Free from Sin to Grow in Grace Session 17-1 & 17-2 Handout

STAGES OF SONSHIP GROWTH

1 Corinthians 3:1 NKJV

And I, brethren, could not speak to you as to spiritual people but as to carnal, as to babes in Christ

 Babes – G3516 – nepios – An infant child, little child, not speaking (i.e. an infant). Figuratively, minded person, an immature Christian; one who is untaught or childish. 						
	"Nepios" is used 14 times in 10 verses in the Greek New Testament					
Hebre	ws 5:13; Ephesians 4:14					
→	A " <i>nepios</i> " is one who is They are just learning and coming					
	into the experience of the doctrine of They also are susceptible to					
	false teaching and deception. In other words, they are easily					
→	A " <i>nepios</i> " can be born again, but they are feeding on the milk of the Word. Because of this, they may still have much of their flesh nature unconquered and will be found with a more					
	focus.					
→	"Nepios" are spiritual babies. And as babies they will cry, whine, throw fits, and want their way. Also, because they are babies, they need to be cared for, assisted, loved on, and attended to in order to grow properly.					
	1:5 NKJV esus said to them, Children, have you any food?					
2.	Children – G3813 – <i>paidion</i> – a childling (of either sex), an infant, or by extension, a half-grown boy or girl; of a more advanced child; figuratively, an immature Christian or one who is like children in intellect.					
	"Paidion" is used 51 times in 48 verses in the Greek New Testament					
→	A " <i>paidion</i> " is one who is under the of a and is the process of learning how to walk in maturity.					
→	A " paidion " is one who can from their walk when offense, storms, or trials come their way.					
→	A " <i>paidion</i> " wants their own way; they haven't come into the full revelation of laying their					
→	down for the perfect will of their father. ➡ A "paidion" is one who can be easily moved but without discerning. They can overvalue what appears to be "spiritual". Luke 7:31-32; 1 Corinthians 14:20					

Luke 2:46-49 NKJV

Now so it was that after three days they found Him in the temple, sitting in the midst of the teachers, both

listening to them and asking them questions. 47 And all who heard Him were astonished at His understanding and answers. 48 So when they saw Him, they were amazed; and His mother said to Him, "Son, why have You done this to us? Look, Your father and I have sought You anxiously." 49 And He said to them, "Why did you seek Me? Did you not know that I must be about My Father's business?"

At the age of twelve, a boy was called by the Jews a "son of the law." It's no mistake that at twelve years old, we see Jesus in the synagogue asking and answering questions. It is actually a perfect example of our next word.

3.	Son – G5043 – <i>teknon</i> – a produced child (universally without regard to sex) and often with emphasis as to				
	be regarded as true, genuine chil	dren; children	by virtue of the		
Pupils or disciples are called "children" by their teachers, becau					
	instructions nourish the minds of	their pupils and mold t	heir characters.		
	"Teknon" is used 99 times in 91 verses in the Greek New Testament				
•			em. They have an		
	relationship with Jesus understar	nding forgiveness, overc	oming sin and the doctrine of righteousness.		
•	A "teknon" is a	of	and of the Grace-Gift		
	leader/	they have been given. T	hey allow their spiritual fathers to,		
	, and	them.			
→	A "teknon" is one who understant of God by relinquishing their own John 1:12; 1 Corinthians 4:14-17	will.	and desires to walk in the perfect will		
	ew 1:21 NKJV ne will bring forth a <u>Son,</u> and you	shall call His name JES	SUS, for He will save His people from their sins.		
4.	male offspring. In a wider sense i	t is a descendant, the p	the offspring of men and in a restricted sense, the osterity of anyone. Used to describe those who am the Father esteems as sons, whom He loves,		
	protects and benefits above others. Those whose character and life				
	because they are				
	•	•	joying the supreme love of God, united to Him in ent to the Father's will in all His acts.		
	"Huios" is us	sed 381 times in 348 verse	es of the Greek New Testament		
•	A " <i>huios</i> " understands their heav	/enly	as a mature son and waits to be		
	at the appointed time.				

→ A"h	nuios " underst	ands		aı	nd walks in	
		submission.				
→ A"h	nuios " knows h	now to walk in and opera	e their		·	
→ A"h	nuios " is one w	ho can be		with heavenly	<i>'</i>	
and	deeper		of the Spi	rit.		
Matthew 4:	•	9; John 5:17-20				
Teknon carr	ries more of a t	hought of internal		wi	th the	of
		and the	of th	ne		of believer's
having a dire	ect	on th	1e	ar	nd	
character ar	nd					
<i>Huios</i> direc	ts the mind m	ore to a				or
and esteem		And	with that inherite	d position is giver	n a divine state	e of worth, love,
and esteem	•					
Romans 8:1	14-16 AMP					
For all who	are led by the	Spirit of God are sons	= =	= =	- -	
-	=	of slavery to put you one oducing sonship] in [th		_		=
Himself [th	us] testifies t	ogether with our own sp	oirit, [assuring u	s] that we are ch	ildren of God	
	Concordance G5206 – huiot					
-	Adoption, add					
	a. That		W	hich God was ple	eased to estab	lish between
		nd the Israelites in prefe				
	b. The	a	nd		of the tru	е
			in Christ,	who by receiving	the Spirit of G	od into their
	souls bec	ome sons of God				

C.	The	looked for in			
	the future life after the visible return of Christ from heaven				
Strong's Concordance:					
Adoption – G5206 – huiothesia – compound of G5207 & G5087;					

- 1) Root Compound G5207 huios
- 2) Root Compound G5087 tithemi to place (literally and figuratively; in a passive or horizontal posture): advise, appoint, bow, commit, conceive, give, kneel down, lay (aside, down, up), make, ordain, purpose, put, set (forth), settle, sink down.

i.e. adoption (figuratively, Christian sonship in respect to God):--adoption (of children, sons).

Tithemi is different from G2476, histemi, which denotes an upright and active position. This word means to stand, establish, stand firm, to cause it to stand. It is also different from G2749, keimai, meaning to lie outstretched, be buried, which is properly reflexive and utterly prostrate.

Examples of keimai:	Examples of histemi:	Examples of tithemi:
John 11:41 Then they took away the stone from the place where the dead man was lying. And Jesus lifted up His eyes and said, "Father, I thank You that You have heard Me. 42 And I know that You always hear Me	John 8:3 Then the scribes and Pharisees brought to Him a woman caught in adultery. And when they had set her in the midst	John 10:11 11 I am the good shepherd. The good shepherd gives His life for the sheep.
John 20:7 and the handkerchief that had been around His head, not <u>lying</u> with the linen cloths, but folded together in a place by itself	John 18:5 They answered Him, "Jesus of Nazareth." Jesus said to them, "I am He." And Judas, who betrayed Him, also stood with them	John 10:17 17 "Therefore My Father loves Me, because I <u>lay down</u> My life that I may take it again

The Apostle Paul reveals to the church the divine mystery of our spiritual adoption and how our reconciliation has now placed us in the family of God.

"Our "Adoption Relationship" is conferred by God's act of free grace and redeems those under the law. Its intention and result are a change of "status" mediated by Jesus Christ, from slavery to sonship.

The adopted son of God possesses all family rights, including access to the Father and sharing with Christ in the divine inheritance. The presence of the Spirit of God is both the instrument and the consequence of this sonship."

New Bible Dictionary