BACKGROUND
Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) has become a global pandemic that has impacted the world and resulted in a national emergency declaration in the US.

Although the nation is experiencing uncertain times, the National WIC Association (NWA) is here to provide support to the WIC community. NWA is the non-profit education arm and advocacy voice of the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC), the 6.9 million mothers and young children served by WIC and the 12,000 service provider Agencies who are the front lines of WIC’s public health nutrition services for the nation’s nutritionally at-risk mothers and young children.

BREASTFEEDING GUIDANCE FOR COVID-19
With various recommendations circulating from medical, public health, and breastfeeding authorities regarding breastfeeding and COVID-19, it can be difficult navigating which resource is best to use. The National WIC Association recommends following the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s (CDC) guidelines for breastfeeding and COVID-19.

CDC recommends the following:¹

Pregnancy

- It’s unknown whether or not pregnant individuals have a greater chance of getting sick from COVID-19 than the general public or if they’re more likely to have serious illness as a result. Based on available information, pregnant individuals seem to have the same risk as adults who are not pregnant.

However, we do know that:

- Pregnant individuals have changes in their bodies that may increase their risk of some infections.

- Pregnant individuals might be at an increased risk for severe illness from COVID-19 compared to non-pregnant individuals. Additionally, pregnant individuals with COVID-19 may be at increased risk for other adverse outcomes, such as preterm birth.

How to protect yourself:

- It is always important to protect yourself from illnesses during pregnancy.

- Avoid people who are sick or who have been exposed to the virus.

- Clean your hands often using soap and water for at least 20 seconds when available or alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol.

- Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces daily.

Mother-to-Child Transmission

- Mother-to-child transmission of coronavirus during pregnancy is unlikely, but after birth a newborn is susceptible to person-to-person spread.

- A very small number of babies have tested positive for the virus shortly after birth. However, it is unknown if these babies got the virus before or after birth.

- The virus has not been detected in amniotic fluid, breastmilk, or other maternal samples.

Breastfeeding

- Breastmilk provides protection against many illnesses and is the best source of nutrition for most infants.
In limited studies, COVID-19 has not been detected in breastmilk; however we do not know for sure whether mothers with COVID-19 can spread the virus via breastmilk.

If you are sick and choose to direct breastfeed:

- Wear a facemask and wash your hands before each feeding.
- Consult your healthcare provider.

If the you are sick and choose to express breastmilk:

- Express breastmilk to establish and maintain milk supply.
- A dedicated breast pump should be provided.
- Wash hands before touching any pump or bottle parts and before expressing breastmilk.
- Follow recommendations for proper pump cleaning after each use, cleaning all parts that come into contact with breastmilk.
- If possible, consider having someone who is well feed the expressed breastmilk to the infant.

Detailed recommendations can be found on CDC’s website.