverage requirements and a 1 point penalty was applied.

Prevention of excursion (movement towards the other side of the vehicle) in the far side impact tests was assessed as GOOD for the vehicle-to-vehicle impact scenario and ACCEPTABLE for the vehicle-to-pole scenario.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)



DRIVER

Head / neck: 4.00 pts
Chest: 3.24 pts
Upper legs: 1.76 pts
Lower legs: 3.93 pts
Deductions: -1.00 pts
(variable contact)

-1.00 pts (concentrated load)



 Head / neck:
 4.00 pts

 Chest:
 4.00 pts

 Upper legs:
 3.00 pts

 Lower legs:
 4.00 pts

 Deductions:
 -1.00 pts

 (variable contact)

COMPATIBILITY

Deductions: -1.75 pts

FULL WIDTH FRONTAL (50km/h)



DRIVER

Head: 4.00 pts
Neck: 4.00 pts
Chest: 4.00 pts
Upper legs: 4.00 pts
Deductions: Nil

REAR PASSENGER

Head: 2.34 pts
Neck: 3.03 pts
Chest: 1.99 pts
Upper legs: 4.00 pts
Deductions: Nil

RESCUE & EXTRICATION

Rescue Sheet		No penalty
Door Opening / Extrication		No penalty
Multi-Collision Braking	×	Not available
Advanced eCall	×	1.00 pt default

A Rescue Sheet, providing information for first responders in the event of a crash, is available. A multi-collision braking system is not fitted.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB)#	5.59	(out of 8)	
FULL WIDTH FRONTAL#	6.84	(out of 8)	
SIDE IMPACT#	6.00	(out of 6)	
OBLIQUE POLE#	6.00	(out of 6)	
WHIPLASH PROTECTION	3.18	(out of 4)	
FAR SIDE IMPACT	3.00	(out of 4)	
RESCUE & EXTRICATION	1.00	(out of 2)	

#Scaled scores. Total test scored out of 16.00 points.

SIDE IMPACT OBLIQUE POLE





SIDE IMPACT (MDB) (60km/h)

Head:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

OBLIQUE POLE (32km/h)

Head:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

FAR SIDE IMPACT







SIDE IMPACT (MDB)

Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	4.00 pts
Chest & Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	No penalty

OBLIQUE POLE

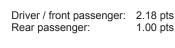
Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	4.00 pts
Chest & Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	No penalty

OCCUPANT-TO-OCCUPANT

-1.00 pts
(insufficent airbag coverage)

WHIPLASH (REAR IMPACT) PROTECTION







In the frontal offset and side impact tests, protection of the 10 year and 6 year dummies was GOOD and maximum points were scored in these tests.

The Mitsubishi Outlander is fitted with lower ISOFix anchorages on the second row outboard seats and top tether anchorages for all second row seating positions. Top tethers are not available in the optional third row. Installation of child restraints in the third row is therefore not recommended.

Installation of typical child restraints available in Australia and New Zealand showed most child restraints could be accommodated in most second row seating positions, though in the centre rear position, one of the selected convertible seats could not be correctly installed in forward facing or rearward facing modes, and one of the selected booster seats could not be correctly installed.

DYNAMIC TEST (FRONT)16.00 (out of 16)DYNAMIC TEST (SIDE)8.00 (out of 8)RESTRAINT INSTALLATION11.43 (out of 12)ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES10.00 (out of 13)

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)



6 YEAR OLD

10 YEAR OLD

SIDE IMPACT (60km/h)



10 YEAR OLD

6 YEAR OLD

ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES

FEATURE	FRONT PASSENGER	2nd ROW OUTBOARD	2nd ROW CENTRE	3rd ROW OUTBOARD	3rd ROW CENTRE
ISOFix	×	•	×	×	-
Integrated child restraints	×	×	×	×	-
Top tether anchorage	×	•	•	×	-
Airbag disabling	•	-	-	-	-

FITTED TO TEST CAR AS STANDARD

NOT FITTED TO TEST CAR BUT AVAILABLE AS AN OPTION

× NOT AVAILABLE

- NOT APPLICABLE

GOOD

ADEQUATE

TE

MARGINAL



(

POOR

NOTE: The child restraints fitted to vehicles tested by Euro NCAP are relevant to the European market. For Australasian consumers, this information should be used as a guide to vehicle features only. The Child Restraint Evaluation Program (CREP) provides an independent assessment on the safety of Australasian child restraints - see www.childcarseats.com.au.



CHILD RESTRAINT INSTALLATION*

		CHILD RESTRAINT (CRS) TYPE^	FRONT ROW		2nd ROW			3rd ROW	
		CHIED RESTRAINT (CRS) TIFE	PASSENGER	LEFT	CENTRE	RIGHT	LEFT	CENTRE	RIGHT
		Rearward facing capsule	×	•	•		-	-	-
	TYPE A	Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	•	•	-	-	-
۵		Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	•	•	-	-	-
LTED	T\\D= D	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	•	•	-	_	-
BE	TYPE B	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	•	•	-	-	-
	TYPE E	Booster - 4 to 8 years	×	•	•	•	-	_	-
	TYPE F	Booster - 4 to 10 years	×	•	•	•	-	-	-
		Rearward facing capsule	×	•	-	•	-	-	-
×	TYPE A	Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	-	•	-	-	-
SOFIX		Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	-	•	-	-	-
<u>S</u>	TVDE D	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	-	•	-	-	-
	TYPE B	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	-	•	-	-	-

^{*} Installation of each child restraint is assessed separately in each position. Installation of multiple restraints has not been assessed and may not be possible.

[^] The above list of child restraints has been selected to provide a general indication of the rated vehicle's ability to accommodate various CRS types. ANCAP does not endorse or recommend any one CRS brand or model, nor does it rate the safety of child restraints.



The protection provided by the bonnet to the head of a struck pedestrian was predominantly GOOD to ADEQUATE with some WEAK and POOR results recorded on the stiff windscreen pillars and front corners of the bonnet.

The bumper provided GOOD protection to pedestrians' legs and protection of the pelvis was also GOOD.

The Mitsubishi Outlander is fitted with autonomous emergency braking (AEB) that reacts to pedestrians and cyclists. Testing of this system showed GOOD performance in forward pedestrian test scenarios. An AEB system that will react to vulnerable road users in reverse is not standard equipment, and hence AEB Backover tests were not conducted. GOOD performance was also seen in cyclist test scenarios, with collisions avoided or mitigated in most scenarios. The system's overall performance was classified as GOOD

HEAD IMPACTS	18.54	(out of 24)
UPPER LEG IMPACTS	6.00	(out of 6)
LOWER LEG IMPACTS	6.00	(out of 6)
AEB - Pedestrian (forward)	6.30	(out of 7)
AEB - Pedestrian (backover)	0.00	(out of 2)
AEB - Cyclist	7.36	(out of 9)

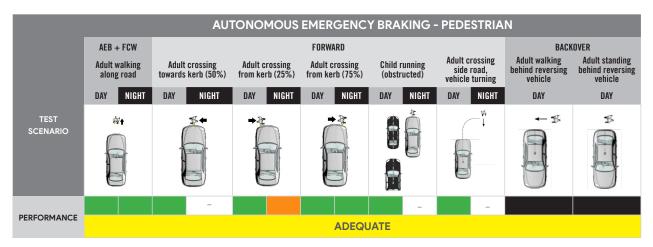
AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (PEDESTRIAN, CYCLIST & BACKOVER)

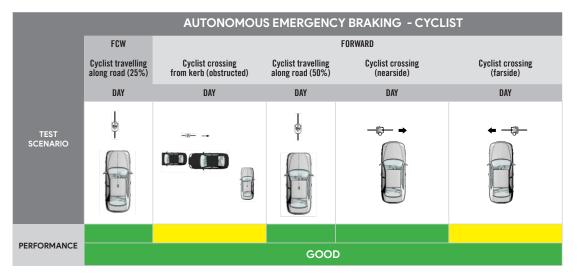
SYSTEM NAME: Forward Collision Mitigation

TYPE: Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning

OPERATIONAL FROM: 10-60 km/h

DESCRIPTION: System functions in the daytime and night





PEDESTRIAN IMPACT TEST (40 KM/H)







The Mitsubishi Outlander is fitted with an autonomous emergency braking (AEB) system, a lane support system (LSS) with lane keep assist (LKA) and emergency lane keeping (ELK) functionality, and blind spot monitoring (BSM) as standard equipment.

Tests of the AEB (Car-to-Car) system showed GOOD performance with collisions avoided or mitigated in most scenarios, including AEB Junction Assist where the test vehicle can autonomously brake to avoid crashes when turning across the path of an oncoming vehicle. Overall, effectiveness of the AEB (Car-to-Car) system performance was rated as GOOD.

Tests of lane support system functionality showed GOOD performance, including in the more critical emergency lane keeping test scenarios, with overall performance classified as GOOD.

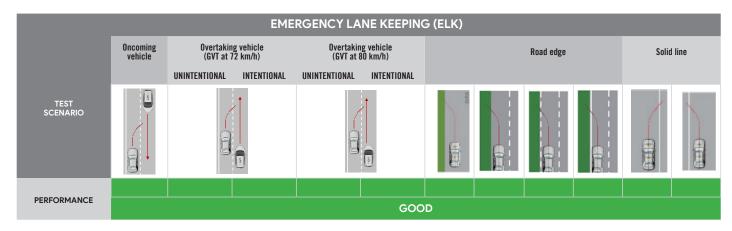
A speed assistance system (SAS) with speed limit information function (SLIF) which identifies the local speed limit and allows the driver to set the speed accordingly is standard equipment.

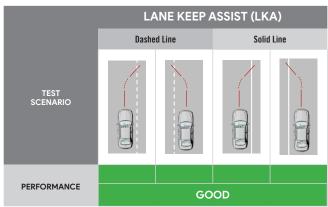
A seatbelt reminder system with occupancy detection is fitted to all seating positions. A driver drowsiness monitor system is fitted as standard.

OCCUPANT STATUS		
- Seat belt reminders	2.00	(out of 2)
- Driver monitoring	1.00	(out of 1)
SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS	1.65	(out of 3)
LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS	4.00	(out of 4)
AEB - Car-to-Car	2.70	(out of 4)
AEB - Junction Assist	2.00	(out of 2)

LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS (LSS)

SYSTEM NAME: Lane Departure Prevention, Emergency Lane Keeping, Lane Departure Warning OPERATIONAL FROM: 60-110+ km/h









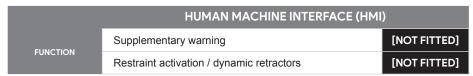
AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (CAR-TO-CAR)

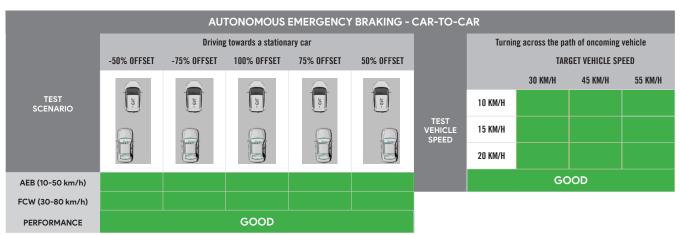
SYSTEM NAME: Forward Collision Mitigation

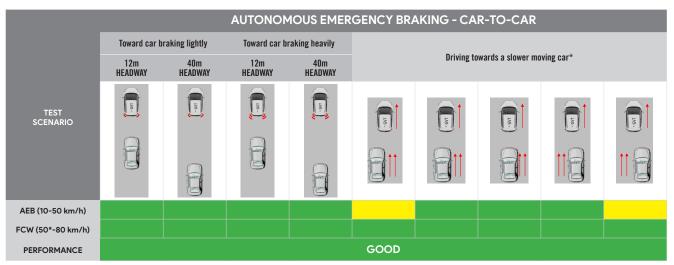
TYPE: Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning

OPERATIONAL FROM: 5-110+ km/h

DESCRIPTION: Defaults ON for every journey







OCCUPANT STATUS

WARNING TYPE	DRIVER	FRONT PASSENGER	REAR PASSENGERS
Occupant Detection	_	•	
Seat Belt Reminder (Visual)	•	•	•
Seat Belt Reminder (Audible)	•	•	•
Driver Monitoring	•	-	_

SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS (SAS)

SAS FEATURE	DESCRIPTION	
Speed Limit Information Function	Camera based	
Speed Limitation Function	Manually set	

SAFETY FEATURES & TECHNOLOGIES

	A\/AII A	DILITY
FEATURE / TECHNOLOGY~	AVAILA	NZ
Ocat halte (thus a maint) for all forward facing costs	1111	
Seat belts (three-point) for all forward-facing seats Seat belt pre-tensioners (front)		
Seat belt pre-tensioners (front) Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 2nd row		
Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear centre) - 2nd row		×
Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 2rid row	×	×
Intelligent seat belt reminder (driver)	<u> </u>	
Intelligent seat belt reminder (front passenger)		
Intelligent seat belt reminder (2nd row seats)		
Intelligent seat belt reminder (3rd row seats)		
Airbag - frontal (driver)	•	
Airbag - frontal (passenger)		
Airbags - side, chest protection (front seats)		
Airbags - side, chest protection (2nd row seats)	×	×
Airbags - side, chest protection (3rd row seats)	×	×
Airbags - side, head protection (front seats)		
Airbags - side, head protection (2nd row seats)		
Airbags - side, head protection (3rd row seats)	×	×
Airbag - centre		
Airbag - knee (driver)		
Airbag - knee (front passenger)	×	×
Airbag disabling switch - automatic (front passenger)		
Airbag disabling switch - manual (front passenger)	×	×
Head restraints for all seats	•	•
Active bonnet	×	×
Adaptive cruise control (ACC)		•
Anti-lock braking system (ABS)		
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Car-to-Car Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - VRU		
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - WKO	• /•*	
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Junction Assist	70	
Automatic emergency call (eCall)	×	×
Blind spot monitor (BSM)		•
Child presence alert	O / O #	•
Electronic brakeforce distribution (EBD)		
Electronic data recorder (EDR)		
Electronic stability control (ESC)		
Emergency brake assist (EBA)	•	
Emergency stop signal (ESS)	•	
Fatigue reminder		
Fatigue monitor / detection	•	
Forward collision warning (FCW)		
ISOFix	•	
Lane departure warning (LDW)	•	
Lane keep assist (LKA)		
Pre-crash systems	×	X
Rear cross-traffic alert (RCTA)	• /•*	
Reversing collision avoidance (camera)		
Roll stability system		
Secondary / multi-collision brake	X	×
Speed assistance - auto / intelligent speed limiter	X	×
Speed assistance - manual speed limiter	•	
Speed assistance - speed sign recognition & warning Smart (intelligent) key	×	×
Vehicle-to-infrastructure communication (V2I)	×	×
Vehicle-to-vehicle communication (V2V)	×	×

TESTED MAKE / MODEL

Mitsubishi Outlander

LS RHD

TESTED VEHICLE(S) BUILT 2021

TESTED BODY TYPE
TESTED VEHICLE ENGINE

RATING PUBLISHED RATING UPDATED

Medium SUV 2.5 litre petrol January 2022

March 2024

MODEL VARIANTS:

ANCAP safety ratings do not automatically extend to variants that have different body styles, engine configurations, driven wheels or occupant restraint systems (e.g. fewer airbags). In these cases, ANCAP considers technical evidence submitted by manufacturers before deciding on the extension of a rating to additional variants of a model.

RATING YEAR (DATESTAMP):

The Rating Year denotes the year requirements against which a vehicle has been assessed. The Rating Year is determined by ANCAP and, for vehicles rated from 2018, the Rating Year is the year in which the vehicle was tested.

- Specifications & availability subject to change. Please check with the vehicle manufacturer for confirmation of vehicle specification.
- * From December 2022
- * Standard on vehicles built from September 2023.
- STANDARD OPTIONAL × NOT AVAILABLE
- NOT AVAILABLE ON BASE VARIANT BUT STANDARD OR OPTIONAL ON HIGHER VARIANTS