Congratulations on your new Akita!

The Akita is an intelligent, loyal dog that requires patience and more time than it may take other breeds to train and socialize to be a well-rounded companion in your home and community. To help you provide the best care for your Akita, we encourage you to participate in the Parent Club, regional clubs, group listservs, and Facebook support groups. The following options are available to every Akita fancier.

Join the Parent Club!
The Akita Club of America (ACA) was established in 1960 and is the American Kennel Club (AKC) licensed member club for the breed in the United States. The ACA’s main objective is “the preservation and protection of the breed and improvement of the character and conformation of the Akita as described in the official breed standard.”

The ACA publishes educational materials about the Akita covering the breed’s care, history, and future. These materials are listed at the Parent Club website at www.akitaclub.org

Membership in the ACA is a good way to pursue your interest in the breed. Areas of interest with active involvement of its membership include conformation and obedience shows, agility trials, rally trials, therapy, genetics and hereditary problems, rescue, and public education.

Within the ACA there are affiliate regional clubs. Regional clubs consist of local Akita fanciers whose common bond is a love for the breed. Experienced Akita owners are an important reservoir of information for all things “Akita.” Regional clubs offer puppy fun matches, obedience trials, and specialty shows. They provide educational information, assistance, and camaraderie in your local area. Health clinics are another benefit sponsored by some local clubs and offer an opportunity to have your Akita tested for various health clearances at a reduced cost. A list of regional clubs throughout the USA is available from the ACA website. If a regional club is unavailable in your area, the ACA can give you a list of individual Akita contacts that can be very helpful in answering your questions.

Try the Internet
If you have access to the Internet, you’ll enjoy meeting people and learning more about Akitas on one of the many Akita listservs. Try groups.yahoo.com and search for “Akita” or do a search on your favorite search engine. Many resources have also been developed on social media outlets, like Facebook.

Rescue
Purebreds, including the popular Akita, do end up in shelters. The numbers continue to rise. Looking at your puppy, you cannot imagine any Akita being homeless; however, Akita rescue groups are overworking with purebred Akitas. Sadly, people assume that any dog with AKC papers is automatically eligible for breeding. AKC registration is not a guarantee of your Akita’s health, temperament, or quality. Even an Akita with several AKC champions in its pedigree may not be suitable for breeding. Breeding is a serious responsibility. When a “breeder” produces litters simply for money or because they believe all purebred dogs should be bred, the resulting puppies are often sold or given away to the wrong homes. Akitas are not suitable for all homes.

The ACA strongly encourages owners who have purchased an Akita for non-breeding purposes to consider spaying or neutering your companion after twelve (12) months of age. Waiting until your Akita has matured to twelve (12) months of age before undergoing a spay/neuter operation will help to encourage proper bone growth and hopefully reduce the risk of orthopedic problems related to improper bone maturation in the future.

There are important health benefits to spaying/neutering. Spaying of female dogs greatly reduces the risk of mammary cancer as well as eliminating other reproductive cancers. Having a female in heat means dealing with the mess of a “bleeding” female. Accidental pregnancies, which may result in problems, can be very expensive. Neutering a male reduces the incidence of prostate enlargement, and testicular or prostate cancer later in life. Another benefit of a neuter is eliminating your dog’s need to mark his territory with urine, both inside and out! A common myth is “it will make him a sissy.” Although neutering at an early age removes some of the Akita’s sex motivated territorial aggression and reduces the urge to roam the neighborhood, your male Akita will remain a male and your female will retain her feminine traits. They will both be more affectionate with your family. Most importantly, you won’t contribute to Akita overpopulation issues that currently exist.

It is important to realize that Akitas are not a breed that should be allowed to run loose, and when not in a fenced area, should never be off leash.

If you think you want to Breed
If you think you would like to breed a litter, the first step is an honest comparison of your Akita to the Akita Breed Standard. Obtain a copy from AKC, ACA, or ACA’s website (www.akitaclub.org). Visit local dog shows to see Akitas in conformation. One of the best ways to judge the quality of your Akita is by competing for an AKC Championship title. Consider seeking out a breeder mentor with years of experience behind their program who can help prepare you for the responsibilities that come with being a breeder. Visit the ACA Contacts webpage and send the Breeder Education committee chairperson an email requesting a list of mentors in your area.

Genetically transmitted diseases are an issue of concern for responsible breeders. You are strongly urged to investigate and

© 2019, Akita Club of America, Inc. All rights reserved. Permission must be requested from ACA for use of any portion herein.
use the recommended genetic screens and health checks BEFORE breeding. Responsible breeders have their dogs examined (including x-rays) to screen for health of hips, elbows, patellas. In addition, breeders should have their dogs eyes examined to ensure they are clear of PRA, cataracts and glaucoma. The results are submitted for review and registered with the Orthopedic Foundation for Animals (OFA). OFA now offers clearance for hypothyroid disease, which is a common problem in Akitas. Evaluation for hips may be reviewed and registered with PennHip as an alternative registry to OFA.

The responsible breeder thoroughly screens potential homes and remains in touch with the families, guiding and assisting their puppy buyers through all phases of the dog’s life. A responsible breeder also must always be willing to take a dog back should a problem arise. Breeding a litter is a big responsibility and must be taken seriously. For more information about ACA Rescue efforts, please visit akitacub.org/akita_rescue/ where you will also find many valuable articles and resources about training, raising, and grooming your new Akita.

Health – Genetics

The ACA is participating in the AKC’s Parent Club Partnership Program that provides assistance to parent clubs attempting to resolve serious health problems. Currently underway at various research universities are research grants covering bloat, Sebaceous Adenitis, Myasthenia Gravis, VKH, PRA and Pemphigus.

DNA collected from hundreds of Akitas is the key to success in these studies. Once the marker genes (the direct cause of inherited disease) are located, testing can be developed that will provide breeders with the means to eliminate these genetic diseases from their breeding programs. Every Akita owner is encouraged to participate.

Many ACA members support health research for the Akita through the AKC Canine Health Foundation—a nonprofit charitable organization whose mission is to help dogs live longer, healthier lives. Supporting the Canine Health Foundation will help ensure a healthy future for all dogs. For more information about ongoing health research to help Akitas or to make a donation to advance health research for your new Akita, call toll free 888-682-9696, or see www.akchf.org

Temperament – Training

& Responsible Ownership

Akitas attract attention with their size and majestic beauty, but owning an Akita is a responsibility not to be taken lightly. When you invest time in training and socialization, while learning as much as possible about the breed, your Akita will develop into a well-adjusted adult.

The Akita’s basic temperament ranges from lovable and calm to bouncy and aggressive. They have strong guarding instincts. Though known to be a quiet dog (in Japan they are called the “Silent Hunter”), they will sound the alarm when an intruder or stranger enters their territory. Guests that are welcome when you are home may not be welcomed by your Akita when family members are away. The Akita is resolutely loyal to his household ties. This loyalty to family can result in overzealous behavior with visiting children. An Akita may misinterpret children’s playfulness as a threat to their own child and act protectively. As a breed, they are not the easygoing child’s playmate that delights in endless play or teasing. Some Akitas are not tolerant around any small child. Caution should be taken with a large dog like an Akita around small children.

Most Akitas have powerful hunting instincts around other animals. For this reason, Akitas should not run free. Most Akitas are born “pack leaders.” This trait means an Akita will challenge another dog resulting in combative skirmishes if an owner is unprepared. The Akita has a strong urge to be dominant; therefore, dogs of the same sex usually are in conflict with each other when they reach sexual maturity. These big dogs are playful—downright silly at times—and love to romp. Above all else, they thrive on human companionship. Most will kennel and crate easily if trained as puppies. Obedience-wise, they can be willing to please as well as stubborn. They have a mind of their own and are extremely intelligent. For this reason, basic obedience at a young age is vital for control as an adult.

Akitas are cat-like in their love of grooming to keep themselves clean. They are odorless making their presence in the home a pleasure at all times. Akitas shed their undercoat twice yearly. The shedding process can last two to three weeks, twice a year. Daily brushing and regular bathing during this time makes the process bearable for you and your Akita. They are hardy and adaptable but you must provide good shade/shelter and lots of fresh water if your Akita will be spending time outside in a securely fenced yard. Proper containment of an Akita should be exercised at all times.

Identification of Lost Pets

Should your Akita become lost, the best insurance for its safe return is identification. Affix identification tags to a buckle collar and leave that on your Akita at all times. AKC Reunite now offers a free dog tag with recovery information. A 24-hour toll-free hotline is available with staff to help locate the owners. Recently, a 24-hour toll-free Pet Poison hot line was added for premium members to access.

Further protection, using a permanent tattoo or microchip, can be added and registered with AKC Reunite. There is a 100% re-homing rate with enrolled animals. For more information call 800-252-7894 or go to www.akcreunite.org

Nearly all animal shelters now have scanners to read these chips. The insertion procedure, available at most veterinary offices, is simple and painless. Another common method of identifying your Akita in the event s/he may become lost is applying a tattoo. It’s recommended that the placement of a pet identification tattoo be located in the ear of the Akita.

AKC Venues for Competing with Your Akita

Although conformation is the most widely known competition sport for dogs, there are several other sports open to our breed. Obedience, tracking, and agility develop tremendous bonding between dog and handler during training. Skillful teamwork and mutual respect is essential to good performance in these very exhilarating sports. Spayed and neutered dogs can participate in these AKC venues, unlike conformation which requires dogs to remain sexually unaltered.

For More Information

Once again, congratulations and welcome to the breed. For more information, see the National Parent Club website at: www.AkitClub.org

Or send an email request to: aca-c-secretary@akitacub.org

Or write to the following address:

Akita Club of America
135 Arbordale Way
Princeton, TX 75407

AKC has a vast resource of information pamphlets and videos available. See AKC’s website for a complete listing: www.akc.org

or contact them at the customer service office at (919) 233-9767.

Health Registries

OFA

Orthopedic Foundation for Animals

(Hip, Elbow, Patella, Eyes, Thyroid)

2300 E Nifong Boulevard

Columbia MO 65201-3806

(573) 442-0418 and

www.offa.org

PennHip

Antech Imaging Services (Hip)

17672-B Cowan Avenue

Irvine CA 92614

(877) 727-6800

info.antechimagingservices.com/pennhip/index.html