COVERED BY THIS RATING

FORD RANGER

JULY 2022 - ONWARDS ALL VARIANTS EXC. RAPTOR





The Ford Ranger was introduced in Australia and New Zealand in July 2022. This ANCAP safety rating applies to all variants except the

Dual frontal, side chest-protecting and side head-protecting (curtain) airbags, and driver and passenger knee airbags are standard. A centre airbag which provides added protection to front seat occupants in side impact crashes is also standard.

July 2022. This ANCAP safety rating applies to all variants except the Raptor which is unrated.

Dual frontal side chest-protecting and side head-protecting (curtain)

93%
CHILD DCCUPANT

RATING YEAR

VEHICLE TYPE

ENGINE TYPE

BUILT FROM

ON SALE FROM

SERIES

N/A

AIRBAGS

Dual frontal, sig

N/A
Dual frontal, side chest, side head, centre, driver & passenger knee

Autonomous emergency braking (Car-to-Car, Vulnerable Road User and Junction Assist) as well as a lane support system with lane keep assist (LKA), lane departure warning (LDW) and emergency lane keeping (ELK), and an advanced speed assistance system (SAS) are standard equipment. AEB Backover and ELK-overtaking functions are not available on cab-chassis vehicles, but are standard on all other variants.

NOTE: Installation of child restraints in the centre seating position of the second row in dual cab variants is not recommended as there is no top tether anchorage.

Installation of child restraints in the single and extended cab variants is not recommended as there are no top tether anchorages.





83%

SAFETY

RATING APPLICABILITY

VARIANT	BODY TYPE	ENGINE	DRIVETRAIN	AUS	NZ
Ford Ranger XL Single Cab	Cab Chassis	2.0 litre diesel	4x2	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XL Single Cab	Cab Chassis	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XL RAP Cab	Utility / Cab Chassis	2.0 litre diesel	4x2	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XL RAP Cab	Utility / Cab Chassis	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XL Double Cab	Utility / Cab Chassis	2.0 litre diesel	4x2	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XL Double Cab	Utility / Cab Chassis	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XLS Double Cab	Utility	2.0 litre diesel	4x2	\checkmark	-
Ford Ranger XLS Double Cab	Utility	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	_
Ford Ranger XLT RAP Cab	Utility	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XLT Double Cab	Utility	2.0 litre diesel	4x2	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XLT Double Cab	Utility	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger XLT Double Cab	Utility / Cab Chassis	3.0 litre diesel	4WD	\checkmark	-
Ford Ranger Sport Double Cab	Utility	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	_
Ford Ranger Sport Double Cab	Utility	3.0 litre diesel	4WD	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger Wildtrak Double Cab 🔷	Utility	2.0 litre diesel	4x4	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger Wildtrak Double Cab 🔷	Utility	3.0 litre diesel	4WD	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ford Ranger Raptor Double Cab	Utility	3.0 litre petrol	4WD	×	×
Ford Ranger Platinum Double Cab	Utility	3.0 litre petrol	4WD	\checkmark	\checkmark

ADULT OCCUPANT PROTECTION



The passenger compartment of the Ford Ranger remained stable in the frontal offset (MPDB) test. Protection of the driver's chest and the passenger's lower legs was rated as ADEQUATE. Protection of all other critical body regions for the driver and the front passenger was GOOD.

The front structure of the Ford Ranger presented a high risk to occupants of an oncoming vehicle in the MPDB test (which evaluates vehicle-to-vehicle compatibility), and a 4.00 point penalty was applied.

In the full width frontal test, protection of the driver dummy was GOOD for all critical body areas. Protection of the rear passenger neck was ADEQUATE while protection of the chest of the rear passenger was rated MARGINAL, with GOOD protection of all other critical body areas.

In the side impact test, protection offered to all critical body regions of the driver was GOOD. In the more severe oblique pole test, protection for the chest was MARGINAL and pelvis was ADEQUATE.

The Ford Ranger is equipped with a centre airbag to protect against occupant-to-occupant interaction in side impacts and it provided GOOD protection for the head of both front seat occupants. Prevention of excursion (movement towards the other side of the vehicle) in the far side impact tests was assessed as GOOD for the vehicle-to-vehicle impact scenario, and ADEQUATE in the vehicle-to-pole scenario.

Tests on the front and rear seats of the Ford Ranger Double Cab showed GOOD protection against whiplash injuries in the event of a rear-end collision, however rear whiplash protection in extended cab (RAP Cab) variants was rated as POOR.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)





pts
pts
pts
pts

FRONT PASSENGER

Head / neck:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Upper legs:	4.00 pts
Lower legs:	3.74 pts
Lower legs:	3.74 pts
Deductions:	Nil



Deductions: -4.00 pts

FULL WIDTH FRONTAL (50km/h)



DRIVER

Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Upper legs:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

REAR PASSENGER

Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	3.29 pts
Chest:	2.15 pts
Upper legs:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

RESCUE & EXTRICATION

Rescue Sheet		No penalty
Door Opening / Extrication		No penalty
Multi-Collision Braking		1.00 pt
Advanced eCall	×	1.00 pt default

A Rescue Sheet, providing information for first responders in the event of a crash is available, and a multi-collision braking system is fitted.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB)#	5.28	(out of 8)	
FULL WIDTH FRONTAL#	7.36	(out of 8)	
SIDE IMPACT#	6.00	(out of 6)	
OBLIQUE POLE#	5.15	(out of 6)	
WHIPLASH PROTECTION	2.44	(out of 4)	
FAR SIDE IMPACT	4.00	(out of 4)	
RESCUE & EXTRICATION	2.00	(out of 2)	

#Scaled scores. Total test scored out of 16.00 points.

SIDE IMPACT OBLIQUE POLE





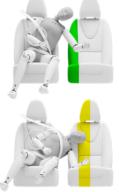
SIDE IMPACT (MDB) (60km/h)

Head:	4 00 pto
неаа:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

OBLIQUE POLE (32km/h)

Head:	4.00 pts
Chest:	2.14 pts
Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	3.60 pts
Deductions:	Nil

FAR SIDE IMPACT





SIDE IMPACT (MDB)

Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	4.00 pts
Chest & Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	No penalty

OBLIQUE POLE

	Head:	4.00 pts
	Neck:	4.00 pts
	Chest & Abdomen:	4.00 pts
	Pelvis:	No penalty
	Chest & Abdomen:	4.00 pts

OCCUPANT-TO-OCCUPANT

Head contact: No penalty

WHIPLASH (REAR IMPACT) PROTECTION



Driver / front passenger: 2.44 pts Rear passenger: 0.00 pts



In the frontal offset and side impact tests, protection of the 10 year and 6 year dummies was GOOD and the Ford Ranger scored maximum points in both of these tests.

The Ford Ranger is fitted with lower ISOFix anchorages and top tether anchorages on the rear outboard seats.

Installation of typical child restraints available in Australia and New Zealand showed that all of the selected child restraints could be accommodated in each of the rear outboard seating positions and full points were scored for this assessment.

NOTE: Installation of child restraints in the centre seating position of the second row in dual cab variants is not recommended as there is no top tether anchorage.

Installation of child restraints in the single and extended cab variants is not recommended as there are no top tether anchorages.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)



6 YEAR OLD

10 YEAR OLD

DYNAMIC TEST (FRONT)16.00(out of 16)DYNAMIC TEST (SIDE)8.00(out of 8)RESTRAINT INSTALLATION12.00(out of 12)ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES10.00(out of 13)

SIDE IMPACT (60km/h)



10 YEAR OLD

6 YEAR OLD

ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES

FEATURE	FRONT PASSENGER	2nd ROW OUTBOARD	2nd ROW CENTRE	3rd ROW OUTBOARD	3rd ROW CENTRE
ISOFix	×	•	×	-	-
Integrated child restraints	×	×	×	-	-
Top tether anchorage	×	•	×	-	-
Airbag disabling	•	-	-	-	-

FITTED TO TEST CAR AS STANDARD

NOT FITTED TO TEST CAR BUT AVAILABLE AS AN OPTION

× NOT AVAILABLE

- NOT APPLICABLE



NOTE: The Child Restraint Evaluation Program (CREP) provides an independent assessment on the safety of Australasian child restraints - see www.childcarseats.com.au.



CHILD RESTRAINT INSTALLATION*

	CHILD RESTRAINT (CRS) TYPE^		FRONT ROW	OW 2nd ROW			3rd ROW		
			PASSENGER	LEFT	CENTRE	RIGHT	LEFT	CENTRE	RIGHT
BELTED		Rearward facing capsule	×	•	×		-	-	-
	TYPE A	Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	×	•	-	-	-
		Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	×	•	-	_	-
	ТҮРЕ В	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	×	•	-	-	-
		Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	×	•	-	_	-
	TYPE E	Booster - 4 to 8 years	×	•	×	•	-	-	-
	TYPE F	Booster - 4 to 10 years	×	•	×	•	-	-	-
ISOFIX	TYPE A	Rearward facing capsule	×	•	×	•	-	-	-
		Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	×		-	_	_
		Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	×	•	-	_	-
	TYPE B	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	•	×	•	-	-	-
		Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	•	×	•	-	_	_

^{*} Installation of each child restraint is assessed separately in each position. Installation of multiple restraints has not been assessed and may not be possible.

[^] The above list of child restraints has been selected to provide a general indication of the rated vehicle's ability to accommodate various CRS types. ANCAP does not endorse or recommend any one CRS brand or model, nor does it rate the safety of child restraints.

VULNERABLE ROAD USER PROTECTION



The bonnet of the Ford Ranger provided GOOD or ADEQUATE protection to the head of a struck pedestrian over most of its surface, with some POOR results recorded along the front of the bonnet and on the stiff windscreen pillars.

Protection of the pelvis was mixed, with areas of GOOD and POOR performance, while the bumper provided mostly ADEQUATE protection to pedestrians' legs.

The autonomous emergency braking (AEB) system is capable of detecting and reacting to vulnerable road users such as pedestrians and cyclists, and the AEB system offered ADEQUATE performance in tests of its effectiveness in pedestrian test scenarios. The AEB system does not react to pedestrians in turning scenarios, and the AEB Backover system is not standard on all variants. Consequently these functions were not tested.

GOOD performance was seen in cyclist test scenarios, with collisions avoided or mitigated in most scenarios. Overall, the system's effectiveness for vulnerable road user protection was rated as GOOD.

HEAD IMPACTS	16.33 (out of 24)
UPPER LEG IMPACTS	4.40 (out of 6)
LOWER LEG IMPACTS	5.26 (out of 6)
AEB - Pedestrian (forward)^	5.90 (out of 7)
AEB - Pedestrian (backover)	NOT TESTED (out of 2)
AEB - Cyclist^	8.07 (out of 9)

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (PEDESTRIAN, CYCLIST & BACKOVER)

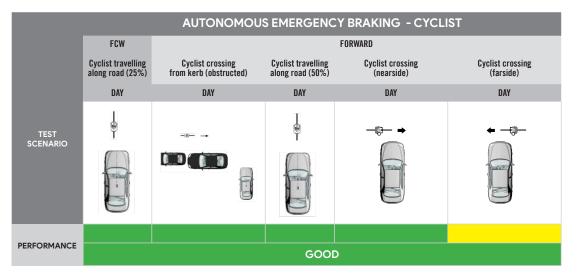
SYSTEM NAME: Pre-Collision Assist

TYPE: Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning

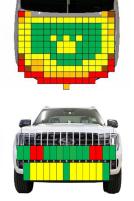
OPERATIONAL FROM: 5-80 km/h

DESCRIPTION: System functions in the daytime and night

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - PEDESTRIAN									
	AEB + FCW FORWARD					BACKOVER			
	Adult walking along road	Adult crossing towards kerb (50%)	Adult crossing from kerb (25%)	Adult crossing from kerb (75%)	Child running (obstructed)	Adult crossing side road, vehicle turning	Adult walking behind reversing vehicle	Adult standing behind reversing vehicle	
	DAY NIGHT	DAY NIGHT	DAY NIGHT	DAY NIGHT	DAY NIGHT	DAY NIGHT	DAY	DAY	
TEST SCENARIO			•	***		*	- \$	3	
PERFORMANCE		-			-	-			
	ADEQUATE								



PEDESTRIAN IMPACT TEST (40 KM/H)



[^] In order to qualify for the scoring shown, Ford Rangers manufactured before 12 September 2022 require a software update, to be performed by Ford dealers during routine servicing.



The Ford Ranger is fitted with an autonomous emergency braking (AEB) system capable of functioning at highway speeds and a lane support system (LSS) with lane keep assist (LKA) and emergency lane keeping (ELK) functionality.

Tests of the AEB (Car-to-Car) system showed a mix of ADEQUATE and GOOD performance with collisions avoided or mitigated in most test scenarios, including AEB Junction Assist where the test vehicle can autonomously brake to avoid crashes when turning across the path of an oncoming vehicle.

Tests of LSS functionality showed GOOD performance, including in the more critical emergency lane keeping test scenarios.

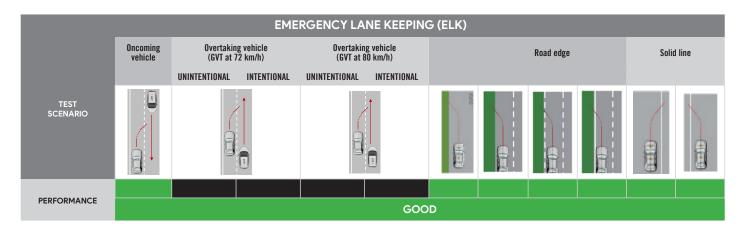
A speed assistance system (SAS) is also standard, informing the driver of the local speed limit and allowing the driver to set the speed accordingly.

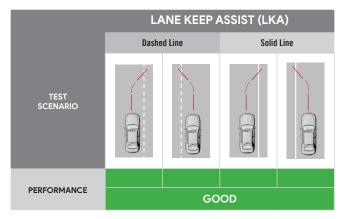
A seatbelt reminder system is fitted for all front and rear seating positions, however occupant detection is not available for rear seats. A driver drowsiness monitor system is fitted as standard.

OCCUPANT STATUS			
- Seat belt reminders	1.00	(out of 2)	
- Driver monitoring	1.00	(out of 1)	
SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS	2.58	(out of 3)	
LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS^	3.50	(out of 4)	
AEB - Car-to-Car^	3.32	(out of 4)	
AEB - Junction Assist^	2.00	(out of 2)	

LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS (LSS)

SYSTEM NAME: Lane Keeping System OPERATIONAL FROM: 60-180 km/h







[^] In order to qualify for the scoring shown, Ford Rangers manufactured before 12 September 2022 require a software update, to be performed by Ford dealers during routine servicing.



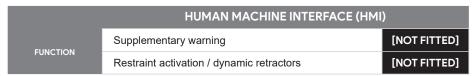
AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (CAR-TO-CAR)

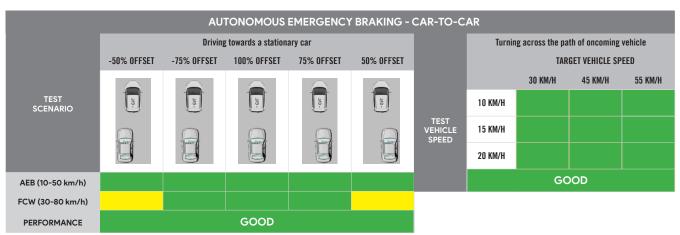
SYSTEM NAME: Pre-Collision Assist

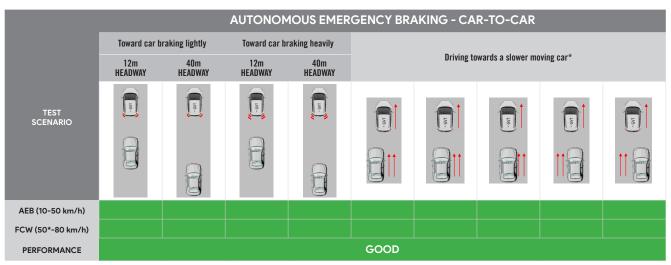
TYPE: Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning with emergency steering assist

OPERATIONAL FROM: 4-180 km/h

DESCRIPTION: Defaults ON for every journey







OCCUPANT STATUS

WARNING TYPE	DRIVER	FRONT PASSENGER	REAR PASSENGERS
Occupant Detection	-	•	×
Seat Belt Reminder (Visual)	•	•	•
Seat Belt Reminder (Audible)	•	•	•
Driver Monitoring	•	-	-

SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS (SAS)

SAS FEATURE	DESCRIPTION		
Speed Limit Information Function	Camera & map		
Speed Limitation Function	System advised		

SAFETY FEATURES & TECHNOLOGIES

FEATURE / TECHNOLOGY~		BILITY
	AUS	NZ
Seat belts (three-point) for all forward-facing seats		
Seat belt pre-tensioners (front)	#	#
Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 2nd row		
Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear centre) - 2nd row Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 3rd row	×	×
Intelligent seat belt reminder (driver)	-	_
Intelligent seat belt reminder (driver)		
Intelligent seat belt reminder (2nd row seats)	#	#
Intelligent seat belt reminder (3rd row seats)	_	
Airbag - frontal (driver)		
Airbag - frontal (passenger)		
Airbags - side, chest protection (front seats)		
Airbags - side, chest protection (2nd row seats)	×	×
Airbags - side, chest protection (3rd row seats)	_	_
Airbags - side, head protection (front seats)		
Airbags - side, head protection (2nd row seats)	#	•#
Airbags - side, head protection (3rd row seats)	-	_
Airbag - centre		
Airbag - knee (driver)		
Airbag - knee (front passenger)		
Airbag disabling switch - automatic (front passenger)		
Airbag disabling switch - manual (front passenger)	×	×
Head restraints for all seats		
Active bonnet	×	×
Adaptive cruise control (ACC)		
Anti-lock braking system (ABS)		
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Car-to-Car		
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - VRU		
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Backover	•	
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Junction Assist		
Automatic emergency call (eCall)	×	×
Blind spot monitor (BSM)	•	
Child presence alert	×	X
Electronic brakeforce distribution (EBD)	•	
Event data recorder (EDR)	X	×
Electronic stability control (ESC)		
Emergency brake assist (EBA)	•	•
Emergency stop signal (ESS)	X	×
Fatigue reminder		
Fatigue monitor / detection Forward collision warning (FCW)		
ISOFix		
Lane departure warning (LDW)		
Lane keep assist (LKA)		
Pre-crash systems	×	×
Rear cross-traffic alert (RCTA)		
Reversing collision avoidance (camera)		
Roll stability system		
Secondary / multi-collision brake		•
Speed assistance - auto / intelligent speed limiter		•
Speed assistance - manual speed limiter		
Speed assistance - speed sign recognition & warning		
Smart (intelligent) key	×	×
Vehicle-to-infrastructure communication (V2I)	X	×
Vehicle-to-vehicle communication (V2V)	×	×

TESTED MAKE / MODEL

Ford Ranger Wildtrak RHD

TESTED VEHICLE(S) BUILT 2022 **TESTED BODY TYPE**

Utility

TESTED VEHICLE ENGINE 2.0 & 3.0 litre diesel **RATING PUBLISHED**

September 2022

RATING UPDATED May 2023

MODEL VARIANTS:

ANCAP safety ratings do not automatically extend to variants that have different body styles, engine configurations, driven wheels or occupant restraint systems (e.g. fewer airbags). In these cases, ANCAP considers technical evidence submitted by manufacturers before deciding on the extension of a rating to additional variants of a model.

RATING YEAR (DATESTAMP):

The Rating Year denotes the year requirements against which a vehicle has been assessed. The Rating Year is determined by ANCAP and, for vehicles rated from 2018, the Rating Year is the year in which the vehicle was tested.

- Specifications & availability subject to change. Please check with the vehicle manufacturer for confirmation of vehicle specification.
- # Applies to Double Cab and RAP Cab variants only.
- STANDARD
 OPTIONAL
 NOT AVAILABLE
- NOT AVAILABLE ON BASE VARIANT BUT STANDARD OR OPTIONAL ON HIGHER VARIANTS