**Blue False Indigo**  
*Baptisia australis*  
(bap-TIZ-ee-uh aws-TRAY-liss)  
Zone 3-9  
Blooms: May-June, very showy, like Lupines. 3'-4' high, 3'-4' wide.  
Flower color: indigo blue.  
Site: easily grown in well-drained soil, full sun or part shade. Attracts butterflies.

**Canada Columbine**  
*Aquilegia canadensis*  
(AH-kwi-lee-gee-ah can-ah-DEN-sis)  
Zone 3-8  
Blooms: April-July 1'-2' tall, .5'-1' wide  
Flower color: red and yellow flowers, extend from foliage, seem to dance in the breeze.  
Site: easily grown in well-drained soil in part shade to full sun, on open slope or wooded area. Self sow.  
Attracts butterflies and hummingbirds.

**Creeping Phlox**  
*Phlox stolonifera*  
(FLOKS sto-lon-IF-era)  
Zone 3-9  
6” tall, 6”-12” wide  
Blooms: April-May.  
Flower color: white, purple or pink.  
Site: easily grown in average, well-drained soil. Sun to part shade, can be used as ground cover. Attracts butterflies and hummingbirds.

**Jacob’s Ladder**  
*Polemonium reptans*  
(po-le-oh-MOH-nee-um REP-tanz)  
Zone 3-9  
Blooms: May-June. 1.5'-2' tall, 1.5' wide.  
Flower color: Blue-violet, dark green leaves look like rungs of a ladder  
Site: full sun to shade, moist, rich soil. Will naturalize easily. Found in woods and meadows.

**Large Merrybells**  
*Uvularia grandiflora*  
(you-vyoo-LAY-ree-uh gran-di-FLOR-ia)  
Zone 4-9  
Blooms: April-May. 1.5'-2' tall, 1.25' wide.  
Flower color: yellow, bell-shaped flowers hang from bright green leaves.  
Site: grows in well-drained, humusy soil. Prefers part shade-shade. Low maintenance, good for woodland setting sand shade gardens.

**Sharp Lobed Hepatica**  
*Hepatica acutiloba*  
(hee-PAT-ih-kuh uh-kyoa-th-LOB-a)  
Zone 4-8  
Blooms: early spring 4-6” tall, 6-9” wide.  
Flower color: pink to white flowers.  
Site: easily grown in rich soil. Part shade to shade. Low maintenance, use to naturalize shady areas.

**Soloman’s Seal**  
*Polygonatum commutatum*  
(po-lig-o-NAY-tum kom-MYOO-ta-tum)  
Zone 3-8  
Blooms: April-May. 1.5’ tall, 1.5’ wide.  
Flower color: small, bell-shaped greenish-yellow flowers hang in pairs from arching stems.  
Site: grows well in well-drained but moist soil. Part shade-shade. Low maintenance.

**Trillium**  
*Trillium grandiflorum*  
(TRIL-ee-um gran-dih-FLOR-um)  
Zone 3-8  
Blooms: April-June. 12”-18” tall, 12-15” wide.  
Flower color: 3 white petals on 3 green leaves.  
Site: moist, rich, well-drained soil. Shade preferred but can tolerate sun. Good woodland plant. Has unpleasant odor.

**Wild Geranium**  
*Geranium maculatum*  
(jeh-RAY-nee-um mak-yoo-LAY-tum)  
Zone 3-8  
Blooms: April-May. 12”-18” tall, 1-2’ wide.  
Flower color: Pink-lavender, cup-shaped.  
Site: easily grown in well-drained soil, but tolerates poor soil. Sun to part shade, Attracts butterflies.
What is a native plant? There are many definitions, however most botanists would probably agree that native means plants growing in North America prior to European settlement. Because a plant is native does not mean it is problem-free! Native plants grown in a non-native environment and lacking competitors/predators may become invasive.

We have identified plants that will grow well, are hardy for zones 3-4 and are low maintenance. As always, remember that careful site selection, planning and care will ensure success and are the key to minimal care and beautiful gardens. The principle of using the Right Plant in the Right Place applies here!

Gardens are ever changing and maturing. Choosing perennials for your garden helps ensure a continuity of color and style. Combining perennials for height, color, and foliage allows the gardener to define his/her space. Adding annuals, shrubs and trees can allow a garden to delight for the four seasons. There are many, many more perennials that can be grown in our area.

For a wonderful addition to your garden, check out perennials! Include some spring and fall perennials, along with annual flowers, for months of a beautiful, flowering garden. Enjoy your perennials, and share them with your friends!

We welcome all of your gardening questions! Please feel free to contact Cornell Cooperative Extension as noted on the back page and ... Happy Gardening!

References

Native Plants of the Northeast by Donald J. Leopold, 2005.


http://www.plants.usda.gov
http://www.gardening.cornell.edu/

For more information concerning items in this brochure or other gardening questions, please contact Cornell Cooperative Extension:

Clinton County: 6064 Route 22 #5
Plattsburgh, NY 12901
(518)561-7450

Essex County: 3 Sisco St.
Westport, NY 12993
(518)962-4810 ext 408

Visit us online at: http://ecgardening.cce.cornell.edu

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NATIVE SPRING BLOOMING PERENNIALS FOR THE NORTH COUNTRY

CORNELL COOPERATIVE EXTENSION

CLINTON COUNTY

Hepatica acutiloba
Sharp lobed Hepatica

With special appreciation to Pat Macomber whose guidance, knowledge and love of native plants inspired the creation of this brochure.