

CITROEN C4

NZ: OCTOBER 2021 - ONWARDS
AUS: NOVEMBER 2021 - ONWARDS
ALL VARIANTS



ANCAP
SAFETY

TESTED
2021



| | |
|---------------------|--|
| RATING YEAR | 2021 |
| VEHICLE TYPE | Small car |
| ENGINE TYPE | Petrol + Battery Electric Vehicle |
| BUILT FROM | July 2021 |
| ON SALE FROM | AUS: November 2021 NZ: October 2021 |
| SERIES | C41 |
| AIRBAGS | Dual frontal, side chest, side head |

The Citroen C4 was introduced in New Zealand in October 2021 and Australia in November 2021. This ANCAP safety rating applies to all variants.

Dual frontal, side chest, and side head-airbags are standard. A centre airbag to prevent occupant-to-occupant interaction in side impact crashes is not available.

Autonomous emergency braking (Car-to-Car and Vulnerable Road User) and a lane support system with lane keep assist (LKA), lane departure warning (LDW) and emergency lane keeping (ELK) are standard on all variants.



76%

ADULT OCCUPANT
PROTECTION



81%

CHILD OCCUPANT
PROTECTION



57%

VULNERABLE ROAD USER
PROTECTION



62%

SAFETY
ASSIST

RATING APPLICABILITY

| VARIANT | BODY TYPE | ENGINE | DRIVETRAIN | AUS | NZ |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------|-----|----|
| Citroen C4 Shine | 5 door hatch | 1.2 litre petrol | 2WD | ✓ | ✓ |
| Citroen ë-C4 Shine | 5 door hatch | Battery Electric Vehicle | 2WD | - | ✓ |

ADULT OCCUPANT PROTECTION



76%

29.26 POINTS
OUT OF 38

The passenger compartment remained stable in the frontal offset (MPDB) test. Protection of the driver chest was ADEQUATE and lower legs was MARGINAL while protection of the passenger chest was ADEQUATE and lower legs was POOR. GOOD protection was seen for all other critical body regions.

The front structure of the Citroen C4 presented a moderate risk to occupants of an oncoming vehicle in the MPDB test (which evaluates vehicle-to-vehicle compatibility), and a 1.14 point penalty was applied.

In the full width frontal test, protection was ADEQUATE for the chest of both the driver and the rear passenger, with GOOD protection of all other critical body areas.

In the side impact test and the oblique pole test, protection offered to all critical body regions was GOOD and the Citroen C4 scored maximum points in these tests.

Prevention of excursion (movement towards the other side of the vehicle) in the far side impact tests was assessed as POOR for both the vehicle-to-vehicle impact scenario and the vehicle-to-pole scenario.

There was significant excursion of the dummy in both far-side tests, resulting in a POOR rating for this assessment. A centre airbag or other countermeasure to prevent contact between the heads of front seat occupants in side impacts is not available on the Citroen C4, and therefore no occupant-to-occupant head contact test was conducted.

A Rescue Sheet, providing information for first responders in the event of a crash is available. A multi-collision braking system is fitted but did not meet the protocol requirements and was not rewarded.

| | | |
|--|------|------------|
| FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB)[#] | 4.81 | (out of 8) |
| FULL WIDTH FRONTAL[#] | 7.73 | (out of 8) |
| SIDE IMPACT[#] | 6.00 | (out of 6) |
| OBLIQUE POLE[#] | 6.00 | (out of 6) |
| WHIPLASH PROTECTION | 3.59 | (out of 4) |
| FAR SIDE IMPACT | 0.12 | (out of 4) |
| RESCUE & EXTRICATION | 1.00 | (out of 2) |

[#] Scaled scores. Total test scored out of 16.00 points.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)



DRIVER

| | |
|--------------|----------|
| Head / neck: | 4.00 pts |
| Chest: | 2.76 pts |
| Upper legs: | 4.00 pts |
| Lower legs: | 2.44 pts |
| Deductions: | Nil |

FRONT PASSENGER

| | |
|--------------|----------|
| Head / neck: | 4.00 pts |
| Chest: | 3.96 pts |
| Upper legs: | 4.00 pts |
| Lower legs: | 0.00 pts |
| Deductions: | Nil |

COMPATIBILITY

| | |
|-------------|-----------|
| Deductions: | -1.14 pts |
|-------------|-----------|



FULL WIDTH FRONTAL (50km/h)



DRIVER

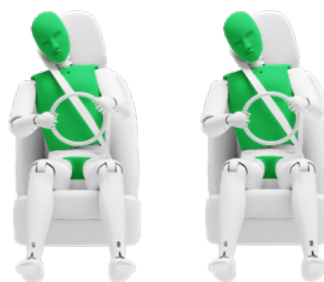
| | |
|-------------|----------|
| Head: | 4.00 pts |
| Neck: | 4.00 pts |
| Chest: | 3.37 pts |
| Upper legs: | 4.00 pts |
| Deductions: | Nil |

REAR PASSENGER

| | |
|-------------|----------|
| Head: | 4.00 pts |
| Neck: | 4.00 pts |
| Chest: | 3.54 pts |
| Upper legs: | 4.00 pts |
| Deductions: | Nil |

SIDE IMPACT

OBLIQUE POLE



SIDE IMPACT - MDB (60km/h)

| | |
|-------------|----------|
| Head: | 4.00 pts |
| Chest: | 4.00 pts |
| Abdomen: | 4.00 pts |
| Pelvis: | 4.00 pts |
| Deductions: | Nil |

OBLIQUE POLE (32km/h)

| | |
|-------------|----------|
| Head: | 4.00 pts |
| Chest: | 4.00 pts |
| Abdomen: | 4.00 pts |
| Pelvis: | 4.00 pts |
| Deductions: | Nil |

FAR SIDE IMPACT



SIDE IMPACT (MDB)

| | |
|------------------|------------|
| Head: | 0.00 pts |
| Neck: | 0.57 pts |
| Chest & Abdomen: | 0.00 pts |
| Pelvis: | No penalty |

OBLIQUE POLE

| | |
|------------------|------------|
| Head: | 0.00 pts |
| Neck: | 0.17 pts |
| Chest & Abdomen: | 0.00 pts |
| Pelvis: | No penalty |

OCCUPANT-TO-OCCUPANT

Head contact: [NOT ASSESSED]
No centre airbag



WHIPLASH (REAR IMPACT) PROTECTION



| | |
|---------------------------|----------|
| Driver / front passenger: | 2.59 pts |
| Rear passenger: | 1.00 pts |

RESCUE & EXTRICATION

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Rescue Sheet | ● | No penalty |
| Door Opening | ● | No penalty |
| Multi-Collision Braking | ✗ | Failed assessment |
| Advanced eCall | ✗ | 1.00 pt default |



81%

39.88 POINTS
OUT OF 49

In the frontal offset test, protection of the head and neck of the 6 year dummy was ADEQUATE and protection of the neck of the 10 year dummy was MARGINAL, while the protection offered to all other critical body regions of both the 6 and 10 year dummies was GOOD.

In the side impact test, protection of all critical body areas was GOOD for both dummies, and maximum points were scored.

The Citroen C4 is fitted with lower ISOFix anchorages on the rear outboard seats and top tether anchorages for all rear seating positions.

Installation of typical child restraints available in Australia and New Zealand showed most child restraints could be accommodated in all rear seating positions, however care is needed to correctly install ISOFix restraints, as the ISOFix anchorages are located deep within the seat cushion, making it difficult to latch and unlatch the ISOFix attachments.

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| DYNAMIC TEST (FRONT) | 13.88 (out of 16) |
| DYNAMIC TEST (SIDE) | 8.00 (out of 8) |
| RESTRAINT INSTALLATION | 10.00 (out of 12) |
| ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES | 8.00 (out of 13) |

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)



6 YEAR OLD

10 YEAR OLD

SIDE IMPACT (60km/h)



10 YEAR OLD

6 YEAR OLD

ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES

| FEATURE | FRONT PASSENGER | 2nd ROW OUTBOARD | 2nd ROW CENTRE | 3rd ROW OUTBOARD | 3rd ROW CENTRE |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| ISOFix | × | ● | × | - | - |
| Integrated child restraints | × | × | × | - | - |
| Top tether anchorage | × | ● | ● | - | - |
| Airbag disabling | × | - | - | - | - |

● FITTED TO TEST CAR AS STANDARD ● NOT FITTED TO TEST CAR BUT AVAILABLE AS AN OPTION × NOT AVAILABLE - NOT APPLICABLE

GOOD ADEQUATE MARGINAL WEAK POOR

NOTE: The child restraints fitted to vehicles tested by Euro NCAP are relevant to the European market. For Australasian consumers, this information should be used as a guide to vehicle features only. The Child Restraint Evaluation Program (CREP) provides an independent assessment on the safety of Australasian child restraints - see www.childcarseats.com.au.



CHILD RESTRAINT INSTALLATION*

| CHILD RESTRAINT (CRS) TYPE^ | | FRONT ROW | 2nd ROW | | | 3rd ROW | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|--|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|
| | | PASSENGER | LEFT | CENTRE | RIGHT | LEFT | CENTRE | RIGHT |
| BELTED | TYPE A | Rearward facing capsule | × | ● | ● | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE A | Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A) | × | ● | ● | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE A | Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B) | × | ● | ● | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE B | Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A) | × | ● | ● | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE B | Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B) | × | ● | ● | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE E | Booster - 4 to 8 years | × | ● | ● | ● | - | - |
| ISOFIX | TYPE F | Booster - 4 to 10 years | × | ● | ● | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE A | Rearward facing capsule | × | ● | - | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE A | Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A) | × | ● | - | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE A | Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B) | × | ● | - | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE B | Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A) | × | ● | - | ● | - | - |
| | TYPE B | Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B) | × | ● | - | ● | - | - |

* Installation of each child restraint is assessed separately in each position. Installation of multiple restraints has not been assessed and may not be possible.

^ The above list of child restraints has been selected to provide a general indication of the rated vehicle's ability to accommodate various CRS types. ANCAP does not endorse or recommend any one CRS brand or model, nor does it rate the safety of child restraints.



57%

30.89 POINTS
OUT OF 54

The bonnet of the Citroen C4 provided GOOD or ADEQUATE protection to the head of a struck pedestrian over most of its surface, with WEAK and POOR results recorded at the base of the windscreen and on the stiff windscreen pillars.

The bumper provided GOOD protection to pedestrians' legs and protection of the pelvis was also GOOD.

The tested Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB) system uses a camera only. It offered MARGINAL performance in tests of its effectiveness in pedestrian test scenarios, with GOOD performance recorded in daylight scenarios and MARGINAL performance in some night-time scenarios.

The AEB system does not react to vulnerable road users in reverse (AEB Backover) or turning scenarios and so was not tested in these scenarios. The system does not react to cyclists and was not tested. The system's overall performance was classified as WEAK.


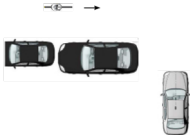



The AEB system provided in Australian and New Zealand vehicles uses camera and radar which is likely to improve performance, however the performance of this system has not been tested.

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| HEAD IMPACTS | 15.26 (out of 24) |
| UPPER LEG IMPACTS | 6.00 (out of 6) |
| LOWER LEG IMPACTS | 6.00 (out of 6) |
| AEB - Pedestrian (forward) | 3.63 (out of 7) |
| AEB - Pedestrian (backover) | 0.00 (out of 2) |
| AEB - Cyclist | 0.00 (out of 9) |

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (PEDESTRIAN & CYCLIST)

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| SYSTEM NAME: | Active Safety Brake |
| TYPE: | Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning |
| OPERATIONAL FROM: | 10-85 km/h |
| DESCRIPTION: | System functions in the daytime and night |

| AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - PEDESTRIAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|---|-------|--|---|
| TEST SCENARIO | AEB + FCW | | FORWARD | | | | | | | | | | BACKOVER | |
| | Adult walking along road | | Adult crossing towards kerb (50%) | | Adult crossing from kerb (25%) | | Adult crossing from kerb (75%) | | Child running (obstructed) | | Adult crossing side road, vehicle turning | | Adult walking behind reversing vehicle | Adult standing behind reversing vehicle |
| | DAY | NIGHT | DAY | NIGHT | DAY | NIGHT | DAY | NIGHT | DAY | NIGHT | DAY | NIGHT | DAY | DAY |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PERFORMANCE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MARGINAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - CYCLIST | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| TEST SCENARIO | FCW | FORWARD | | | |
| | Cyclist travelling along road (25%) | Cyclist crossing from kerb (obstructed) | Cyclist travelling along road (50%) | Cyclist crossing (nearside) | Cyclist crossing (farside) |
| | DAY | DAY | DAY | DAY | DAY |
| |  |  |  |  |  |
| PERFORMANCE | [NOT TESTED] | | | | |

PEDESTRIAN IMPACT TEST (40 KM/H)





62%

9.96 POINTS
OUT OF 16

The Citroen C4 is fitted with autonomous emergency braking (AEB) and a lane support system (LSS) with lane keep assist (LKA) and emergency lane keeping (ELK) functionality, and blind spot monitoring (BSM).

Tests of the AEB (Car-to-Car) system showed ADEQUATE and GOOD performance with collisions avoided or mitigated in most test scenarios. AEB Junction Assist, where the test vehicle can autonomously brake to avoid crashes when turning across the path of an oncoming vehicle or pedestrian, is not available so tests of these scenarios were not conducted. Overall, effectiveness of the AEB (Car-to-Car) system performance was rated as MARGINAL.

Tests of the LSS functionality showed GOOD performance in LKA tests, with the system intervening in some of the more critical ELK test scenarios. Overall performance of the LSS system was classified as GOOD.

A speed assistance system (SAS) is also standard equipment on the Citroen C4. This system identifies the local speed limit and allows the driver to set the speed accordingly.

A seatbelt reminder system is fitted to all seating positions with occupancy detection available for the front passenger and rear outboard seating positions, but not the centre rear position.

A driver drowsiness monitor system is fitted as standard.

OCCUPANT STATUS

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| - Seat belt reminders | 1.00 (out of 2) |
| - Driver monitoring | 1.00 (out of 1) |

SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS 2.35 (out of 3)

LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS 3.25 (out of 4)

AEB - Car-to-Car 2.36 (out of 4)

AEB - Junction Assist 0.00 (out of 2)

LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS (LSS)

SYSTEM NAME: Lane Keeping Assist
OPERATIONAL FROM: 65-250 km/h

| EMERGENCY LANE KEEPING (ELK) | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|--|------------|
| TEST SCENARIO | Oncoming vehicle | Overtaking vehicle (GVT at 72 km/h) | | Overtaking vehicle (GVT at 80 km/h) | | Road edge | | | | Solid line |
| | | UNINTENTIONAL | INTENTIONAL | UNINTENTIONAL | INTENTIONAL | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| PERFORMANCE | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADEQUATE | | | | | | | | | | |

| LANE KEEP ASSIST (LKA) | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|--|------------|--|
| TEST SCENARIO | Dashed Line | | Solid Line | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| PERFORMANCE | GOOD | | | |

| HUMAN MACHINE INTERFACE (HMI) | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| FUNCTION | Lane Departure Warning (LDW) | PASS |
| | Blind Spot Monitoring (BSM) | PASS |



AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (CAR-TO-CAR)

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| SYSTEM NAME: | Active Safety Brake |
| TYPE: | Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning |
| OPERATIONAL FROM: | 10-85 km/h |
| DESCRIPTION: | Defaults ON for every journey |

| HUMAN MACHINE INTERFACE (HMI) | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--------------|
| FUNCTION | Supplementary warning | [NOT FITTED] |
| | Restraint activation / dynamic retractors | [NOT FITTED] |

| AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - CAR-TO-CAR | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------------|---|---------|---------|
| TEST SCENARIO | Driving towards a stationary car | | | | | TEST VEHICLE SPEED | Turning across the path of oncoming vehicle | | |
| | -50% OFFSET | -75% OFFSET | 100% OFFSET | 75% OFFSET | 50% OFFSET | | TARGET VEHICLE SPEED | | |
| | | | | | | | 30 KM/H | 45 KM/H | 55 KM/H |
| | 10 KM/H | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 KM/H | | | | | | | | |
| 20 KM/H | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | [NOT TESTED] | | |
| AEB (10-50 km/h) | | | | | | | | | |
| FCW (30-80 km/h) | | | | | | | | | |
| PERFORMANCE | GOOD | | | | | | | | |

| AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - CAR-TO-CAR | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| TEST SCENARIO | Toward car braking lightly | | Toward car braking heavily | | Driving towards a slower moving car* | | | | |
| | 12m HEADWAY | 40m HEADWAY | 12m HEADWAY | 40m HEADWAY | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| AEB (10-50 km/h) | | | | | | | | | |
| FCW (50*-80 km/h) | | | | | | | | | |
| PERFORMANCE | ADEQUATE | | | | | | | | |

OCCUPANT STATUS

| WARNING TYPE | DRIVER | FRONT PASSENGER | REAR PASSENGERS |
|------------------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Occupant Detection | - | ● | ✗ |
| Seat Belt Reminder (Visual) | ● | ● | ● |
| Seat Belt Reminder (Audible) | ● | ● | ● |
| Driver Monitoring | ● | - | - |

SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS (SAS)

| SAS FEATURE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Speed Limit Information Function | Camera based |
| Speed Limitation Function | System advised |

● PASS ● FAIL ✗ NOT AVAILABLE - NOT APPLICABLE

GOOD ADEQUATE MARGINAL WEAK POOR

SAFETY FEATURES & TECHNOLOGIES

| FEATURE / TECHNOLOGY~ | AVAILABILITY | |
|---|--------------|----|
| | AUS | NZ |
| Seat belts (three-point) for all forward-facing seats | ● | ● |
| Seat belt pre-tensioners (front) | ● | ● |
| Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 2nd row | ● | ● |
| Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear centre) - 2nd row | ✗ | ✗ |
| Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 3rd row | - | - |
| Intelligent seat belt reminder (driver) | ● | ● |
| Intelligent seat belt reminder (front passenger) | ● | ● |
| Intelligent seat belt reminder (2nd row seats) | ● | ● |
| Intelligent seat belt reminder (3rd row seats) | - | - |
| Airbag - frontal (driver) | ● | ● |
| Airbag - frontal (passenger) | ● | ● |
| Airbags - side, chest protection (front seats) | ● | ● |
| Airbags - side, chest protection (2nd row seats) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Airbags - side, chest protection (3rd row seats) | - | - |
| Airbags - side, head protection (front seats) | ● | ● |
| Airbags - side, head protection (2nd row seats) | ● | ● |
| Airbags - side, head protection (3rd row seats) | - | - |
| Airbag - centre | ✗ | ✗ |
| Airbag - knee (driver) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Airbag - knee (front passenger) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Airbag disabling switch - automatic (front passenger) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Airbag disabling switch - manual (front passenger) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Head restraints for all seats | ● | ● |
| Active bonnet | ✗ | ✗ |
| Adaptive cruise control (ACC) | ● | ● |
| Anti-lock braking system (ABS) | ● | ● |
| Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Car-to-Car | ● | ● |
| Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - VRU | ● | ● |
| Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Backover | ✗ | ✗ |
| Automatic emergency call (eCall) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Blind spot monitor (BSM) | ● | ● |
| Child presence alert | ✗ | ✗ |
| Electronic brakeforce distribution (EBD) | ● | ● |
| Electronic data recorder (EDR) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Electronic stability control (ESC) | ● | ● |
| Emergency brake assist (EBA) | ● | ● |
| Emergency stop signal (ESS) | ● | ● |
| Fatigue reminder | ● | ● |
| Fatigue monitor / detection | ● | ● |
| Forward collision warning (FCW) | ● | ● |
| ISOFix | ● | ● |
| Lane departure warning (LDW) | ● | ● |
| Lane keep assist (LKA) | ● | ● |
| Pre-crash systems | ● | ● |
| Rear cross-traffic alert (RCTA) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Reversing collision avoidance (camera) | ● | ● |
| Roll stability system | ✗ | ✗ |
| Secondary / multi-collision brake | ● | ● |
| Speed assistance - auto / intelligent speed limiter | ● | ● |
| Speed assistance - manual speed limiter | ● | ● |
| Speed assistance - speed sign recognition & warning | ● | ● |
| Smart (intelligent) key | ✗ | ✗ |
| Vehicle-to-infrastructure communication (V2I) | ✗ | ✗ |
| Vehicle-to-vehicle communication (V2V) | ✗ | ✗ |

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| TESTED MAKE / MODEL | Citroen C4 LHD |
| TESTED VEHICLE(S) BUILT | 2021 |
| TESTED BODY TYPE | Small car |
| TESTED VEHICLE ENGINE | 1.2 litre petrol |
| RATING PUBLISHED | November 2021 |
| RATING UPDATED | February 2023 |

MODEL VARIANTS:

ANCAP safety ratings do not automatically extend to variants that have different body styles, engine configurations, driven wheels or occupant restraint systems (e.g. fewer airbags). In these cases, ANCAP considers technical evidence submitted by manufacturers before deciding on the extension of a rating to additional variants of a model.

RATING YEAR (DATESTAMP):

The Rating Year denotes the year requirements against which a vehicle has been assessed. The Rating Year is determined by ANCAP and, for vehicles rated from 2018, the Rating Year is the year in which the vehicle was tested.

~ Specifications & availability subject to change. Please check with the vehicle manufacturer for confirmation of vehicle specification.

● STANDARD ○ OPTIONAL ✗ NOT AVAILABLE
 ● NOT AVAILABLE ON BASE VARIANT BUT STANDARD OR OPTIONAL ON HIGHER VARIANTS