



Permeable Reactive Barriers in a Residential Setting

Watertown, CT



Water



Environmental



Health & Safety



Compliance & Assurance



Infrastructure

Collaborators:



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Retail Petroleum Station

Watertown, CT

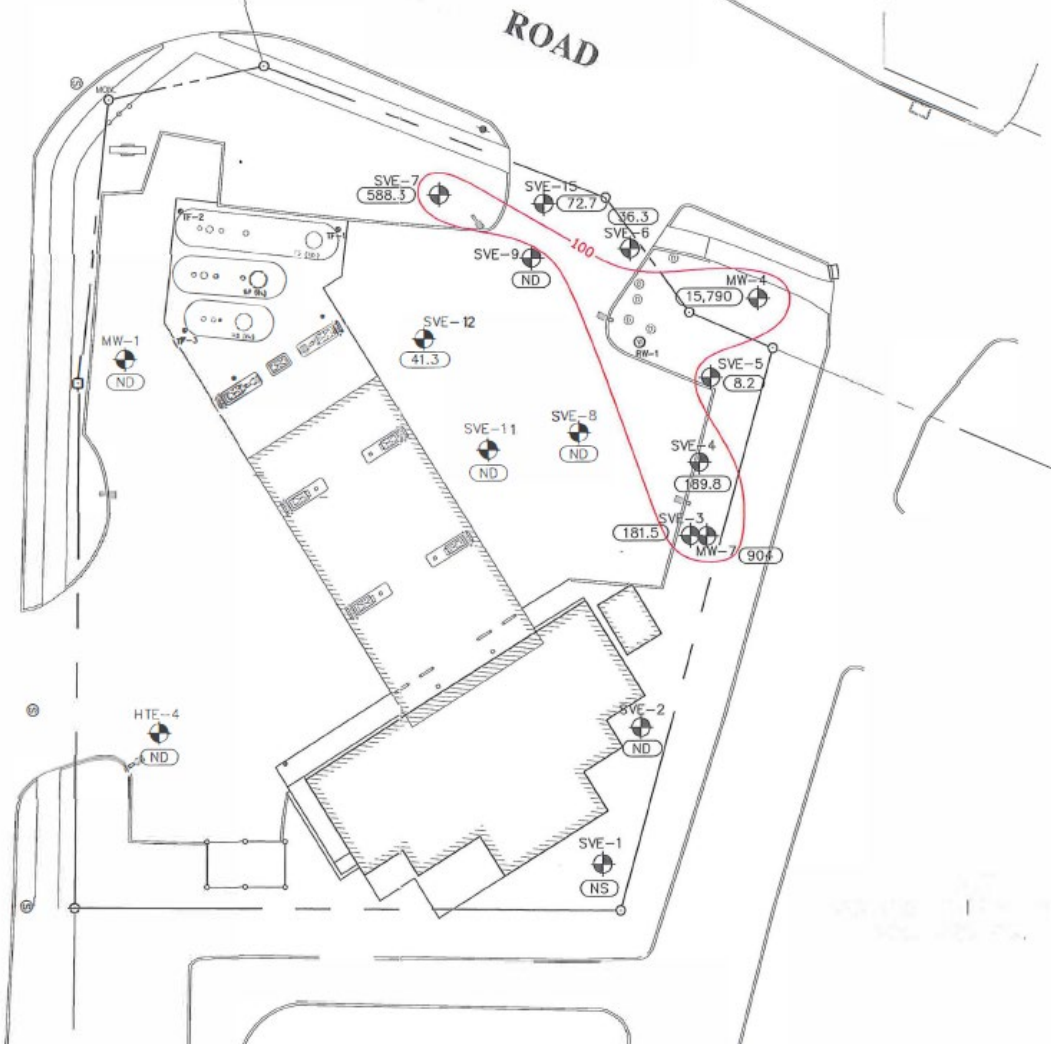
History

- Site has operated as a retail service station since the 1930s (kerosene/diesel/gasoline USTs)
- Potential auto repair operations 1930s-1980s
- 1981 – first-generation UST system removed
- 1999 – 8,000-tons excavated / 200,000-gallons of groundwater extracted
- 2000-2010 – GWP&T, AS, and SVE systems operated on the station property
- 1999-2009 – GWM performed, MNA determined to be appropriate remedial strategy
- 2009 – Isopleth maps skewed during closure assessment

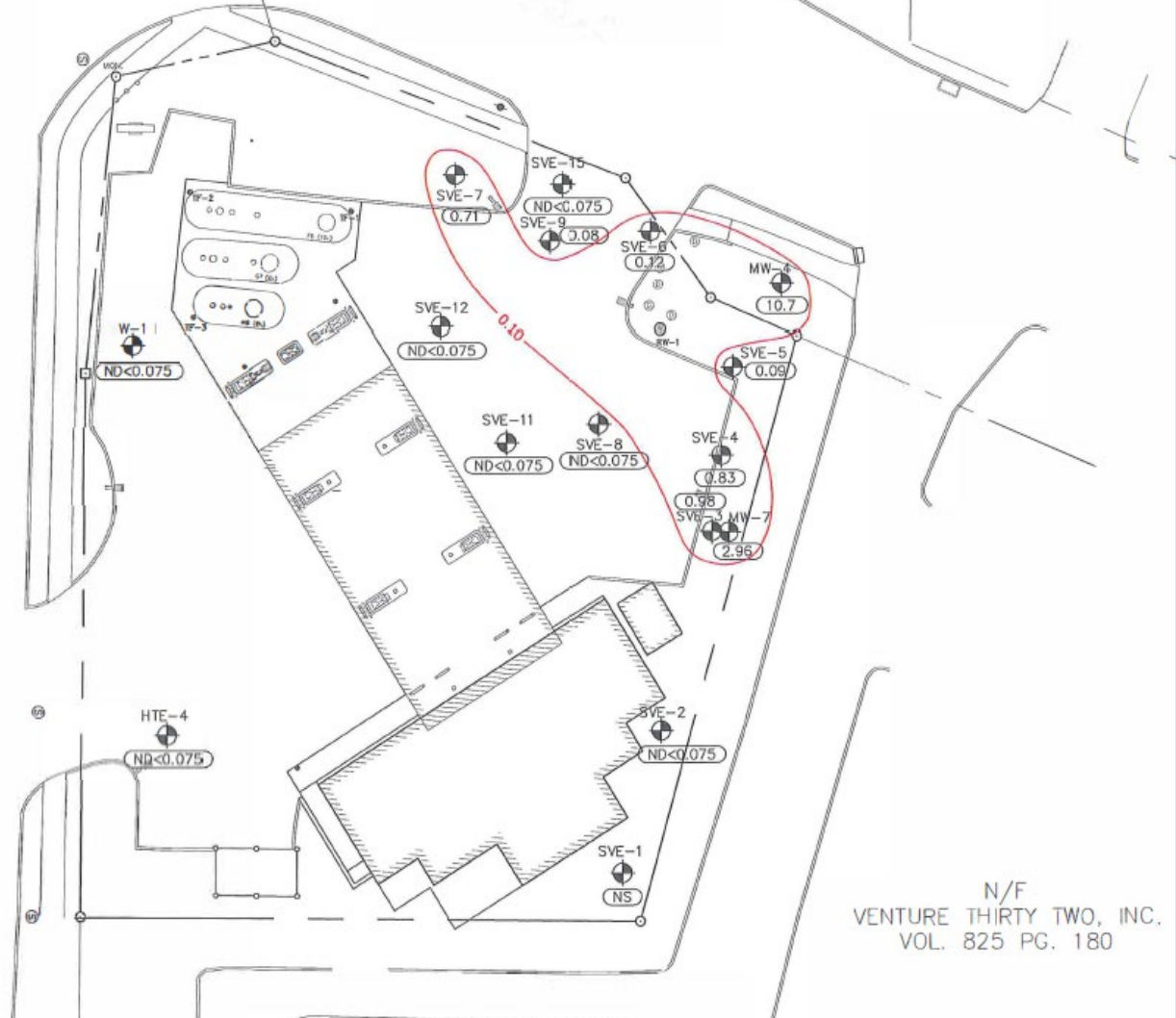


Isopleth Maps – December 2009

Total AVOCs (ppb)



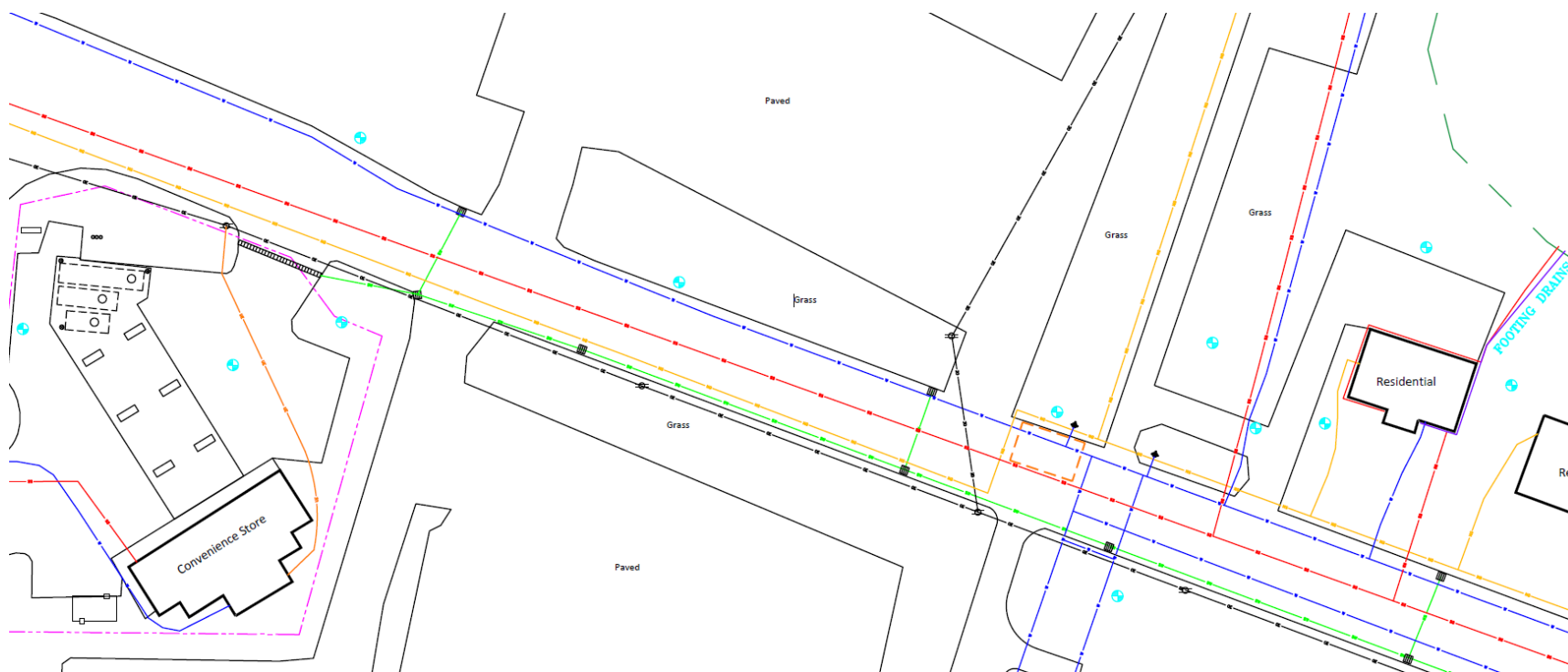
ETPH (ppm)



N/F
VENTURE THIRTY TWO, INC.
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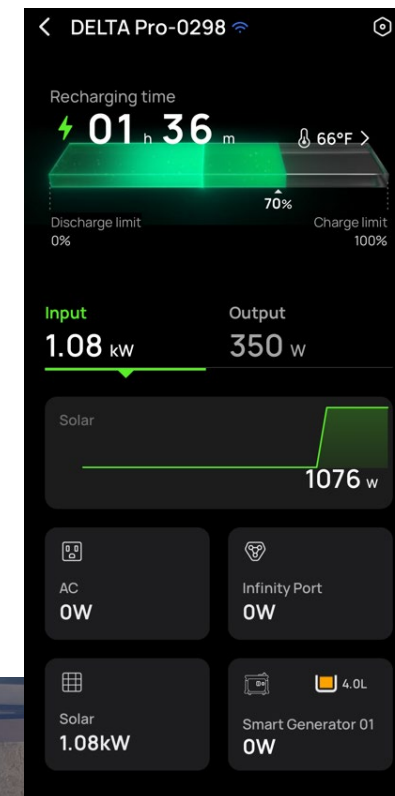
Water Line Repair / Impacts to Residential Properties

- Petroleum contamination discovered during hydrant repair ~300' from Site
- CTDEEP ERU installed 5 monitoring wells in the immediate area
- Elevated AVOCs & PAHs identified in groundwater
- Contaminated groundwater discharging to wetlands via footing drains
- Residents complaining of petroleum odors in backyard
- 9 additional monitoring wells installed across the area



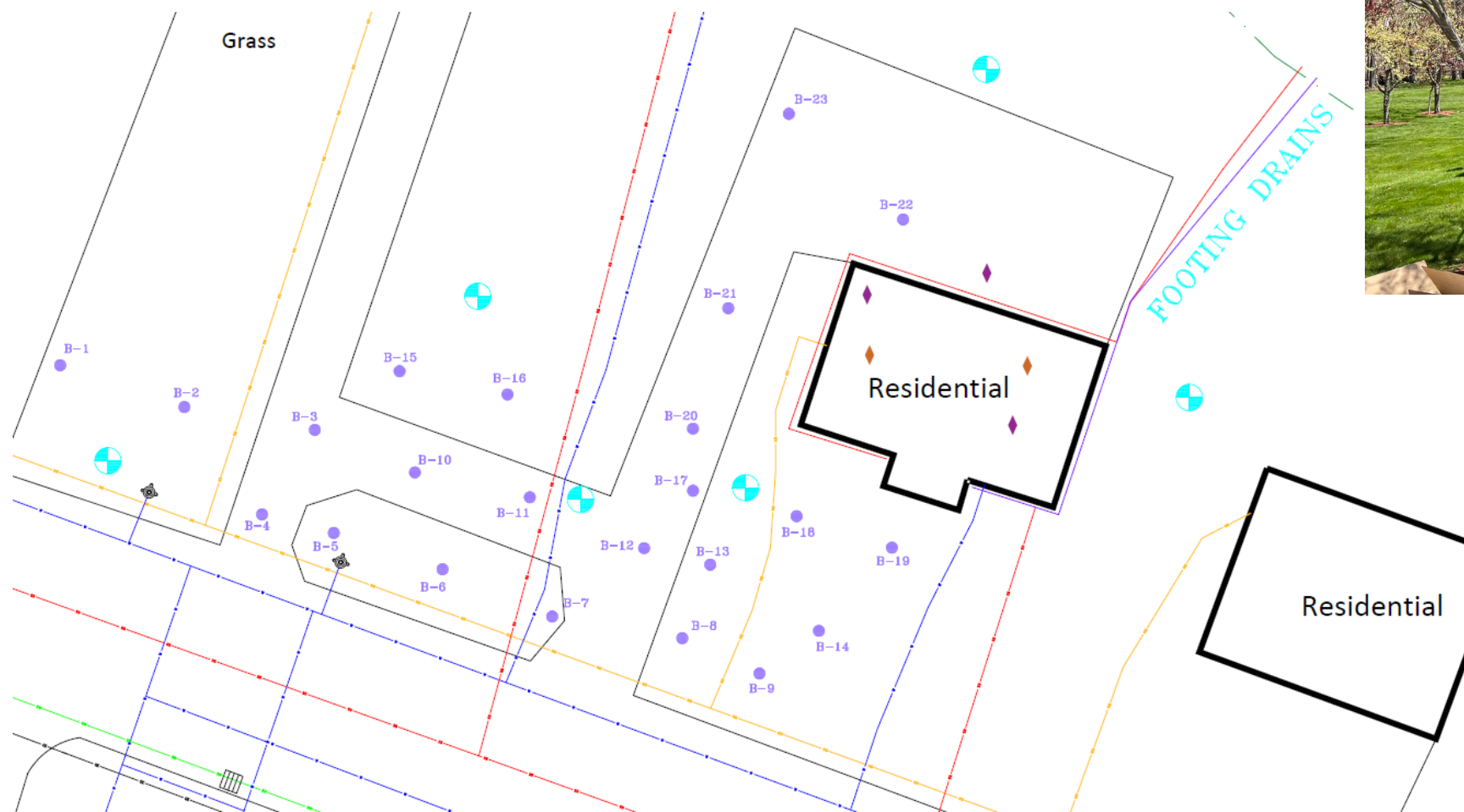
Groundwater Pump & Treat System

- Collection sump installed to collect footing drain discharge
- Water initially containerized in 21,000-gallon frac
- Treatment system implemented - sediment filter / GAC
- Challenges included power source and remote telemetry - Wi-Fi hotspot added for remote monitoring
- Custom-built solar array constructed with battery bank and backup propane generator



Remedial Design Characterization

- 23 soil borings advanced across the residential properties
- Interior soil vapor characterization in residential basement, as well as indoor/outdoor air quality sampling
- Area-wide groundwater characterization
- Geological evaluation of soil strata



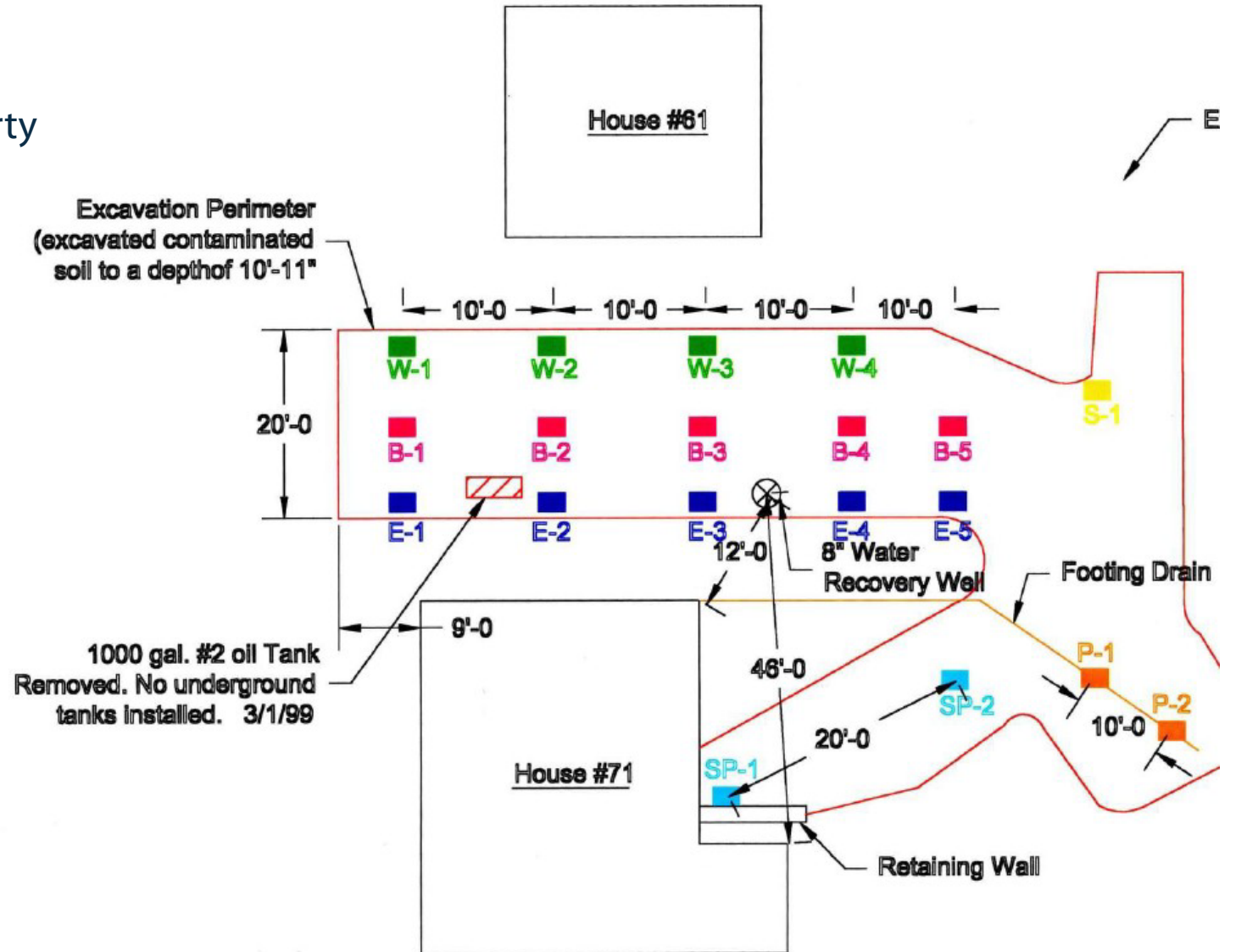
Geology

- Soil in the area classified as till
- Sand with 30-40% silt 0-10'
- Becoming extremely dense >10'
- Utility corridors bedded with crushed stone
- Bedrock >30'
- Roadway built up with imported fill in 1980s



Comingled Petroleum Plume

- 1999 – Leaking fuel oil UST at residential property
- Over 650-tons of soil removed
- Footing drains and former septic leaching field impacted
- Contamination left in-place due to proximity to foundations



Remediation Design

PRB Design

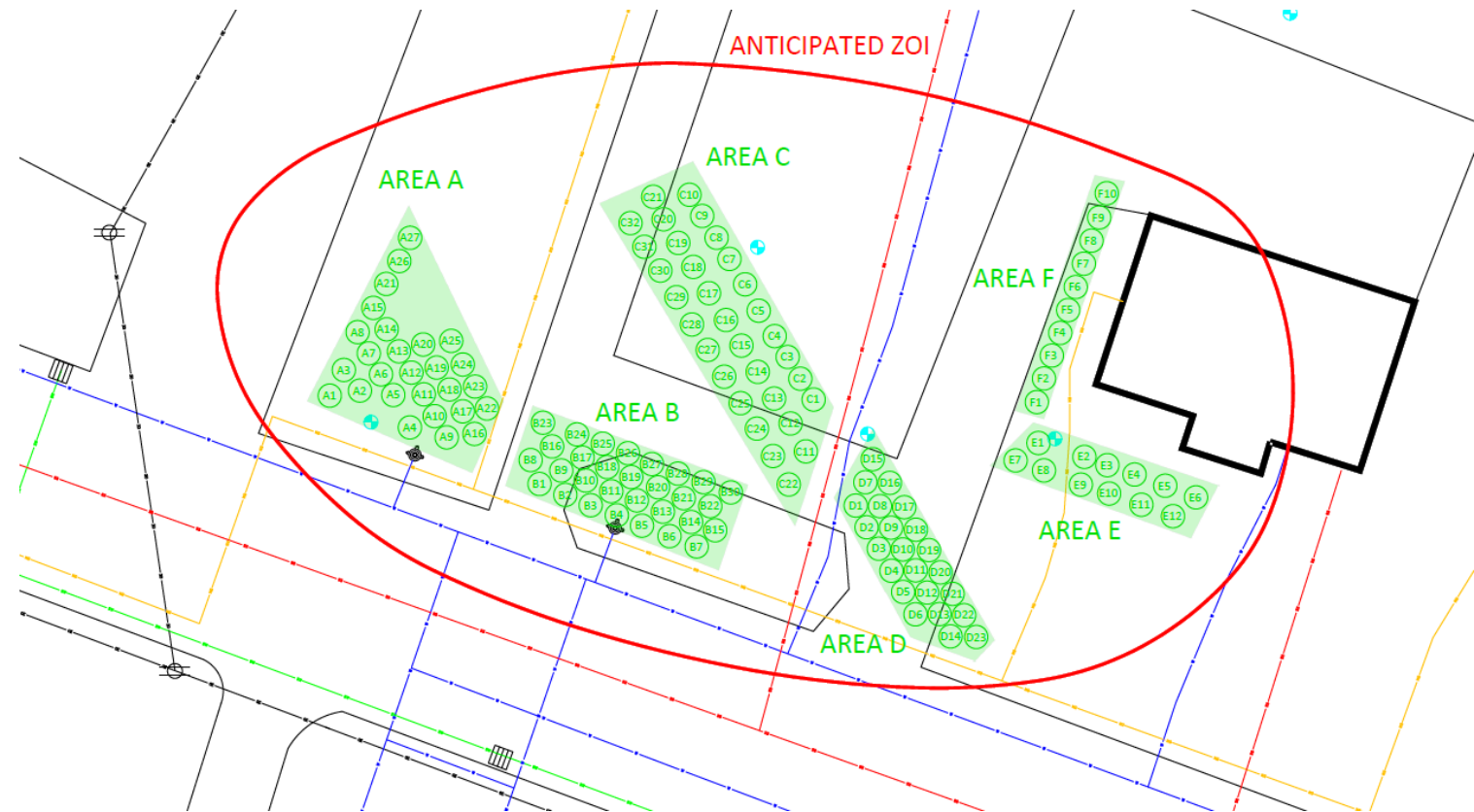
- 6 separate treatment areas totaling 3,100-square feet
- 134 injection points, triangular grid spacing of 4-5'
- 2-foot vertical intervals between 5-13'
- 24 gallons per minute average flow rate
- 200-600 PSI
- 5,590-gallons of BOS 200® solution

PRB Cost

- Chemicals and application
- Driller (17 days)
- Consultant – Oversight and planning

Challenges

- CTDEEP Permitting - Temporary Authorization
- Assumptions of contaminant mass
- Delivery of materials
- Utilities
- Access agreements



Technology Overview

Two Key Remediation Processes:

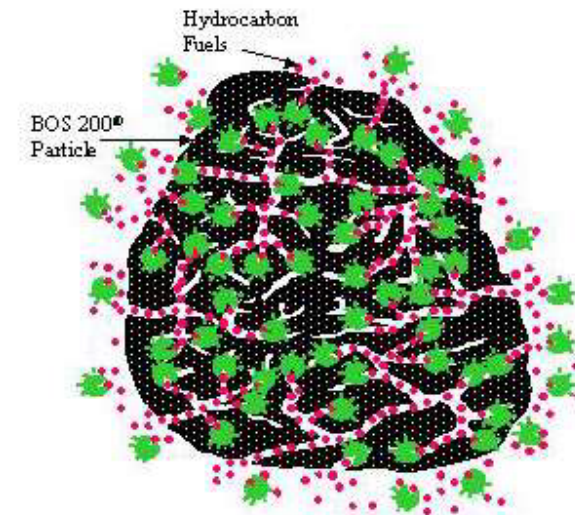
- Partition / trap contaminants via carbon adsorption
- Biodegradation

BOS 200® Remedial Components:

- Activated carbon
- Calcium sulfate (gypsum)
- Facultative blend of microbes
- Additional reagents
- Magnesium sulfate as a quick-release source of soluble sulfate
- Food-grade starch
- Yeast extract

Quantities Used

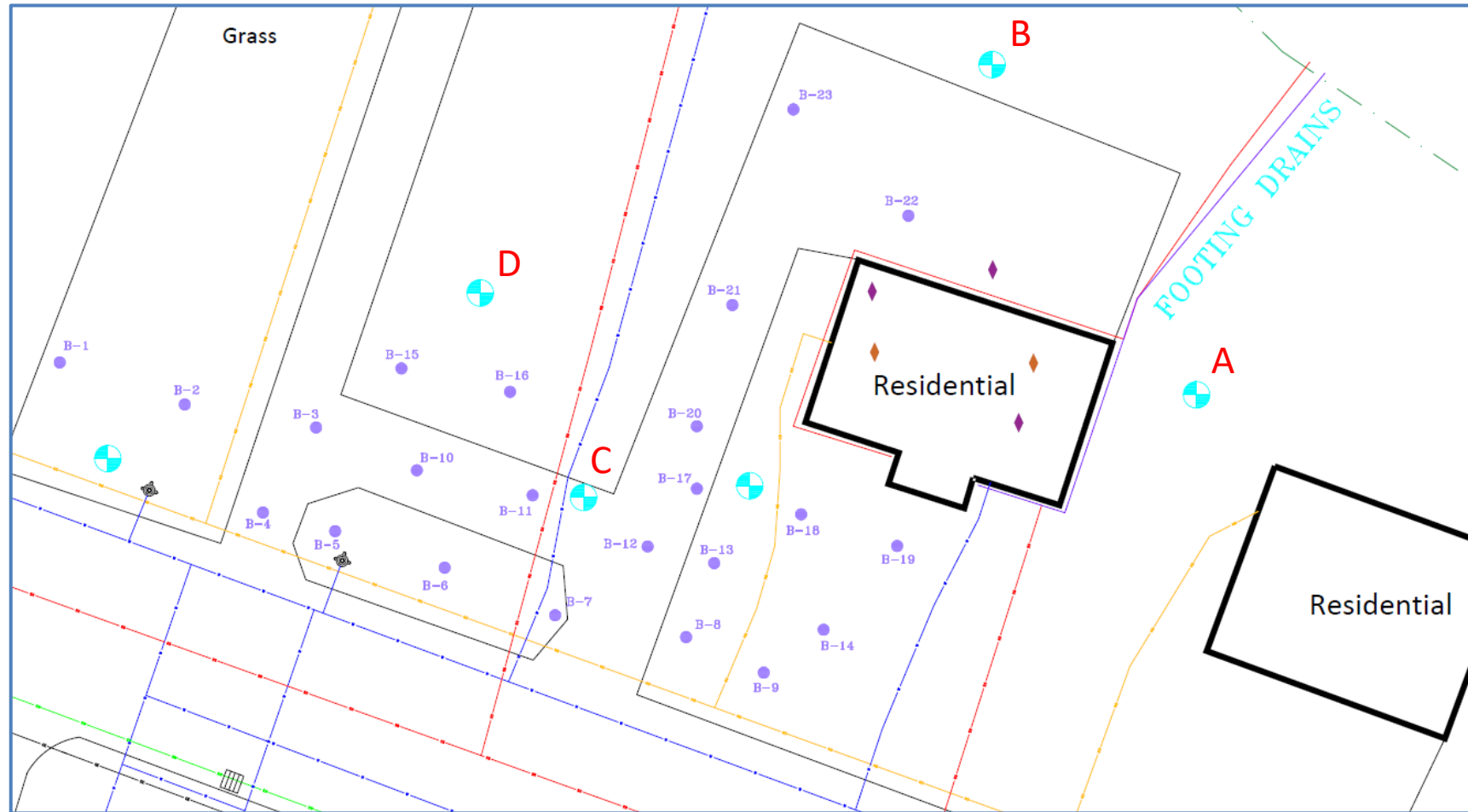
- 5,600 lbs BOS 200®
- 5 gallons BOS 200® bacteria
- 6,950 lbs magnesium sulfate
- 2,850 lbs starch
- 7,250 lbs gypsum
- 110 lbs yeast



PRB Remediation



Post-Remediation Groundwater Results – Inside ZOI



Post-Remediation Groundwater Results – Inside ZOI

Contaminants

| Sample ID | Sample Date | CTDEEP ETPH (mg/L) |
|-----------|-------------|--------------------|
| A | 5/1/2024 | <0.066 |
| | 7/17/2024 | 0.22 |
| | 12/3/2024 | <0.20 |
| | 2/18/2025 | 0.30 |
| | 5/19/2025 | 0.28 |
| | 8/18/2025 | 0.28 |
| B | 5/1/2024 | 0.20 |
| | 7/17/2024 | 0.21 |
| | 12/3/2024 | 0.22 |
| | 2/18/2025 | 0.21 |
| | 5/19/2025 | 0.25 |
| | 8/18/2025 | 0.43 |
| C | 7/17/2024 | 0.62 |
| | 12/3/2024 | 0.85 |
| | 2/18/2025 | 1.1 |
| | 5/19/2025 | 0.52 |
| | 8/18/2025 | 0.60 |
| D | 7/17/2024 | 1.9 |
| | 12/3/2024 | 1.5 |
| | 2/18/2025 | 1.4 |
| | 5/19/2025 | 1.6 |
| | 8/18/2025 | 2.0 |

Non-Target Parameters

| Monitoring Well | Sample Date | Nitrate (mg/L) | Nitrite (mg/L) | Nitrate-Nitrite (N) (mg/L) | Total Phosphorous (mg/L) | Sulfate (mg/L) |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| A | 7/17/2024 | <0.050 | <0.0500 | -- | 0.053 | 7.0 |
| | 12/3/2024 | -- | -- | <0.02 | <0.050 | 27 |
| | 2/18/2025 | <1.0 | <1.00 | -- | 0.070 | 21 |
| | 5/19/2025 | 1.4 | <1.00 | -- | <0.050 | 17 |
| | 8/18/2025 | 0.4 | <0.100 | -- | <0.050 | 65 |
| | | | | | | |
| B | 7/17/2024 | <0.050 | <0.0500 | -- | 0.088 | 7.8 |
| | 12/3/2024 | -- | -- | 0.13 | <0.050 | 190 |
| | 2/18/2025 | 0.14 | <0.100 | -- | 0.074 | 31 |
| | 5/19/2025 | <0.10 | <0.100 | -- | <0.050 | 81 |
| | 8/18/2025 | 0.37 | <0.100 | -- | <0.050 | 44 |
| | | | | | | |
| C | 7/17/2024 | <0.050 | <0.0500 | -- | 0.12 | <1.0 |
| | 12/3/2024 | -- | -- | <0.02 | <0.050 | 570 |
| | 2/18/2025 | <1.0 | <1.00 | -- | 0.087 | 72 |
| | 5/19/2025 | <1.0 | <1.00 | -- | <0.050 | 46 |
| | 8/18/2025 | <0.10 | <0.100 | -- | <0.050 | 13 |
| | | | | | | |
| D | 7/17/2024 | <0.050 | <0.0500 | -- | 0.13 | <1.0 |
| | 12/3/2024 | -- | -- | <0.02 | <0.050 | 940 |
| | 2/18/2025 | <0.50 | <0.500 | -- | 0.068 | 500 |
| | 5/19/2025 | <1.0 | <1.00 | -- | <0.050 | 44 |
| | 8/18/2025 | <0.10 | <0.100 | -- | <0.050 | 220 |
| | | | | | | |

Q&A

- Questions?
- Comments?
- Eagerly awaiting Luke to stop talking?

