AGA GUIDELINE ON
MANAGEMENT OF CROHN’S DISEASE AFTER SURGERY
CLINICAL DECISION SUPPORT TOOL

Surgically-induced CD remission

No pharmacological prophylaxis

Low risk of recurrence or patient preference/values

Pharmacological prophylaxis anti-TNF and/or thiopurine\(^1\) ± nitroimidazole (3 months)

Patient preference or intolerance to anti-TNF and thiopurine

Nitromidazole antibiotic

Ileocolonoscopy at 6-12 months

Endoscopic recurrence (Rutgeerts ≥ i2)

Anti-TNF and/or thiopurine\(^2\)

Ileocolonoscopy at 6-12 months

Endoscopic recurrence (Rutgeerts ≥ i2)

Optimize or add thiopurine/anti-TNF

\(^1\)Though most clinical trials in postoperative CD have evaluated only monotherapy, combination therapy may improve efficacy and decrease immunogenicity based on indirect evidence from trials of luminal CD.

\(^2\)Thiopurine monotherapy may be appropriate for lower risk patients with i2 recurrence.

Review at gastro.org/crohnsaftersurgerytool.