How To Give Away Your Faith

HANDOUT #4

The Key to Effectively Present The Gospel

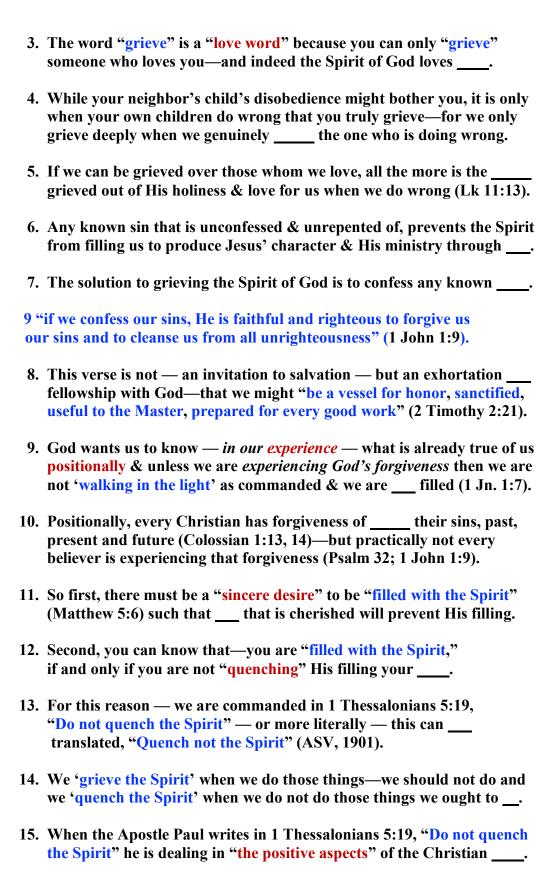
Introduction

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A.	We need to be prepared by depending on the Spirit's work of conversion.
	1. Many people today assume they are Christians simply because were raised in a Christian home or attend a church that identifies with Christianity but not by virtue of a second birth (John 3:3).
	2. Others, believe they will go to heaven because they think they have never really done anything that such as a murder or robbery.
	3. Still others might feel that because they regularly pray and confess their sins, and even read the Bible. that they are with God.
	4. This is why it is essential that we be filled with the Holy Spirit when we share the gospel, and that we earnestly ask God the Spirit to convict people of their sinful and offensive standing before God who is
	5. When the Apostle Paul shares his "ministry" with the Church residing in Corinth — he reminds all of us — that to be able to effectively share the gospel we desperately the supernatural work of the Spirit.
2 but crafti comm even	ore, since we have this ministry, as we received mercy, we do not lose heart we have renounced the things hidden because of shame, not walking in ness or adulterating the word of God, but by the manifestation of truth nending ourselves to every man's conscience in the sight of God. 3 And if our gospel is veiled, it is veiled to those who are perishing, 4 in whose ease the god of this world has blinded the minds of the unbelieving so that they might not see the light of the gospel of the glory of Christ, who is the image of God (2 Corinthians 4:3–4).
	6. In verse 1 he affirms, "As we have received mercy, we do not lose heard reminding us that it is solely by God's mercy that we are privileged to share the gospel—and not because of anything we are or have

12 I thank Christ Jesus our Lord, who has strengthened me, because He considered me faithful, putting me into service, 13 even though I was formerly a blasphemer and a persecutor and a violent aggressor. Yet I was shown mercy because I acted ignorantly in unbelief; 14 and the grace of our Lord was more than abundant, with the faith and love which are found in Christ Jesus (1 Timothy 1:12-14).
7. Knowing the wonder of the message he proclaimed compelled Paul, and it should compel us to speak boldly, so that we too can say "do not lose heart," being gripped by the message of forgiveness.
8. The way you view your calling to share the gospel — will largely determine how you fulfill it—because if you see sharing Christ as a burden & not a privilege you will do as as possible.
9. Paul now goes on to contrast himself with the deceivers of his:
2 but we have renounced the things hidden because of shame, not walking in craftiness or adulterating the word of God, but by the manifestation of truth commending ourselves to every man's conscience in the sight of God.
10. Paul goes on to tell them that he did need to manipulate or deceived his hearers into responding, as some had accused him of doing, because the Spirit Himself would enlighten them to the truth of what he shared.
"but we have renounced the things hidden because of shame, not walking in craftiness or adulterating the word of God, but by the manifestation of truth commending ourselves to every man's conscience in the sight of God.
11. It's possible to "prove" almost anything from the Bible — if one twists the text out of context & ignores the testimony of his conscience.
12. In the Apostle Paul's day, as in our day, many false teachers claimed to base their doctrine on the Bible—while handling it in deceptive
13. In the end, not only is this wrong but it accomplishes absolutely nothing because salvation is a supernatural of the Spirit & so he writes:
3 And even if our gospel is veiled, it is veiled to those who are perishing, 4 in whose case the god of this world has blinded the minds of the unbelieving so that they might not see the light of the gospel of the glory of Christ, who is the image of God.
14. If you are familiar with this letter—then you know that as Paul defends his apostleship, he also addresses an important question: if he was such a faithful teacher of Scripture, then why didn't people respond?

15. And his answer is that the mind of the lost sinner has been blinded by Satan, and lost people naturally find it easier to believe the lies that tickle the ears than to embrace the truth that convicts the
3 For the time will come when they will not endure sound doctrine; but wanting to have their ears tickled, they will accumulate for themselves teachers in accordance to their own desires, 4 and will turn away their ears from the truth and will turn aside to myths (2 Timothy 4:3–4).
16. Because of the invisible spiritual battle, it is essential that we are filled with the Holy Spirit—and that we are depending on Him—to use
3 I was with you in weakness and in fear and in much trembling, 4 and my messag and my preaching were not in persuasive words of wisdom, but in demonstration of the Spirit and of power, 5 so that your faith would not rest on the wisdom of men, but on the power of God (1 Corinthians 2:3–5).
17. Even though this Apostle was a great theologian whom God to give us—thirteen of the twenty-seven—New Testament books, he recognized his need to depend totally "on the power of God."
18. He understood that he could do nothing without Christ & that only when he was could God make him strong (2 Cor. 10:1–12).
19. He can describe His preaching not as a "performance" but as a "demonstration" because he knew that it was not his experience or his skill or his ability—but the Holy Spirit's power him.
5 Not that we are adequate in ourselves to consider anything as coming from ourselves, but our adequacy is from God (2 Corinthians 3:5).
20. Those want to share their faith must diligently prepare and make full use of every opportunity God has given them—but their confidence must not in themselves—but on the Spirit to empower them.
B. We need to be prepared by meeting the condition for the Spirit's filling.
1. There are two primary conditions that we must meet if we are to be spiritually prepared, so that the Spirit who lives in us, can fill
2. First, we are commanded in Ephesians 4:30 to "grieve the Spirit.
30 Do not grieve the Holy Spirit of God, by whom you were sealed for the day of redemption.



16.	The verb for "quench" speaks of "suppressing fire" which should not surprise us—since the Holy Spirit is likened to a fire dwelling in believer and so—the ISV reads, "Do not put out the Spirit's fire."
17.	The Holy Spirit desires to express Himself through our actions and our attitudes—and when we refuse to do what He leads us to do, or fail to let Him through us as He desires, we "quench" Him.
18.	The solution to quenching Him is to totally to God (Romans 12:1).
1 T	herefore I urge you, brethren, by the mercies of God, to present your bodies a living and holy sacrifice, acceptable to God, which is your spiritual service of worship.
19.	You must be willing to go anywhere He wants you to go, to say whatever He wants you to say—to give whatever He wants you to give—and to do whatever He you to do as "a living and holy sacrifice."
20.	Assuming you are not 'grieving' or 'quenching' the Spirit then you can by trust Him to fill you according to His command (Eph. 5:18) to be filled & His promise to answer pleasing praying (1 John 5:14-15).
according t	is the confidence which we have before Him, that, if we ask anything o His will, He hears us. 15 And if we know that He hears us in whatever we know that we have the requests which we have asked from Him.
21.	Knowing that He will not fill a dirty or unyielded vessel, yet recognizing that it is His to fill you, you must—by faith—believe His promise.
c. w	e need to be prepared to allow the Spirit to keep filling us.
1.	<i>Negatively</i> , we are commanded not to 'grieve' or to 'quench' the Spirit, while <i>positively</i> we commanded to "walk by the Spirit" (Gal. 5:16).
"But I s	ay, walk by the Spirit, and you will not carry out the desire of the flesh."
2.	The tense of the verb indicates a continuous moment by moment dependence on the Holy Spirit to live His life in & through
3.	In the physical realm, walking by its very definition is a succession
4.	When one foot is lifted, it is done so in faith that the foot on the ground is able to support the full weight of your body—with each step trusting that the supporting foot — will allow you — to forward.

5.	In the same way, spiritually we must not live our Christian lives in strength, but in the Spirit's power who is ready to fill us & to assist us.
6.	This attitude of dependence upon Him is seen throughout the Bible in the many various commands that God gives His church to carry
7.	For instance, in the realm of sin, God us in 1 Corinthians 10:12, "let him who thinks he stands take heed that he does not fall."
8.	In addressing the subject of sin & temptation, the Apostle Paul is reminding us that a 'self-sufficient' attitude stumbling.
9.	The Christian who rests in past victories or in current resolve instead of walking in dependence on the Spirit is self-deluded and will
10.	God reminds us that others have fallen (1 Cor. 10:1–11), and that too can fall if we become confident in our own strength (1 Cor. 10:13).
11.	The strongest Christian is one who sees himself as weak and feeble, and he believes that he needs the & the strength of the Spirit.
12.	Even our ability to speak the gospel clearly and with power, comes only through the help of the Spirit, living His life through (1 Cor. 2:4).
13.	We started the Christian life by faith & so every day we are to by faith just as the Apostle Paul told the Colossian church (Col. 2:6):
6 Ther	refore, as you have received Christ Jesus the Lord, so walk in Him,
14.	When you came to Christ for salvation, you came in a bankrupt state, admitting your total inability to save yourself, and by faith you placed your full confidence on what Jesus for you (Ephesians 2:8-9).
15.	In the same manner, to grow in Christ you admit your total inability to live the Christian life by your own strength, and you choose by faith to 'walk by the Spirit' depending on Him as a branch depends on a
	the vine, you are the branches; the one who remains in Me, and I in ears much fruit, for apart from Me you can do nothing (John 15:5).
16.	In ourselves, we are powerless, fruitless and as helpless as a branch off from a vine — we are unable to produce any fruit that pleases God.

faithfulness, 23 gentleness, self-control (Galatians 5:22–23a) ..."

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22 But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness,

17.	others won to Jesus (John 15:16), belongs to in and through us—as we depend upon Him	the Holy Spirit who works
18.	Walking in the Spirit means you are living a on the truths that God reveals in His	
	7 If you abide in Me, and My words abide whatever you wish, and it will be done	
19.	As we walk in the Spirit we live according to the reliability of God Himself — made know	
20.	The condition that sustains us to keep being to "walk by the Spirit" depending on Him—sustained to "walk" by the truths found in G	but second—we are also
21.	And so, beyond the command to "walk by the you are also to be one who "sows to to	
22.	If you are abiding in Christ—then His Word because the Holy Spirit does not work in a v works in — conjunction with the truths — f	acuum, but He always
23.	Therefore, we are commanded in Galatians the "flesh" but to feed or "sow to the Spirit"	
enev	nd do not be conformed to this world, but be wing of your mind, so that you may prove wh hat which is good and acceptable and perfect	at the will of God is,
24.	Only as your "mind" is renewed through the more & more areas of your life conform to t will discover—that He will use you—to shar	he Spirit's plans, and you
25.	You will also find as you are walking by the the Spirit—that when you share your faith I various Bible verses that He will use to bring	He will bring to your
26.	Certainly, lost people have come to faith thr were not Spirit-filled, but a holy believer car	
27.	And so, while the Scripture & the theology befor us to know, it is equally important that	· -

D. We need to be expectant to see the Spirit's conviction.
1. John 16 reminds us that no sinner has ever been convicted of his need to come to Christ, apart from the revealing ministry of the
8 "And He, when He comes, will convict the world concerning sin and righteousness and judgment; 9 concerning sin, because they do not believe in Me; 10 and concerning righteousness, because I go to the Father and you no longer see Me; 11 and concerning judgment, because the ruler of this world has been judged.
2. John 16:8 teaches that the Spirit was sent to <i>convict the world</i> , that is bring conviction to each & every one of us before we come to salvation.
3. In light of our previous discussion of those who identify as Calvinists and others — who consider themselves non-Calvinists — John 16:8 has been a subject of debate and differing interpretation.
4. This verse stands at the crossroads of how these two groups understand the Holy Spirit's work in bringing "the world" of people to
5. The Calvinist typically interprets the word "world" to refer to all kinds or categories of people—but not every single human being universally.
6. The Calvinistic emphasis on the word "world" concerns the of the gospel, but not a reference to every single person without exception.
7. John Calvin taught that "the world" referred to Jews & Gentiles alike, but that it did refer to every human being without exception (see Calvin's Commentaries, Gospel According to John, Vol. 2).
8. In other words—Calvin and those who ascribe to his teaching see the "world" here as referring to "the elect" within "the world" who are brought to repentance and faith by the Spirit's convicting
9. Most Calvinists distinguish general conviction as a universal awareness of guilt and sin, which arises through conscience, creation, and a understanding that sin warrants judgment (Rom. 1:18-20; 2:14-15).
10. They maintain that, although this conviction may stir feelings of or fear, it is not sufficient in itself to lead to salvation in the non-elect.
11. Still other Calvinists broaden this conviction to include the Holy Spirit, literally convicting every individual in "the world" — yet to no effect, unless that person—has first been chosen—and elected by

