

ANNUAL EXAMINATION-2012

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Class:X

Time:2½Hours

Score: 80

Question Paper

1. Explain the locational factors that influence the Iron and Steel industries in India. (3)
2. Important scientists of the Renaissance age and their contributions are given in the following 'a' and 'b' columns. Fill in the blanks. (4)

A	B
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Copernicus• ?• Galileo Galili• ?	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ?• Principia Mathematica• ?• Father of taxonomy

3. How do we measure Human Development Index? Suggest two steps to improve the Human Development Index of India. (3)
4. Examine the role played by the Bill of Rights in solving the constitutional crisis in England. (2)
5. We have learned about the 'methods of direct democracy'. List out the four methods and analyse how it makes democracy more meaningful. (4)
6. Which among the following is not an application of geographical information system? (1)
 - a. Data redundancy is reduced.
 - b. Collect information of earth's surface directly.
 - c. Compare and analyse the geographic data.
 - d. Integrate data from different sources.
7. List any two important activities that come under primary sector. Why are these activities included in the primary sector? (3)
8. Imperialist powers used different tactics for colonization. Explain it on the basis of colonization in India and China. (6)

OR

The Balkan crisis and the partition of Africa were examples of imperialist aggrandizement and colonization. Explain.

9. Mark and label the following geoinformation on the outline map of India provided. (4)
 - a) River Kaveri
 - b) Uttarakhand State
 - c) Mumbai Port
 - d) Vindhya ranges



10. Why do we call the Banks and Non-Banking Institutions as Financial Intermediaries? (1)
11. How did the provisions of the treaty of Versailles affect Germany? Explain. (4)
12. The atmospheric pressure experienced in different regions of the earth is not the same. Analyse and write the factors responsible for it. (2)
13. What is meant by 'Free Trade Agreement'? Mention two countries with Free Trade Agreement. (2)
14. Who gave leadership to the national struggle in South Africa? What was its feature? (2)
15. The physical features of Antarctica is different from that of Asia. Elucidate the statement. (4)
16. Human Rights commissions adopt a different methods from the courts in the protection of human rights. Justify this statement by analyzing the powers and functions of the commission. (3)
17. Names of some exponents of a literary movement are given below: (3)
- Alfred Lord Tennyson
 - Mathew Arnold
 - Robert Browning
- Name the literary movement they represent? Mention its features.
18. Give two reasons of inflation. In India which agency is entrusted to control inflation? (3)
19. What is acidification? Mention the consequences of acidification in oceans. (2)
20. Prepare a short note on the economic policy of independent India. (2)
21. Analyse the problems created by urbanization in India. (3)

22. Eradication of social inequality was also one of the chief aims of the national movement. Prepare a short note on the Guruvayur Satyagraha which was held as a part of it. (2)
23. Mention the geographic techniques that can be utilized in the following situations: (2)
- To find out extent of crops destroyed by flood.
 - To estimate the extent of forest and lost due to the construction of roads.
24. Give one example each for state tax, central tax and local tax. (3)
25. Distinguish between society and community. (2)
26. The amount of rainfall received is not uniform all over India. Find out the reasons for the variations in the distribution of rainfall. (2)
27. Non-Alignment was the product of the world situation at the adoption of 'Non-alignment' and write the reasons for the same. (3)
28. Why is the man called a 'social being' Explain. (3)
29. Differentiate between cyclones and anti cyclones. (2)